

9/24/79 [2]

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

St Louis
Cards

MEETING WITH LOU BROCK AND HIS FAMILY
Monday, September 24
11:45 a.m.
(5 minutes)
The Oval Office

(by: Scott Burnett)

- I. PURPOSE: to greet Lou Brock and his family and congratulate him on his 3,000 hits and for breaking Ty Cobb's base stealing record.

Lou Brock wants to present the President with a signed ball and bat. The Smithsonian Institute has asked to have a pair of Brock's baseball spikes and he will present those to the President.

II. BACKGROUND, PARTICIPANTS, AND PRESS:

- A. Background: Lou Brock is one of the superstars of baseball. In 1977 he broke Ty Cobb's base stealing record and on August 13, 1979, he hit his 3,000th major league hit. He is one of only 15 players to have 3,000 hits.

- B. Participants: The President
Lou Brock
Mrs. Lou (Virgie) Brock
Lou Brock's mother, Paralee Bell
Lou Brock's children: Wanda,
Emory, and Lou Brock, Jr.
Roscoe McCrary (close friend of
Lou Brock)
Mayor James Conway
Senator Tom Eagleton
Senator John Danforth
Cong. Bill Clay (MO 1st C.D.)
Cong. Bob Young (MO 2nd C.D.)
Cong. Richard Gephardt (MO 3rd C.D.)

- C. Press: White House Photographer
Lou Brock Photographer

Brief photo session with White House
Press Corps

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Lou
Brock

11:45 AM
9/24/79

THE WASHINGTON POST Monday, September 24, 1979

D 3

Brock Steals Base Record

NEW YORK, Sept. 23 (AP) — Lou Brock set the all-time career stolen base record and Tony Scott hit a sacrifice fly in the 10th inning to break a tie as the St. Louis Cardinals defeated the New York Mets, 7-4, today.

In the fifth, Brock walked with one out and St. Louis behind, 4-2. On the first pitch to Keith Hernandez, Brock stole second. When catcher John Sterns' throw was wild, Brock continued to third on the error and then scored when center fielder Joel Youngblood bobbled the ball.

Brock's stolen base was his 21st this season and raised his career total to 935, erasing the all-time mark set by Billy Hamilton in a career that began in 1888 and ended in 1901. Hamilton's record was set under rules which credited stolen bases for a variety of advances which were not counted as stolen bases after a rule change in 1898.

St. Louis, trailing 4-1 after three innings, tied the game in the seventh. The Cards won it in the 10th when Andy Hassler (4-5) gave up the bases-loaded sacrifice fly to Scott, then Ken Reitz singled and a third run scored on a wild pitch by Neil Allen.

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11:55 AM



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OFFICE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT
WASHINGTON

September 21, 1979

MEETING WITH MINNESOTA STATE LEGISLATORS TAD JUDE AND STEVE WENZEL

Monday, September 24, 1979
11:55 a.m. (2 minutes)
The Oval Office

From: Mark Warren

I. PURPOSE

Brief greeting and photo with two Minnesota DFL legislators who are strong and vocal Carter/Mondale supporters.

II. BACKGROUND, PARTICIPANTS & PRESS PLAN

A. Background: Representatives Jude and Wenzel are both early, strong Carter/Mondale supporters in Minnesota. The Vice President will bring the two Representatives by for a brief greeting and photograph.

B. Participants:

1. Tad Jude - Jude represents the western portion of Hennepin County (Suburban Minneapolis). He was first elected in 1972 and at the time was the youngest legislator in the history of Minnesota. Jude is a very hard campaigner and has a reputation for his door-to-door work and prompt constituent response. He is a full-time legislator who recently graduated from law school. Jude serves on the Energy, Transportation, and Judiciary Committees of the Legislature. He was a strong supporter of the District of Columbia Amendment and is proud of the fact that it passed in Minnesota. Jude was the prime sponser of the recent petition in support of the President signed by the vast majority of legislators from the Sixth Congressional District.
2. Steve Wenzel - Wenzel represents an area of central Minnesota that is largely rural in composition. Wenzel, first elected in 1972, lists his occupation as insurance salesman, but is essentially a full-time legislator. Wenzel and Representative Nolan are strong enemies and

Wenzel was thinking about running against Nolan for the DFL endorsement but recently decided against such a race. Wenzel serves on the Agriculture, Government Operations, and Banking Committees of the Legislature.

- C. Press Plan: White House Photo, individual photos would be extremely helpful.

III. TALKING POINTS

Thank them for coming to see you.

Thank them for their early and active support of Carter/Mondale in Minnesota.

Thank them for their support and vote on the District of Columbia Amendment. Explain that now six states have adopted resolutions in favor and we are working actively in the remaining states.

11:40 AM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 21, 1979

PHOTO OPPORTUNITY WITH THE BEE GEES

Monday, September 24, 1979
11:40 a.m. (3 minutes)
The Oval Office

I. PURPOSE

To greet the Bee Gees, one of the top recording groups in the world.

II. BACKGROUND

The Bee Gees are in Washington performing at the Capital Centre on September 24 and 25. They requested that while they were here they would like to meet you. The Bee Gees (stands for Brothers Gibb) have been actively involved in many charity and philanthropic projects. In January 1979 they put together a television special which benefited UNICEF. They have also done work to support the International Year of the Child and the Police Athletic League in New York City.

III. PARTICIPANTS AND PRESS PLAN

The Bee Gees - Barry, Maurice and Robin (brothers)

Also - Mrs. Barry Gibb (Lynda)
Mrs. Maurice Gibb (Yvonne)
Mr. Hugh Gibb (father)

White House photographer only.

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 24, 1979
12:55 p.m.

MR. PRESIDENT:

Senator Bennett Johnston
returned your call.

PHIL

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON
9/24/79

Frank Moore

The attached was returned in
the President's outbox today
and is forwarded to you for
appropriate handling.

