

[President's Trip to California and Iowa, 5/4/79-5/6/79]

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

rick--

material from president's
trip to los angeles on
may 5, 1979

-- susan

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 3, 1979

MEMORANDUM TO THE PRESIDENT

FROM: ACHSAH NESMITH

SUBJECT: Talking Points for Breakfast with Community Leaders, Los Angeles 5/5/79

1. I'm glad to see Senator Cranston, Chuck Manatt and Jesse Unruh here, and I appreciate Tom Bradley helping us get all of you together this morning. First, I want to compliment a couple of Los Angeles firms for their work in energy conservation. I think getting people to conserve energy as they go back and forth to work is important -- important enough that I am taking what I'm sure you realize is not an overwhelmingly popular step among government workers. To cut down on the waste of energy when people drive to work alone we are going to have government workers pay market rates for what have long been free and cut rate parking spaces, in an effort to encourage carpooling and the use of public transportation. Private industry has not provided the massive downtown parking subsidies the federal government has, but there is much you can do, too.

2. I believe Thornton Bradshaw, president of Atlantic Richfield is here this morning. ARCO provided free parking for employee car pools and subsidies for riders of subscription buses. More than 60 per cent of downtown ARCO employees -- over 1,200 people -- now share rides to work. ARCO has also provided financial help and loaned management experts to Commuter Computer, the van pooling program, to help organize the five county effort to reduce commuter traffic. So far this has resulted in taking 1,000 cars off the downtown freeways every day. Since 1974 ARCO's efforts have cut the vehicle miles that would have been driven in Los Angeles by 120 million, saved \$14 million and 8.4 million gallons of gasoline. They also have prevented an estimated 10 million pounds of pollutants from being released in the air of Los Angeles.

3. I don't believe there is anyone here this morning from McDonnell Douglas, but they, too have set a national example, reducing fuel consumption of their car and truck fleet by 20 per cent and saving millions of dollars in fuel costs alone.

4. The message is clear and timely -- any individual, any business, that makes a commitment to conservation can save fuel and money.

5. Much of the nation's vitality is derived from the vibrance of our cities, and I am deeply committed to strengthening and revitalizing the downtown areas. My urban policy has three major objectives:

--foster a public-private partnership
to strengthen our cities

--improve our ability to use federal
funds as leverage to attract and
encourage private investment in cities

--target federal help to areas of
greatest need.

6. We recently announced a major transportation grant for Los Angeles which is a fine example of what the federal government can do to provide crucial aid for the rejuvenation of cities where the essential partnership exists at the local level. We have committed \$641 million in federal funds to finance various aspects of public transportation in Los Angeles, including bus purchase, bus maintenance and the Downtown People Mover. Private industry has agreed to finance the annual maintenance of the People Mover, as you know, making a long-term commitment to the success of this innovative system. This sizeable federal grant was possible, quite frankly, only because of the great improvement in cooperation between the public and private sectors of your community, and the ability of all the local governments to work out and support joint priorities for the city.

7. After a period of some stagnation, Los Angeles has turned the corner and made tremendous strides in revitalizing your downtown area. Much of this has been the result of private effort and cooperation -- efforts that set an example for other cities -- and of the creative partnership between the business community and the city government under Mayor Tom Bradley's strong leadership.

8. For several decades people talked about renovating the Produce and Flower Markets, but then Tom Bradley came in and did something. With the help of federal grants and private funding, he made it happen.

9. I know that the local financial institutions have worked closely with the city in providing both financing and technical assistance that has made possible your CARE program to provide housing for the elderly and low and middle income families.

10. With local officials like Tom Bradley, who not only see the needs, but can get the private sector and other local governments to work together for the benefit of all, our urban centers can again be safe and exciting places to be, and pleasant and comfortable places to live-if we care enough.

#

Q. J. J. 4/13/79

Letter

Postmortems

About Iran

Now that the shah is out of Iran it has become the fashion for his erstwhile friends and foes alike to analyze his failings. These postmortem dissections of "what he did wrong" are sometimes penetrating, often gloating, and always miss the point.

It may now be easy and satisfying to heap calumny on the shah, but those who do so indulge their taste for scapegoating at the expense of a balanced view. The point is that we cannot reasonably blame the shah (with all his admitted failings) for all the shortcomings of Iran. That country's pervasive and deep-rooted problems at this time of great social and economic transition are prior to the shah and transcend him.

I say this not because I was favored by the shah or his government and so have some special interest in exonerating or rehabilitating him. On the contrary, I speak out of a demonstrable personal disinterest, having been made unwelcome in Iran for my outspoken expressions and attitudes there. I have lived in self-imposed exile for the past four years, and speak now from concern as to the reality behind the invective and abuse directed at the shah.

The shah embarked on a plan to bring Iran into the forefront of the advanced, industrialized nations of the world. He did so without the benefit of an adequately trained working class, and the lack of sophistication of the labor forces continued to be matched only by the rapidity in the rise of its material aspirations.

The shah instituted a wide-ranging system of subsidies and social programs to meet these expectations. The problems associated with implementing programs of modernization and social change commensurate with an economic opportunity such as comes once in the lifetime of a nation, if that, are clearly problems peculiar to the society itself. How to administer a people dispersed among some 73,000 villages, lacking in education and refractory to change, yet demanding the benefits of an efficient and productive economy?

Is the resurgent religious movement going to resolve Iran's pervasive social and economic problems? Just as the shah is now being blamed for not providing the panacea to Iran's ills, so too will the next government, whatever form it takes, be similarly blamed, for the underlying problem is the lack of training and education of the people, and that will not "go on holiday."

We might well ask what lies in the future for Iran. At the least we can anticipate a very high rate of inflation, in excess of 70%, and quite possibly as high as 100% per annum. Consequently Iran will become, in future OPEC meetings, more militant in demanding increases in the price of oil out of its increasing need for the petrodollar.

The prospect is less than encouraging, and problems already acute in the country are likely to be exacerbated by the continued involvement in Iran of the foreign and self-seeking interests which, in large measure, have helped to bring our country to its present painful pass.

MOHAMMAD ALI SAMI
Santa Barbara

Editor's Note: Mohammad Ali Sami served in Iran as governor general of the Province of Khuzistan.

The province is where the oil fields and refineries are located. He was also its minister of information for Iran.

Bill Lobuck - AFE-CIA CETA
Barka - Profit
Echeverria Gasoline
Bill Stennis - Gasoline
Larson - Downtown
Naura Holka - Rapid Xsit
Joe Mitchell - Reg, paper
SONIO 700 +

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Lou Moret
Ernie Camacho SB
Rick Hernandez WH

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CITY OF LOS ANGELES
INTER-DEPARTMENTAL CORRESPONDENCE

Date: May 3, 1979

To: Mayor Tom Bradley

From: Ray Remy, Deputy Mayor

Subject: ITEMS TO DISCUSS WITH THE PRESIDENT

- Steven Reinhardt - 9th Circuit Court (Appeals)*
Anita Miller - Chair - Federal Home Loan Bank
Warren Widener - former Mayor Berkeley - interested in that Board
- I. OLYMPICS - You should ask the President to reaffirm his commitment of support for the 1984 Olympic Games here in Los Angeles. You should indicate to the President that the City will shortly be forwarding a request for financial assistance on the part of the federal government for capital construction of facilities at the Olympic Games. You should particularly request of the President that he indicate by name a member of the White House staff (preferably Anne Wexler or Jack Watson) and a member of the Office of Management and Budget staff (preferably Beau Cutter) who we should directly work with in putting forth the funding package. It will be particularly important that we get the names of these individuals as soon as possible so that we can make contact with them and set up an appropriate meeting with them during the month of May.
- II. SEPULVEDA WATER RECLAMATION PLANT - It would be extremely helpful to have the support of the President for expediting the funding of the Sepulveda Water Reclamation Plant. You may wish to point out to him the length of time which this issue has continued to be unresolved and the fact that the plant has increased in cost from \$20 million to close to \$70 million. You may also wish to comment that the Sepulveda Water Reclamation Plant may be very critical in terms of the ability of our City to provide a suitable rowing course event for the Olympics. As you will recall, it is our strategy to develop a program for grant funding for both the Carver-Greenfield sludge treatment plant and the Sepulveda Water Reclamation Plant and that we would be seeking approval somewhere around the month of June for both projects. The active support of the President and his relaying that support to Doug Costle would help immeasurably in getting a favorable decision from EPA on this issue. It should also be pointed out that if for any reason one project or the other is not able to proceed in the agreed upon schedule, that the other project would not be delayed pending a resolution of the issue. This is particularly critical in that the Carver-Greenfield process may require Air Resources Board and Coastal Zone Management approval before we can move to construction.

-OVER-

- III. TRANSPORTATION - You should commend the President and his Administration on the major funding commitment that they have made to Southern California. It would be particularly helpful if the President in his remarks to either the press or to the business community breakfast would point out that this major financial commitment was possible only because the local governments here have finally been able to work together and achieve some consensus on how we might proceed in the field of transportation. It also represents a very substantive commitment on the part of the federal government to public transportation particularly in a time of energy crisis. (Attached is Dick Page's letter)
- IV. GENERAL REVENUE SHARING - It would be helpful for you to point out to the President that you have accepted the responsibility for co-chairing the reenactment of general revenue sharing for the cities across the country. It has been claimed that the Administration has not mounted any sort of legislative effort to seek the enactment of the countercyclical legislation and has been basically opposed to the continuation of general revenue sharing for states. If the Administration does not aggressively support and pursue the subject of general revenue sharing reenactment, the program may be in very serious trouble next year in Congress. The active and vigorous support of the President and his legislative team is an essential element toward the successful reenactment of revenue sharing.
- V. URBAN INITIATIVES AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT - - You may wish to point out to the President the very valuable contribution that his Administration has made in terms of projects such as the Produce Market, the Flower Market, the Jewelry Mart and the funding of the East Valley Relief Sewer through the various UDAG grants that we have received. Also, his Economic Development Administration and Assistant Secretary Bob Hall have been particularly helpful to our City and have provided very important assistance in our overall economic development program. The President's urban initiatives program is very consistent with many of the things that you have tried to do here in the City in bringing the business community into a full partnership with the government. The potential of the housing and transportation programs that are covered by the settlement of the Interstate 105 or Century Freeway issue presents a great opportunity to the Administration of tying transportation, housing and social programs together in a concentrated effort here in Southern California. You may wish to comment about those programs and the fact that there is substantial Congressional interest in seeing that these efforts are coordinated and that a sound social and economic program is put together which will have a very lasting benefit for the south central area and the cities along that route.

J. Rhoderia

M. A. Sami'i
749 Guera Lane
Santa Barbara, California 93108

Dr. Zbigniew Brzezinski,
National Security Advisor,
National Security Council,
Executive Office Building,
Washington, D.C. 20506.

Dear Dr. Brzezinski,

As a Persian I am deeply concerned at this time for the future of my country and its people, and it is for this reason that I am writing now to you.

In the light of the recent United States reversals in Iran it is clear that American foreign-policymakers must necessarily reappraise how the interests of this country might best be served in Iran. There exists between Iran and the United States a mutual ground of strategic, geopolitical, and economic interests of vital concern to both. I am convinced that this community of interests can be promoted far more effectively than has been the case in the past.

Successive administrations in this country have pursued American interests in the Persian Gulf with a determination which reflects their recognition of the central importance of the region. They have done so, however, with a singular lack of understanding of the context in which they seek to realize their aims.

The United States has failed to maintain its prestige and influence in Iran in the recent past because of a longstanding neglect of the most fundamental reality of the situation there. Beyond the strategic location of Iran, beyond the power of its new-found wealth, beyond even the importance of its oil to the Western nations, there is a fourth dimension in which all these have their basis. This is the mentality of the Iranian people themselves, and to this U.S. policy has paid scant attention.

M. A. Sami'i
749 *Tuerta Lane*
Santa Barbara, California 93108

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No matter how substantial and comprehensive the U.S. commitment is to its policy in Iran, this policy can be of no use if it is not founded in the bedrock of the country's social reality. That reality was not represented by the Shah, nor is it now represented by the Ayatollah Khomeini. It can in the end be represented adequately only by an informed and perceptive understanding of the people themselves.

I would bring to your attention as a pointed contrast the continued success of the United Kingdom in this regard. Britain has a long history of managing very effectively its own interests in Iran, and while these are sometimes different than those of the U.S., they have often been no less precarious. Britain has succeeded where the U.S. has failed only because of its sensitivity to and understanding of the Iranian people and their mentality.

I am concerned that in its relations with the present régime the State Department is cut off, even more than before, from the thinking of the mass of Iranians. Experience has shown that the policy of neglect, whether by default or by constraint, leads by a short path to chaos.

Already we see that in Iran disenchantment with the present religious régime is growing. Iranian intellectuals are frustrated and alarmed at the spectre of one dictatorship succeeding another, and the Iranian middle and working classes are similarly bitter about the dislocated economy, a rising rate of unemployment, and worsening prospects, while the government is patently incompetent to deal with such problems.

Iran is at a critically vulnerable pass, and the danger is that the people might feel themselves driven to accept Communism simply out of an absence of alternatives, in the face of compelling need to solve the acute economic problems.

M. A. Sami'i
749 Fuera Lane
Santa Barbara, California 93108

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The present régime is clearly no substantial guarantor of U.S. interests in Iran, just as the Shah proved no such guarantee in the past. The only solid basis for stability in Iran and the kind of guarantee of its interests and influence that the United States wants so much is through the slow process of fostering a real understanding of the Iranian people and creating a dialogue with them.

This can best be done by way of the Persians themselves. There are at this moment many Iranians, both expatriates and those within the country, who would wish to see the government take a more moderate and effective direction. I am convinced that a group of such people could be most effective both in generating productive and realistic proposals for effective foreign policy, and even in implementing such proposals. Operating independently and under its own aegis this group would avoid the stigma of past associations, and its particular advantage would be an intimate understanding of Iranian problems and a longstanding knowledge of the Iranian mentality.

I hope, Dr. Brzezinski, that you will receive my proposal in the spirit in which it is written. I must stress, however, my own personal disinterest: these recommendations are by no means to be construed as claim to any position. My letter is simply an expression of my deep concern and my fervent hope that something constructive might be done for Iran.

Yours faithfully,

M. A. Sami'i

M.A. Sami'i.

M. A. Sami'i
749 Buena Lane
Santa Barbara, California 93108

April 27th., 1979.

Dear Dr. Stevens,

In reference to your suggestion I am forwarding a letter to Dr. Brzezinski, and I hope that you will be able to bring the matter to the attention of the proper authorities so that something might be done for Iran.

Yours faithfully,

M. A. Sami'i
M.A. Sami'i.

M. A. Sami'i

749 Duerra Lane

Santa Barbara, California 93108

April 26th., 1979.

The Editor,
The International Herald-Tribune,
Paris.

Sir,

These are troubled and difficult times for Iran. As a Persian and a man who loves his country I am deeply concerned for the future of my people, particularly as we live now with a legacy of misrepresentation bequeathed us by the last régime.

That régime in its final years and months gave out that the Shah's policies were less than successful because the people of Iran were not ready for modernization. This argument was taken up by the international press and even today it continues to pass for the explanation of the revolution against the Shah. At one time the argument was useful political polemic. Today it is outdated disinformation which in no wise approaches the truth.

