

11/2/79

Folder Citation: Collection: Office of Staff Secretary; Series: Presidential Files; Folder: 11/2/79;
Container 138

To See Complete Finding Aid:

http://www.jimmycarterlibrary.gov/library/findingaids/Staff_Secretary.pdf

WITHDRAWAL SHEET (PRESIDENTIAL LIBRARIES)

FORM OF DOCUMENT	CORRESPONDENTS OR TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
memo w/ att.	From Cutler to The President (7 pp.) re: SALT	11/2/79	A

FILE LOCATION

Carter Presidential Papers- Staff Offices- Office of the Staff Sec.- Pres. Hand-writing File 11/2/79 [2] BOX 155

RESTRICTION CODES

- (A) Closed by Executive Order 12356 governing access to national security information.
- (B) Closed by statute or by the agency which originated the document.
- (C) Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in the donor's deed of gift.

2:40 PM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Electrostatic Copy Made
for Preservation Purposes

MEETING AND PHOTO WITH KATHY FLETCHER
Friday, November 2, 1979
2:40 p.m., The Oval Office

From: Stu Eizenstat *Stu*

I. PURPOSE

Farewell photo with Kathy Fletcher, Assistant Director,
Domestic Policy Staff

II. BACKGROUND, PARTICIPANTS, PRESS PLAN

A. Background

Kathy, who has been responsible for environmental issues on our staff, will be leaving today to return to her hometown, Seattle. Although she has not yet decided what she will be doing there professionally, she will undoubtedly remain actively involved in environmental issues.

Kathy is not leaving the White House to work for any political candidate; her major reason for leaving is that she is simply tired after nearly three years of hard work.

Over the past 34 months Kathy has earned the praise of the environmental community for her work on the strip mining bill, Alaska D-2 lands, water and reclamation policy, and the two Environmental Messages to Congress.

Kathy's mother, Betty Fletcher, your nomination for the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals judgeship, was recently confirmed by the Senate.

B. Participants

Kathy Fletcher

C. Press Plan: White House photo only

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

11/2/79

Hugh Carter

The attached is forwarded
to you for appropriate
handling.

Rick Hutcheson

	FOR STAFFING
	FOR INFORMATION
/	FROM PRESIDENT'S OUTBOX
	LOG IN/TO PRESIDENT TODAY
	IMMEDIATE TURNAROUND
	NO DEADLINE
	FOR APPROPRIATE HANDLING
	LAST DAY FOR ACTION

	ADMIN CONFID
	CONFIDENTIAL
	SECRET
	EYES ONLY

ACTION
FYI

	VICE PRESIDENT
	JORDAN
	CUTLER
	DONOVAN
	EIZENSTAT
	MCDONALD
	MOORE
	POWELL
	WATSON
	WEDDINGTON
	WEXLER
	BRZEZINSKI
	MCINTYRE
	SCHULTZE
	ANDRUS
	ASKEW
	BERGLAND
	BROWN
	CIVILETTI
	DUNCAN
	GOLDSCHMIDT
	HARRIS
	KREPS
	LANDRIEU
	MARSHALL

	MILLER
	VANCE
	BUTLER
	CAMPBELL
/	H. CARTER
	CLOUGH
	CRUIKSHANK
	FIRST LADY
	FRANCIS
	HARDEN
	HERTZBERG
	HUTCHESON
	KAHN
	LINDER
	MARTIN
	MILLER
	MOE
	PETERSON
	PRESS
	SANDERS
	SPETH
	STRAUSS
	TORRES
	VOORDE
	WISE

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

C

November 1, 1979

**Electrostatic Copy Made
for Preservation Purposes**

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: HUGH CARTER *HC*

SUBJECT: Funeral Ceremonies for Mrs. Dwight D. Eisenhower

Attached at Tab A for your review is the schedule of the funeral ceremonies for Mrs. Dwight D. Eisenhower. The interment is scheduled for Saturday, November 3, at 2:30 p.m. in Abilene, Kansas, and the memorial service is scheduled for Monday, November 5, at 10:00 a.m. at Fort Myer, Virginia.

It is recommended that you or the First Lady attend the memorial service. I also plan to attend this service, since I am liaison to former Presidents and their families. The family of Mrs. Eisenhower has expressed a desire for the interment to be a private family service. Former President Nixon plans to attend both services, since he is considered part of the family by virtue of Julie's marriage.

I will attend memorial service _____

First Lady will attend memorial service ✓

Other _____

R → Arrangements have been made for a Presidential wreath at the interment, flowers at the memorial service, and a telegram. I have also enclosed a letter for your signature at Tab B. Presidential Aircraft #26000 is being provided to transport Mrs. Eisenhower and the funeral party to Kansas on November 3rd, and return the funeral party to Washington on November 4th.