Rick Hutcheson

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 24, 1979

CONGRESSIONAL TELEPHONE CALL

TO: Rep. John Rhodes (R-Arizona)
DATE: As soon as possible
RECOMMENDED BY: Frank Moore *FM*
Bob Beckel *80*
PURPOSE: To discuss the Panama Canal Conference Report
BACKGROUND:

After strongly supporting the legislation, Rep. Rhodes voted against the Conference Report and opened the door for 13 other Republicans to switch their votes. We need Rhodes' support if we hope to convince other Republicans to support our position. Sources tell us that Rhodes opposed the Report because no Republican conferees, (except Derwinski), signed the Report. Bauman put enormous pressure on Republican conferees not to sign on the grounds that the conference accepted virtually none of the amendments adopted by the House during the debate on the legislation.

Reaction against Panama / Cuba

Frank - Rhodes wants a copy of Lopez's speech in Havana re. U.S. put in the Cong. record. ps Jim sure he will help -

- (FYI) The State Department has now come up with language that meets some of Bauman's concerns, but does not violate the Treaty. The major points are:
1. Property transfer -- the President will not transfer the Canal, itself, (locks, engines, etc.) to Panama until the year 2000. Note: although this is fairly clear in the Treaty, Bauman has said we intend to give the Canal up before that date.
 2. Reimbursable costs -- the costs of schools and hospitals in the Canal Zone will be paid out of revenues. Note: Again, this is understood by Panama, but not stated in the Treaty.

TALKING POINTS:

We suggest you call Rhodes and tell him you have instructed Warren Christopher to meet with him to discuss language proposals.

We further suggest that you offer to meet with Rhodes after the Christopher meeting to answer any questions or concerns he may have.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON
9/24/79

Jody Powell

The attached was returned in
the President's outbox today
and is forwarded to you for
appropriate handling.

Rick Hutcheson

cc: Phil Wise
Fran Voorde

FOR STAFFING
FOR INFORMATION
✓ FROM PRESIDENT'S OUTBOX
LOG IN/TO PRESIDENT TODAY
IMMEDIATE TURNAROUND
NO DEADLINE
FOR APPROPRIATE HANDLING
LAST DAY FOR ACTION

ADMIN CONFID
CONFIDENTIAL
SECRET
EYES ONLY

ACTION
FYI

VICE PRESIDENT
JORDAN
CUTLER
DONOVAN
EIZENSTAT
MCDONALD
MOORE
✓ POWELL
WATSON
WEDDINGTON
WEXLER
BRZEZINSKI
MCINTYRE
SCHULTZE
ANDRUS
ASKEW
BERGLAND
BROWN
CIVILETTI
DUNCAN
GOLDSCHMIDT
HARRIS
KREPS
LANDRIEU
MARSHALL

MILLER
VANCE
BUTLER
CAMPBELL
H. CARTER
CLOUGH
CRUIKSHANK
FIRST LADY
FRANCIS
HARDEN
HERTZBERG
HUTCHESON
KAHN
LINDER
MARTIN
MILLER
MOE
PETERSON
PRESS
SANDERS
SPETH
STRAUSS
TORRES
✓ VOORDE
✓ WISE

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

ACTION

September 21, 1979

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT
VIA: JODY POWELL *JJP*
FROM: JERRY SCHECTER *J.S.*
SUBJECT: Life Magazine's November Issue Lead

Life magazine is preparing a lead article featuring you at work in the White House for its November issue. Photographer Harry Benson has been in town this week and he has requested ten minutes with you in the Oval Office or your study to capture you at work.

This is the right kind of story for you now and we recommend that you try to find the time for Benson on Monday or Tuesday.

Approve Disapprove

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THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY
WASHINGTON

September 21, 1979

9
/

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Highlights of Treasury Activities

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1. THE DOLLAR

Pressure on the dollar increased sharply this week, as speculation continued that the German mark would soon be revalued within the European Monetary System and the gold market became highly volatile. Treasury and Federal Reserve intervened heavily--in coordination with foreign monetary authorities--in an effort to steady the markets. On Thursday, however, the dollar depreciated substantially against the deutschemark (2.2 percent) and Swiss franc (2.8 percent), and by smaller amounts against the Japanese yen and pound sterling. The dollar is now only marginally above its 1978 low against the DM, somewhat higher against the Swiss franc but is about 5% higher on a worldwide trade-weighted basis.

2. ENERGY TAX CREDITS

The Senate Finance Committee this week tentatively adopted a series of expensive energy tax credits which we have generally opposed. The aggregate revenue loss from the tax credits adopted would leave practically no room for low-income or mass transit assistance from the windfall profits fund or for additional exemptions from the tax or for the Energy Security Corporation. It is likely that the Committee will reduce the amount of these credits when it finally establishes the level of the windfall profits tax.

3. ENERGY CONSULTATION

Secretary Duncan and I met with a number of groups and individuals on the energy program. In addition to meeting with key Senators, we met with representatives of the oil industry, non-oil businesses, and with private citizens. I believe our meetings were extremely productive.

Bill

4. EPG

The EPG Executive Committee met with Secretary Duncan on Thursday and discussed the implementation of your decision to impose oil import quotas. A decision was reached to go forward with a notice soliciting public comment on three alternative mechanisms--allocation system without price controls, auction system, use of a fee--if a speedy determination can be made that the final regulations implementing the alternative chosen can be validly promulgated without the additional delay of another comment period.

The EPG devoted most of its time to further review of the wage price program. Further consultations were held this week with elements of the private sector on the design of a second year program that provides for greater public participation.

5. CHRYSLER

The Company made major management changes this week. Among others, Mr. Riccardo resigned as Chairman and was succeeded by President Lee Iacocca, former President of Ford.

Chrysler also indicated privately to us that it may take 60 to 90 days before re-submitting a business and financial plan to us. This means that even if their plan is acceptable, it may not be possible to introduce legislation during 1979.


G. William Miller

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 20, 1979

MEETING WITH THE LEADERSHIP OF THE UNITED STATES JAYCEES

Monday, September 24, 1979

2:00 p.m. (20 minutes)

East Room

From: Steve Selig *SS*I. PURPOSE

To thank the leadership of the United States Jaycees for their efforts in educating the American public on energy conservation and to receive their endorsement for your energy legislation.