The truth is that the Shah's policies made the grave error of ignoring the real needs of the Iranian people. They were policies of pretence and dissimulation, artifices contrived simply for the impression they made. In the end, as we saw, a facade can be no basis for a real country, and the country threw out the charade.

There is a lesson to be learned from the Shah's history of mistakes, and it is not that Iran is a country whose people are refractive to modernization. The lesson is, rather, that those who would rule or deal with Iran should be sensitive to the needs of its people, for beyond the country's strategic importance, beyond the power of its wealth, beyond even the importance of its oil to the economies of the Western world, there is a fourth dimension of first concern: the people themselves.

I am convinced that there can be no peace or stability in Iran until the Western powers, which so assiduously pay court to the first three parameters, recognise and understand also this fourth and most fundamental dimension.

Yours faithfully,

EXCEL-MINERAL COMPANY

1288 COAST VILLAGE ROAD

SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA 93108

TELEPHONE: (805) 969-5811

March 13, 1979

Ambassador Robert Strauss
1800 "G" Street N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20506

Dear Bob:

Your rousing, crackerjack talk in Los Angeles was enjoyed by everyone. The good leader speaks to a timely subject, has something to say and says it with spirit and metaphor--one of your better gifts. Leaders are few but you are one of them in spite of Helen!

I was particularly struck by your chiding of the chronic and irresponsible complainers. This applies especially now to the events in Iran, and to our policies there. You and I discussed this in Los Angeles and as you suggested, I am sending this memo to you with the ideas I proposed.

Few took seriously the warning signals in recent years from Iran. But there were some who did understand what was hapenning, and who could have provided the means for more sagacious policy-making. I was warned over a year ago, though I used the information only for my private business affairs, insisting on prepayment of reverse osmosis units we built for Iran. We have made a mistake in our dealings with that nation, but it is by no means too late to avoid its repetition and to guard against further errors.

In this regard, I see three objectives:

1. To maintain the independence of Iran
2. To establish in Iran trust and confidence in us
3. To create in Iran the acceptance of us as their major supplier of the goods they need. This would follow the attainment of Objectives 1 and 2

In working for the achievement of these objectives, we have two positive factors on which to build. First, Iran has vital needs from abroad, and without doubt France and the United States are their best choices as the source. Second, we have people in this Country with the wisdom to formulate the best policies, and others who can serve as their sources of accurate information, an absolute prerequisite for successful policy. The latter individuals must have a thorough and intelligent knowledge of Iranian culture and politics, of its major power centers and power figures, the shapers and movers--their motives, their strengths and their weaknesses. They must know through personal experience the feelings and thinking of the people, just how they respond to symbols as well as to reality, the strengths and weaknesses of the nation as a whole and of those individuals who are presently or prospectively in positions of influence. This kind of knowledge cannot come from scholarly reading or research at a distance. Such experts must have extensive personal experience, combined with acute

Ambassador Robert Strauss

Page 2

March 13, 1979

intelligence. They must either be Iranians or have lived in Iran for a sufficient time, and in activities suitable for such observation and analysis.

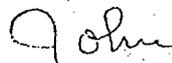
There are such people now in the United States available for this vital service to our policy-makers. I know some of them, and they know others. In my judgment the ideal coordinator for this group is John Hoskins, now in business in San Francisco. I have been tremendously impressed by him. He lived in Iran for five years, and was at the Iranian Desk of State until he left three or four years ago. He could help to gather the kind of people I am talking about.

It is vital to improve our image in Iran, on a solid basis of reality, but also in terms of their perceptions of our national policy and of our leadership. To accomplish this we need to find the right way to bring them to esteem the President's personal qualities, as the basis for their trust in his actions and intentions. To do this most effectively, the Administration should have constant access to a source of intimate knowledge of the Iranian values and ways of thinking. A friend of mine, an Iranian who was a responsible official in their national government before coming here, with an acute understanding of their people, has identified certain qualities of our President which the Iranians deeply admire. He also knows the most effective ways to present these favorable qualities.

We must also know how to convince the Iranians of our genuine concern for their welfare and their independence. We should be able to persuade them of the fact that the national interests of both our Countries point to a firm and equitable relationship that is profoundly beneficial to us both, and that therefore can be fully trusted. Our manner of bringing these convictions to them is critical, and should be carefully designed on the basis of a thorough understanding of their emotions, their values, and their most powerful motivations.

I will be glad to come to Washington any time to discuss this proposal, accompanied, if you wish, by the two men I have mentioned who have an intimate and perceptive knowledge of the conditions and the culture of Iran.

Best regards,



John A. Stephens

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

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To: President Carter

From: Tim Kraft TK

Subj: ride from L.A. Times meeting to airport

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Jess Unruh and Mike Roos (pronounced Ruse) will accompany you on this leg. Jess, of course, you know. Mike is an Assemblyman from a downtown L.A. District who has been very supportive of us. He has set up numerous meetings with business and labor leaders with White House staff, has given good advice and vocal support, and fought the Constitutional Amendment in the Ways and Means Committee in the California House.

Several weeks ago, Hamilton, Evan and I hosted two political meetings in California, a dinner in San Francisco and a Sunday brunch in L.A. Both Jess and Mike were at the latter.

Jess wants to help but he wants to know if we're serious about making an intensive effort in California, in both the primary and general. He doesn't want to 'jack around' as the expression goes. He thinks we should make up our minds (to go all out), designate some representatives or leaders, and begin to sign people up and put others on the line ---- to commit or get lost.

Both Mike and Jess are interested in working the Assembly, canvassing that body to line up commitments and using the Assembly District as an organizational unit (a strategy I suggested to Terry O'Connell in '76). No one has done it yet, and there are a lot of obvious advantages to such an approach.

I think, for openers, that our campaign should conduct an aggressive all-out campaign (to the furthest extent that funds permit) in California, starting this year, with paid staff after Labor day. For not only the most obvious reasons ----- no. of delegates to the Convention, no. of electoral votes in the general ----- but also for the express purpose of having a strike force and a nettlesome effect on the governor of the "largest state".

In the most stark terms, we should go into the home state of our most probable opponent early and hard and try to rattle his base and bother the hell out of him. He has a lot of political enemies in the Party, the legislature and the unions who are looking for leadership to take him on. We should do it.

These are not exactly routine 'talking points' but I hope the tone and substance of the above works its way into your conversation with Jess and Mike. I hope you can say: 'I'm going, it's got to stay unofficial for a while, but we're going to work this state and whip his ass. I want you in the fight.'

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

see p. 2

HISPANICS IN THE CARTER ADMINISTRATION AS OF MAY 4, 1979

FULL TIME

<u>NAME</u>	<u>TITLE</u>
Alex P. Mercure	Assistant Secretary of Agriculture
Cristobal P. Aldrete	Federal Co-Chairman - Southwest Border Regional Commission
Edward Hidalgo	Assistant Secretary of the Navy
Andrea M. S. Ordín	U.S. Attorney - Central California
Herman Silas, Jr.	U.S. Attorney - Eastern California
Jose A. Canales	U.S. Attorney - Southern Texas
Leonel J. Castillo	Commissioner - Immigration & Naturalization Service
Louis G. Villaescusa, Jr.	U. S. Marshal - Central California
Rafael E. Juarez	U.S. Marshal - Colorado
Bennie A. Martinez	U.S. Marshal - New Mexico
Rodolfo A. Garza	U.S. Marshal - Western Texas
Gilbert G. Pompa	Director - Community Relations Serv.
Audrey R. Kaslow	U.S. Parole Commissioner
Xavier M. Vela	Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division
Abelardo Valdez	Asst Administrator of AID for Latin America
Frank V. Ortiz, Jr.	Ambassador to Guatemala
Diego C. Ascencio	Ambassador to Columbia
Mari-Luci Jaramillo	Ambassador to Honduras
Frank H. Perez	Representative to U.S. Delegation to SALT
Manuel A. Sanchez, Jr.	Superintendent of U.S. Assay Office
Blandina Cardenas	HEW Chief Children's Bureau Director Office of Child Developmen
Arabella Martinez	Assistant Secretary of HEW
William A. Medina	Assistant Secretary of HUD for Administration
Louis Nunez	Staff Director, Comm on Civil Rights
Francisco J. Martinez	Member, Corporation for Public Broadcasting
Jose A. Rivera	Member, Corporation for Public Broadcasting
Frances Garcia	Member, Copyright Royalty Tribunal
Graciela Olivarez	Director, Community Services Administration
John Gabusi	Assistant Director of Management Community Services Administration
Armando M. Rodriguez	Member, Equal Employment Opportunity Comm
Eugene H. Cota-Robles	Member, National Science Board

HISPANICS IN THE CARTER ADMINISTRATION

As of May 4, 1979

NAME	TITLE
Reynaldo G. Garza	U.S. Circuit Judge - 5th Circuit
Alvin Rubin	U.S. Circuit Judge - 5th Circuit
Jose A. Gonzalez	U.S. District Judge - Southern District of Florida
Cristobal C. Duenas	Judge - District Court of Guam
Santiago E. Campos	U.S. District Judge for District of New Mexico
Valdemar A. Cordova	Judge, U.S. District Judge - Arizona
James Deanda	Judge, U.S. District Judge - Southern Texas

TOTAL FULL TIME HISPANICS 37

PART TIME HISPANICS (not Listed) 76

TOTAL 113

Black elected officials -- assemble in Suite 11-325 at 9:30 a.m.

Archie, Marguerite -- Community College Board of Trustees

Bohler, Father Lewis -- Member, Board of Education

Bradley, Mayor Tom

Cunningham, David -- Councilman

Farrell, Bob -- Councilman

Greene, Bill -- State Senator

Hughes, Teresa -- Assemblywoman

Lindsay, Gilbert -- Councilman

Martin, Louis -- W.H. Staff

Moore, Gwen -- Assemblywoman

Tucker, Curtis -- Assemblyman

Waters, Maxine -- Assemblywoman

Walters, Rita -- Member, Board of Education

Watson, Diane -- State Senator

burke, Former Congresswoman Yvonne

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Phil Hawley
Carton - Hawley - 1-6-62

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Monroya
5 de Mayo
Rodriguez
Undoc letters
b. Linguel
O. I.

Art Terry
Hosp Cost → Calif
FCC appt
Undoc Taxpayer
Richard
Lettuce strike

More H₂O for Calif.
Royball
Town hall mtgs

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT

FROM: D. Rubenstein

SUBJECT: FARM RECORD COMPARISON

You might make the following points comparing your farm record with that which farmers faced only a few years ago:

In the previous Administration:

- 1) the farm economy was managed from Washington in a roller-coaster fashion--there was no steadiness of policy; as a result, there was
 - o a grain embargo, in both '73 and '75
 - o a resort to price controls--which took income from farmers and, in the beef area, ruined the whole beef cycle
- 2) farm policy was managed completely in Washington--little local input--resulted in policy not meeting local needs and based on poor information--best example is the Soviet grain deal, where USDA was caught unaware of market situation
- 3) USDA was managed with little sensitivity and by people who were not farmers by background--they were economists or professors

In your Administration:

- 1) Slide in farm prices and farm income has been turned around--prices are up nearly 25% above last year and farm income is up 40% from two years ago
- 2) Exports have been aggressively promoted--last year's level of \$27.3 billion was a record, and this year will clearly be another record; this has been achieved by export programs and new markets-China
- 3) Farm policy has been maaged with a steady hand--no embargoes, no price controls
- 4) Farmers have been given a greater say in farm policy and in what they will produce--set a side programs are an example
- 5) USDA is managed by a dirt-farmer--by someone who is practical and who speaks his mind.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 2, 1979

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: JERRY RAFSHOON 

SUBJECT: Iowa and California Speeches

Attached are the speeches for:

The Iowa Association of Counties

The George Moscone Memorial Tribute

The Breakfast with Community Leaders in Los Angeles

The Los Angeles City Cinco de Mayo Celebration
and Dedication of Plaza

The Los Angeles County Cinco de Mayo Celebration

The Iowa speech lays out in detail our latest (sixth) component of the Rural Initiative Program. It touches on inflation but focuses mostly on rural energy problems. We have tried to keep it short and end on an inspirational note.

It is our feeling that you should begin each of the Cinco de Mayo celebrations with a short personal statement in Spanish. We have not provided anything in Spanish but can if you wish.

Greg and a speechwriter will be traveling with you if you want to make changes.

Mr. President -

White House Press - LEFT

Regional Press - RIGHT

1. BILL BAKER Clinton Herald
(also A.P. Managing Editors)
2. MICHAEL HOLMES, A.P.
3. HELEN THOMAS, U.P.I.

3 2 | 1

□
YOU

NEWS CONFERENCE/OPENING STATEMENT

- 1 -

Des Moines, Iowa 5/4/79

I HAVE ONE BRIEF STATEMENT TO MAKE BEFORE TAKING YOUR QUESTIONS.

~~JUST A FEW HOURS AGO~~ **TODAY** I SPOKE TO IOWA COUNTY LEADERS ABOUT THE NEED TO DEVELOP NEW AND INNOVATIVE SOURCES OF ENERGY FOR RURAL AMERICA. NO ONE FEELS MORE STRONGLY THAN I DO ABOUT THE NEED TO HARNESS COST EFFECTIVE TECHNOLOGY TO SOLVE OUR ENERGY PROBLEMS. BUT WE MUST NEVER ALLOW OURSELVES TO BECOME THE VICTIMS OF OUR OWN TECHNOLOGY.

IF WE HAVE LEARNED ANYTHING FROM THE RECENT ACCIDENT AT THREE MILE ISLAND, ~~WE SHOULD HAVE LEARNED THIS:~~ **IT SHOULD BE THIS!** AS WE DEVELOP OUR NATION'S ENERGY POLICY THE SAFETY OF EVERY AMERICAN MUST BE UPPERMOST IN OUR MINDS. ~~IT IS CERTAINLY UPPERMOST IN MINE.~~

(=OVER=) (MORE THAN TWO YEARS.....)

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MORE THAN TWO YEARS BEFORE THE THREE MILE ISLAND ACCIDENT, I BEGAN
AN EFFORT TO KILL THE CLINCH RIVER BREEDER REACTOR, SO THAT THIS COUNTRY
COULD HAVE A RATIONAL, SAFE AND RESPONSIBLE NUCLEAR ENERGY POLICY.
THIS IS NO TIME TO CHANGE AMERICA INTO A PLUTONIUM SOCIETY.

THE RECENT VOTE BY THE HOUSE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY COMMITTEE TO
PROCEED WITH THE CLINCH RIVER FAST BREEDER REACTOR IS A MAJOR SETBACK TO
THIS EFFORT.

THE CLINCH RIVER REACTOR IS A TECHNOLOGICAL DINOSAUR. IT IS A WASTE
OF MORE THAN \$1-1/2 BILLION OF TAXPAYER MONEY. IT IS AN ASSAULT ON OUR
ATTEMPTS TO CONTROL THE SPREAD OF NUCLEAR MATERIALS. IT MARCHES OUR
NUCLEAR POLICY IN EXACTLY THE WRONG DIRECTION.

(=NEW CARD=) (As NUCLEAR ENERGY.....)