FUNERAL CEREMONIES FOR MRS. DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER

Saturday, November 3, 1979

9:00 a.m. Depart Valley Forge, PA for Andrews AFB
11:00 a.m. Arrive Andrews AFB
11:30 a.m. Depart Andrews AFB for Salina, Kansas
1:15 p.m. Arrive Salina, Kansas
2:00 p.m. Depart Salina for Abilene, Kansas
2:30 p.m. Arrive Abilene (Place of Meditation) for interment service at the Eisenhower Center
3:15 p.m. Service complete
Free time - Tour Eisenhower Center
4:15 p.m. Return to motel for refreshments and buffet
7:30 p.m. Visit Place of Meditation/Eisenhower Center
7:45 p.m. Depart Place of Meditation for dinner (Abilene Country Club)

Sunday, November 4, 1979

9:00 a.m. Depart Abilene for Salina, Kansas
9:30 a.m. Arrive Salina
9:45 a.m. Depart Salina for Andrews AFB
1:00 p.m. Arrive Andrews AFB
1:15 p.m. Depart Andrews AFB for lodging in Washington, DC

Monday, November 5, 1979

9:30 a.m. Depart lodging for Old Post Chapel, Fort Myer, VA
10:00 a.m. Memorial Service (Chaplain Elson, Chaplain of the Senate)
10:30 a.m. Memorial Service complete
10:45 a.m. Depart Fort Myer for Phoenixville, PA

B

ID 794835

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

DATE: 01 NOV 79

FOR ACTION: THE FIRST LADY

PHIL WISE

9041 First Lady

~~THE VICE PRESIDENT~~

FRAN VOORDE

The Vice President

INFO ONLY: AL MCDONALD

SUBJECT: H. CARTER MEMO RE FUNERAL CEREMONIES FOR MRS. DWIGHT
EISENHOWER

+++++

+ RESPONSE DUE TO RICK HUTCHESON STAFF SECRETARY (456-7052) +

+ BY: +

+++++

ACTION REQUESTED: IMMEDIATE TURNAROUND - BY 4:00 TODAY

STAFF RESPONSE: () I CONCUR. () NO COMMENT. () HOLD.

PLEASE NOTE OTHER COMMENTS BELOW:

ID 794835

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

DATE: 01 NOV 79

FOR ACTION: THE FIRST LADY

THE VICE PRESIDENT

PHIL WISE

~~FRAN VOORDE~~

INFO ONLY: AL MCDONALD

SUBJECT: H. CARTER MEMO RE FUNERAL CEREMONIES FOR MRS. DWIGHT
EISENHOWER

+++++

+ RESPONSE DUE TO RICK HUTCHESON STAFF SECRETARY (456-7052) +

+ BY: +

+++++

ACTION REQUESTED: IMMEDIATE TURNAROUND - BY 4:00 TODAY

STAFF RESPONSE: () I CONCUR. () NO COMMENT. () HOLD.

PLEASE NOTE OTHER COMMENTS BELOW:

*Mrs. Carter is planning to go.
fran*

2:00 PM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

C
/

November 1, 1979

MEETING WITH SENATOR DONALD RIEGLE (D-MICHIGAN)

Friday, November 2, 1979
2:00 p.m. (15 minutes)
The Oval Office

From: Frank Moore *F.M./BR*

I. PURPOSE

To discuss SALT II

**Electrostatic Copy Made
for Preservation Purposes**

II. BACKGROUND, PARTICIPANTS & PRESS PLAN

A. Background:

Wife's Name: Lori Hansen

Home Town: Flint, Michigan

Committees: Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs (6)
Budget (10)
Commerce, Science and Transportation (8)
Labor and Human Resources (8)

SALT Concerns: Senator Riegle asked through Senator Robert Byrd to see you for ten minutes in return for his making a Senator floor speech in favor of SALT at the time that Byrd desires. The Majority Leader is trying to build some momentum for SALT and, while Riegle's announcement in favor of the Treaty is no surprise, its timing is important in the eyes of Senator Byrd.

Additional Information: As you know Riegle has grouched privately and occasionally publicly about you and about your Administration. He has criticized us in Michigan and we would not be surprised if he endorsed Senator Kennedy.

On major issues pending before the Senate at this time we expect support on the windfall profits tax and our efforts to strengthen the Finance Committee bill. His views on the Energy Security Corporation are in doubt and you may want to make a pitch for the ESC with him.

B. Participants: The President, Senator Don Riegle, Bob Beckel

C. Press Plan: White House Photo

*Will help with SALT
Will support Kennedy - may want to announce*



UNITED STATES SENATE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

DONALD W. RIEGLE, JR.
MICHIGAN

RIEGLE SUPPORT ON CARTER INITIATIVES
IN CONGRESS

95TH CONGRESS:

69% Support

20% Oppose

1979:

83% Support

14% Oppose

Ranks Sixth in the Senate.

X GEORGE LEONARD

X BILL BAHL

X PAT DILLON

Tim Kraft

done
J

IOWA CALLS

George Leonard
Elkader, Iowa

11/2/79

319/245-1701

Farmer

Former County Chair

Alternate to the National
Convention in 1976: Carter

His wife Terry is very
supportive.

Good crop = Will help =

Bill Bahl
6280 Asbury Road
Dubuque, Iowa

11/2/79

319/583-8020

Member of the Board of
Supervisors in Dubuque
County.

Farmer

Strong anti-abortion sentiments.

Does not like Kennedy.