II. BACKGROUND, PARTICIPANTS & PRESS PLAN

A. Background: The U.S. Jaycees, founded in 1920, has 9200 Chapters throughout the United States and 83 foreign countries. The U.S. membership alone is 386,000. The organization's magazine, Future, is published bi-monthly and is received by the entire membership. Men between the ages of 18 and 36 are eligible for membership. Two years ago when you met with the U.S. Jaycees, they endorsed the Panama Canal Treaties. Last year when you met with the group, they offered their support of your anti-inflation efforts.

After your departure, the group will receive a briefing by Secretary Duncan which will be followed by a reception on the State Floor.

Last year the Jaycees began their effort for public awareness of energy conservation. On July 1 of this year, the Jaycees began a massive project of audio-visual presentations to other public service organizations, churches, and businesses. The Jaycees will continue to work closely with the Department of Energy regarding their conservation program.

During tomorrow's meeting, the Executive Board of Directors will endorse your energy legislation and make a commitment to work for its passage.

- B. Participants: 51 State Presidents
21 National Executive Committee members
2 Representatives of the U.S. Jayceettes
8 National Staff members
(please see attached)
- C. Press Plan: Open press coverage for the President's remarks.

III. SCENARIO

1. You will greet each Jaycee for an individual photograph before you enter the East Room. The group will then be seated and you will proceed to the podium.
2. You will briefly discuss your energy legislation and commend the Jaycees for their current efforts in educating the American public regarding energy conservation practices. You will then issue a challenge to the U.S. Jaycees to help pass your energy legislation and urge them to speak this week with their respective Senators and Congressmen, imploring the legislators to take immediate action.
3. Terryl Bechtol, National President of the U.S. Jaycees, will then approach the podium. He will accept your challenge by stating the endorsement of the Board of Directors and will commit to you the efforts of the United States Jaycees in helping to pass your energy legislation.
4. You will then offer your thanks for the organization's endorsement and for their efforts.

Detailed talking points to be furnished by speechwriters.

U.S. JAYCEES EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

AL -- Roger Williams, Associate Legal Council
CA -- Steve Cockriel, Legal Council
FL -- J. TERRY BECHTOL, President
GA -- Robert Rushton, Past Chairman of the Board
IL -- Walt Rucinski, Treasurer
IN -- Curt Jessup, National Vice President
KY -- Mike Cecil, National Vice President
MN -- Dwight Krueger, Chaplain
MO -- Larry Laminger, National Vice President
NJ -- John Shelby Wells, Associate Treasurer
NC -- Harold Herring, National Vice President
ND -- Vaughn Zacharias, National Vice President
NV -- Gary Bunker, National Vice President
OK -- Gib Garrow, National Vice President
Barry L. Kennedy, Chairman of the Board
DON VARNADORE, Executive Vice President
SC -- Jeff Lee, National Vice President
SD -- Les Mehlhaff, National Vice President
WI -- Jim Nehrbass, National Vice President

U.S. JAYCEETTES

GA -- Barbara Greeson, President
KY -- Lydia Kennedy, Governmental Affairs Program Manager

U.S. JAYCEES NATIONAL STAFF & OTHERS

AZ -- Jim Varner
FL -- Tom Hayes
KS -- Dean Ebel
LA -- Robert Adley
MI -- B. M. Ochalek
NY -- Dick Alderson
Joe Flanagan
OK -- Bill Babb
Steve Coury
David Fleming
R. C. Keck
Jerry Kenney
R. C. Moore
Glen Myers
John Seymour
Rudy Szewczak
Bradley Trafton
P. W. J. Wood

U.S. JAYCEES -- STATE PRESIDENTS

AL -- Wade Brown	VA -- Bob Ladd
AK -- Mel Leskinen	WA -- Alan Burrage
AZ -- Tom Benefiel	WV -- Bob Devaul
AR -- Thad Gray	WI -- John Pedersen
CA -- Dave Nicolet	WY -- Scott Farrell
CO -- Alan Anders	
CT -- Steve Chase	
DE -- David Marvel	
DC -- Stewart Hoban	
FL -- James Poe	
GA -- John David Miles	
HI -- Maurice Morita	
ID -- Ron Branson	
IL -- Gene Honn	
IN -- Ken Archer	
IA -- Dave Loecke	
KS -- Glen Jenkins	
KY -- Mike Fisher	
LA -- Benny L. Ellerbe	
ME -- Jack Foster	
MD -- Fran Shives	
MA -- Allen Leib	
MI -- Alexander Arends	
MN -- James Jurek	
MS -- Alan Santa Cruz	
MO -- Dennis Snelson	
MT -- Ray Ueland	
NB -- Ken Melichar	
NV -- John Riggs	
NH -- Frank L. Bent	
NJ -- Bob Mack	
NM -- Jack Stagner	
NY -- Ike Connor	
NC -- Maurice Wilson	
ND -- Ed Lockwood	
OH -- Nick Frank	
OK -- Chuck Bates	
OR -- Dave Disselbrett	
PA -- Bob Phillis	
RI -- Roger Chauvin	
SC -- Dick Jackson	
SD -- Mike Hoelsing	
TN -- Phil Meek	
TX -- Jay Brim	
UT -- Gordon Orr, Jr.	
VT -- James Milne	

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 21, 1979

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

From: Rick Hertzberg *Rick*
Achsah Nesmith *AN*

SUBJECT: Talking Points: Jaycee Drop-by -- 9/24/79

(Their leaders expect you to challenge them to go out and help you get action on your energy bills, and are prepared to endorse it. Their proposed response is attached. They have been operating an energy conservation education program for over a year and will be meeting with Secretary Duncan immediately after this to work out plans for helping DOE with other efforts. They are currently distributing "Not So Fast" bumper stickers to all their male members. Jaycettes are still separate, though some will be there. The Jaycees will have just filed past for individual pictures with you before you speak.)

1. You move fast. That's one reason it is a special pleasure to meet with you today, because I know Jaycees do not waste time when they set out to do something, and I have something important I want you to do, something that needs your kind of no-nonsense dedication and your enthusiasm.
2. The American people know there is an energy crisis, and they want action. The Congress is responding. Momentum is building. Within the last week we have achieved important victories on several parts of our energy program.

¶ The House and Senate conferees approved a good gas rationing and conservation bill, which I will sign when it reaches my desk.

¶ The Senate Energy Committee voted 15-3 to create an Energy Mobilization Board along the lines I proposed. The Committee will take up the Energy Security Corporation this week.

