4/12/77

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Revised:
4/12/77
7:45 a.m.

THE PRESIDENT'S SCHEDULE

Tuesday - April 12, 1977

8:30	Dr. Zbigniew Brzezinski - The Oval Office.
8:45	Mr. Frank Moore - The Oval Office.
9:30	Mr. Charles Schultze - The Oval Office.
10:30	Mr. Jody Powell - The Oval Office.
11:15	Mr. Hugh Carter, Mr. Herbert C. Upton and Col. David Pirnie - The Oval Office.
11:30	Vice President Walter F. Mondale, Admiral Stansfield Turner and Dr. Zbigniew Brzezinski - The Oval Office.
2:00	Mr. Bert Lance - The Oval Office.
2:25 (5 min.)	Drop-By Meeting of ACTION Regional Review Team. (Mr. Richard Harden) - The Roosevelt Room.
2:45 (10 min.)	Mr. and Mrs. Raymond J. Horowitz - The Oval Office.
3:00 (15 min.)	Honorable Robert McNamara, President, The World Bank. (Mr. Jack Watson) - The Oval Office.
3:20 (20 min.)	Senator Edmund S. Muskie and Congressman Paul Rogers. (Mr. Frank Moore) - The Oval Office.
4:00 (30 min.)	His Excellency Anatoly F. Dobrynin, Ambassador of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics. (Dr. Zbigniew Brzezinski) - The Oval Office.
5:00 (2 hrs.)	Briefing by Admiral Stansfield Turner - The Family Theater.

3:00 p.m.

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 12, 1977

MEMORANDUM FOR: The President

FROM: Jack Watson

SUBJECT: Robert McNamara, President of World Bank
Tuesday, April 12, 1977; 3:00-3:15 p.m.

As you know, Robert McNamara will complete his second five-year term as President of the World Bank in April 1978. Every World Bank President has been an American since its establishment in 1948; McNamara is generally regarded as the most dynamic of all.

Specifically, (1) he has been the prime force in opening up borrowing from OPEC countries such as Saudi Arabia; (2) he has shifted the emphasis of the World Bank from traditional projects (dams, roads, power plants) to projects aimed directly at poor people in the developing countries (rural development, water supply, sewage projects for small towns); (3) he reorganized the Bank in 1972, setting up six regions served by three affiliate banks (Asian Development Bank, African Development Bank, Inter-American Development Bank) and (4) he has greatly increased lending. As ex-officio President of International Development Association (IDA) and President of the World Bank, IDA and WB combined loans increased from about one billion in 1967 to 6.7 billion in 1976.

The Executive Directors of the World Bank select its President; traditionally the U.S. President has informally indicated whom he prefers, and the directors have always selected that person. The annual meeting of the World Bank is here in Washington during the first week of October 1977. Selection of a new President will be a major item of interest.

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for Preservation Purposes

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 12, 1977

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT

FROM: ZBIGNIEW BRZEZINSKI ZB,

SUBJECT: Your Meeting with World Bank President McNamara

While I assume that your meeting will focus primarily on renewing U.S. support for McNamara as President of the World Bank, several other issues may come up.

First, McNamara is concerned with the overall structure of foreign assistance to the developing countries. He has, in recent speeches, focused heavily on meeting the "basic needs" of the poor and on such structural problems as rural and urban poverity, population, food production, and helping developing countries export more in order ultimately to rely less on aid. You might sound him out a bit on his overall development strategy and how he sees the World Bank and the U.S. fitting in.

Second, there have recently been discussions between U.S. and Bank officials on the idea of a "world development program" or "budget." During the campaign you said: "We might also seek to institutionalize, under the World Bank, a world development budget, in order to rationalize and coordinate these and other efforts." A number of ideas have been circulated as to how this might be done (an informal paper from the Bank staff is attached). Henry Owen is looking into the possibility of including in the Summit declaration a request that the World Bank, in cooperation with the IMF, staff out the concept, for later consideration by countries concerned. Like any new idea, this one will encounter objections. But it could pay off, both in enhancing the effectiveness of development efforts by developing and developed countries and in providing a more effective framework for aid requests to legislatures -- in addition to the novelty and drama that it would add to the Summit's treatment of North-South issues. You may want to ask McNamara's view as to useful next steps. He is strongly in favor of the basic idea.