"I'll help all I can - provided Const amend. re abortion"
JC: Can't support Const Amend, but oppose Fed \$ → abortion

Bahl: "Will support in Caucuses against Ken"

Patrick (Pat) Dillon
3250 Blasen Drive
Dubuque, Iowa

11/2/79

319/582-4811

President of the local
UAW.

National Delegate in '76
for Carter.

Has strong sentimental feelings
about supporting the President.

Will help.

Chip needs to bring him some buttons for
collection

Tim Kraft

Aileen Eberhardt

30 Fremont
Dubuque, Iowa

11/2/79

319/583-2785

President of the Catholic Mothers Club.

Near 80-years-old, but remains very active, with a large network of people.

Met Chip last week = married at 33, married 46 years
Newspaper writer = will help friends as much as
proper

Lyle and Sue Otte

Box 454
Postville, Iowa 52162

11/2/79

319/864-3961

Both are teachers

Friends of former Congressman Michael Blouin.

Co-Chairs of Alamakee County Democratic Party.

Had been fence sitting, but called to be on steering committee after Clark's resignation.

Will do - incl steering comm -
Tim or someone contact

Clyde Flynn

3075 Holes Mills Road
Dubuque, Iowa

11/2/79

319/588-4487

UAW member

Democratic precinct committeeman.

Came to reception for Chip wearing a Carter/Mondale button.

Should be motivated to go on steering committee.

"Talked to Joanne Reynolds?"

Will stick to Carter people

Will help in caucuses - Will check with Joanne
re steering committee

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

11/2/79

Jody Powell

The attached was returned in the
President's outbox today and is
forwarded to you for appropriate
handling. Original has been
given to B. Linder.

Rick Hutcheson

cc: Zbig Brzezinski/H. E. Owen
Bob Linder

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

*Get Today to
Hype this up.
Here & at State
J*

ACTION

October 31, 1979

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT
FROM: JIM McINTYRE *JM*
HENRY OWEN *HO*
SUBJECT: Presidential Proclamation
on Kampuchean Relief

At Tab A is a proposed Presidential proclamation on Kampuchean relief, which we recommend that you issue immediately. This proclamation is needed to underscore your October 24 appeal to the American people to support our Kampuchean relief effort. Since you have asked that citizens donate in their places of worship beginning this Saturday and Sunday, this proclamation needs to be signed and made public in time to be covered in Friday's newspapers and news-casts.

Speechwriters have cleared the proclamation.

**Electrostatic Copy Made
for Preservation Purposes**

AID FOR KAMPUCHEANS

- - - - -

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Thirty-seven years ago, a holocaust began that was to take the lives of more than six million human beings. The world stood by silently, in a moral lapse whose enormity still numbs the human mind.

We now face, once again, the threat of avoidable death and suffering for literally millions of people, and this time we must act swiftly to save the men, women, and children who are our brothers and sisters in God's family.

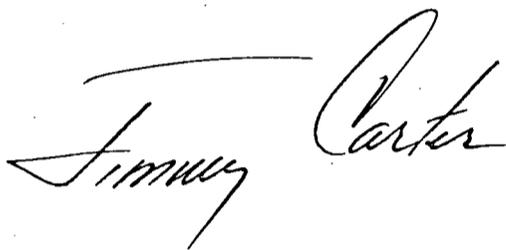
The International Committee of the Red Cross and the United Nations' Children's Fund recently appealed jointly for \$111 million in aid to help the millions of Kampuchians, formerly known as Cambodians, who are facing death from starvation during the next six months. We must respond to this appeal, and we must also respond to the related needs for food, medicine, and shelter for Kampuchean refugees who are fleeing to Thailand.

A major program has been launched by the American government to support this relief effort, but it is too important to be left to the government alone. I am certain that the American people, as individuals and families, through churches, schools, voluntary organizations, and businesses, will want to be a part of this emergency humanitarian response to a desperate and terrible need.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, JIMMY CARTER, President of the United States of America, do hereby call upon all Americans to give generously to the voluntary relief agency of their choice to alleviate this terrible suffering, asking specifically that the donation be earmarked for Kampuchean relief. Further,

I hereby designate each Saturday and Sunday in November until Thanksgiving as days for Americans in their synagogues, churches, and other places of worship to donate to this cause, and I call upon leaders of the religious community to take whatever measures are needed to publicize and facilitate these donations.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this
day of _____, in the year of our
Lord nineteen hundred seventy-nine, and of the Independence
of the United States of America the two hundred and fourth.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Jimmy Carter". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned in the lower right quadrant of the page.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Phil has
seen

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Mr. President:

Kathy Fletcher of Stu Eizenstat's staff is leaving the White House as of today. Stu would like a farewell photo for her with you. It could be done as you leave for Camp David.

approve disapprove


Phil

**Electrostatic Copy Made
for Preservation Purposes**

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

11/2/79

Anne Wexler

The attached was returned from
the President today and is forwarded
to you for your information.