¶ The Senate voted last week 64-35 to include money in the FY 1980 budget for a fair and strong windfall profits tax and a strong synthetic fuels program.

3. We must sustain this momentum, particularly on the windfall profits tax, which we need to support the Energy Security Corporation. We need the money from the windfall profits tax to provide the needed investment in alternative fuels, improve mass transit systems and give additional help to those least able to afford higher energy costs.

4. Quite frankly, there is no reason to believe that world oil production will ever be much -- if any -- higher than it is today. Our windfall profits tax proposal provides adequate incentives for increasing domestic production and exploration to the extent that is possible. We know from past experience that excessive profits do not produce more oil.

5. If the oil companies get \$100 billion extra as proposed in the Senate Finance Committee, it will not make much difference in total oil production over the next decade. It will make a vital difference in our nation's security and growth over the next decade.

6. Conservation is essential. In the short term, as you know, even very inexpensive, simple actions can cut as much as 25 percent of residential energy costs. I know you will be talking to Secretary Duncan about ways you can help get the word out on these measures, but conservation alone, important as it is, is not enough. We need to pursue every alternative, and we need to do so quickly.

7. It's like building a fence to protect your garden. To be sure nothing gets in to ruin your crop you have to be like the farmer that built his fence "horse high, bull strong and hog tight." That's what we're trying to do with our energy program.

8. I appreciate your efforts on conservation. Conservation is critically important, but I want to challenge you today to go one step further. As you meet with your Congressmen and Senators this week, and as you talk with elected officials in your communities back home, I want you to let them know you and the American people are ready for action.

We must keep up the momentum and get started on these vital programs. Are you with me?

(President Bechtol's response follows on page 3, your suggested response to him is on page 4.)

(President Bechtol's response.)

Mr. President, Secretary Duncan, fellow Jaycees and members of the press --

The United States Jaycees has made a habit of taking a stand on tough issues over the last 60 years of our existence. We were instrumental in influencing policy on such diverse national issues as the creation of the draft and the ratification of the Panama Canal Treaties. A national energy policy is something about which we have very strong opinions.

We support your efforts to stimulate additional domestic energy production and exploration. We stand by the critical need to conserve the precious energy supplies we currently have.

We believe in the necessity of developing alternative fuels to meet our needs in the years to come and to reduce the amount of energy supplies this country imports. And we welcome the emphasis placed on expanding the availability of mass transit to American citizens.

Mr. President -- the Executive Board of Directors of the United States Jaycees endorses the objectives of your energy program, and pledges to take up your challenge on behalf of the American people.

We need a comprehensive national energy policy, and we will work to see that it is established.

#

(Your response to the Jaycees.)

President Bechtol, in accepting this challenge on behalf of your executive board of directors, you are committing yourselves to a task which can affect the future of every American. I appreciate your support, and your willingness to take responsibility not only for your own actions in relation to energy use, but also for how your communities and our nation prepare to meet our energy needs for the future. I know I can count on you to keep up the momentum.

#

3:15 PM

Q
/

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

MEETING WITH MEMBERS

Monday, September 24, 1979
3:15 p.m. (30 minutes)
The Cabinet Room

From: Frank Moore *F.M./BR*
Henry Owen *H.O./ua*

I. PURPOSE

To discuss DoD Authorization Conference

II. BACKGROUND, PARTICIPANTS & PRESS ARRANGEMENTS

A. Background: The DoD Authorization Bill is in Conference. The House version has the nuclear carrier in it. The Senate bill has the Byrd amendment lifting sanctions on Rhodesia at the time of enactment of the legislation. Neither is acceptable to you.

B. Participants

Senator John Stennis, Chairman, Senate Armed Services Committee

Rep. Mel Price, Chairman, House Armed Services Committee

Rep. Charles Bennett, House Armed Services Committee

Deputy Secretary Claytor, Henry Owen
John White, Randy Jayne, Frank Moore

C. Press Arrangements: Off the record

III. ISSUES FOR DISCUSSION

1. On nuclear carrier as appropriate (separate paper provided earlier by Secretary Brown)

2. Sanctions Against Zimbabwe-Rhodesia

- It is essential not to encumber the DoD Authorization legislation with language lifting sanctions on Rhodesia.
- The Congress has already expressed its views on the lifting of sanctions against Zimbabwe-Rhodesia. The recent Department of State Authorization Bill (Section 408) provides that sanctions will be terminated by November 15, 1979, unless the President finds that it would not be "in the national interest" to do so.
- This is not the time to move for further Congressional action on the Rhodesian issue. It would be an unwise and unnecessary step.
- The British, with the unanimous endorsement of the Commonwealth nations, convened a conference in London on September 10 in which the parties to the Rhodesian conflict are participating. They have taken some first important steps, and we should not disrupt that process.
- The United Kingdom, which has legal responsibility for Rhodesia, has not lifted sanctions against Zimbabwe-Rhodesia. It is not in our national interest to lift sanctions in advance of the British.

2:45 PM



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

Q

September 22, 1979

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

James T. McIntyre, Jr. *Jim*

SUBJECT:

Re: 2:45 p.m. Meeting Monday with Senator Stennis, (D. Miss.), Chairman Mel Price, (D. Ill.) and Congressman Charlie Bennett, (D. Florida)

The purpose of the meeting is to convince them to accept a CV and second SSN compromise (as proposed by Harold Brown) in conference instead of the CVN. You should emphasize the importance of minimizing further conflict with the Congress on Defense issues, and therefore a veto, which would be likely if the CVN is authorized, is not desirable. The strong House vote (300-99) will be pointed to as some sort of mandate, but DoD did not make the removal of the CVN a top priority on the House floor. Therefore, the vote is not indicative of the Administration's strength on the issue.

You should urge the House to accept the CV and SSN compromise, which will provide more military capability, so we can move rapidly to complete action on the 1980 Defense authorization bill. We would commit to work hard to get both ships appropriated.

Another issue which you might want to discuss is the language in the Senate bill which requires the lifting of economic sanctions on Zimbabwe Rhodesia. You should urge the conferees to accept the House language which gives you the option on these sanctions.