Third, McNamara may raise his earlier proposal for a commission of prestigious individuals to examine and make recommendations on North-South economic relations in the 1980's. Former German Chancellor Brandt has agreed to head this group. The U.S. has withheld formal support, believing that it is desirable not to appear to be creating a new institution while the Conference on International Economic Cooperation (CIEC) is still in session. On the other hand, the commission could be useful in generating wider support for multilateral aid and possibly in generating new ideas. You might listen to McNamara's views on this and tell him we will get back to him after CIEC.

A WORLD DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

Objective: The purpose of a World Development Program would be to

(a) develop a framework which will enable both donors and LDCs to see their respective roles in the development process;

(b) establish a basis for reviewing progress in future years.

Principal Elements: A World Development Program would seek to define the domestic savings, foreign exchange earnings and structural adjustments required in developing countries, and the external capital flows associated with achieving a range of development objectives within, say, five or ten years. Underlying such an analysis must be assumptions about overall, aggregate growth rates in developing and developed countries, to assure consistency among development objectives, to derive internal and external capital requirements and to assure that trade and capital flows are broadly consistent with the development objectives. The emphasis would be on the policies necessary to meet the development targets.

Development Strategy: The Development Program would outline action programs in some of the principal areas of concern. The action programs would differentiate between different categories of LDCs to the extent feasible. Issues which might be covered in a first attempt could include:

Food Production: Definition of principal deficit areas; prospects for growth with present policies; policies needed to accelerate growth in different types of countries; policies needed to increase effective demand of specific target groups.

Population: Identification of population dynamics and impact on such areas as health, literacy, employment; areas of serious over-population pressures; areas with highest rates of growth; present programs and policies; targetted reductions to Net Reproduction Rate of 1; policy packages associated with such targets; implications for development planning.

Rural Poverty: Profiles of rural poverty in different types of LDCs; objectives to reduce specific aspects of rural poverty with particular emphasis on programs to raise the productivity of the small farmers; actions affecting literacy, water supply, electrification and health facilities.

Urban Poverty: Profiles of poverty in different types of cities in LDC groups; known and experimental tools to improve standards of life and productivity; objectives in terms of services (shelter, water, health, etc.) and numbers covered; policy implications and resource allocations.

Export Development: Export patterns and performance by groups of LDCs. Growth rates by types of commodities; implications for supply and price; market impact in importing countries of targetted expansion; investments and technology requirements for export expansion; associated domestic policy changes.

Trade Levels and Capital Flows: The Development Program would estimate trade levels and broad ranges of capital flows by groups of developing countries. Alternatives would be shown based on specified trade liberalization actions. Capital flows would be divided into ODA, other public flows and private flows. The relation between gross flows and net flows would be identified by groups of countries.

Work to be Done: A first attempt at a World Development Program, along the lines sketched above, could be done in one year. Considerable material is available for the sectors mentioned above, and possibly one or two others. Such a version would not be complete, but it could be added to in future years. Yet, even in this limited form, a World Development Program could contribute significantly to the world's understanding of how to accelerate development and reduce poverty in the developing countries.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 12, 1977

Hugh Carter

The attached was returned in the President's outbox. It is forwarded to you for appropriate handling.

Rick Hutcheson

cc: The First Lady

Re: Report of Gifts Received

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

ACTION	FYI	
		MONDALE
		COSTANZA
		EIZENSTAT
		JORDAN
		LIPSHUTZ
		MOORE
		POWELL
		WATSON

	ENROLLED BILL
	AGENCY REPORT
	CAB DECISION
	EXECUTIVE ORDER

Comments due to Carp/Huron within 48 hours; due to Staff Secretary next day

	FOR STAFFING
	FOR INFORMATION
X	FROM PRESIDENT'S OUTBOX
	LOG IN/TO PRESIDENT TODAY
	IMMEDIATE TURNAROUND

		ARAGON
		BOURNE
		BRZEZINSKI
		BUTLER
		CARP
X		H. CARTER
		CLOUGH
		FALLOWS
X		FIRST LADY
		GAMMILL
		HARDEN
		HOYT
		HUTCHESON
		JAGODA
		KING