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POWER

AS NUCLEAR ~~ENERGY~~ PLAYS A PART IN OUR OVERALL ENERGY POLICY FOR THE FORSEEABLE FUTURE, WE MUST PROCEED CAUTIOUSLY. WE MUST MINIMIZE THE RISKS TO OUR SOCIETY. AND, ABOVE ALL, WE MUST NOT PLUNGE INTO POTENTIALLY DANGEROUS, UNPROVEN AND UNNECESSARY NEW TECHNOLOGIES WHICH MAY NEVER PRODUCE BENEFITS TO OFFSET THEIR COSTS AND RISKS.

WE CAN AVOID THAT MISTAKE BY PROCEEDING WITH AN ORDERLY AND SCIENTIFICALLY SOUND BREEDER RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM, WHICH I HAVE PROPOSED.

OUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION MUST BE FOCUSED ON IMPROVING THE SAFETY OF OUR CURRENT NUCLEAR TECHNOLOGY TO INSURE THAT A THREE MILE ISLAND ACCIDENT DOES NOT HAPPEN AGAIN.

(=OVER=) (WE DO NOT NEED TO.....)

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WE DO NOT NEED TO BUILD A PLANT BASED ON A WHOLLY NEW TECHNOLOGY,
ABOUT WHICH FAR LESS IS KNOWN THAN THE NUCLEAR REACTORS WE CURRENTLY USE.

I WANT TO REPEAT TODAY, ~~IN THIS PART OF THE COUNTRY,~~ MY LONGSTANDING
AND CONSISTENT REQUEST TO THE CONGRESS TO DENY THE WELL-FINANCED EFFORTS
OF THE BIG UTILITIES AND ENERGY COMPANIES. WE MUST TERMINATE THE
CLINCH RIVER BREEDER REACTOR. WE HAVE A FAR MORE IMMEDIATE TASK AT HAND --
PUTTING OUR EXISTING NUCLEAR POWER POLICIES IN ORDER.

I WILL CONTINUE TO OPPOSE THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS UNNECESSARY,
WASTEFUL, AND UN SOUND PROJECT, ~~ON THE HOUSE FLOOR AND IN THE SENATE.~~ I URGE
THE ADVOCATES OF CLINCH RIVER TO RECONSIDER THEIR EFFORTS TO SALVAGE THIS
ILL-CONCEIVED PROJECT. I ALSO URGE ALL THOSE WHO SHARE MY CONCERNS TO
MAKE THEIR VOICES HEARD IN THE CONGRESS BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE.

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5/4/79

- 1 -

Lowell

AS PRESIDENT

A FEW WORDS BECAUSE THE LOSS OF GEORGE MOSCONE WAS A NATIONAL TRAGEDY,
BUT ONLY A FEW WORDS, BECAUSE YOU CAME TO PAY TRIBUTE TO A FALLEN LEADER
AND TO HEAR THESE TRULY MAGNIFICENT ARTISTS. I KNOW THAT GEORGE MOSCONE
HAD A SPECIAL FONDNESS FOR THIS CITY'S OPERA, AND THAT HE WOULD BE ESPECIALLY
PLEASED THAT MAESTRO KURT HERBERT ADLER COULD BRING TOGETHER SUCH AS
EXCITING GROUP FOR THIS MEMORABLE BENEFIT PERFORMANCE.

MAYOR MOSCONE WAS VERY GRACIOUS TO ROSALYNN AND ME ~~ON THE OCCASIONS~~
WHEN WE VISITED SAN FRANCISCO, AND HE CAME TO SEE US SEVERAL TIMES AT THE
WHITE HOUSE.

(=OVER=) (HE WAS ONE OF THE REAL.....)

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ASSASSINATION HAS BECOME TOO FAMILIAR TO AMERICANS IN THE PAST 16 YEARS. THOSE KILLED HAVE BEEN OUR FINEST, BUT TO OUR CREDIT, WE WILL NOT ACCEPT VIOLENCE AS A PART OF LIFE. ~~WE CANNOT ACCEPT VIOLENCE BECAUSE~~ THE ASSASSINATION OF AN ELECTED OFFICIAL IS A CRIME AGAINST ALL OF US. IT STRIKES AT OUR FREEDOM -- OUR RIGHT TO CHOOSE THOSE WHO WILL REPRESENT AND GOVERN US, ...AND THEREFORE AT OUR BASIC ABILITY TO GOVERN OURSELVES.

GEORGE MOSCONE SPENT MOST OF HIS ADULT LIFE SERVING HIS CITY AND COUNTY. THIS DEDICATION GAVE HIM LITTLE TO LEAVE HIS LARGE FAMILY EXCEPT A PROUD HERITAGE OF PUBLIC SERVICE.

(=OVER=) (IN PROVIDING FOR HIS.....)

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IN PROVIDING, ^{now} FOR HIS LOVED ONES, THIS CITY -- PROUD OF ITS TOLERANCE, CULTURAL RICHNESS AND DIVERSITY -- HAS ~~ONCE AGAIN~~ DEMONSTRATED THAT IT IS ~~ON ITS WAY TO~~ OVERCOMING ANOTHER PAINFUL SHOCK, ... THIS TIME THE ONE THAT SHOOK SAN FRANCISCO AND THE NATION IN THE CLOSING DAYS OF 1978.

CALMLY AND WITH COMPASSION, DIANE FEINSTEIN HAS PROVIDED THE CONTINUITY AND LEADERSHIP THAT ENABLED SAN FRANCISCO TO MEET THIS TRAGEDY.

BUT IT IS THE SPIRIT OF THE CITY ITSELF -- THIS MAGICAL CITY BY THE BAY THAT HAS CAPTURED THE IMAGINATION OF THE NATION AND OF THE WORLD FOR GENERATIONS -- THAT MAKES IT POSSIBLE TO TURN GRIEF AND LOSS INTO THE KIND OF HOPE, LOVE, AND CREATIVE ENERGY THAT WE HAVE SEEN HERE TONIGHT.

#

("FINE-STINE")

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Susan
Cards
J

A. Nesmith
5/2/79
Draft #2

George Moscone Memorial Tribune, San Francisco, 5/4/79

(Salutation to come) *A few words because the loss of George Moscone was a national tragedy, but only ~~just~~ a few words--*

~~I don't want to say much, because I know you all didn't come to hear speeches, you came to pay tribute to a fallen leader and to hear these truly magnificent artists. I know that George Moscone had a special fondness for this city's opera, and that he would be especially pleased that Maestro Kurt Herbert Adler could bring together such an exciting group for this memorable benefit performance.~~

national tragedy

Mayor Moscone was very gracious to Rosalynn and me on the occasions when we ~~came to the city before I was President, and~~ *visited San Francisco,* ~~he~~ *came to see us*
~~I met with him~~ several times at the White House.

He was one of the real leaders among the nation's mayors, respected ~~not only in the West, but~~ throughout the country. He had a vision of ~~what~~ urban America ~~could be~~ that was an inspiration to all who care about our cities.

George ~~Mascone~~ was a compassionate advocate of cities.

The rights of others.

He was a compassionate advocate of ~~minorities~~. He was an

architect of a different kind of city, ~~a city~~ capable of

nurturing a rich diversity while remaining a ~~caring~~ place, *that Cares.*

His ~~great~~ breadth of knowledge ~~about what makes great cities~~

~~work~~ was a help to ~~us~~ *me* in designing ~~our~~ *the* urban policy, ~~and I~~ *for our nation.*

~~valued his counsel on urban matters.~~

Gina

George's

I hope ~~Lillian~~, that you and the children and ~~his~~ Mother

will accept ~~not only~~ our deepest sympathy, but also our pride

in his accomplishments. His voice will be missed far outside

of San Francisco.

Assassination has become too familiar to Americans in

Those killed have been our finest.

the past 16 years. ~~We have seen too many of our leaders shot~~

~~down.~~ But to our credit, we will not let ~~ourselves~~ grow

~~accustomed to it, or~~ accept violence as a part of life. ~~It~~

~~must not be.~~ We can not accept violence as a solution, because

an

~~for the assassination of our~~ elected officials ~~at any level~~ is

a crime, ~~not just against the individual and the family~~

~~of the victim, but~~ against all of us. It strikes at our ~~own~~
freedom -- ~~right to choose those who will represent and govern us,~~ *and therefore* at
1

our basic ability to govern ourselves.

George Moscone spent most of his adult life serving his

This dedication gave
~~city and county. His duties left him little to leave his~~

~~large family except a proud heritage of public service.~~ *In*

~~is to your credit that you are providing for his loved ones~~

~~as he would have had he not died in the performance of his~~
~~duties.~~

proud of
~~This city, which has prided itself on its tolerance,~~

~~cultural richness and diversity, which over and over has~~

~~shown its ability to overcome great shocks,~~ has once again

demonstrated that it is on its way to overcoming ~~the~~ *another* painful

...this time the one
~~shocks~~ that shook San Francisco and the nation in the closing

days of 1978.

Calmly and with compassion, Diane Feinstein has provided
the continuity and leadership that enabled San Francisco
to meet this tragedy. But it is the spirit of the city
itself -- this magical city by the bay that has captured
the imagination of the nation^x and of the world^x for
generations -- that makes it possible to turn ~~your~~ grief
and loss into the kind of ^{hope, love and} creative energy that we have seen
here tonight.

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PRESIDENT JIMMY CARTER
CINCO DE MAYO COUNTY CELEBRATION
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA
MAY 5, 1979

- 1 -

SEN CRANSTON

BUENOS TARDES, A TODOS! GOVERNOR BROWN; MAYOR BRADLEY; CONGRESSMAN ROYBAL;
PRESIDENT HAHN; MY GOOD FRIEND ED LDELMAN, WHO HAS SPONSORED THIS CELEBRATION;
SENATOR MONTOYA, ASSEMBLYMEN RICHARD ALATORRE AND ART TORRES, *other*
friends

WE ARE HERE TODAY TO CELEBRATE THE SPIRIT OF INDEPENDENCE
AND FREEDOM THAT FOR MEXICAN-AMERICANS IS SYMBOLIZED BY
CINCO DE MAYO. THAT DAY IN PUEBLA IN 1862, WHEN THE BATTLE
WAS FINALLY OVER AND THE MEXICAN PATRIOTS HAD WON, DID NOT MEAN
THE END OF FOREIGN RULE. IT WAS FIVE MORE YEARS BEFORE MEXICANS
REGAINED CONTROL OVER THEIR LAND.

ESTAMOS AQUÍ HOY PARA CELEBRAR EL ESPÍRITU DE INDEPENDENCIA
Y LIBERTAD, QUE PARA LOS AMERICANOS DE ORIGEN MEXICANO, ESTÁ
SIMBOLIZADO POR EL CINCO DE MAYO. EN ESE DÍA, EN PUEBLA, EN MIL
OCHOCIENTOS SESENTA Y DOS, CUANDO POR FIN TERMINÓ LA BATALLA
CON LA VICTORIA DE LOS PATRIOTAS MEXICANOS, NO CON ELLO
TERMINÓ EL DOMINIO EXTRANJERO. PASARON CINCO AÑOS MÁS, ANTES
QUE LOS MEXICANOS VOLVIERAN A TENER EL CONTROL DE SU TIERRA.

THE SHOTS AT LEXINGTON AND CONCORD WERE HEARD AROUND THE
WORLD -- NOT BECAUSE THE AMERICAN COLONISTS STRUNG ALONG THE
EASTERN SEABOARD HAD GAINED THEIR INDEPENDENCE, BUT BECAUSE
THEY HAD MADE CLEAR THEIR IRREVOCABLE WILL FOR IT.

-- THE VICTORY AT PUEBLA.....

THE VICTORY AT PUEBLA PROVED THE MEXICAN PEOPLE'S
STAYING POWER AND LOVE OF FREEDOM, AND THEIR IRREVOCABLE WILL
FOR INDEPENDENCE.

PERO LA VICTORIA DE PUEBLA, DEMOSTRÓ LA VOLUNTAD DE
INDEPENDENCIA DEL PUEBLO MEXICANO; LA FUERZA DE SU ESPIRITU, Y
SU AMOR POR LA LIBERTAD. DE LA MISMA MANERA, EN QUE LOS
DISPAROS EN LEXINGTON Y CONCORD SE OYERON ALREDEDOR DEL MUNDO --
NO PORQUE LOS COLONOS AMERICANOS, A LO LARGO DE LA COSTA DEL
ESTE DE LOS ESTADOS UNIDOS, HUBIERAN OBTENIDO SU INDEPENDENCIA,
SI NO PORQUE HABIAN DEMOSTRADO CLARAMENTE, SU VOLUNTAD
IRREVOCABLE DE LOGRARLA, EL CINCO DE MAYO DEMOSTRÓ. CLARAMENTE,
LA VOLUNTAD IRREVOCABLE DE INDEPENDENCIA DEL PUEBLO MEXICANO.

THE UNITED STATES IS A NATION OF IMMIGRANTS -- OF
REFUGEES. WE HAVE ALWAYS BEEN A PEOPLE OF MANY BACKGROUNDS,
WITH A VARIED CULTURAL HERITAGE. WE HAVE COME TOGETHER FROM
ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD, SPEAKING MANY LANGUAGES OF THE EARTH,
DRAWN BY A COMMON BELIEF IN INDIVIDUAL FREEDOM, JUSTICE AND
OPPORTUNITY.

SPANISH SETTLEMENTS NOT FAR FROM MY HOMETOWN WERE ALREADY
100 YEARS OLD WHEN THE FIRST ENGLISH SETTLERS ARRIVED ON THIS
CONTINENT. SPANISH ROOTS ARE AN IMPORTANT PART OF OUR DIVERSE
HERITAGE.

SPANISH SPEAKING AMERICANS MUST SHARE THE RESPONSIBILITIES OF
GOVERNMENT! I HAVE NOT ACCOMPLISHED ALL THAT I HOPED TO DO, OR ALL THAT
I PLAN TO DO, TO INCREASE HISPANIC PARTICIPATION IN FEDERAL GOVERNMENT
SERVICE. I HAVE ALREADY APPOINTED 150 HISPANICS TO HIGH LEVEL POSITIONS
IN THIS ADMINISTRATION -- IN POSITIONS WHERE THEIR SENSITIVITY TO THE NEEDS
AND PROBLEMS OF HISPANIC-AMERICANS WILL COUNT MOST.

RICK HERNANDEZ IS ON MY STAFF AT THE WHITE HOUSE... ERNIE CAMACHO
HEADS THE WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE ON SMALL BUSINESS... LOU MORET HAS SERVED
AS DIRECTOR OF THE S.B.A.'S OFFICE OF MINORITY ECONOMIC IMPACT.

I'M HAPPY TO ANNOUNCE MY INTENTION TO NOMINATE LOU AS DIRECTOR OF
MINORITY IMPACT IN THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY. LOU, AS YOU KNOW, IS FROM
EAST LOS ANGELES, AND WAS FORMERLY EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE CHICANO CAUCUS
IN THE LEGISLATURE AND ON THE STAFF OF ASSEMBLYMAN RICHARD ALATORRE.