**Electrostatic Copy Made
for Preservation Purposes**

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Mon 9:45 AM

September 21, 1979

Mr. President:

I have reviewed the attached
and believe it to be an
excellent review of the
important points at issue.

ZB

Zbigniew Brzezinski



THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20301

September 21, 1979

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Here is a point paper for possible use at our meeting with Stennis, Price, and Bennett on the nuclear carrier issue. I judge that Jim McIntyre agrees with its summary conclusions; I'm sending him a copy.

Harold Brown

Attachment

SENSITIVE

CV/SSN vs CVN

Why a CV vice CVN?

House bill contains CVN; Senate bill CV.

Effectiveness

- o Dominated by aircraft loadout.
 - oo CV airwing same as CVN.
- o Mobility of nuclear ship can be exploited only in a narrow set of conditions.
 - oo Existing 4 CVNs provide adequate hedge for such conditions.
- o Both types need protection and replenishment for sustained combat.

Cost

- o Actual "front end" cost difference is about \$600-700M, not \$300M as implied by comparing the House Bill with the Senate Bill.
 - oo Existing spare reactor components used for a new CVN would need to be replaced at an additional cost of about \$340M. (The Navy has testified that these components are needed as spares for the other three CVN-68s).
 - oo ~~Essential passive protection features~~ for a CVN would raise its cost about \$40M above that of a repeat "NIMITZ." It would be a great mistake to omit such features from any new carrier.

Energy

- o Both ships use roughly equal energy for equal missions.
- o Nuclear fuel and oil are both limited.
- o Fuel costs are about 10% of the annual operating costs for both ships.
- o Added "front-end" cost of nuclear propulsion is a very uneconomical way to reduce oil imports.

SENSITIVE

- oo An equal investment (i.e. \$700M) in synthetic oil capacity would produce enough fuel from domestic sources to operate many conventional carriers.

Personnel

- o Nuclear carrier requires more people with higher skill levels.
- o Recruiting enough people to adequately man existing ships is a current problem.
- o Higher skill levels required for CVN must come from other ships and thus reduce readiness of other combatants.

SSNs

- o Original budget requested 1 SSN in 80. An additional SSN would cost about \$460M. House bill contains a second SSN.
- o Intent is to keep two yards qualified to build SSNs while developing new, less expensive design to be produced in larger numbers in future.
 - oo Keeping two yards qualified retains competition for future nuclear submarines and thereby holds down long-term costs to the taxpayers.
- o Very recent assessments show that a second SSN is needed in 80 or 81 to meet the above goal.

SUMMARY

- o True procurement cost of CVN exceeds that of a CV plus an SSN.
- o A CV plus a second SSN would provide significantly more real military capability than would a CVN, and holds down long term costs to the taxpayers.
- o Administration urges the conferees to agree on authorization of one CV and a total of two SSNs in lieu of a CVN, on assumption that the second SSN will be accommodated during the Congressional appropriation process within the level of the amended FY 1980 budget submission.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON
24 Sep 79

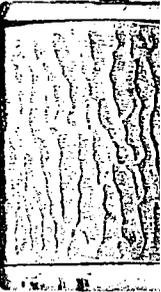
Susan Clough

The attached was returned in
the President's outbox today
and is forwarded to you for
appropriate handling.

Rick Hutcheson

Jack Watson
Jim McIntyre

Yoso





EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

*Susan
hold for cabinet
mtg
J*

SEP 24 1979

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR:

THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

James T. McIntyre, Jr. *J. McIntyre*

SUBJECT:

The 1981 Budget

I recommend that you discuss the need for budget restraint at the next Cabinet meeting. We are approaching the preparation of the 1981 budget in an atmosphere that does not reflect the severe problems we face in restraining the budget. The weakening of the economy and the recent increase in the unemployment rate tend to support the belief that the Administration will want to have a more stimulative budget. Furthermore, there is likely to be a general reaction on the part of domestic agencies to your recently announced decisions on defense. Some agency heads may feel that even-handedness requires increases in domestic programs.

Meanwhile, our current policy estimates show 1981 outlays of \$603 billion. This does not reflect potential congressional action that could add \$5 billion more. Nor does it reflect new initiatives that agencies are submitting to OMB with their fall budget requests.

I believe you should stress that a \$603 billion budget is too high, that the defense increases are essential, and that most agencies will have to hold their budgets at or below the ceilings that OMB provided them as tentative guidance for formulating their 1981 requests. Attached are talking points that you may wish to use.

Attachment

cc: Vice President Mondale

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TALKING POINTS ON BUDGET RESTRAINT

- I know that with some softening of the economy and an increase in unemployment some of you may feel that less budget restraint is called for. I do not think this is the case, and I wish to explain why.
- No one can predict the future of the economy with certainty, but it now appears that if we are in a recession it may be quite mild. Increases in the unemployment rate have been modest and may remain so. Meanwhile, inflation continues to be extremely serious.
- The natural momentum of the budget, partly accelerated by inflation, is already making it too expansive. OMB figures indicate that the current Administration program if unchecked will result in outlays well over \$600 billion in 1981. In addition, congressional action could add even more.
- Part of this is the result, as you know, of our need to increase the defense budget in real terms by 3%. My decision to do this was not easy. It reflects both essential defense requirements and the absolute minimum necessary to achieve Senate agreement to the SALT Treaty.
- I am asking Jim McIntyre to hold most agency budget ceilings at or below the tentative targets -- both in terms of dollar amounts and personnel -- that you were given for use in preparing your 1981 requests. There will be some exceptions, such as for energy, but they will necessarily be few.
- Let me ask Jim to discuss the outlines of the 1981 budget problem in somewhat more detail.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

24 Sep 79

Hedley Donovan

The attached was returned in the President's outbox today and is forwarded to you for appropriate handling.

Rick Hutcheson..

4078

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

9-24-78

To Hedley Donovan

I would like for
Howard Samuels to
serve on the productivity
task force or else on
one involving volunteerism.
Whichever he chooses

Thanks.

J.P.

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

24 Sep 79

Hamilton Jordan
Louis Martin

The attached was returned in
the President's outbox today
and is forwarded to you for
appropriate handling.