Rick Hutcheson

cc: Susan Clough

To Pres. Carter

*This may be a good time
to consider this
subject.
C.K.*

MEMORANDUM TO: Mr. Charles H. Kirbo
FROM: Mr. Griffin B. Bell
DATE: October 23, 1979

*Wester
info
J*

During the early part of this year and as a part of the Law Day program which the President was planning for the White House, I suggested that he give the Freedom Medal to Judge Elbert Tuttle and Judge Irving Kaufman. This was rejected on the recommendation, as I understood it, of Messrs. Lipshutz and Eizenstat. I suspect that the rejection was based on the thought that Judge Kaufman was controversial.

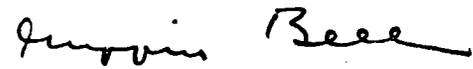
I need not say anything about Judge Tuttle. He is a hero to all blacks and to many other Americans for his activity during the sixties in the civil rights field. He is also a strong supporter of the President although a Republican. He voted for the President for Governor twice and for President. He deserves the Freedom Medal as much as anyone that I have known to receive it. He is a decorated veteran of Pacific fighting during World War II where he was wounded in action.

Judge Irving Kaufman is perhaps the most distinguished jurist in the country other than two or three on the

Supreme Court. He has been a Federal Judge for thirty years, about twelve as a District Judge and about eighteen as a Circuit Judge. He is and has been Chief Judge of the Second Circuit Court of Appeals for several years and will be seventy by the end of this year. He has written scores of articles, is innovative in procedures and is a solid judge in every way. He is very popular with the top Jewish leaders in the country including Punch Sulzburger who heads the New York Times and Lew Wasserman, the President's strong supporter in the motion picture industry in California. Judge Kaufman was formerly counsel for the Newhouse family and the Newhouse newspapers.

The only reason I can imagine for rejecting Judge Kaufman was that he was the federal district judge who imposed the death penalty on the Rosenbergs. You will recall that the Rosenbergs stole the atomic bomb secret for the Soviets. At the time Judge Kaufman was viewed as a very brave man. He prayed all night in a synagogue before imposing the death penalty. He has been hounded and harrassed by a small group of people since that time on a constant basis. We have had to furnish him FBI protection from time to time. I view his record as a positive asset to the President. It shows strength and patriotism.

You may wish to renew this subject with the President. The two could be grouped with maybe one or two others if the President wanted to give the medal to more than two people. So far, unlike other presidents, he has only awarded the medal to deceased persons - I think.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Griffin Bell". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned above the typed name.

Griffin B. Bell

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

11/2/79

Stu Eizenstat

The attached was returned from
the President today and is
forwarded to you for appropriate
handling.

Rick Hutcheson

cc: Susan Clough

Electrostatic Copy Made
for Preservation Purposes

Stue
J

October 25, 1979

also, send Kennedy
achievements book &
other info -
J

MEMORANDUM TO: President Jimmy Carter

I have had a few inquiries from schools as to what the administration's plans are for the next term so far as programs and policy are concerned.

In all of our campaigns we always get pressure to come up with a platform and as soon as we get it published that is the end of the matter. So it may be from habit that I have some concern in this area, not for a platform but some expression of what our plans are for the future.

It is very likely that if and when Kennedy announces he will have some sort of a list of policies, programs or directions he intends to take.

They have nothing at the campaign headquarters, although they do have a list of accomplishments.

If you do not have this already in a stage of development, I wish you would consider the possibility of having someone see what they can come up with.

Ever since you have been president and particularly since we put together the new energy department, practically all of the publicity I have heard with respect to the energy department has been negative and no one really knows exactly what the department is doing in the way of development, research or construction insofar as energy is concerned.

On a few occasions I have learned that there are some worthwhile projects under way and I have also heard of rather elaborate laboratories and research and development projects at various institutions. On Sunday I heard of a project the energy department is involved in in Saudi Arabia with respect to solar energy.

I think it would be very helpful politically, encouraging economically and a boost for Charlie Duncan if we could develop a list of worthwhile activities, projects, research or any other identifiable commitment in the energy area. It should be simple and could be specific where it was calculated to produce some specific result as compared to an experiment, although experiment should not be excluded.

You and Charlie could lead off with this material and then pass it down probably in a more simple form for those of us who are moving around the country.

Our interest rate is increasingly painful, although I can still handle it for the foreseeable future. I am looking at my insurance policies and find I can borrow money on these from the company at very low rates of interest. If you have any policies of a sufficient size, you may want to take a look at yours and you might very well save nine or ten per cent interest a year at the present rate.

The peanut crops have been good this year but the farmers have lost a substantial part of the peanuts in the ground.

-3-

There is a critical article in the St. Louis
Globe-Democrat attached here on the subject of nuclear power.
I get questions on this from people to whom I would like to
respond. If you could have someone respond to this for me
I would appreciate it.

CHK/b

Tablet
Washington

GLOBE-DEMOCRAT PUBLISHING CO.

12th Boulevard at Convention Plaza,

St. Louis, Mo., 63101

(314) 342-1212

Published Daily, Monday through Friday, and Weekend

G. DUNCAN BAUMAN, Publisher

GEORGE A. KILLENBERG**RAY J. NOONAN****MARTIN L. DUGGAN**

Executive Editor

Managing Editor

Editorial Page Editor

The Globe-Democrat is an independent newspaper printing the news impartially, supporting what it believes to be right and opposing what it believes to be wrong without regard to party politics.