I WANT JOB OPPORTUNITIES FOR HISPANICS AT ALL LEVELS OF GOVERNMENT
SERVICE. UNFORTUNATELY THE CONGRESS DID NOT GO ALONG WITH SOME OF MY
PROPOSALS FOR CIVIL SERVICE REFORM WHICH WOULD HAVE HELPED DO THAT, BUT
WE ARE MAKING ALL PEOPLE IN GOVERNMENT SENSITIVE TO THE NEEDS AND
UNTAPPED POTENTIAL OF HISPANIC-AMERICANS.

THE SITUATION FOR MANY MEXICAN IMMIGRANTS IS SOMEWHAT DIFFERENT
FROM THAT OF IMMIGRANTS FROM OTHER LANDS, EITHER IN THE EARLY DAYS OF OUR
NATION, OR IN MODERN TIMES. THOSE FROM MEXICO DO NOT COME FLEEING FOR
THEIR LIVES, OR BECAUSE THEIR BASIC LIBERTIES ARE BEING DENIED.

-- IMMIGRANTS FROM MEXICO.....

IMMIGRANTS FROM MEXICO CROSS NO FORMIDABLE OCEANS,
BUT WALK ACROSS A 2,000 MILE OPEN BORDER BETWEEN FRIENDLY
NATIONS. THEY COME SEEKING NOT ESCAPE, BUT OPPORTUNITY,...
SEEKING NOT ASYLUM, BUT WORK.

FOR THOSE WHO ENTER LEGALLY, THINGS ARE NOT EASY, BUT THEY
AT LEAST HAVE ALL THE PROTECTIONS OF ANYONE ELSE LIVING IN THIS
COUNTRY.

THE UNDOCUMENTED WORKERS -- LIVING IN FEAR, EXPLOITED
BY THOSE WHO MISTREAT AND TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE MOST VULNERABLE
AMONG US, EXIST OUTSIDE OUR LEGAL SYSTEM. THEY ARE HUNTED
NOT FOR CRIMES THEY HAVE COMMITTED HERE, BUT BECAUSE THEY ARE
HERE WITHOUT PERMISSION,...PEOPLE WHO SEEK ONLY A BETTER LIFE
FOR THEIR CHILDREN AND OPPORTUNITY FOR THEMSELVES, AS DID
ALL THE IMMIGRANTS TO THIS LAND BEFORE THEM.

LEONEL CASTILLO, A MEXICAN-AMERICAN WHO IS DIRECTOR OF
THE IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE, IS TRYING TO BRING
AN INCREDIBLY ANTIQUATED IMMIGRATION SERVICE INTO MODERN TIMES.

WHEN WE CAME INTO OFFICE, HE FOUND A SITUATION WHERE IT
WAS IMPOSSIBLE TO CALL THE LOS ANGELES OFFICE OF THE IMMIGRATION
SERVICE BECAUSE ALL THE LINES WERE ALWAYS BUSY. LETTERS WERE
OFTEN LOST IN ROOMS FILLED WITH HUGE PILES OF UNOPENED MAIL.
THE ONLY HOPE OF COMMUNICATING WITH THE IMMIGRATION OFFICE WAS
TO COME IN PERSON AND STAND IN LINE.

HE FOUND PEOPLE GETTING IN LINE AT MIDNIGHT JUST TO MAKE AN APPOINTMENT -- AN APPOINTMENT THAT OFTEN WAS MONTHS AWAY.

HE FOUND PEOPLE WAITING FOUR YEARS TO GET PETITIONS ACTED ON -- PETITIONS TO BRING IN A WIFE OR HUSBAND OR CHILD, TO REUNITE FAMILIES, APPLY FOR CITIZENSHIP, OR VISIT A DYING MOTHER IN MEXICO -- THINGS THEY WERE ENTITLED TO DO UNDER THE LAW.

HE HAS CUT THAT TIME LAG TO 90 DAYS OR LESS FOR MOST APPLICATIONS.

HE UNDERSTOOD THAT THESE WERE NOT MERELY PAPER PROBLEMS OR TRAFFIC PROBLEMS, ...BUT HUMAN PROBLEMS, INVOLVING THE RIGHTS AND HOPES AND SUFFERING OF MEN, WOMEN, AND LITTLE CHILDREN WHO COULD NOT WAIT FOUR YEARS FOR AN ANSWER.

I AM COMMITTED TO MAKING OUR GOVERNMENT WORK SO THEY DO NOT HAVE TO WAIT FOR ANSWERS. BUT LEONEL CASTILLO AND I HAVE NEVER PRETENDED THAT THERE WAS NO PROBLEM. I AM COMMITTED TO FINDING A HUMANE SOLUTION TO THE PROBLEM OF UNDOCUMENTED WORKERS NOW IN THIS COUNTRY.

I CANNOT PROMISE YOU SIMPLE SOLUTIONS. WE CANNOT SOLVE THE IMMIGRATION PROBLEMS ON THIS SIDE OF THE BORDER ALONE. MEXICO IS FULLY AWARE THAT THE SOLUTION TO THIS PROBLEM IS TO CONTINUE THE GOOD PROGRESS NOW BEING MADE IN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND JOBS.

-- I HAVE TOLD PRESIDENT

I HAVE TOLD PRESIDENT LOPEZ-PORTILLO THAT WE ARE READY TO COOPERATE IN EVERY WAY WITH THE MEXICAN GOVERNMENT IN FURTHERING THIS MUTUAL GOAL.

IN THE SHORT-TERM, THERE ARE DISAGREEMENTS ON THE BEST SOLUTIONS EVEN WITHIN THE MEXICAN-AMERICAN COMMUNITY. BUT THERE CAN BE NO DISAGREEMENT OVER THE NEED TO DEAL HUMANELY WITH THIS SOLUTION.

OVERALL, THERE IS NO NATION WITH WHOM OUR RELATIONSHIP IS MORE IMPORTANT THAN MEXICO.

I HAVE ALSO APPOINTED A SPECIAL COMMISSION ON IMMIGRATION, THAT INCLUDES JUDGE CRUZ REYNOSO AND JOAQUIN OTERO. CHAIRMAN REUBEN ASKEW MET WITH PRESIDENT LOPEZ-PORTILLO AND OTHER SENIOR MEXICAN OFFICIALS IN MEXICO APRIL 18 THROUGH 20 ON THE QUESTION OF UNDOCUMENTED WORKERS. THIS COMMISSION WILL ALSO BE LISTENING TO THE IDEAS OF MEXICAN-AMERICANS IN THIS COUNTRY, SO THAT IT CAN RECOMMEND A FAIR, REALISTIC AND EFFECTIVE SOLUTION.

WHEN I WAS IN MEXICO IN FEBRUARY WE MADE SIGNIFICANT PROGRESS IN EVERY IMPORTANT AREA. THE GOVERNMENT-TO-GOVERNMENT GAS NEGOTIATIONS ARE GOING WELL.

US ← 85% Mexican oil

THE NEGOTIATING TEAM MET FIRST IN MEXICO AND JUST YESTERDAY COMPLETED A SECOND ROUND OF NEGOTIATIONS IN WASHINGTON.

NEGOTIATIONS ARE CURRENTLY UNDERWAY ON PROGRAMS IN AGRICULTURAL AND ENERGY RESEARCH, SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND TRADE.

OUR CONCERN DOES NOT END WITH THE QUESTION OF CITIZENSHIP.

UNEMPLOYMENT AMONG HISPANIC YOUNG PEOPLE IS UNACCEPTABLY HIGH. THE HISPANIC WORKER, WHETHER PART-TIME OR FULL TIME, IS TWICE AS LIKELY AS OTHER WORKERS TO EARN AN INCOME BELOW THE POVERTY LINE.

THIS IS A PROBLEM OF OPPORTUNITY -- OF EDUCATION AND TRAINING, OF BI-LINGUAL PROGRAMS THAT MUST MEET THE REAL NEEDS OF YOUNG PEOPLE WHO WILL HAVE TO COPE IN A SOCIETY WHERE THE MAJORITY SPEAKS A DIFFERENT LANGUAGE.

BUT THIS IS NOT A PROBLEM OF PREPARATION ALONE. EDUCATION AND TRAINING, EVEN WHEN THEY ARE EQUAL, TRADITIONALLY HAVE OPENED FEWER DOORS FOR HISPANICS.

THIS IS ALSO A PROBLEM OF EQUITY AND OF AFFIRMATIVE ACTION, TO WHICH I AM FIRMLY COMMITTED. I AM COMMITTED TO BREAKING DOWN DISCRIMINATION AGAINST HISPANIC-AMERICANS WHEREVER IT REMAINS IN THIS COUNTRY.

-- THE RECORD INCREASE.....

THE RECORD INCREASE IN FEDERAL FUNDING OF EDUCATION, PARTICULARLY PROGRAMS TO HELP DISADVANTAGED YOUNGSTERS MASTER BASIC SKILLS, WILL HELP TO GUARANTEE THAT FOR THE YOUNG PEOPLE WHO WILL ENTER THE WORKFORCE OF THE FUTURE, INADEQUATE PREPARATION WILL NOT BE THE BARRIER IT OFTEN IS TODAY.

OUR YOUNG PEOPLE ARE OUR MOST VALUABLE RESOURCE. THEY CANNOT WAIT FOR A GENERATION OF SLOW CHANGE -- THEY NEED THEIR CHANCE NOW.

CUANDO EL PASADO MES DE FEBRERO HABLÉ CON EL PRESIDENTE LÓPEZ PORTILLO, ME DIJO QUE MÉXICO NO HA CESADO DE LUCHAR POR SU INDEPENDENCIA, EN EL SIGLO DIECINUEVE POR SU INDEPENDENCIA POLÍTICA Y EN EL SIGLO VEINTE POR SU INDEPENDENCIA ECONÓMICA.

LO QUE HOY CELEBRAMOS AQUÍ EN ESTE FESTIVAL, NO ES TAN SÓLO UN EPISODIO HISTÓRICO, SINO LA CONTINUA LUCHA POR LA INDEPENDENCIA QUE TODO MEXICANO, Y TODO AMERICANO, TIENE QUE LIBRAR.

"ENTRE LAS NACIONES COMO ENTRE LOS HOMBRES, EL RESPECTO AL DERECHO AJENO ES LA PAZ."

WHEN I SPOKE WITH PRESIDENT LÓPEZ PORTILLO IN FEBRUARY HE SAID THAT MEXICO'S STRUGGLE FOR INDEPENDENCE IS A CONTINUING STRUGGLE. IN THE 19TH CENTURY IT WAS FOR POLITICAL INDEPENDENCE. IN THE 20TH CENTURY IT IS FOR ECONOMIC INDEPENDENCE.

HERE AT THIS FESTIVAL TODAY WE ARE CELEBRATING NOT JUST A HISTORICAL EPISODE,...BUT THE CONTINUING STRUGGLE FOR INDEPENDENCE THAT ALL MEXICANS, AND ALL AMERICANS, MUST WAGE.

"AMONG NATIONS AS AMONG MEN, RESPECTING THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS IS THE WAY TO PEACE." (BENITO JUAREZ)

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Los Angeles, California
5/5/79

FM ROBL

BUENOS DIAS, A TODOS!

IT IS A SPECIAL PLEASURE TO COME HERE TODAY TO DEDICATE THIS PLACITA DE DOLORES WITHIN EL PUEBLO DE LOS ANGELES STATE HISTORICAL PARK, THE BIRTHPLACE OF THIS GREAT CITY, WHICH HAS THE LARGEST SPANISH-SPEAKING POPULATION IN THE UNITED STATES.

ES UN PLACER ESPECIAL VENIR HOY AQUÍ PARA DEDICAR ESTA PLACITA DE DOLORES EN EL PARQUE HISTÓRICO ESTATAL DEL PUEBLO DE LOS ANGELES, CUNA DE ESTA GRAN CIUDAD, QUE TIENE LA MAYOR POBLACION DE HABLA HISPANA DE LOS ESTADOS UNIDOS.

(=OVER=)

(THIS PLAZA WILL PROVIDE....)

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THIS PLAZA WILL PROVIDE A PERMANENT HOME FOR THE REPLICA OF THE BELL OF DOLORES, THE ORIGINAL OF WHICH HANGS IN THE CAPITOL BUILDING IN MEXICO CITY. THIS REPLICA WAS PRESENTED TO THE CITY BY THE PRESIDENT GUSTAVO DIAZ ORDAZ OF MEXICO 11 YEARS AGO.

ESTA PLAZA SERÁ UN HOGAR PERMANENTE PARA UNA COPIA DE LA CAMPANA DE DOLORES QUE ESTÁ EN EL CAPITOLIO DE LA CIUDAD DE MÉXICO. ESTA COPIA FUÉ PRESENTADA A LA CIUDAD, HACE ONCE AÑOS, POR EL PRESIDENTE GUSTAVO DÍAZ ORDÁZ DE MÉXICO.

THE PLAZA WILL ALSO GIVE THE HISPANIC COMMUNITY, INDEED ALL OF THE PEOPLE OF LOS ANGELES -- A GATHERING PLACE, A PLACE FOR EXHIBITS BY ARTISTS AND CRAFTSMEN, A PLACE FOR CELEBRATIONS AND FESTIVALS. I'M DELIGHTED THAT THIS PROJECT, FUNDED BY A FEDERAL GRANT, WILL ALSO PROVIDE EMPLOYMENT WITHIN THE COMMUNITY.

(=NEW CARD=) (PROJECTS SUCH AS THIS.....)

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PROJECTS SUCH AS THIS -- WHICH MEET PUBLIC NEEDS, ENHANCE HISTORIC
OR NATURAL AREAS AND CREATE NEEDED JOBS -- SHOW WHAT THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT
CAN DO TO HELP REVITALIZE OUR CITIES, WORKING IN PARTNERSHIP WITH CONCERNED
LOCAL OFFICIALS SUCH AS MAYOR TOM BRADLEY.

AS WE DEDICATE THIS PLAZA, IT IS GOOD TO REMEMBER THE VILLAGE PRIEST,
FATHER MIGUEL HIDALGO Y CASTILLA, WHO RANG THE PARISH CHURCH BELL, THE
ORIGINAL BELL OF DOLORES, TO SUMMON PATRIOTS TO FIGHT FOR INDEPENDENCE.

THE FREEDOM AND INDEPENDENCE THAT MEXICO AND THE UNITED STATES NOW
ENJOY ARE OURS BECAUSE MILLIONS OF OUR PEOPLE THROUGH THE YEARS HAVE HAD
THE COURAGE TO DO WHAT WAS NECESSARY -- NO MATTER WHAT THE ODDS AGAINST
THEIR LONELY EFFORTS.

(=OVER=) (FREEDOM IS NEVER.....)

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FREEDOM IS NEVER PERMANENTLY OURS, DESPITE THE NOBLE SACRIFICES OF PAST GENERATIONS. WE MUST DAILY RE-WIN THE FIGHT AGAINST INJUSTICE, PREJUDICE, AND IGNORANCE, AND AGAINST THOSE IN POWER WHO BELIEVE THEY KNOW BETTER THAN THE PEOPLE WHAT IS BEST.

MANY HAVE DIED HEROICALLY THAT WE MIGHT STAND HERE IN THE SUNLIGHT AND CELEBRATE HUMAN FREEDOM. AND MANY MORE HAVE LIVED QUIETLY, DEFENDING DAY BY DAY AGAINST THE CYNICAL, THE SELFISH AND THE UNCONCERNED, THE PRINCIPLES WE HOLD DEAR -- OFTEN AT GREAT COST AND WITHOUT ANY PRAISE OR GLORY.