		KRAFT
		LANCE
		LINDER
		MITCHELL
		POSTON
		PRESS
		B. RAINWATER
		SCHLESINGER
		SCHNEIDERS
		SCHULTZE
		SIEGEL
		SMITH
		STRAUSS
		WELLS
		VOORDE

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 11, 1977

Hugh -
Send to Rosalynn
in future - not to
me
J

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: HUGH CARTER

SUBJECT: Gifts Received March 1 - March 31, 1977
Per your Request

During the month of March 1977, a total of 1,161 gifts for the President or First Family were received by the White House Gift Unit, mostly from the general public (1,092).

Of the 1,161 received, 500 have been returned with the appropriate acknowledgement, where the sender was known.

The 661 gifts accepted comprised:

	Head/State	VIP	Gen. Public	Total
Publications	12	25	570	607
Flowers & Food*	2	--	27	29
Personal Presentations	--	4	1	5
Other	16	4	--	20
	30	33	598	661

*Destroyed

The following tabs contain details:

1. Names and descriptions of State gifts (all accepted)
2. Names and descriptions of VIP gifts accepted and returned
3. Names of donors of all gifts accepted, listed by category in order of receipt
4. Names of donors of gifts returned

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

NC

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 12, 1977

Stu Eizenstat -

The attached was returned in the President's outbox and is sent to you for your information.

Rick Hutcheson

Re: Shipbuilding Claims

nuclear attack submarines. The Investigations Subcommittee of the House Armed Services Committee has announced it will "conduct a thorough investigation of naval shipbuilding claims."

- Many of the actions and statements made by Department of Defense officials in the past Administration have been interpreted by the shipbuilders and Navy procurement officials as indicating that the prior Administration wanted the Navy to take care of the shipbuilders' financial problems rather than enforcing their contracts. If that approach continues, it will ultimately lead to an erosion of the Government's ability to enforce any of its contracts.

- If the new Administration intends its procurement officials to enforce Government contracts, then this policy should be made crystal clear to all agency heads and procurement officials. This is particularly important in the naval shipbuilding claims area. Further, the agencies should be instructed to give their fullest support to the Justice Department in its efforts to enforce Government contracts.

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 12, 1977

David Aaron

"Please Expedite"

Rick Hutcheson

Re: Allen French's application
for U.S. Navy Health Profession
Scholarship Program(Dental)

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

cc David
Aaron

note from me -
"please expedite"

Nick

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

To David Aaron

Mr. President:

David Aaron of Brzezinksi's staff suggests that NSC inquire into the status of Allen French's application, but not imply "White House" interest.

If you agree, NSC will proceed, and will forward to you a response for Arthur French..

ok. enquire - use no influence -

Rick

J

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What can I do about this? R

325 Amberidge Trail
Atlanta, Georgia 30328
March 31, 1977

Mrs. Rosalyn Carter 611
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, D. C. 20006

Dear Rosalyn,

Jimmy asked that I write to you so that he would be sure to get the following information.

Allen, our son, is graduating from the University of Georgia this June and has been accepted at the Medical College of Georgia School of Dentistry for enrollment this September.

Allen has applied for a commission in the Navy under the U. S. Navy Health Professions Scholarship Program (Dental). If he were to be accepted under that program, the Navy would pay his full four years expenses in dental school and in turn Allen would serve at least four years in the Naval Dental Corps after graduation from dental school. Allen has always indicated that he wanted to serve in the Navy and he says he would make a career of it as a Navy dentist.

Allen has wanted to be a dentist since about the seventh grade in school and he has worked very hard in order to prepare himself for admission to a dental school. He was accepted at several dental schools and he chose the Medical College of Georgia. Not only has he done very well in his grades but he has been on the Dean's list many times and has been initiated into several honor societies. He has been involved in many extra curricular activities and is a well rounded young man. He has developed into a young man that any father would be quite proud of.