FRANCE HAS LONG NUCLEAR LEAD

The great potential of nuclear power that was born in the United States is being realized—but not in this country.

France has jumped far ahead of a paralyzed United States in building not only conventional water reactor plants but also in developing a commercial fast breeder reactor, facilities for reprocessing spent nuclear fuel and a process for safely storing nuclear waste.

The French, now 10 years ahead of the U.S. in developing nuclear power, have moved so rapidly that they plan to produce 60 percent of their electricity from atomic power by 1985. The straitjacketed U.S. nuclear industry will be lucky if it is producing 18 percent of the nation's electricity by 1985.

While President Carter and others have blocked development of the fast breeder reactor technology in this country, the French have successfully tested their fast breeder demonstration plant, the Phoenix, in the last five years. They now are heading a consortium, which includes Italy and West Germany, that is building western Europe's first commercial fast breeder reactor—a 1200-megawatt plant called the Super Phoenix, which is scheduled to go into operation in 1983.

Development of the United States' \$2.1 billion fast breeder demonstration plant at Clinch River, Tenn., has been brought to a virtual halt by Mr. Carter and now couldn't be completed before 1985 even if the president's opposition could be overcome.

The French, the British, the Soviet Union and other major industrial countries have recognized the great potential of the breeder technology that apparently has escaped President Carter and others in Washington.

For the fast breeder has two enormous advantages over present reactors. First, it is able to use the abundant Uranium 238 which comprises about 99 percent of uranium fuel. Conventional reactors, by contrast, must rely on Uranium 235 which

comprises less than 1 percent of the uranium fuel.

Secondly, when the U-238 is bombarded with neutrons along with plutonium, the reaction produces more plutonium than is consumed—hence the name, breeder.

Thus the fast breeder is able to get up to 80 times as much energy from the same uranium that now is used in present reactors. Another important factor is that the United States has an incredible amount of U-238 stored in drums at uranium enrichment plants since U-238 is a by-product of this process.

It is estimated that by using this already mined and stored U-238 and plutonium that could be obtained by reprocessing spent nuclear fuel, the United would have enough uranium to meet its electricity needs for hundreds of years. By mining the known reserves of uranium, this technology could provide electricity for thousands of years.

Opponents have argued that the U.S. shouldn't move ahead on nuclear power because the technology and facilities for storing nuclear waste haven't been developed. But, here again, the French have proven that this is phony argument. They not only have developed the technology but have built a plant that is busily engaged in enclosing hazardous nuclear byproducts in solid glass blocks that can be safely stored underground in a relatively small area for hundreds of years. The process is called vitrification.

France, Britain, Soviet Russia and other countries all are doing the things in developing nuclear power that anti-nuclearites in this country say can't be done. They are moving steadily toward a future that is less and less dependent on oil and other scarce and costly fossil fuels. Meanwhile the nation that discovered atomic power has tied its own nuclear industry in knots and has put itself increasingly at the mercy of the OPEC oil pirates.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE
COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS
WASHINGTON

@

November 1, 1979

**Electrostatic Copy Made
for Preservation Purposes**

EYES ONLY

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Charlie Schultze *CLS*

Subject: Employment and Unemployment in October

The employment and unemployment figures for October will be released tomorrow (Friday, November 2) at 9:00 a.m.

The unemployment rate rose from 5.8 percent in September to 6.0 percent last month, returning to the August level. The household survey showed a small decline in employment. The survey of business establishments reported an increase.

The Household Survey

The labor force remained about unchanged, while employment declined by 220,000. Half of the decline in employment was in agriculture, where the monthly numbers are volatile.

The black unemployment rate increased from 10.6 percent in September to 11.7 percent in October; for black teenagers, the rate increased from 31.5 percent to 35.7 percent. These are relatively large increases, but these unemployment rates are subject to erratic monthly variations.

The Survey of Business Establishments

The payroll series, which is derived independently of the household data, shows a strong growth of employment -- a rise of a little over 300,000. Most of the increase was at trade firms and transportation and public utilities. Manufacturing employment was about unchanged; it would have risen 50 to 60 thousand, however, but for quirks in the data for auto producers. These employment gains, however, were accompanied by a decline in the average length of the workweek, so that aggregate hours worked at nonfarm establishments remained unchanged.

The numbers do not suggest a strong labor demand last month, but there are certainly no signs of weakness yet. The economy thus continues to resist the depressing effects of the "energy tax" and fiscal drag.

Wages

The hourly earnings figures for October continue to show wage moderation. Average hourly earnings rose just 0.3 percent in October -- to a level 7.7 percent above a year earlier. By contrast, the rise in the previous 12 months was 8.3 percent. This is very good for inflation, but it will be increasingly difficult for such moderation to continue with prices rising so much faster than wages.

Note: A very small sign of hope on another front.