I PRAY THAT WE WILL NOT AGAIN HAVE TO DEFEND OUR FREEDOMS IN BATTLE, THAT THE LOVE OF PEACE WHICH FILLS OUR HEARTS WILL AT LAST PREVAIL.

(=NEW CARD=) (BUT TO SURVIVE,....)

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BUT TO SURVIVE, OUR SYSTEM MUST NOT ONLY BEAT BACK THE SWORD OF AGGRESSION. IT MUST ALSO BEAT BACK THE SILENT HAND OF INJUSTICE THAT IS ARMED ONLY WITH OUR APATHY AND OUR TIMIDITY.

I AM COMMITTED TO MAKING SURE THAT ALL PEOPLE WITHIN OUR BORDERS, NO MATTER HOW THEY MAY HAVE GOTTEN HERE, ARE TREATED WITH DIGNITY AND JUSTICE.

I AM COMMITTED TO PROTECTING THE BASIC HUMAN RIGHTS OF EVERY PERSON IN THIS COUNTRY, WHATEVER THEIR LEGAL STATUS.

I WILL MAKE SURE THAT NO ONE IS EXPLOITED, EITHER BY UNSCRUPULOUS EMPLOYERS, UNPRINCIPLED GANG BOSSSES, OR SUMGGLERS WHO PREY ON POVERTY, IGNORANCE AND HUMAN MISERY, AND WHO SOMETIMES EVEN HOLD LITTLE CHILDREN HOSTAGE TO WRING A FEW EXTRA DOLLARS FROM EMPTY POCKETS AND WORKWORN HANDS.

(=OVER=) (LA JUSTICIA Y EL RESPETO....)

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LA JUSTICIA Y EL RESPECTO A LOS DERECHOS DE CADA INDIVIDUO, CUALQUIERA
QUE SEA SU ORIGEN, ES ALGO QUE CADA UNO DE NOSOTROS DEBE PRACTICAR SIEMPRE.

NO BASTA SER JUSTO CON LA MAYORIA DE LAS PERSONAS LA MAYOR PARTE DE
LAS OCASIONES.

NUESTRA INDEPENDENCIA CARECE DE SENTIDO SI NO GARANTIZA LOS DERECHOS
DE TODOS AQUELLOS QUE HABITAN DENTRO DE NUESTRAS FRONTERAS, SI NO LIBERA AL
ESPIRITU HUMANO QUE ANIMA NUESTRAS VIDAS, CUALQUIERA QUE SEA EL IDIOMA EN
QUE PROCLAMA SUS SUEÑOS.

JUSTICE AND RESPECT FOR EACH INDIVIDUAL'S RIGHTS -- WHEREVER THAT
INDIVIDUAL MIGHT COME FROM -- MUST BE PRACTICED EVERY DAY BY EVERY ONE OF
US.

(-NEW CARD=) (IT IS NOT ENOUGH.....)

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IT IS NOT ENOUGH TO BE FAIR TO MOST OF THE PEOPLE, MOST OF THE TIME. WE MUST BE FAIR TO ALL, ALL OF THE TIME.

OUR INDEPENDENCE IS MEANINGLESS IF IT DOES NOT MEAN GUARANTEEING THE RIGHTS OF ALL WHO DWELL WITHIN OUR BORDERS, ...IF IT DOES NOT MEAN FREEING THE HUMAN SPIRIT IN OUR MIDST -- WHATEVER THE LANGUAGE IN WHICH IT VOICES ITS DREAMS.

#

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A. Nesmith
5/2/79
Draft #3

Cinco de Mayo County Celebration, Los Angeles, May 5, 1979

(Salutation to come).

We are here today to celebrate the spirit of independence and freedom that for Mexican-Americans is symbolized by Cinco de Mayo. That day in Puebla in 1862, when the battle was finally over and the Mexican patriots had won, did not mean the end of foreign rule. It was five more years before Mexicans regained control over their land.

The shots at Lexington and Concord were heard around the world -- not because the American colonists strung along the eastern seaboard had gained their independence, but because they had made clear their irrevocable will for it. The victory at Puebla proved the Mexican people's staying power and love of freedom, and their irrevocable will for independence.

The United States is a nation of immigrants, We have

-- of refugees.

always never been a *people* nation of *many* ~~one~~ backgrounds, *with a varied* ~~one~~ cultural heri-

tage, ~~but of many~~. We have come together from all parts of the world, speaking ^{*many*} ~~all the~~ languages of the earth, drawn by a common belief in individual freedom, justice and opportunity.

Spanish settlements not far from my hometown were already one hundred years old when the first English settlers arrived on this continent. ~~Our~~ Spanish roots are an important part of our diverse heritage.

Spanish speaking Americans must share the responsibilities of government!

I have not accomplished all that I hoped to do, or all that I plan to do, to increase Hispanic participation in *federal* government service. I ^{*already*} ~~have~~ appointed ~~more Hispanics~~ than ~~ever before~~ ^{*Hispanics*} (150) ^{*^*} to high level positions in this Administration -- in positions where their sensitivity to the needs and problems of Hispanic-Americans will count most.

(Insert Energy Appointment?)

~~What~~ I want ~~to do is open up~~ job opportunities for Hispanics at all levels of government service. Unfortunately, the Congress did not go along with some of my proposals for civil service reform which would have helped do that, ~~but~~ *we* ~~I have tried to make~~ *are making* all people in government ~~aware of~~ *sensitive to* the needs and untapped potential of Hispanic-Americans, ~~and to make them more sensitive in their dealings with Hispanics.~~

The situation for many Mexican immigrants is somewhat different from that of immigrants from other lands, either in the early days of our nation, or in modern times. Those from Mexico do not come fleeing for their lives, or because their basic liberties are being denied. ~~For the refugees who flee in fear, there often can be no turning back.~~

Immigrants from Mexico cross no formidable oceans, but walk across a 2,000 mile open border between friendly nations. They come seeking not escape, but opportunity, seeking not asylum, but work.

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For those who enter legally, things are not easy, but they at least have all the protections of anyone else living in this country. The undocumented ^{workers --} ~~the statusless~~ ~~people --~~ living in fear, exploited by those who mistreat and take advantage of the most vulnerable among us, exist outside our legal system. They are hunted not for crimes they have committed here, but ^{because they are} ~~for the crime of being here~~ without permission, people who seek only a better life for their children and opportunity for themselves, as did all the immigrants to this land before them.

*a Mexican American who is
director of the Immigration and Naturalization
Service,*

Leonel Castillo, ~~one of the top Mexican Americans in~~
~~my Administration~~ is trying to bring an incredibly antiquated immigration service into modern times. When we came into office, he found a situation where it was impossible to call the Los Angeles office of the immigration service because all the lines were always busy. Letters were often lost in

rooms filled with ^{huge piles of unopened} ~~an impenetrable backlog~~ of mail. The only hope of communicating with the Immigration office was to come in person and stand in line.

He found people getting in line at midnight just to make an appointment -- an appointment that often was months away.

He found people waiting four years to get petitions acted on -- petitions to bring in a wife or husband or child, to reunite families, apply for citizenship or visit a dying mother in Mexico -- things they were entitled to do under the law. He has cut that time lag to 90 days or less for most applications.

He understood that these were not merely paper problems or traffic problems, but human problems, involving the rights and hopes and suffering of men ~~and~~ ^{and} women, ~~of~~ little children who couldn't ^{not} wait four years for an answer.

I am committed to making our government work so they
^{not} ~~don't~~ have to wait for answers. But ^{Leonel Castillo and} I have ^{never} ~~not~~ pretended,
~~as past administrations sometimes have,~~ that there was no
problem. I am committed to finding a humane solution to
the problem of undocumented workers now in this country.

^{cannot}
I ~~can't~~ promise you simple solutions. I ~~can't~~ promise
~~you permanent solutions to the problem of immigration from~~
~~Mexico.~~ We can not solve the immigration problems on this
side of the border alone. Mexico is fully aware that the
^{to continue the good progress now being made}
solution to this problem is ^{economic} development and jobs.
~~There will never be permanent solutions to immigration~~
~~problems until Mexico is able to provide jobs for all its~~
~~people.~~

~~The United States is anxious to help make this possible,~~
~~and I have told President Lopez-Portillo that we are ready~~
^{Cooperate in every way with the}
~~to help in whatever way the Mexican government feels will~~

~~be useful~~ in furthering this mutual goal.

there are

In the short-term, ~~I am conscious of the~~ disagreements
solutions
on the best ~~approach~~ even within the Mexican-American
community. But there can be no disagreement over the need
to deal humanely with this situation. Overall, there is no
nation with whom our relationship is more important than
Mexico.

I have also appointed a special commission on immigra-
tion, that includes Judge Cruz Reynoso and Joaquin Otero.

Chairman Reuben Askew

~~The Commission~~ met with President Lopez-Portillo

-- MORE --

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and other senior Mexican officials in Mexico April 18 through 20 on the question of undocumented workers. This commission will also be listening to the ideas of Mexican-Americans in this country, so that it can recommend a fair, realistic and effective solution.

When I was in Mexico in February we made significant progress in every important area. ~~In energy we are beginning to work out a truly collaborative relationship for the first time.~~ The government-to-government gas negotiations are going well. The negotiating team ^{met first in Mexico} ~~has been down there~~ and just yesterday completed a second round of negotiations in Washington. ~~(Will update Fri. from the plane).~~ Negotiations are currently underway ^{on} ~~to work out~~ additional programs in agricultural and energy research, scientific and technical cooperation and trade.

Our concern does not end with the question of citizenship.

Unemployment among Hispanic young people is unacceptably high. The Hispanic worker, whether part-time or full time, is twice as likely as other workers to earn an income below the poverty line. This is a problem of opportunity -- of education and training, of bi-lingual programs that must meet the real needs of young people who will have to cope in a society where the majority speaks a different language.

But this is not a problem of preparation alone. Education and training, even when they are equal, traditionally have opened fewer doors for Hispanics. This is ^{also} a problem of equity ^{and} of affirmative action, to which I am firmly committed, ~~as well as a problem of education.~~ I am committed to breaking down discrimination against Hispanic-Americans wherever it remains in this country.

The record increase in federal funding of education, particularly programs to help disadvantaged youngsters

master basic skills, will help to guarantee that for the young people who will enter the workforce of the future, inadequate preparation will not be the barrier it often is today. ^{Young people are} Our ~~youth is~~ our most valuable resource. They can not wait for a generation of ^{slow change} ~~assimilation~~ -- they need their chance now.

(Conclusion in Spanish)

{ Spanish version attached }

When I spoke with President Lopez-Portillo in February he said that Mexico's struggle for independence is a continuing struggle. In the 19th century it was for political independence. In the 20th century it is for economic independence. Here at this festival today we are celebrating not just a ^q historical episode, but the continuing struggle for independence that all Mexicans, and all Americans, must wage.

"Entre las naciones como entre las hombres el respeto al derecho ajeno es la paz."

"Among nations as among men, respecting the rights of others is the way to peace." (Benito Juarez)

Opening paragraphs

[Handwritten signature]

CINCO DE MAYO COUNTY CELEBRATION, LOS ANGELES, MAY 5, 1979

ESTAMOS AQUÍ HOY PARA CELEBRAR EL ES-PÍ-RI-TU DE IN-DE-PEN-DÉN-CIA Y LIBERTAD, QUE PARA LOS AMERICANOS DE ORIGEN MEXICANO, ESTÁ SIM-BO-LI-ZA-DO POR EL CINCO DE MAYO. EN ESE DÍA, EN PUE-BLA, EN MIL OCHO-CIENTOS SE-SENTA Y DOS, CUAN-DO POR FIN TER-MI-NÓ LA BA-TÁ-LLA CON LA VIC-TÓ-RIA DE LOS PA-TRÍ-O-TAS MEXICANOS, NO CON ELLO TER-MI-NÓ EL ~~LA~~ ~~LA~~ DO-MÍ-NIO EX-TRAN-JÉ-RO. PASARON CINCO AÑOS MÁS, ANTES QUE LOS MEXICANOS VOL-VIE-RAN A TENER EL CONTROL DE SU TIERRA.

PERO LA VIC-TÓ-RIA DE PUEBLA, DE-MOS-TRÓ LA VO-LUN-TAD DE IN-DE-PEN-DÉN-CIA DEL PUEBLO MEXICANO; LA FUÉR-ZA DE SU ES-PÍ-RI-TU, Y SU AMOR POR LA LIBERTAD. DE LA MISMA MANERA, EN QUE LOS DIS-PÁ-ROS EN LEXINGTON Y CONCORD SE O-YÉ-RON AL-RE-DE-DÓR DEL MUNDO -- NO PORQUE LOS COLONOS AMERICANOS, A LO LARGO DE LA COSTA DEL ESTE DE LOS ESTADOS UNIDOS, HU-BIE-RAN OB-TE-NÍ-DO SU INDEPENDENCIA, SI NO PORQUE HA-BÍAN DE-MOS-TRÁ-DO CLÁ-RA-MEN-TE, SU VOLUNTAD I-RRE-VO-CÁ-BLE DE LO-GRÁR-LA, EL CINCO DE MAYO DE-MOS-TRÓ CLÁ-RA-MEN-TE, LA VOLUNTAD I-RRE-VO-CÁ-BLE DE INDEPENDENCIA DEL PUEBLO MEXICANO.

Phonetic version 1 15 2 graphs

*(Phonetic version)
(have not received a Spanish version from text yet)*

Cinco De Mayo County Celebration ~~SAINT JAMES GLOSSY GRAPH~~

Cuando el pasado mes de febrero hablé con el Presidente López Portillo, me dijo que México no ha cesado de luchar por su independencia, en el siglo diecinueve por su independencia política y en el siglo veinte por su independencia económica. Lo que hoy celebramos aquí en este festival, no es tan sólo un episodio histórico, sino la continua lucha por la independencia que todo mexicano, y todo americano, tiene que librar.

Cinco de Mayo County Celebration
"Nicanus"
"howas"
"asastaxjlo"

"Entre las naciones como entre los hombres, el respeto al derecho ajeno es la paz".

"Among nations as among men, respecting the rights of others is the way to peace." (Benito Juárez).

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Closing paragraph of Cinco de Mayo County Celebration

CUANDO EL PASADO MES DE FEBRERO, HABLE CON EL PRESIDENTE LÓPEZ PORTILLO, ME DIJO QUE MÉXICO NO HA CESADO DE LUCHAR POR SU IN-DE-PEN-DEN-CIA: EN EL SIGLO DIEZ-Y-NUEVE, POR SU INDEPENDENCIA PO-LÍ-TI-CA, Y EN EL SIGLO VEINTE, POR SU INDEPENDENCIA ECONÓMICA. LO QUE HOY CE-LE-BRA-MOS AQUÍ, EN ÉSTE FESTIVAL, NO ES TAN SÓLO UN E-PI-SÓ-DIO HIS-TÓ-RI-CO, SINO LA CON-TÍ-NUA LUCHA POR LA INDEPENDENCIA, QUE TODO MEXICAÑO, Y TODO AMERICANO, TIENE QUE LIBRAR.