Rick Hutcheson

4077



FOR STAFFING
FOR INFORMATION
FROM PRESIDENT'S OUTBOX
LOG IN/TO PRESIDENT TODAY
IMMEDIATE TURNAROUND
NO DEADLINE
FOR APPROPRIATE HANDLING
LAST DAY FOR ACTION

ADMIN CONFID
CONFIDENTIAL
SECRET
EYES ONLY

ACTION
FYI

	VICE PRESIDENT
/	JORDAN
	CUTLER
	DONOVAN
	EIZENSTAT
	MCDONALD
	MOORE
	POWELL
	WATSON
	WEDDINGTON
	WEXLER
	BRZEZINSKI
	MCINTYRE
	SCHULTZE
	ANDRUS
	ASKEW
	BERGLAND
	BROWN
	CIVILETTI
	DUNCAN
	GOLDSCHMIDT
	HARRIS
	KREPS
	LANDRIEU
	MARSHALL

	MILLER
	VANCE
	BUTLER
	CAMPBELL
	H. CARTER
	CLOUGH
	CRUIKSHANK
	FIRST LADY
	FRANCIS
	HARDEN
	HERTZBERG
	HUTCHESON
	KAHN
	LINDER
/	MARTIN
	MILLER
	MOE
	PETERSON
	PRESS
	SANDERS
	SPETH
	STRAUSS
	TORRES
	VOORDE
	WISE

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

To Adam
Louis

9-24-79

Frances Hooks* is all
for us. She pointed
out that TK cut
the legs from under
Sen Brooks in 1978.

J. C.

* Mrs Benjamin

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for Preservation Purposes

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Sept. 24, 1979
9:20 a.m.

C

MR. PRESIDENT:

Because of the Panama Canal Conference, Senator Stennis would like to delay the 2:45 p.m. meeting on Nuclear carriers until 3:15 or 3:30.

Approve ✓ Disapprove

PHIL

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ATTACHMENT

30-YEAR LIFE CYCLE COST COMPARISON
MODIFIED REPEAT KENNEDY VERSUS MODIFIED REPEAT VINSON
(FY 1980 PROGRAM YEAR DOLLARS)

The latest comparative carrier cost information in FY 1980 Program Year dollars prepared by the Naval Sea Systems Command can be summarized as follows:

	Modified Repeat Kennedy (Opt. D)	Modified Repeat Vinson (Opt. D)
RDT&E Cost	\$10.1M	\$6.4M
Procurement		
less nuclear fuel costs	\$1,885.0M	\$2,332.7M*
Post Delivery & Outfitting	55.1M	62.8M
Mid-Life Conversion	348.0M	348.0M
30-Year Operations & Support Costs		
Other than Propulsion Fuel	2,870.1M	3,055.4M
30-Year Cost for nuclear fuel including installation, removal & reprocessing (2 sets of cores)	--	423.6M**
30-Year Peacetime Propulsion Fuel Oil Requirement	15.0M barrels	--
Cost to Buy & Store 30-Year Oil Supply @ \$33.54 per barrel***	503.1M	--
Cost to deliver 30-Year Supply of Oil @ FY 1980 Average Cost of \$34.88/barrel	523.2M	--
<u>30-Year Peacetime Life Cycle Cost of Ship Without Air Wing Costs</u>	<u>\$6,194.6M</u>	<u>\$6,228.9M</u>

Essentially \$6.2 billion for either ship. As the price of oil goes up, the nuclear is clearly the less costly.

* Includes \$145.2M for procurement of long lead nuclear components which was part of \$268.4M appropriated in FY 1977 for CVN-71.

** Includes \$123.2M for procurement of initial nuclear fuel which was part of \$268.4M appropriated in FY 1977 for CVN-71. It also includes \$33.1 of SCN cost for installation of initial nuclear fuel.

*** As of 9/14/79 the Defense Logistic Agency is buying Diesel Fuel Marine (DFM) at a worldwide average price of \$.78 per gallon or \$32.76 per barrel plus \$.78 per barrel average cost for storage.

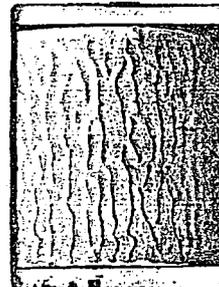
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

24 Sep 79

Arnie Miller

The attached was returned in
the President's outbox today
and is forwarded to you for
appropriate handling.

Rick Hutcheson



THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 24, 1979

Q

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: ARNIE MILLER 

SUBJECT: Deputy Secretary of the Department of
Transportation

We join Secretary Goldschmidt in recommending the appointment of William J. Beckham, Jr. as Deputy Secretary of the Department of Transportation.

In January 1977, you appointed Mr. Beckham to be Assistant Secretary of Treasury for Administration, a post which he held until November 1978. For the past 10 months, Mr. Beckham has been Manager, North American Government Affairs at the Ford Motor Company in Detroit.

Prior to joining the Administration in 1977, Mr. Beckham served as Deputy Mayor of Detroit, the chief executive assistant to Coleman Young. He has also served as Staff Director of the House Equal Opportunities Subcommittee and as an administrative aide to the late Senator Philip Hart.

Jack concurs in the following recommendation.

RECOMMENDATION

Nominate William J. Beckham, Jr., of Detroit, Michigan, to be Deputy Secretary of the Department of Transportation.

approve disapprove

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WILLIAM J. BECKHAM, JR.
Detroit, Michigan

EXPERIENCE

Nov. 1978 - Present	Manager, North American Government Affairs Ford Motor Company
Feb. 1977 - 1978	Assistant Secretary of Treasury for Administration
1974 - 1977	Deputy Mayor of Detroit
1973 - 1974	Director, Equal Opportunities Subcommittee, U.S. House of Representatives
1963 - 1973	Administrative Aide to Senator Philip Hart

EDUCATION

B.S. American University
Washington, D.C.

PERSONAL

Black Male
Age 39
Democrat

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 19, 1979

C

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: ARNIE MILLER ~~AM~~

SUBJECT: Deputy Director, U.S. Office of Consumer Affairs,
Department of Health, Education and Welfare

In December you appointed Rod Leonard as Deputy Director of the Office of Consumer Affairs. Mr. Leonard recently resigned, and Esther Peterson has recommended that Edward B. Cohen be appointed to replace Mr. Leonard. Executive Order 11583 grants you the authority to make this appointment without Senate confirmation.