Figures released today by the Fed revealed another decrease in the money supply for the week ended October 24. The correction of earlier errors and the new figures now show:

- o M_1 has fallen for two weeks and is back to the level of early September.
- o M_2 has also fallen for two weeks, although it is still well above the September level.

If the recent moderation in the growth of the monetary aggregates continues, and if the Fed sticks to its new policy, we could see some easing in interest rates. But we cannot and should not count on lower interest rates yet; weekly monetary statistics are so volatile that a few weeks of data don't establish a trend.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

11/2/79

Frank Moore

The attached was returned
in the President's outbox
today and is forwarded to
you for your information.

Rick Hutcheson

made 11/11/79

THE WHITE HOUSE ~~Electrostatic Copy Made~~
WASHINGTON ~~for Preservation Purposes~~

done
J

CONGRESSIONAL TELEPHONE REQUEST

TO: Congressman Mo Udall

DATE: Thursday, November 1, 1979

RECOMMENDED BY: Frank Moore *FM*

PURPOSE: To discuss the EMB legislation

BACKGROUND: The House completed action on the Energy Mobilization Board this afternoon. The so called Udall-Wirth substitute, which we opposed, was defeated. Before the vote, Udall modified his bill to delete one of the two extra instances of judicial review to which we objected.

We strongly supported the Eckhardt amendment and had four White House people including myself working the House on this question. However, as we expected, the amendment lost.

As you know, the EMB bill has created hard feelings in the House far beyond the limited range of actual differences between the Udall and Dingell positions because of the history of jurisdictional conflict over the Alaska bill and many other issues, and because efforts are presently underway in the House to realign the jurisdiction of the two committees in order to eliminate some of the existing duplication.

We have consistently tried to praise both Udall and Dingell's personal efforts and to urge compromise between Udall and Dingell. Unfortunately, although both Udall and Dingell were willing to compromise to some extent with us, neither was willing to compromise with the other and we were forced to take the positions we did.

We strongly recommend that you call Congressman Udall today to sooth his hurt feelings.

TALKING POINTS:

1. I appreciate very much your diligent leadership on the "fast track" issue. The first time I heard about this approach was when you raised it at a Leadership breakfast.
2. While I had to support the bill which in our judgement provided a better fast track, I share your opposition to substantive waivers and will instruct DOE and the White House staffs to work vigorously to eliminate these waivers in the bill in conference. I look forward to working closely with you on this.
3. I know that you and your staff disagree with the Administration's experts on a number of technical issues with respect to the bill. I hope that we can put this episode behind us and continue with the close working relationship we have had for nearly three years.

NOTE: Primarily at the instigation of Tim Wirth, there have been a number of charges that our estimates of the time added to the fast track process by the original Udall-Wirth bill (up to 8 years) was overblown. After careful reexamination and a long meeting with the staffs of Wirth and Udall, the Departments of Justice and Energy and OMB stand behind their estimates.

There have also been charges that the Administration's position was unclear. Stu and Charles Duncan met in the Speaker's office with Wright, Dingell, Udall and Wirth a week ago to convey your position. You repeated it at the White House dinner last Monday night and it was repeated yet again in the letter from Secretary Duncan to the Speaker which was delivered to each member of the House on Tuesday.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

11-2-79

To Matt Nimetz

Dr. Billy Graham says
that Guyana is willing
(eager?) to accept a
substantial number of
refugees from Indochina.

Check on this.

Jimmy C.

Sent via Brzezinski

meeting with attorney general

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

11/2/79

Mt & Civiletti 11-2-79

Taiwan Treaty - tough

→ SALT II (No Senate role)

- 1 → 5 Supreme Ct vacancies

- INS = Bad, big prob = Comm +
End Resident searches = 2 man patrols
Corruption ?

- Drugs - Boomer Falcon

"H" fm Pak, Iran, Afg -

- Cox - Crime conference / comm

- Ben's Δ - Court/Civiletti = Environ +
Coord 2 54/60 = Simpler trials

- Cincinnati newspaper merger +

- Chicago integration

- IBM case

Electrostatic Copy Made
for Preservation Purposes

1:45 pm

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

November 2, 1979

INTERVIEW WITH LAWRENCE SPIVAK

**Electrostatic Copy Made
for Preservation Purposes**

Monday, November 5, 1979
1:45 pm (15 minutes)
The Oval Office

FROM: Jody Powell *JHP*

I. PURPOSE

For book Mr. Spivak is writing on his 30 years with MEET THE PRESS.

II. BACKGROUND, PARTICIPANTS AND PRESS PLAN

A. Background

Spivak says that he plans to devote a good deal of space to you in his book and wanted to talk with you once again.

B. Participants

The President
Mr. Spivak
Official Steno

C. Press Plan

White House photographer only.

III. TALKING POINTS

You have always remembered his kind treatment of you when you were a relative unknown, and certainly always enjoyed appearing on his show.

Date has not yet been worked out, but you are very much looking forward to doing an hour-long MEET THE PRESS. Your desire to do the show stems in part, of course, from your favorable impression for it engendered by Spivak's

handling of the program in your previous appearances, as well as the issues-oriented, non-combative format he drew up for the program years ago.

Mr. Spivak is going to be leaving town in a few days for his winter home in Arizona.