"ENTRE LAS NACIONES, COMO ENTRE LOS HOMBRES,
EL RESPÉTO AL DERECHO AJENO ES LA PAZ".

"AMONG NATIONS AS AMONG MEN, RESPECTING THE
RIGHTS OF OTHERS IS THE WAY TO PEACE."

--BENITO JUAREZ.

(Phonetic version)

PRESIDENT JIMMY CARTER
IOWA ASSOCIATION OF COUNTIES
FRIDAY, MAY 4, 1979

- 1 -

Lyons
Pres Al Ohrt Ms. Cutter *Sec of IA Pres*
Coug Smith, Harkin Dick/Clark

Good to be back. kinship & local officials.
Can't win. Food prices up - City (-) farmer (+) Food
prices down - Farmers (-) = Harder? peace ME or Mexico?

AMERICANS ARE AFRAID THAT WE ARE GOING TO WIND UP WITH
WORTHLESS MONEY AND NO GAS. AS THOSE FEARS GROW, SO DO THE
DEMANDS FOR QUICKER, SIMPLER AND MORE PAINLESS SOLUTIONS.
SO NOW WASHINGTON IS FULL OF PEOPLE SELLING SNAKE-OIL CURES FOR
INFLATION -- OR TELLING SCIENCE FICTION STORIES ABOUT EASY
ENERGY.

YOU KNOW THERE ARE TIMES WHEN I WISH THAT WASHINGTON
WAS IOWA'S ONE HUNDREDTH COUNTY. BUT I'M SURE YOU
DON'T WANT IT!

COUNTY OFFICIALS HAVE TO TELL THE TRUTH TO PEOPLE ABOUT
WHETHER A ROAD CAN BE RE-SURFACED, OR A WATER AND SEWER LINE
CAN BE EXTENDED, AND WHERE THE MONEY IS GOING TO COME FROM.

THAT IS THE SAME KIND OF DIRECTNESS I HAVE BEEN TRYING
TO GET THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT TO PRACTICE. AND THAT IS WHY
I AM HERE TODAY.

TEN YEARS OF

LET'S START WITH THE TRUTH ABOUT INFLATION: IT IS A
SICKNESS BORN OF OVER-INDULGENCE AND SUSTAINED BY NEGLECT.

-- IT HAS BEEN A LONG TIME.....

IT HAS BEEN A LONG TIME DEVELOPING. IN THE SHORT RUN
IT MAY EVEN GET WORSE. THERE IS NO MIRACLE CURE. AND THE
MEASURES THAT WILL WORK ARE GOING TO HURT.

INFLATION CANNOT BE FOUGHT THE WAY PEOPLE USUALLY EXPECT
THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT TO ATTACK A PROBLEM -- BY APPROPRIATING
VAST SUMS OF MONEY.

THAT APPROACH HAD A LOT TO DO WITH GETTING US INTO THIS
INFLATIONARY MESS IN THE FIRST PLACE. IT IS ALSO ONE REASON WHY
I AM PROUD THAT IN ^{LESS THAN} ~~THE LAST~~ TWO-AND-A-HALF YEARS WE ^{WILL HAVE} ~~HAVE~~ CUT THE
FEDERAL DEFICIT IN HALF -- AND WHY I AM DETERMINED TO BALANCE
THE FEDERAL BUDGET.

BUT THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT CANNOT ^{WIN THE} FIGHT ^{AGAINST} INFLATION ALONE.
EITHER WE DO IT TOGETHER OR IT WILL NOT BE DONE.

WE NEED TO LEARN SOME OF THE SAME LESSONS ABOUT ENERGY.

THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT HAS NO SECRET SCIENTIFIC MIRACLE
TUCKED AWAY THAT WILL SUDDENLY PRODUCE A CURE FOR OUR
LONG-STANDING OVER-DEPENDENCE ON FOREIGN OIL.

THAT IS WHY WE MUST USE LESS AND WILL PAY MORE FOR WHAT
WE USE, ...AND THAT IS WHY WE MUST HAVE THE WINDFALL PROFITS
TAX.

NOT SIMPLY BECAUSE IT IS UNJUST FOR THE OIL COMPANIES TO PROFIT FROM OUR PAIN -- BUT BECAUSE WE MUST HAVE THE ENERGY SECURITY FUND TO DEVELOP LONG-TERM WAYS TO EASE THE PAIN.

YOU MAY REMEMBER THAT A FEW WEEKS AGO ALL THE POLITICAL EXPERTS WERE SAYING WE HAD NO CHANCE TO PASS A WINDFALL PROFITS TAX. NOW THE SAME PEOPLE HAVE DECIDED A WINDFALL TAX IS AN ACCOMPLISHED FACT AND WE CAN QUIT WORRYING.

THEY WERE WRONG THEN, AND THEY ARE WRONG NOW.

BECAUSE THE PEOPLE HAVE SPOKEN, WE HAVE A MUCH BETTER CHANCE THAN THE PROPHETS AND COMMENTATORS EVER THOUGHT WE WOULD HAVE.

THE WINDFALL TAX WE PROPOSED WILL LET THE OIL INDUSTRY KEEP (TO USE FOR NEW PRODUCTION) ABOUT 29¢ OUT OF EVERY DOLLAR THEY GET BECAUSE OF DECONTROL.

IT MAY EVEN BE POSSIBLE TO GET A STRONGER BILL OUT OF THE HOUSE -- BUT I WARN YOU THAT THE BATTLE IS NOT YET WON, AND I NEED YOUR CONTINUED SUPPORT TO MAKE SURE THAT A REAL TAX IS PASSED AND THE IMPORTANT PROGRAMS IN THE ENERGY SECURITY FUND CAN BE FINANCED.

ON ENERGY, JUST AS WITH INFLATION, WE HAVE TO HELP OURSELVES MORE DIRECTLY, INDIVIDUALLY, LOCALLY.

-- ONE OF THE MOST FREQUENT.....

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ONE OF THE MOST FREQUENT THINGS I HEAR PEOPLE ^{ASK} ~~SAY~~ IS,
"IF WE CAN PUT A MAN ON THE MOON, WHY CAN'T WE FIGURE OUT A
WAY TO FURNISH CHEAP ENERGY?"

WELL, THAT IS JUST A DREAM -- IF IT MEANS THERE IS A
DRAMATIC SINGLE SOLUTION TO ENERGY SHORTAGES. BUT IT IS ^{A GOOD THOUGHT} ~~RIGHT~~ --
IF IT MEANS THAT THOUSANDS OF SMALLER STEPS BY MANY PEOPLE CAN
LEAD TO AN EVENTUAL GOAL OF ENERGY SELF-SUFFICIENCY.

I KNOW SMALL TOWNS, RURAL COUNTIES AND FARMS HAVE SPECIAL
PROBLEMS THAT THE REST OF THE COUNTRY DOES NOT ALWAYS UNDERSTAND.

IT IS HARD FOR MANY AMERICANS TO UNDERSTAND, BUT AS A
FARMER I KNOW THAT THE PRODUCTION OF CORN CROPS IN IOWA IS
GREATLY AFFECTED BY THE DEMANDS OF DISTANT ARAB COUNTRIES AND
GIANT OIL COMPANIES FOR EXCESSIVE PROFITS ON THE ENERGY YOU
NEED FOR CROP-DRYING AND FERTILIZING AS WELL AS TRANSPORTATION.

LAST YEAR, FOR EXAMPLE, IOWA AGRICULTURE CONSUMED
360 MILLION GALLONS OF GASOLINE AND AN ADDITIONAL 200 MILLION
GALLONS OF DIESEL FUEL.

BUT I ALSO KNOW THAT AMERICAN AGRICULTURE PROVIDES FOR
EXPORT REVENUES TO PAY FOR 18 TIMES AS MUCH ENERGY AS IT USES.

AND I INTEND TO TAKE FIRM STEPS TO GUARANTEE THAT YOU WILL HAVE
ADEQUATE SUPPLIES OF GASOLINE AND OTHER FUEL DURING THIS
DIFFICULT PERIOD.

① > **OUR NATION CAN BE THANKFUL FOR IOWA FARMERS!** ②

NEAL SMITH - GAS X CORN =
GOOD IDEA = ROEL TOMORROW.
SECURE SUPPLIES

LET ME EXPLAIN THESE STEPS.

FIRST, I WANT TO ANNOUNCE TODAY THAT SECRETARY BERGLAND HAS DETERMINED, UNDER THE NATURAL GAS POLICY ACT OF 1978, THAT 100 PERCENT OF CURRENT REQUIREMENTS FOR NATURAL GAS IN
> AGRICULTURE WILL BE MAINTAINED.

SECOND, WE HAVE GIVEN AUTHORITY TO STATE ENERGY OFFICES TO SET ASIDE 4 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL DIESEL FUEL SUPPLIES IN EACH STATE TO ALLEVIATE HARDSHIP CASES. WE HAVE ASKED SUPPLIERS OF DIESEL FUEL TO GIVE FIRST PRIORITY TO AGRICULTURE.

AND THIRD, WE ARE NOW REALLOCATING PROPORTIONATELY LARGER AMOUNTS OF OIL TO SUPPLIERS WHO SERVE RURAL AND AGRICULTURAL MARKETS. I WILL NOT ALLOW AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION TO BE DISRUPTED BY A SHORTAGE OF PETROLEUM. I WILL NOT LET RURAL AMERICA RUN DRY.

* * *

RURAL AREAS HAVE SPECIAL NEEDS -- BUT THEY ALSO HAVE SPECIAL OPPORTUNITIES, BEING THE BEST PLACES TO APPLY THE VIRTUES OF PRACTICAL THOUGHT AND LOCAL INITIATIVE.

YOU UNDERSTAND THE VALUES OF INDIVIDUAL EFFORT AND SMALL-SCALE COOPERATIVE PROJECTS.

-- I HAVE SEEN THIS IN.....

*Borrow x Future Allocations
if nec. use standby auth to provide
100% requirements to agriculture*

I HAVE SEEN THIS IN THE "HOLLERS" OF WEST VIRGINIA,
THE HAMLETS OF SOUTH GEORGIA, THE VILLAGES OF NEW ENGLAND,
THE PUEBLOS OF NEW MEXICO, AND THE COASTAL TOWNS OF THE
PACIFIC NORTHWEST -- AND I HAVE SEEN THESE RURAL VALUES ALL
OVER IOWA IN YOUR COMMUNITIES, YOUR SCHOOLS AND YOUR CHURCHES.

SOME AMERICAN COMMUNITIES CAN REGAIN THEIR SELF-SUFFICIENCY
BY DOING THINGS THAT WE HAVE ALMOST FORGOTTEN -- LIKE BURNING
WOOD AND USING SMALL DAMS THAT WERE ABANDONED IN THE ERA OF
CHEAP OIL.

THERE ARE ALSO NEW TECHNOLOGIES -- LIKE SOLAR ENERGY --
THAT ARE A LONG WAY FROM BEING PRACTICAL EVERYWHERE, BUT CAN
HELP YOUR COMMUNITIES TOWARD ENERGY SECURITY RIGHT NOW.
AND THERE ARE PRODUCTS LIKE GASAHOL^{& METHANOL} THAT WE HAVE KNOWN ABOUT
FOR YEARS WITHOUT EVER TAPPING THEIR FULL POTENTIAL.

LET ME TELL YOU WHAT WE ARE DOING TO ENCOURAGE USE OF
THESE ENERGY SOURCES.

GASAHOL IS A CLASSIC EXAMPLE OF AMERICAN INGENUITY.
FIFTY YEARS AGO, MANY AMERICANS WERE FILLING UP THEIR MODEL T
FORDS WITH IT. GASAHOL WAS SIMPLE AND PRACTICAL -- SINCE IT PUT
OUR AGRICULTURAL ABUNDANCE TO WORK IN A NEW AND DIFFERENT WAY.

BUT IN THE ERA OF CHEAP OIL -- AT A TIME WHEN WE NEVER THOUGHT THE WELLS WOULD RUN DRY -- WE STOPPED TRYING TO HARNESS OR TEST ITS POTENTIAL.

THE GOVERNMENT FORGOT ABOUT GASAHOL. SO DID THE EXPERTS. BUT HERE AND THERE AN INDIVIDUAL AMERICAN REMEMBERED THE STORIES OR REDISCOVERED THE IDEA FROM MUSTY BOOKS IN THE LOCAL LIBRARY. AND, WITH LITTLE ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OR ENCOURAGEMENT FROM WASHINGTON, THE IDEA HAS BEEN SPREADING.

I AM TODAY ANNOUNCING THAT BETWEEN NOW AND 1981, WE WILL ASSIST FARMERS AND FARM CO-OPERATIVES TO BUILD > AS MANY AS 100 PLANTS TO PRODUCE GASAHOL.

IN THE LAST YEAR, WE HAVE GUARANTEED LOANS OF \$30 MILLION TO CONSTRUCT LARGE GASAHOL PLANTS IN FLORIDA AND TEXAS. AND THIS YEAR, THE AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT WILL BE SPENDING AN ADDITIONAL \$4 MILLION ON GASAHOL RESEARCH AT SOME OF OUR LEADING LAND GRANT UNIVERSITIES.

WE ARE ALSO CREATING ECONOMIC INCENTIVES FOR THE PRIVATE DEVELOPMENT OF GASAHOL. PRODUCERS ARE NOW ELIGIBLE FOR A SPECIAL 10 PERCENT INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT THAT HAS BEEN EXTENDED THROUGH 1983.

AND I HAVE RECOMMENDED THAT GASAHOL BE PERMANENTLY EXEMPTED FROM THE FEDERAL EXCISE TAX ON GASOLINE ONCE CONGRESS APPROVES THE ENERGY SECURITY FUND.

-- EVERYTHING FROM WOOD.....

EVERYTHING FROM WOOD PRODUCTS TO SUGAR BEETS TO CORN
AND WHEAT TO FOOD PROCESSING AND ANIMAL WASTES CAN BE USED
TO MAKE GASAHOL. THE POTENTIAL IS GREAT. OUR BEST
CALCULATIONS ARE THAT OUR NATION CAN PRODUCE 300 MILLION GALLONS
OF GASAHOL ANNUALLY BY 1982 -- AND DOUBLE THAT BY 1985.

EQUALLY PROMISING IS OUR REDISCOVERY OF THE POTENTIAL OF
SMALL-SCALE HYDROELECTRIC POWER. NEW ENGLAND USED TO HARNESS
ITS STREAMS TO PRODUCE ELECTRICITY AND IT CAN DO SO AGAIN.
SO CAN THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST.

HERE IN IOWA RUSHING RIVERS MAY BE AS SCARCE AS OIL WELLS,
BUT YOU SHOULD SEARCH EVEN FOR THOSE RELATIVELY RARE
OPPORTUNITIES TO USE WATER TO DRIVE SMALL TURBINES.

I AM ~~ALSO~~ ANNOUNCING TODAY A REPROGRAMMING OF
\$300 MILLION OF EXISTING FUNDS TO REHABILITATE 100 RURAL
HYDROELECTRIC TURBINES.

THE ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS HAS IDENTIFIED NEARLY
2,000 PLACES WHERE WE CAN BUILD OR RESTORE THIS TYPE OF
HYDROELECTRIC PLANT.