His application to the Navy has been approved by the Atlanta Naval board and it is now in Washington for review and final approval. The application was sent to: Commander, Navy Recruiting Command, Washington, D. C. and the selection will be made by a board of senior dental officers who convene at the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery (Dental) in Washington.

Allen is very anxious to get into the Naval program and any recommendation or assistance that you can give him will be very much appreciated by Allen as well as me.

Please let me know if you need additional information and if you want to talk to Allen, I can get him up to see you at any time.

House telephone number 404-256-9252 - Office 404-873-6611.

His full name is Arthur Allen French and Social Security Number 197-42-5425.

Thanks very much.

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Respectfully,
Arthur French
Arthur French

Jack, this is additional information to a letter sent to Rosalynn on Wednesday of last week. Mr. French wants you to give this to your father.

April 8, 1977

Jimmy,

The Atlanta Naval Office has just advised me that the applications, including Allen's, for the Navy Health Professions Scholarship Program, will be reviewed in Washington starting April 15, 1977. I did not have this information when my March 31 letter was sent to Rosalynn. Since April 15 is so close, I thought you should have this additional information now.

/s/ Arthur French

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 14, 1977

MEMORANDUM FOR: ~~RICK HUTCHESON~~ The President

FROM: DAVID AARON

SUBJECT: Application of Arthur Allen French for Commission in the Navy

In accordance with the President's instructions at Tab B, we have made discreet enquiries regarding the status of the application of Allen French for a commission in the Navy Professional Health Program.

We have done no more than to determine that the application has been received; is in proper form and will be considered along with all others when the board meets beginning on April 25, 1977.

A proposed letter for the President's signature is attached at Tab A.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

To Arthur French

I am delighted to learn of Allen's application for a commission under the U.S. Navy Health Professionals Scholarship Program and his interest in becoming a dentist.

Allen's application has been received by the Navy Recruiting Command here in Washington. The board begins its deliberation on April 25, 1977 and I am sure he will receive every appropriate consideration.

Sincerely,

Jimmy

Mr. Arthur French
325 Amberidge Trail
Atlanta, Georgia 30328

p.s. I wish him well-

J

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 12, 1977

Z. Brzezinski -

The attached note to Secretary Vance was returned in the President's outbox. Please arrange for delivery to him.

Rick Hutcheson

Re: Possible Trip to Brazil

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

cc VANCE

ACTION	FYI	
		MONDALE
		COSTANZA
		EIZENSTAT
		JORDAN
		LIPSHUTZ
		MOORE
		POWELL
		WATSON

	ENROLLED BILL
	AGENCY REPORT
	CAB DECISION
	EXECUTIVE ORDER

Comments due to Carp/Huron within 48 hours; due to Staff Secretary next day

	FOR STAFFING
	FOR INFORMATION
	FROM PRESIDENT'S OUTBOX
	LOG IN/TO PRESIDENT TODAY
	IMMEDIATE TURNAROUND

		ARAGON
		BOURNE
	X	BRZEZINSKI
		BUTLER
		CARP
		H. CARTER
		CLOUGH
		FALLOWS
		FIRST LADY
		GAMMILL
		HARDEN
		HOYT
		HUTCHESON
		JAGODA
		KING

		KRAFT
		LANCE
		LINDER
		MITCHELL
		POSTON
		PRESS
		B. RAINWATER
		SCHLESINGER
		SCHNEIDERS
		SCHULTZE
		SIEGEL
		SMITH
		STRAUSS
		WELLS
		VOORDE

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

4-12-77

To Cy Vance

Let's plan for a 10-day trip in June, to be as substantive as possible-

Keep open option to cancel without embarrassment-

J. C

cc Cy
I
FYI only
re Brazil

DAVID WAYNE SMITH
520 CLUBWOOD COURT
INDIAN HILLS
MARIETTA, GEORGIA 30060

April 6, 1977

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN.

President and Mrs. Jimmy Carter
The White House
Washington, D. C.