Mr. Spivak was in Boston for the Kennedy Library dedication, was very impressed by your speech and by the positive reaction to it by Kennedy backers in subsequent conversations he had up there.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

November 3, 1979

Electrostatic Copy Made
for Preservation Purposes

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

ANNE WEXLER 

SUBJECT:

Activities Report - Week Ending November 2, 1979

1. SALT. The momentum of the outside groups continues to improve. 260 ministers in 8 key states conduct sermons and other activities. The business community is initiating activities: e.g., the Singer Corporation endorsed SALT in its company newsletter and is working the Hill. Labor and liberal supporters have initiated extensive Washington and grassroots efforts. Other groups -- e.g., pro-SALT retired military, former Presidential science advisors -- are planning Senate visits, press conferences, petitions and the like.

2. Energy. The story in the Post that business opposed the Energy Security Corporation created some confusion in the Senate. We asked the National Association of Manufacturers, the construction industry, the American Gas Association and the individual supporting corporations to make key Senators aware of corporate support, including a few calls from chief executives. Although our business supporters want an amendment deleting "goco's" from the ESC, we have determined that, except for the National Coal Association which has switched to the Banking Committee bill, most of our business supporters will probably stay with us even if we do not strongly support an amendment deleting "goco's", and will not support the Banking Committee bill in any event. Given this fluid situation and the closeness of the vote count, we should be flexible on an amendment to delete "goco's", remaining willing to accept the amendment but deferring a decision on active support. We are positioned well because many business leaders will actively support the ESC in the interim and the basic vote between the Banking and Energy Committee bills will probably have occurred before the "goco's" amendment comes to the floor. We cannot win if business unifies in opposition to the ESC. I will be able to recommend a more precise course of action for the business lobbyists after your meeting with the Energy Committee Senators on Monday.

3. Hospital Cost Containment. Supporting advertisement signed by 41 organizations will appear late next week in the Washington Post. On November 13 a few busloads of senior citizens will come to the White House to meet with the Vice President and then will proceed to the Hill. Although the supporting coalition is working hard, the hospital lobby continues its strong efforts.

4. Countercyclical Fiscal Assistance. We are meeting with the public interest groups (States, counties, mayors) to coordinate house strategy. They support and recognize our efforts, but are nervous because the bill was pulled during the closing rush last year. We are working with Frank's staff to have an alternative course of action if timely progress on the bill is not made by the House Government Operations Committee.

5. Welfare Reform. Secretary Harris and her staff put together a good outside supporting coalition. We had a strong White House presence at the coalition planning meetings and during the vote on the rule. It is important that you be closely identified with what might be a success next week.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

November 1, 1979

Electrostatic Copy Made
for Preservation Purposes

ADMINISTRATIVELY RESTRICTED

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: HUGH CARTER *HC*

SUBJECT: Quarterly Security Violation Report

Per your request, attached are the security violations for August, September and October, 1979.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

November 1, 1979

ADMINISTRATIVELY RESTRICTED

MEMORANDUM FOR: LLOYD CUTLER
FROM: HUGH CARTER *HC*
SUBJECT: Security Violations Quarterly Report

The President has asked that I make you aware of the following security violation(s):

<u>Date</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Nature of Violation</u>
10/13	Lloyd Cutler	Safe containing classified material found open
10/13	Lloyd Cutler	Top Secret and Secret documents found on desk top and classified material found in briefcase
10/30	Polly Thompson	Safe containing classified material found open
10/31	Polly Thompson	Folders containing Top Secret and Secret documents found on Mr. Cutler's desk top

cc: The President

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

November 1, 1979

ADMINISTRATIVELY RESTRICTED

MEMORANDUM FOR: DR. BRZEZINSKI
FROM: HUGH CARTER *HC*
SUBJECT: Security Violations Quarterly Report

The President has asked that I make you aware of the following security violation(s):

<u>Date</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Nature of Violation</u>
8/4	Gerald Oplinger	Safe containing classified material found open

cc: The President

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

November 1, 1979

ADMINISTRATIVELY RESTRICTED

MEMORANDUM FOR: LONDON BUTLER
FROM: HUGH CARTER *HC*
SUBJECT: Security Violations Quarterly Report

The President has asked that I make you aware of the following security violation(s):

<u>Date</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Nature of Violation</u>
10/31	Landon Butler	Secret document found on desk top

cc: The President

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

November 1, 1979

ADMINISTRATIVELY RESTRICTED

MEMORANDUM FOR: JODY POWELL
FROM: HUGH CARTER 
SUBJECT: Security Violations Quarterly Report

The President has asked that I make you aware of the following security violation(s):

<u>Date</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Nature of Violation</u>
10/15	Jody Powell	Top Secret briefing book found in office

cc: The President

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

November 1, 1979

ADMINISTRATIVELY RESTRICTED

MEMORANDUM FOR: JACK WATSON
FROM: HUGH CARTER *HC*
SUBJECT: Security Violations Quarterly Report

The President has asked that I make you aware of the following security violation(s):