EVENTUALLY, WE SHOULD BE ABLE TO PRODUCE ENOUGH ELECTRICITY
TO SAVE ALMOST 140 MILLION BARRELS OF OIL EACH YEAR -- ENOUGH
TO MEET THE ENERGY NEEDS OF 8.5 MILLION PEOPLE.

EXTRACTING NATURAL GAS FROM COAL AND SHALE RESERVES IS SOMETHING ELSE WE NEED TO DO. OVER 6,500 RURAL COMMUNITIES ARE LOCATED NEAR COAL OR SHALE RESERVES, AND MANY HAVE EXISTING GAS DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS.

THESE COMMUNITIES COULD USE THESE RESERVES TO PRODUCE A STEADY, DEPENDABLE SUPPLY OF NATURAL GAS WITHOUT DAMAGING THE ENVIRONMENT.

LET ME EXPLAIN HOW THIS WORKS. A PORTABLE DRILLING RIG CAN TAP THE NATURAL GAS THAT EXISTS AROUND DEPOSITS OF COAL AND SHALE. ALL YOU THEN NEED TO DO IS TO CAP THIS WELL WITH A DEVICE ABOUT THE SIZE OF A FIRE HYDRANT. WITH MINIMUM PROCESSING, OUT COMES GAS OF SUFFICIENT PRESSURE AND QUALITY TO HEAT YOUR HOMES, LIGHT YOUR STOVES, AND POWER YOUR FACTORIES.

THE ENERGY DEPARTMENT HAS AWARDED A \$3.8 MILLION GRANT TO THE AMERICAN PUBLIC GAS ASSOCIATION TO DEMONSTRATE THAT NATURAL GAS CAN BE RECOVERED FROM COAL AND SHALE AT COMPETITIVE PRICES. IF THIS EXPERIMENT IS A SUCCESS -- AND I THINK IT WILL BE -- WE WILL REPROGRAM \$300 MILLION IN EXISTING FEDERAL FUNDS TO FINANCE DEVELOPMENT OF THESE NEW SUPPLIES OF NATURAL GAS BETWEEN NOW AND 1981.

-- LAST YEAR, 750,000 AMERICANS.....

LAST YEAR, 750,000 AMERICANS BOUGHT WOOD-BURNING STOVES
TO HEAT THEIR HOMES. RIGHT NOW, THE ENERGY EQUIVALENT OF
MORE THAN 500,000 BARRELS OF OIL IS BEING PRODUCED BY WOOD.
WE SHOULD BE ABLE TO DOUBLE THAT FIGURE BY 1985.

NEW TYPES- W.H.

I WILL SEEK A TAX CREDIT FOR THE PURCHASE OF WOOD-BURNING
STOVES TO BE FUNDED OUT OF THE REVENUES FROM THE WINDFALL PROFITS
TAX. THROUGHOUT THE GOVERNMENT, WE ARE NOW WORKING ON PROJECTS
TO ENABLE US TO IMPROVE OUR USE OF FORESTS FOR ENERGY,
PARTICULARLY THE WOOD WE NOW WASTE.

RURAL AMERICA IS THE BEST PLACE TO EXPERIMENT WITH
SOLAR ENERGY. IN MY 1980 BUDGET, I HAVE PROPOSED THAT WE
ESTABLISH TWO RESEARCH CENTERS TO WORK ON APPLYING
ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SOURCES -- INCLUDING SOLAR ENERGY --
TO AGRICULTURE.

ALREADY, THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT IS SUPPORTING 50 SEPARATE
EXPERIMENTS IN THIS AREA. IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY IS ONE OF
THE LEADERS IN THIS FIELD, RIGHT NOW TESTING BETTER WAYS FOR
FARMERS TO USE SOLAR ENERGY TO DRY GRAIN.

IT MAY EVEN BE POSSIBLE TO STORE ENERGY DURING THE SUMMER
TO USE DURING THE WINTER. WE PLAN 91 ADDITIONAL PROJECTS WITH
PARTICULAR EMPHASIS ON USING SOLAR ENERGY TO HEAT SWINE AND
POULTRY HOUSES.

WE ALL RECOGNIZE HOW IMPORTANT A STABLE, SECURE SUPPLY OF ENERGY IS FOR THE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF RURAL AREAS.

THE FIRST QUESTION ANYONE ASKS BEFORE BUILDING A PLANT IN A SMALL TOWN IS, "CAN YOU MEET MY ENERGY NEEDS?" THE ANSWER CAN BE "YES" IF RURAL AMERICA APPLIES THE SAME INGENUITY AND DETERMINATION TO ENERGY THAT IT HAS TO AGRICULTURE.

MOVING TOWARDS ENERGY SELF-SUFFICIENCY IN RURAL AMERICAN HAS A VERY PERSONAL MEANING TO ME.

I REMEMBER HOW EXCITED MY FAMILY WAS BY THE ARRIVAL OF ELECTRICITY IN RURAL GEORGIA. IT WAS THE BIGGEST SINGLE EVENT OF MY CHILDHOOD. IT HAD THE GREATEST IMPACT ON THE WAY WE ACTUALLY LIVED.

BUT I ALSO REMEMBER OUR FARM HAD A WINDMILL TO PUMP WATER, THE SUN DRIED OUR CROPS, OUR MEAL AND FLOUR WAS WATER GROUND, AND WE BURNED WOOD FOR FUEL. *NO TRACTOR*

WE HADN'T THOUGHT ABOUT ENERGY SHORTAGES THEN, OR MINIMUM TILLAGE, OR GASAHOL;...BUT I AM SURE WE WOULD HAVE CONSIDERED NEW ENERGY IDEAS TO BE NOT FAR-FETCHED, BUT FAR-SIGHTED.

AND THEY NOW REPRESENT A RETURN TO OUR OLD PRINCIPLE THAT GOVERNMENT SHOULD ENCOURAGE, NOT DICTATE, LOCAL INITIATIVES.

-- SINCE OCTOBER OF 1978.....

SINCE OCTOBER OF 1978 WE HAVE EXTENDED THIS GOOD OLD PRINCIPLE TO FOUR OTHER AREAS OF RURAL PROBLEMS: HEALTH, HOUSING AND SERVICES FOR THE ELDERLY, WATER AND SEWER, AND COMMUNICATIONS. TRANSPORTATION WILL BE NEXT.

THE OVERALL IDEA -- WHICH HAS BEEN MISSING A LONG TIME WITH FEDERAL PROGRAMS -- IS THAT BY THE TIME WE ARE READY TO ANNOUNCE THE NATION'S FIRST COMPREHENSIVE RURAL DEVELOPMENT POLICY THIS SUMMER, MANY OF ITS INITIATIVES AND PROGRAMS WILL ALREADY EXIST. HERE AND NOW.

FOR EXAMPLE, ON JANUARY 31, HERE IN DES MOINES, JACK WATSON ANNOUNCED A DEMONSTRATION PROJECT TO INTEGRATE SOCIAL SERVICES WITH HOUSING FOR OLD PEOPLE. THE RESPONSE SINCE THEN HAS BEEN VERY FAVORABLE.

AS A RESULT, THIS CONCEPT WILL BE INCORPORATED IN ALL SUCH HOUSING, AND THE DEMONSTRATION HAS BEEN EXPANDED FROM SIX TO TEN SITES. I AM VERY PLEASED TO ANNOUNCE TODAY THAT ONE OF THE FIRST WILL BE HERE IN IOWA -- IN DECATUR COUNTY.

THE RURAL HEALTH INITIATIVE IS RESULTING IN THE CONSTRUCTION OR RENOVATION OF 300 PRIMARY HEALTH CARE CLINICS OVER THE NEXT THREE YEARS. THESE CLINICS WILL PROVIDE ACCESSIBLE, LOW-COST CARE TO MORE THAN 1,250,000 PEOPLE WHO PREVIOUSLY LACKED ANY ACCESS TO SUCH HEALTH CARE.

ON DECEMBER 1ST, IN THE WHITE HOUSE, I ANNOUNCED A FUNDAMENTAL REFORM OF THE WAY THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT ADMINISTERS EACH YEAR OVER TWO-AND-A-HALF BILLION DOLLARS' WORTH OF RURAL WATER AND SEWER PROGRAMS.

INSTEAD OF 6 SETS OF 16 DIFFERENT FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS, WE'VE REDUCED IT TO 1.

AND AS A RESULT OF THESE COST-CUTTING REFORMS, I AM ABLE TO ANNOUNCE WATER AND SEWER GRANT AWARDS OF SIX-AND-ONE-HALF MILLION DOLLARS ACROSS THE STATE OF IOWA.

AND WE ARE GETTING O.S.H.A. UNDER CONTROL -- LETTING IT SERVE ITS PROPER ROLE.

ALL OF THESE INITIATIVES DIRECTLY ADDRESS PROBLEMS WHICH ARE STILL ALL-TOO-PREVALENT TODAY.

BUT THE KNOWLEDGE THAT WE CAN DEAL WITH THESE SPECIAL PROBLEMS USING PROVEN PRINCIPLES WHICH OUR ANCESTORS WOULD UNDERSTAND GIVES ME CONFIDENCE THAT WE CAN CONTROL THE ENORMOUS OVERALL PROBLEMS OF ENERGY AND INFLATION.

TOGETHER WE CAN OVERCOME REAL OBSTACLES -- INSTEAD OF PROMISING SIMPLE ANSWERS.

-- TOGETHER WE CAN MEET.....

TOGETHER WE CAN MEET CHALLENGES -- NOT BY PRETENDING
THAT A CRY OF PAIN IS A CURE FOR A PROBLEM -- BUT BY
DRAWING ONCE AGAIN ON THE STRENGTH WE HAVE WITHIN US.

WE HAVE DONE IT IN OUR SPACE PROGRAMS.

WE HAVE DONE IT IN OUR SEARCH FOR WORLD PEACE.

AND WE CAN DO IT IN THE TOUGHEST FIGHT OF ALL --
FINDING NEW ENERGY FOR OURSELVES HERE AT HOME.

BECAUSE THE GREATEST ENERGY SOURCES IN THE WORLD ARE
RIGHT HERE --

-- IN OUR COUNTRY;

-- IN OUR TOWNS;

-- ON OUR FARMS;

-- IN OURSELVES.

THANK YOU VERY MUCH.

#

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*Susan -
ok for cards
J*

Opening Statement

I have one brief statement to make before taking your questions.

Just a few hours ago I spoke to Iowa County leaders about the need to develop new and innovative sources of energy for rural America. No one feels more strongly than I do about the need to harness cost effective technology to solve our energy problems. But we must never allow ourselves to become the victims of our own technology.

If we have learned anything from the recent accident at Three Mile Island, we should have learned this: as we develop our Nation's energy policy the safety of every American must be uppermost in our minds. It is certainly uppermost in mine.

More than two years before the Three Mile Island Accident, I began an effort to kill the Clinch River Breeder Reactor, so that this country could have a rational, safe and responsible nuclear energy policy. *This is no time to change America into a plutonium society -*

The recent vote by the House Science and Technology Committee to proceed with the Clinch River fast breeder reactor is a major setback to this effort. The Clinch River reactor is a technological dinosaur. It is a waste of more than 1-1/2 billion dollars of taxpayer money. It is an assault on our attempts to control the spread of nuclear materials. It marches our nuclear policy in exactly the wrong direction.

As
~~I expect~~ that nuclear energy ~~will~~ play ^a ~~an~~ important part in our overall energy policy for the foreseeable future, ~~but~~ we must proceed cautiously. We must minimize the risks to our society. And, above all, we must not plunge into ^{potentially} dangerous, ^{unproven} and unnecessary new technologies which ^{may} ~~will~~ never produce benefits to offset their costs and risks.

We can avoid that mistake by proceeding with ^{an} ~~the~~ orderly and scientifically sound breeder research and development program which I have proposed.

~~We have plenty of time to develop a safe, efficient, and technically sound breeder design.~~ Our immediate attention must be focused on improving the safety of our current nuclear technology ^{to insure that} ~~The Three Mile Island accident shows that this~~ ^{does not happen again.} ~~is vitally needed.~~ We do not need to ~~decide now to~~ build a plant based on a wholly new technology, about which far less is known than the nuclear reactors we currently use.

I want to repeat today, in this part of the country, my longstanding and consistent request to the Congress to deny the well-financed efforts of the big utilities and energy companies, ^{we must} ~~and to~~ terminate the Clinch River Breeder Reactor. We have a far more immediate task at hand -- putting our existing nuclear power policies in order.

I will continue to oppose the construction of this unnecessary, wasteful, and unsound project on the House floor and in the Senate. I urge the advocates of Clinch River to reconsider their efforts to salvage this ill-conceived project.

I also urge all those who share my concerns to make their voices heard in the Congress before it is too late.

*Final
approved
M*

Los Angeles City

Cinco de Mayo Celebration and Dedication of Plaza

(Salutation to come)

It is a special pleasure to come here today to dedicate this Placita de Dolores within El Pueblo de Los Angeles State Historical Park, the birthplace of this great city, which has the largest Spanish-speaking population in the United States.

(1)

This plaza will provide a permanent home for the replica of the Bell of Dolores, the original of which hangs in the Capitol Building in Mexico City. This replica was presented to the city by the President Gustavo Diaz Ordaz of Mexico 11 years ago.

(2)

The plaza will also give the Hispanic community, indeed all of the people of Los Angeles -- a gathering place, a place

for exhibits by artists and craftsmen, a place for celebrations and festivals. I'm delighted that this project, funded by a federal grant, will also provide employment within the community.

Projects such as this -- which meet public needs, enhance historic or natural areas and create needed jobs -- show what the federal government can do to help revitalize our cities, working in partnership with concerned local officials such as Mayor Tom Bradley.

As we dedicate this plaza, it is good to remember the village priest, Father Miguel Hidalgo y Castilla, who rang the parish church bell, the original Bell of Dolores, to summon patriots to fight for independence. The freedom and independence that Mexico and the United States now enjoy are ours because millions of our people through the years ^{have} had the courage to do what was necessary at ~~that place~~ ~~no~~ ~~matter how small or large~~ -- and in that moment ⁻⁻ ~~no matter~~

what the odds against their lonely efforts, ~~accomplishing their~~
~~ultimate goal.~~

Freedom is never permanently ours, despite the noble
sacrifices of past generations. We must daily re-win the
fight against injustice, prejudice, and ignorance, and against
← ~~the powerful~~ those in power
those who believe they know better than the people what is
best.

Many have died heroically that we might stand here in the
sunlight and celebrate human freedom. And many more have
lived quietly, defending day by day the principles we ^{hold dear} believe
in -- often at great cost and without any ^{praise or glory,} acknowledgement --
(against the cynical, the selfish and the unconcerned.)

I pray that we will not again have to defend our freedoms
in battle, that the love of peace ^{which fills our} ~~that is in all men's~~ hearts
will at last prevail.

But to survive, our system must not only beat back the sword of aggression. It must also beat back the silent hand of injustice that is armed only with our apathy and our timidity.

I am committed to making sure that all people ^{within our} ~~in this~~ ^{borders} country, no matter how they may have gotten here, are treated ^{with dignity and justice,} ~~justly, so long as they remain within our borders.~~

I am committed to ^{protecting} ~~making sure that~~ the basic human rights of every person in this country ~~are respected,~~ whatever their legal status.