Dear President and Mrs. Carter:

Attached is a letter to me from my good friend, Gary Neeleman, about our country's relations with Brazil.

Gary was at the NCAA Basketball Finals in Atlanta the last week in March and he and I got to talking about the U.S.A. and Brazil.

I do not agree with Gary concerning everything he has in his letter to me. However, he makes some good observations. Gary is one of the most currently knowledgeable people about Brazil that I know. Being with United Press International, he talks by telephone with people in that country two or three times each week. Besides this, Gary is a good man. He is usually level headed in his assessment of things. He is a loyal American who loves Brazil.

Naturally, I did not tell Gary of any possible goodwill mission to Brazil which the White House may be planning.

Knowing the Brazilians as I do, I am convinced that there are two principal areas which are equally important, that need immediate attention. The first is that the United States make some gesture which will clearly indicate to the Brazilians that we know they are our friends and that we want that friendship to be continued and strengthened. A goodwill trip, either by the American President and/or the First Lady would be such a gesture. The second area is that official diplomatic channels need to start dealing with the critical issues which are dividing us. This probably already is taking place. I hope so.

Please let me know if I can be helpful in any way. My contacts and relationships in Brazil continue to be quite strong.

Sincerely,

Wayne

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cc CJ

United Press International

GENERAL OFFICES
NEWS BUILDING, 220 EAST 42ND STREET
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

GARY J. NEELEMAN
REGIONAL EXECUTIVE
803 TRIBUNE BLDG.
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84111
PHONE 328-0726

April 2, 1977

Rev. Wayne Smith
Decatur Presbyterian Church
205 Sycamore
Decatur, Georgia 30030

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN.

Dear Wayne:

I enjoyed our visit in Atlanta last week. I particularly enjoyed our conversations about Brazil, and I continue to be very concerned about the current state of affairs between our two countries. I know you share this concern as you are one of the few I know who has as much affection for that great country and its people as I have.

As a journalist, I must say I agree with the President's human rights campaign; but I also feel there has not been enough effort by the administration, nor any previous administration for that matter, to understand the complexities of Brazil and then act accordingly. For example, I feel our public statements regarding human rights violations in Brazil, without first discussing our findings with some of our old friends within the Brazilian government, was wrong. Maybe this was done, but it was not apparent in their reaction.

I don't have to tell you that Brazil has always been sensitive to the fact that we do not give them proper consideration in view of their great size, vast population and strategic significance in the hemisphere. Historically, they have a record of being one of our most reliable allies. Few Americans, for example, are even aware of the fact that Brazil sent troops to Italy during the Second World War, and many of the young officers involved in that expeditionary force are running Brazil today. These people have traditionally been our friends.

Undoubtedly, the Portuguese language has been the principal barrier which has contributed to such mass ignorance in the U.S. of Brazil and her people. I had lived and been a correspondent in Brazil for nearly 10 years, and people at home were still asking me how my Spanish was doing. One Brazilian friend told me once, "you Americans and we Brazilians have a great deal in common, but the most important thing is that neither of us speak Spanish." In spite of this and other important areas of commonality, we seem to continue to lump Brazil---with all her vast natural and human resources---into that traditional Latin American package. Brazil really is different, as you know. They have more to offer, and without them as a friend, we have more to lose.

This week President Ernesto Geisel invoked emergency powers and recessed congress for an indefinite period...again. UPI's story from Brasilia says, "political observers said the opposition may have been emboldened by the recent human rights pressure from the Carter administration of Brazil." At this point we can't say the administration's public criticism of the Brazilian government has helped restore democracy to Brazil.

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I have had a house full of Brazilian friends for the past week. First, there was Jose Claudio dos Reis, V.P. of the Brazilian Basketball Confederation, a coach friend of his, and a young student planning to study in Utah. This week we have a young couple with us from Santos, Brazil--friends for the past 20 years. I have spoken this week to other Brazilian friends, and heard from others on the problem.

All of these fine people echo those things we discussed last week in Atlanta. First of all, they point out they all had great expectations from the new Carter administration. Things began to change with our efforts to scuttle their atomic reactor deal with West Germany. Then came the coffee problem...and now human rights. They feel, of course, that all of these problems are due to our lack of understanding of their needs and difficulties.