Mr. Cohen has served as General Counsel of the Office of Consumer Affairs since 1977. He is a 1974 graduate of Georgetown University Law Center. From 1974-1977 he served as General Counsel to the Senate Commerce Committee, with chief responsibility for the consumer and transportation subcommittees. As Deputy Director of the Office he would continue to work directly with Mrs. Peterson and would serve as her principal advisor. He is widely respected in the consumer affairs community and his appointment would indicate your continued commitment to the issues which concern that constituency.

Stu concurs with the following recommendation.

RECOMMENDATION

Appoint Edward B. Cohen as Deputy Director, U.S. Office of Consumer Affairs, Department of Health, Education and Welfare.

approve disapprove

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for Preservation Purposes**

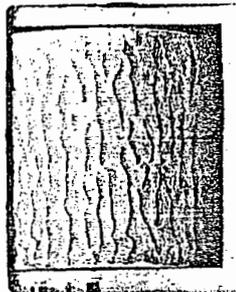
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

24 Sep 79

Frank Moore

The attached was returned in
the President's outbox. It is
forwarded to you for your
information.

Rick Hutcheson



THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 24, 1979

*not called
J.*

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: FRANK MOORE *Fm.*

I finally talked with Congressman Jim Wright about 2:30 today. He wanted to thank you for the treatment you gave him, Betty, and their house guest last night. He also wanted to tell you what he said to the Jaycees before you met with them and to generally talk about the four items up in the House this week. I talked with him about all of them and I am following up with calls to some House Members. It would be nice for you to return the call, but it is not necessary.

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THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 23, 1979

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: GORDON STEWART *AS*

SUBJECT: Congressional Evening, 9/23/79

TALKING POINTS

1. I am truly pleased so many members of both Houses of Congress could be here tonight -- in fact I think it's the first majority I've had in a long time. It's certainly the biggest since the Camp David accords -- which, by the way, was an easier majority to get.

2. I also want to reassure you that each and every one of you is equally welcome here tonight -- regardless of which way you have been voting.

3. Absolutely no one is being singled out for rewards or punishments tonight -- of course some of you might find you have an easier time getting 'seconds.'

4. But let me assure you that is purely coincidental -- we won't have the Oval Office computer hooked up to the kitchen for another week.

5. So in the meantime let us enjoy this evening of harmony and humor together. Music and comedy have always been universal languages, but it took Broadway to put them together and create a new one -- called musical comedy.

6. Today, while our country's great works of musical comedy are understood around the world, they remain as much native American art forms as Congress and the White House.

7. Tonight, it is both fitting and fun that we should celebrate together our common heritage in our common language.

8. We are indeed fortunate to have with us tonight such talented Broadway performers [as Lucie Arnaz, Marvin Hamlisch, and Robert Klein].

9. Because we have had many great musical evenings at the White House -- gospel, black music, country, classical, folk, popular -- but of all of them let me assure you that Congressional music is the hardest to make -- and the sweetest to hear.

10. On behalf of Rosalynn and myself, the warmest of welcomes to you all.

#

Sunday 7:00 PM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 21, 1979

MEMORANDUM TO: PRESIDENT AND MRS. CARTER
FROM: GRETCHEN POSTON *GP*
SUBJECT: CONGRESSIONAL ENTERTAINMENT, SUNDAY,
SEPTEMBER 23, 6:45 P.M.

6:30 P.M.

Gates open.

Guests arrive via East gate and proceed to South Lawn through First Ladies' Garden.

Full marine band plays on balcony.

6:45 P.M.

Aperitifs and hors d'oeuvres served for 15 minutes.

7:00 P.M.

Buffet line begins.

THE PRESIDENT and MRS. CARTER arrive South Lawn via Diplomatic Reception Room. They float along buffet line and among tables greeting guests.

8:00 P.M.

THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. CARTER are escorted to stage. THE PRESIDENT makes Remarks. Following Remarks, THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. CARTER are escorted to reserved table.*

- *There will be three principal tables:
1. Speaker and Mrs. O'Neill plus random guests.
 2. THE PRESIDENT and MRS. CARTER plus pre-assigned guests.
 3. Senator and Mrs. Byrd plus random guests.

The rest will be random seating.

Program begins.

9:00 P.M.

Program ends.

THE PRESIDENT and MRS. CARTER depart South Lawn via Diplomatic Reception Room.

Guests depart.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

9-25-79

To Moon Landrieu
Jack Watson

The suburban caucus
(Mott & Wyder leaders)
wish to meet with
you. Please do so

J.C.

cc. Grand Morte

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 24, 1979

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: FRANK MOORE ^{FM}
BOB BECKEL ^{BB}

Two items --

- 1) The Panama conference reconvened today and approved a new conference report with language which does not violate terms of the treaty. Bauman signed the conference report, but left open the question of whether he would vote for the report on the floor. We go to rules tomorrow and push for a vote on Wednesday.
- 2) The Senate Foreign Relations Committee approved the Krueger nomination 9 to 6. Democrats Zorinsky and Glenn opposed; Republicans Javits and Percy were with us.

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 25, 1979

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Alonzo L. McDonald *ALM*
SUBJECT: Message from Hamilton Jordan

Following our meeting this morning I talked with Hamilton at home about the items we discussed and particularly your upcoming decision today on the Energy and Water Development Appropriations Bill.

As you know, Hamilton favors your signing this measure. He thinks it will be perceived as a marginal choice either way, and believes therefore that we need to conserve our scarce resources on the Hill for our top priorities. He is particularly concerned that a major fight to sustain the veto would be viewed by many as an unnecessary distraction that could delay and perhaps jeopardize some of our major proposals that are of greater public concern.

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

25 Sep 79

Frank Moore

The attached was returned in
the President's outbox today
and is forwarded to you for
appropriate handling.