I ^{will make} ~~am committed to making~~ sure that no one is exploited, either by unscrupulous employers, unprincipled gang bosses, or smugglers who prey on poverty, ignorance and human ^{and who sometimes even hold} misery, ~~holding~~ little children hostage to wring a few extra dollars from empty pockets and workworn hands.

(Conclusion in Spanish)

(Spanish version attached)

Justice and respect for each individual's rights --
wherever that individual might come from -- must be
practiced every day by every one of us. It is not enough to
be fair to most of the people, most of the time. We must
be fair to all, all of the time. Our independence is meaning-
less if it does not mean guaranteeing the rights of all who
dwell within our borders, if it does not mean freeing the
human spirit in our midst, whatever the language in which
it voices its dreams.



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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

May 4, 1979

When I was in Des Moines 17 months ago I said that we would have a SALT treaty very soon. I am pleased to be able to announce today, here in Iowa, that my prediction is still accurate.

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DEMO PARTY RECEPTION 5-3-79
IOWA - SNOW. BREAK - PLANT.
FARROW - HARVEST - PLIGHT

PROG. INFL. PEACE - HAIR

OLD FRIENDS

CHIP

DEM PARTY - ED CAMPBELL

#1 = RELECT JOHN CULVER

4TH NEAL SMITH

5TH TOM HARKIN

AMB DICK CLARK

SALT - WINDFALL - MEAST PEACE
EXPORTS

democratic party reception
des moines, iowa 5/3/79

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FARM ECON: ROLLER COASTER
GRAIN EMBARGOS. '73-'75
PRICE CONTROLS on BEEF
SOVIET GRAIN DEAL

—
OFFICIALS & FARM B'GRD
NET FARM INC + 40%/24RS
EXPORTS. RECORD VRS → 30B

Terry Heenan

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FILE COPY

Stewart/Shapiro
5/2/79
Draft #2

REMARKS AT IOWA ASSOCIATION OF COUNTIES, May 4, 1979

210
~~Stewart/Shapiro~~
ok
JC

[I'd like to talk with you about our two most serious problems here at home -- inflation and energy -- and discuss some initiatives we're taking to deal with them right here and now.]

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Americans are ^{that are} ~~simply~~ afraid we're going to wind up with worthless money and no gas. As those fears grow, so do the demands for quicker, ^{simpler and more painless} and bigger solutions. ~~That's~~ ^{So now} why Washington is full of people selling snake-oil cures for inflation -- or telling science fiction stories about easy energy.

^{when} You know there are ~~truly~~ times, I wish that Washington were Iowa's one hundredth county.

County officials have to tell the truth to people about whether a road can be re-surfaced, or a water and .

sewer line can be extended, and where the money ^{is} going to come from.

That's ^{is} the same kind of directness I've ^{have} been trying to get the federal government to practice. And that is why I'm ^{am} here today.

Let's start with the truth about inflation: It's a sickness born of over-indulgence and ^{sustained by} neglect. It has been a long time developing. In the short run it may ^{even} get worse. There is no miracle cure. And the measures that will work are going to hurt.

Inflation cannot be fought the way people usually expect the federal government to attack a problem -- by appropriating vast sums of money. That approach ~~to problems~~ had a lot to do with getting us into this inflationary mess in the first place. It is also one reason why I'm ^{am} proud that in the last two-and-a-half years we have cut the

5/3/79

A

You may remember that a few weeks ago all the political experts were saying we had no chance to pass a windfall profits tax. Now the same people have decided a windfall tax is an accomplished ^{fact} and we can quit worrying.

They were wrong then, and they are wrong now.

Because the people have spoken, we have a much better chance than the prophets and commentators ever thought we would have.

The windfall tax we proposed will let the oil industry ^{keep} ~~keep~~ ^{to use for new production} about 29¢ out of every dollar they get because of decontrol.

It may even be possible to get a stronger bill out of the House -- but I warn you that the battle is not yet won, and I need your continued support to make sure that a real tax is passed and the important programs in the Energy Security Fund can be financed.

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federal
annual deficit in half -- and why I will balance the
federal budget.

But the federal government cannot fight inflation
alone. Either we do it together or we ~~don't~~ ^{not} do it at all.
it will not be done.

Some of the
We need to learn ~~the~~ same lessons about energy.

First, The federal government has no secret scientific
miracle tucked away that's ^{will} suddenly going to produce a
cure for our long-standing over-dependence on foreign oil.

*That is why we must use less and pay more
for what we use and*
That is why we must have the Windfall Profits Tax.

Not simply because it is unjust for the oil companies to
profit from our pain -- but because we must have the

Energy Security Fund to develop long-term ways to ease ^{the pain,} it.

(A)



On energy,
~~And second,~~ just as with inflation, we have to help
ourselves more directly, individually, locally.

One of the most frequent things I hear people say
is, "If we can put a man on the moon, why can't we figure

out a way to ^{furnish} ~~make~~ cheap energy?"

Well, that's ^{is just a dream --} wrong -- if it means there is a dramatic single solution to energy shortages. But it's ^{is} right -- if it means that thousands of smaller steps ^{by many people} can lead to an eventual goal of energy self-sufficiency.

I know small towns, rural counties, and farms have special problems that the rest of the country does not always understand. It is hard for ^{many Americans to understand, but as a farmer I know that} them to see how the ^{production} ~~production~~ fate of a corn crop in abundant Iowa could be so tied to the demands of distant ^{Arab} countries ^{and} or giant oil companies for ^{excessive} profits on the ^{energy} ~~petroleum~~ you need for crop-drying and fertilizing as well as transportation.

Last year, for example, Iowa agriculture consumed 360 million gallons of gasoline and an additional 200 million gallons of diesel fuel. But ^{I also know that} American agriculture

provides for export revenues to pay for eighteen times
as much energy as it uses. And I intend to take firm
steps to guarantee that you will have adequate supplies
of gasoline and diesel fuel during this difficult period.

Let me explain these steps.

First, I want to announce today ^{that} Secretary Bergland
under the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978, has determined
that 100 percent of current requirements for natural gas
in agriculture will be maintained.

Second, we have given authority to state energy offices
to set aside four percent of the total diesel fuel supplies
in each state to alleviate hardship cases. We have asked
suppliers of diesel fuel to give first priority to agri-
culture.

And third, we are now reallocating proportionately
larger amounts of oil to suppliers who serve rural and

agricultural markets. I will not allow agricultural production to be disrupted by a shortage of petroleum.

I will not let rural America run dry.

Rural areas have special needs -- but they also have special opportunities, ^{being} They are the best place to apply the virtues of practical thought and local initiative.

You understand the value of individual effort and small-scale cooperative projects. I've ^{have} seen it ^{this} in the hollers

of West Virginia, the hamlets of South Georgia, the villages

of New England, the pueblos of New Mexico and the coastal

towns of the Pacific Northwest -- and I've ^{with these rural values} seen it all

over Iowa in your communities, your schools and your churches.

Some American

Communities can regain their self-sufficiency by doing

some things that we have almost forgotten -- like burning

wood and using small dams that we ^{was} abandoned in the era of

cheap oil. There are also new technologies -- like solar

- 7 -

and geothermal energy -- that are a long way from being

practical everywhere, but can ^{help your} give ~~some~~ communities ^{forward}

energy security right now. And there are products like

gasahol that we have known about for years without ever

tapping their full potential.

Let me tell you what we are doing to encourage use
of these energy sources.

Gasahol is a classic example of American ingenuity.

Fifty years ago, many Americans were filling up their

Model T Fords with it. Gasahol was simple and practical

-- since it put our agricultural abundance to work in a

new and different way. But in the era of cheap oil -- at

a time when we never thought the wells would run dry -- we

^{stopped trying to}
never really harnessed or tested ~~ed~~ its potential.

The government forgot about gasahol. So did the

experts. But here and there an individual American

remembered the stories or rediscovered the idea from
musty books in the local library. And, with little
acknowledgement or encouragement from Washington, the idea
has been spreading.

I am today announcing that between now and 1981, we
will assist farmers and farm co-operatives to build as
many as 100 plants to produce gasahol. In the last year,
we have guaranteed loans of \$30 million to construct large
gasahol plants in Florida and Texas. And this year, the
Agriculture Department will be spending an additional \$4
million on gasahol research at some of our leading land
grant universities.

We are also creating economic incentives for the
private development of gasahol. Producers are ^{now} eligible for
a special 10-percent investment tax credit that has been
extended through 1983. And, as ^{I have recommended} I announced in my energy
speech last month, I am recommending that gasahol be

permanently exempted from the ~~four-cent-per-gallon~~ Federal excise tax on gasoline once Congress approves the Energy Security Fund.

wood products to
Everything from ^Asugar beets to corn and wheat to *and animal* food processing ^Awastes can be used to make gasahol. The potential ^{is} ~~can be~~ great. Our best calculations are that our nation can produce 300 million gallons of gasahol annually by 1982 -- and double that by 1985.

Equally promising is our rediscovery of the potential of small-scale hydroelectric power. New England used to harness its streams to produce electricity and it can do so again. So can the Pacific Northwest.

Here in Iowa rushing rivers may be as scarce as oil wells, but *you should search even for those* those of you who farm know the power of *relatively rare opportunities to use water to* water when it runs off after irrigation. ~~This water could~~ drive small turbines.

reprogramming of
I am also announcing today a ^{new} \$300 million Federal ^{using reprogrammed existing funds} commitment to rehabilitate 100 rural hydroelectric turbines. The Army Corps of Engineers has identified nearly 2,000 places where we can build or restore this type of hydroelectric plant. Eventually, we should be able to produce enough electricity to save almost 140 million barrels of oil each year -- enough to meet the energy needs of 8.5 million people.

~~oil and~~
Extracting natural gas from coal and shale reserves is something else we need to do. Over 6,500 rural communities are located near coal or shale reserves, and many have existing gas distribution systems. These communities could use these reserves to produce a steady, dependable supply of natural gas without damaging the environment.

Let me explain how this works. A portable drilling rig can tap the natural gas that exists around deposits

of coal and shale. All you then need to do is to cap this well with a device about the size of a fire hydrant. With minimum processing, out comes gas of sufficient pressure and quality to heat your homes, light your stoves and power your factories.

The Energy Department has awarded a \$3.8 million grant to the American Public Gas Association to demonstrate that natural gas can be recovered from coal and shale at competitive prices. If this experiment is a success -- and I think it will be -- ^{no program} we will commit

no underlining

^{existing} \$300 million in Federal funds to finance development of these new supplies of natural gas between now and 1981.



Last year, 750,000 Americans bought wood-burning stoves to heat their homes. Right now, the energy equivalent of more than 500,000 barrels of oil is being produced by wood. We should be able to double that figure by 1985.

In ~~my energy speech~~, I ~~made a commitment~~ ^{will} to seek a tax credit for the purchase of wood-burning stoves to be funded out of the revenues from the windfall profits tax.

~~Today~~, ~~throughout~~ the government, we are ^{now} working on projects to enable us to ^{improve our} ~~better~~ use ^{of} our forests for energy, particularly the wood we now ~~regard as~~ waste.

Rural America is the best place to experiment with solar energy. In my 1980 budget, I have proposed that we establish two research centers to work on applying alternative energy sources -- including solar energy -- to agriculture.

Already, the Federal government is supporting 50 separate experiments in this area. Iowa State University is one of the leaders in this field, ^{is} ~~Right now they are~~ testing ^{better} ways ^{for} that farmers can ^{to} use solar energy to dry ^{if may even} ~~their grain, — including ways of storing this energy during~~ ^{be possible to store}

the summer to use during the winter. We plan 91 additional projects with a particular emphasis on using solar energy to heat swine and poultry houses.

We all recognize how important a stable, secure supply of energy is for the economic development of rural areas. The first question anyone asks before building a plant in a small town is, "Can you meet my energy needs?" The answer can be "yes" if rural America applies the same ingenuity and determination to energy that it has to ~~to~~ agriculture.

Moving towards energy self-sufficiency in rural America has a very personal meaning to me.

I remember how excited my family was by the arrival of electricity in rural Georgia. It was the biggest single event of my childhood. It had the greatest impact on the way we actually lived.

But I also remember our farm had a windmill to pump water, and we burned wood for fuel. We hadn't thought about ^{the sun dried our crops, our meal and flour was water ground,} energy shortages then, or minimum tillage, ^{and} of solar energy then, or gasahol, but I'm sure we would have used them gladly. We would have ^{considered} thought of new energy ideas ^{to be} not as far-fetched, but as far-sighted.

And they ^{now} represent a return to ^{our old} the principle that ^{encourage} government should facilitate, not dictate, local initiatives.

Since October of 1978 we have extended ^{this good old principle} this approach to four other areas of rural problems: health, housing and services for the elderly, water and sewer, and communications. Transportation will be next. The overall idea -- which ^{has been missing} hasn't happened in a long time with federal programs -- is that by the time we are ready to announce the nation's first Comprehensive Rural Development Policy this summer, many of its initiatives and programs will already exist.

Here and now.

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For example, on January 31, here in Des Moines,
Jack Watson announced a National ~~Congregate Rural~~
Elderly Housing demonstration ^{project} to integrate social services
with housing for old people. The response since then
has been ^{very} extraordinarily favorable. As a result, we
are ~~requiring~~ that this concept ^{will} be incorporated in all
such housing, and ^{has been} have expanded the demonstration from
six to ten sites. I am very pleased to announce today
that one of the first will be here in Iowa, in Decatur
County.

The Rural Health Initiative is resulting in the con-
struction or renovation of 300 primary health care clinics
over the next three years. These clinics will provide
accessible, low-cost care to more than a ^{1,250,000} million and a
quarter people who previously lacked any access to ^{such health} care.

On December 1st, in ~~the East Room~~ of the White House,
I announced a fundamental reform of the way the federal

government administers ^{each year} over two and a half billion dollars
^{worth of}
a ~~year~~ in rural water and sewer programs. Instead of six
sets of sixteen different federal requirements, we've
reduced it to one. And as a result of these cost-
cutting reforms, I am able to announce water and sewer
grant awards of six and one half million dollars across
the State of Iowa. *And we are getting OSHA under
Control - letting it serve its proper role.*

All of these initiatives directly address problems
~~I saw growing up as a child --- and~~ which are still all-
too-prevalent today.

But the knowledge that we can deal with these
using proven principles which
special problems, ~~an in ways that both~~ our ancestors and
~~our descendants~~ would understand, gives me confidence that
we can ~~work to~~ control the enormous overall problems of
energy and inflation.

It gives me a sense of renewed courage to work with
you -- and a lasting sense of satisfaction to return here
as your friend.

[Together we can keep on hammering out direct, tangible solutions -- step by step - to specific problems.]

Together we can overcome real obstacles -- instead of promising simple answers.

Together we can meet ~~actual~~ challenges -- not by pretending that a cry of pain is a cure for a problem -- but by drawing once again on the ^{strength} best we have within us.

We have done it in our space programs.

We have done it ^{in our search for world peace.} in our foreign policy.

And we can do it in the toughest fight of all -- finding new energy for ourselves here at home.

[And here is where we are truly entitled to feel all the confidence we can] -- Because the greatest energy sources in the world are right here --

In our country

In our towns
on our farms
In ourselves.