There is a concensus that in one definition of human rights the Brazilians are much better off than we are in the United States. They point out the rank-and-file Brazilian has far less interference from the Federal and State governments than we have.

The Brazilians are the first to agree their government leaves much to be desired, but in choosing between what they call the "directed democracy" of the past 13 years, and the political opportunism and anarchy of the early sixties, all would choose the military government of today. Naturally, they are hoping for an early return to a full representative form of government, but patience is one of the great virtues of the Brazilian people, and as former U.S. Ambassador Lincoln Gordon once said to me, "as long as they seem to be enroute to a democracy, I feel alright about it." There is no question but what we should be encouraging them to get there as soon as possible. But, maybe this can best be done by letting them know first that we "care" about them.

The Brazilians I have talked to in the past year feel the U.S. has not tried to understand their current economic and energy crisis. The fact we would block the atomic power deal with West Germany when the nation's inflation has soared from 6% to 46% in a year with the rising price of oil, is evidence of this. They only produce 17% of their own petroleum requirements and it isn't getting any better. They definitely feel lack of energy resources is their only obstacle to becoming a world power, and with few known oil reserves and no coal to speak of, it <u>has</u> to be atomic power, they think. We seem to be standing in their way, and they can't understand this.

Notwithstanding the fact that there really was a coffee freeze, coffee still remains Brazil's chief foreign exchange product, and the rising price of oil will automatically have a bearing on the price of coffee in the future. They have to pay for their oil somehow. They resent the rising public sentiment in the U.S. for a coffee boycott, with no apparent effort on our part to understand their trade deficit problem.

Finally, the Brazilians are baffled by our inconsistancy. In one breath we condemn Brazil for human rights violations, and in another we pledge to work for normalizing relations with Cuba and North Vietnam. Cuba has no greater natural enemy anywhere than Brazil. Yet, we court Castro and criticize Brazil. It would seem to me if we had to choose, and we might, Brazil should certainly get the nod.

In Africa, we continue to supply arms and assistance to Zaire, even though their human rights record is far from perfect. In fact, it too is a military dictatorship. Why Zaire and not Brazil, they ask. Political expedience?

Wayne, I realize the answer is not an easy one. But, as an old Brazil hand, I would certainly hope the administration does something quickly to head off any further deterioration of our relations with this very important country. My experience with State through the Partners, and my long association with Brazil and the Brazilians tells me we are short on Brazilian specialists at high levels. There are good people around the country, however, you included. I would hope the administration would move as soon as possible to let the Brazilians know we do care about them, if it means forming some kind of special advisory group to get the job done.

In short, somebody from here has got to begin talking with somebody there. They are too important in the long haul to let them slip away from us. I'm afraid the old saying, "as Brazil goes, so goes the rest of South America," is too true.

Forgive my rambling, but as an old Brazilian yourself, I felt I should bounce my frustrations off you. I will be in Brazil at the end of the month with the University of Arkansas basketball team. I plan to visit with the Mequitas of O Estado de Sao Paulo, among others. I will pass their observations along to you.

Good luck on the Friendship Force. It's a great idea.

Best personal regards,

Gary J. Neeleman

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH

GARY J. NEELEMAN

Gary J. Neeleman is a native of Salt Lake City, Utah. Born Feb. 4, 1934. He received his education in the Salt Lake City public schools, and graduated from the University of Utah. He is married with six children, three of which were born in Brazil. He is currently Regional Executive of the Inter-mountain Area for UPI.

Mr. Neeleman served an LDS mission in Brazil for nearly three years from 1954-57. He worked as an Assistant News Director for KSL Radio and TV in Salt Lake City from 1957-58 while finishing school at the University of Utah.

Early in 1958 he joined United Press International in Salt Lake, and was subsequently transferred to New York for a brief period prior to his overseas assignment.

He returned to Brazil in the Fall of 1958 as Bureau Manager and correspondent for UPI in the city of Sao Paulo, Brazil. He held this position for nearly seven years, and traveled extensively throughout Latin America.