Rick Hutcheson

FOR STAFFING
FOR INFORMATION
FROM PRESIDENT'S OUTBOX
LOG IN/TO PRESIDENT TODAY
IMMEDIATE TURNAROUND
NO DEADLINE
FOR APPROPRIATE HANDLING
LAST DAY FOR ACTION

ADMIN CONFID
CONFIDENTIAL
SECRET
EYES ONLY

ACTION
FYI

	VICE PRESIDENT
	JORDAN
	CUTLER
	DONOVAN
	EIZENSTAT
	MCDONALD
	MOORE
	POWELL
	WATSON
	WEDDINGTON
	WEXLER
	BRZEZINSKI
	MCINTYRE
	SCHULTZE
	ANDRUS
	ASKEW
	BERGLAND
	BROWN
	CIVILETTI
	DUNCAN
	GOLDSCHMIDT
	HARRIS
	KREPS
	LANDRIEU
	MARSHALL

	MILLER
	VANCE
	BUTLER
	CAMPBELL
	H. CARTER
	CLOUGH
	CRUIKSHANK
	FIRST LADY
	FRANCIS
	HARDEN
	HERTZBERG
	HUTCHESON
	KAHN
	LINDER
	MARTIN
	MILLER
	MOE
	PETERSON
	PRESS
	SANDERS
	SPETH
	STRAUSS
	TORRES
	VOORDE
	WISE

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 21, 1979

CONGRESSIONAL TELEPHONE CALL

TO: Senator Henry Jackson
Senator J. Bennett Johnston

DATE: As soon as possible

RECOMMENDED BY: Frank Moore/Bob Thomson 

PURPOSE: To thank them for leading a successful fight to report out the Energy Mobilization Board bill.

TALKING POINTS:

You should warmly thank both Senators for passage of an EMB bill that is very close to specifications we presented to them. They worked closely together throughout the mark-up.

One or both may mention a problem with western water rights that Senator Wallop brought up at the close of the mark-up. It involves federal rights to use water on federal lands without regard to state law. You should remain noncommittal.

Date of submission; September 21, 1979

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*Frank -
I talked to
Scoop -
Tell Bennett
what I
wanted
J*

*Scoop -
ESC com this a.m.
EMB → floor next Mon*

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Handwritten scribbles

- Bob Beckel is
hand delivering
- ~~Presented a~~

~~Copy~~ President gave to
Henry Owen who was in his office
and told Henry to have a copy
made. I assume for the files.

hell
+
SB

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

Sept 24, 1978

To Senator Dan Inouye

I am writing to you about an issue raised by the House Foreign Assistance appropriations bill which is of deep concern to me: the restrictions on "indirect" United States foreign assistance to designated countries and the requirement that our subscription to the Asian Development Bank be conditional on the continued membership of Taiwan.

These restrictions constitute a serious threat to United States relations with developed and developing countries alike. They are an attempt to impose our will on multilateral development banks and United Nations development agencies, overriding their charters and voting systems.

As you know, the international agencies must, by their charters, refuse any funds tied to restrictions on their use. Since United States contributions trigger contributions from other donors, the banks' inability to accept our funds would cause other donors to reduce or eliminate their contributions as well. As a result, the International Development Association, which is the main instrument for aiding poor countries, would have to cease lending immediately; World Bank lending would be cut substantially; the Asian, African and Inter-American development banks would be forced to curtail their activities.

All this would not only inflict suffering on hundreds of millions of poor people, it would damage our own economic situation. Among the programs threatened would be the World Bank's financing of energy development in the low and medium-income countries, whose success is important to our own energy situation.

The United States would be blamed throughout the world for irresponsibly crippling these important institutions and thus deeply hurting the developing nations in general, and the poorest among these nations in particular -- right at a time of rising food and fuel prices and of a slump in the industrial nations' demand for their exports. The consequences for America's standing in the world would, quite literally, be disastrous.

I am confident that you share these concerns, and I hope that you will be able to bring to the attention of the Senate the importance of rejecting these House amendments.

Sincerely,

Jimmy Carter

The Honorable
Daniel K. Inouye
United States Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

p.s. You will remember our phone conversation a few months ago about ISTC which I consider very important. Also, I hope you can accept the House position on full funding for IDA.

Thanks -

J

9/24/78
swearing-in--landrieu/goldschmidt
NEIL (MARGARET) GOLDSCHMIDT
JUDGE STEINBOCK

MOON (VERNA) LANDRIEU
JUDGE CALOGERO

HAPPY - COM NEEDS. FEDERALISM
MULTIPLICITY OF PROBS
NO POLICY, VISION, EN/XPOR
= JOBS - ECON DEV. NEGOTIAT
NEW POLICIES ← ST/LOCAL

NEIL XTOWN, XNATION

HARD CHOICES

ENVIR - XPOR - COM DEV
LIFELINE OR BARRIER

MOON - OLD, BEAUTIFUL

CIVILTS. PEOPLE -

REVITALIZE - OTHERS

NYC

DYNAMIC - EXPER - VISION

U.S. JAYCEES 9/24/79
TERRYL DECHTOL
NAT PRES - WPTC'S

STRONG - COURAGE - MOV
ENERGY - PEOPLE

RATION - 15-3 EMB.
~ 2:1 '80 BUDGET

WPT - PRODUCTION

"ARE YOU E ME?"

Leaders/Jaycees

9/24/79

MOM!
ARCHIE (CAROLYN) HARDWICK

FRANK (BETTY) GORELL
Lynn Tenn

BEN (FRANCES) HOOKS

HOWARD (LOUETTE) SAMUELS

Lynn (BERNICE) WATTS

LUNCH

private lunch-mansion

9/24/79

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

9/24/79

Strong defense
CV + SSN + 3 1/2
Stennis - 179 CVN

Sen Stennis - Panama (+) 9-24-79

Chairman Mel Price
Rep Charles Bennett

meeting with graham claytor, mel price, bennett,

a) Rhodesia - St Ann's \checkmark 11/15 - Nat int
British Conference UK prob 1st

b) CVN vs CV \leftarrow CVV
Reassessed. opinion the same
CV, CVN arriving the same
4 CVNs fill special need
Cost Δ = \$600-700 mil.
spare reactor components \$340 mil.
Nuclear & oil limited
Fuel 10% oper costs
Syn fuels for \$600 mil = many CV's

c) Need additional SSN (\$460 mil)
\$CVN > \$(CV + SSN)