<u>Date</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Nature of Violation</u>
10/1	Jack Watson	Safe containing classified material found open

cc: The President

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

November 1, 1979

ADMINISTRATIVELY RESTRICTED

MEMORANDUM FOR: CHARLIE SCHULTZE
FROM: HUGH CARTER *HC*
SUBJECT: Security Violations Quarterly Report

The President has asked that I make you aware of the following security violation(s):

<u>Date</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Nature of Violation</u>
9/11	Not Reported	Safe containing classified material found open
9/11	Not Reported	Safe containing classified material found open
9/12	Not Reported	Safe containing classified material found open
9/26	Linda Reilly	Cabinet containing classified material found open
9/26	Linda Reilly	Cabinet containing classified material found open
9/26	Linda Reilly	Cabinet containing classified material found open
10/17	Val Koromzay	Secret Document found on top of safe

cc: The President

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

November 2, 1979

BILL SIGNING - S.1030 - GAS CONSERVATION

Monday, November 5, 1979

9:30 a.m.

The Cabinet Room

From: Frank Moore *Fm/pd*

I. PRESS PLAN

Open Press Coverage

II. PARTICIPANTS

Senator Robert Byrd ✓
Senator J. Bennett Johnston ✓
Senator Mark Hatfield
Senator James McClure
Senator Pete Domenici ✓

Congressman John Dingell (D- Michigan) ✓
Congressman Clarence Brown (R-Ohio)
Congressman Dante Fascell (D-Florida)
Congressman Phil Gramm (D-Texas)
Congressman Toby Moffett (D-Connecticut)
Congressman James Broyhill (R-North Carolina)
Congressman Jim Wright (D-Texas)
Congressman Tim Wirth (D-Colorado) ✓
Congressman Phil Sharp (D-Indiana)

Senate Energy Committee Staff (4)
House Energy and Power Committee Staff (5)

Mr. Kay Aldous, Automobile Association of America
Jim Lodge, American Bankers Association
Willis Alexander, American Bankers Association
David Brody, Anti-Defamation League
John Anderson, Motor Vehicle Manufacturing Association
Edward Helm, National Governors Association
Nancy Ginn, National Governors Association

Secretary Duncan
Eliot Cutler
Lynn Coleman, DOE General Counsel
David Bloom, DOE Policy and Evaluation
Ben Massell, DOE Economic Regulatory Administration
Richard Wright, DOE Congressional Liaison
Maxine Savage, DOE Conservation and Solar

TALKING POINTS FOR THE RATIONING BILL SIGNING CEREMONY

1. As I sign into law S. 1030, the Emergency Energy Conservation Act of 1979, our country takes an important step ahead in ensuring that we are prepared to meet future energy contingencies. While it is my hope that we will not have to use the standby rationing powers contained in this legislation, it is nonetheless critical that our nation be prepared to allocate scarcity fairly should we have a major interruption in U.S. energy supplies.

2. I had hoped to have this power in place earlier last spring when I sent a standby gasoline rationing plan to the Congress for approval under the Energy Policy and Conservation Act. That process for Congressional action on the plan proved unworkable, and as a result our country has been unprepared for an energy emergency.

3. Today, thanks to the efforts of Majority Leaders Byrd and Wright, Senators Jackson, Johnston and Domenici, and of Representatives Dingell and Wirth, the Executive now has the power, albeit limited to very severe emergencies, to protect this country in the event of a shortfall in gasoline or distillate supplies equal to 20% of projected demand for those fuels. These Members of Congress, along with their able staffs, have worked diligently with us in developing this important legislation.

4. Under the new procedures of this bill I am confident that we can now expeditiously develop a standby rationing plan which is both fair and workable.

5. S. 1030 also establishes an important complementary program for conservation at the state level. I believe that this procedure which gives the states first crack at developing and implementing conservation plans is a wise one. If the states can get the job done under programs tailored to meet their particular needs, it avoids the need for federal plans and programs. Of course it is important that the federal government have, as this legislation provides, the power to impose a federal plan if a state fails to submit an acceptable plan, or it falls short of the mark in achieving needed savings.

6. This law is, however, basically limited in its scope to meeting national needs in the event of a very serious interruption in our oil supplies. It does not address our fundamental and underlying energy problem. While I consider standby rationing powers to be vital, they are only one of the series of steps we must take to protect our nation. Our dependence on foreign oil is a real and present threat to our national security. Unless we have prompt action on the Energy Security Corporation, and on the windfall profits tax, that vulnerability will continue unchecked.

7. Today, the Senate begins its deliberations on the Energy Security Corporation. There is no task more important than the establishment of a Corporation which is independent, adequately funded, and vested with the authorities we need to spur private development of our coal, oil shale, and biomass resources. In the past our country has faced similar dangers -- the great depression or the two world wars. Each time we have responded with strength and determination. Today, we cannot afford to meet the energy threat with timid half-measures. If we are to remain free and strong, if we are ultimately going to reach our goal of ensuring our nation's security, we are going to have to act now with the vision and courage we have marshalled in the past. The Senate this week must pass the Energy Security Corporation. I am confident that Congress will muster the wisdom, the foresight, and the strength to put our nation back on a course toward energy security.