While stationed in Brazil, he worked on many of the important stories of the decade in that area. Some of these included an interview with Fidel Castro in 1959; President Eisenhower's visit to South America in 1968; the highjacking on the high seas of the Portuguese ocean liner, the Santa Maria in 1961; inauguration of Brasilia, Brazil's hinterland

capital; the 1963 Pan American Games held in Sao Paulo; the Brazilian Revolution of 1964; President de Gaulle's South American visit in 1964, and others.

While in South America, he also contributed to various other publications, including Time, Life, Fortune, Sports Illustrated and the Saturday Evening Post.

He is a member of the Overseas Press Club of America and the Brazilian Press Association. He was presented the Journalists' Medal of Merit by the Sao Paulo Journalists' Association following the 1964 Revolution for "important services rendered to the preservation of a free and democratic press in Brazil". He has been a trustee on the Utah Council for International Visitors.

He continues to be involved in South America. He has given over 500 speeches throughout the West on Latin America over the past seven years. He is the chairman of the Utah-Bolivia Partners Committee , and has been in Latin America part of every year for the past 22 years.

He is also is a member of the Executive Committee of the National Association of the Partners of the Alliance and a member of the board of the Partners of the Americas.

Under Mr. Neeleman's leadership as Executive Secretary and later Chairman of the Utah-Bolivia partners, Utah School children have helped build over 60 schools on the Bolivian

High Plain. Utah Dentists have installed 15 dental clinics and Utah physicians have contributed thousands of dollars in equipment and supplies to Bolivian hospitals.

He has been awarded the Bolivian Grand Order of Education, that country's highest decoration for Educational services rendered to the people of Bolivia. The decoration was presented by Bolivian President General Hugo Banzer. He has also been advised he will receive the "Order of the Condor of the Andies", Bolivia's highest decoration for humanitarian services rendered to the people of Bolivia.

He speaks, reads and write the Portuguese language, and speaks and reads Spanish.

He returned to Salt Lake City in his present assignment early in 1965.

THE WHITE HOUSE
SIGNATURE MUST BE SECURED

TO:
The Honorable Patricia Roberts Harris
Secretary of HUD
Washington, D.C. 20410

DATE 4/12/77
NUMBER 005151
TIME REC'D 3:25

RECEIVED BY W. Lake

DELIVERED BY RICK HUTCHESON

RETURN RECEIPT ~~ROOM 81 IN O.E.O.B.~~

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 12, 1977

Secretary Harris -

The attached was returned in the President's outbox. It is forwarded to you for appropriate handling.

Rick Hutcheson

cc: Hamilton Jordan
Jim King

Re: Recommendation of Phillip C. Lauria as HUD Regional Director - Southeastern Region

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

cc HARRIS

ACTION	FYI	
		MONDALE
		COSTANZA
		EIZENSTAT
X		JORDAN
		LIPSHUTZ
		MOORE
		POWELL
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	ENROLLED BILL
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	CAB DECISION
	EXECUTIVE ORDER

Comments due to Carp/Huron within 48 hours; due to Staff Secretary next day

	FOR STAFFING
	FOR INFORMATION
X	FROM PRESIDENT'S OUTBOX
	LOG IN/TO PRESIDENT TODAY
	IMMEDIATE TURNAROUND

		ARAGON
		BOURNE
		BRZEZINSKI
		BUTLER
		CARP
		H. CARTER
		CLOUGH
		FALLOWS
		FIRST LADY
		GAMMILL
		HARDEN
		HOYT
		HUTCHESON
		JAGODA
X		KING

		KRAFT
		LANCE
		LINDER
		MITCHELL
		POSTON
		PRESS
		B. RAINWATER
		SCHLESINGER
		SCHNEIDERS
		SCHULTZE
		SIEGEL
		SMITH
		STRAUSS
		WELLS
		VOORDE

cc Pat Harris
JC

March 23, 1977

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN.

President Jimmy Carter
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, D. C. 20500

Re: Mr. Phillip C. Lauria
Pending Appointment of
HUD Regional Director
Southeastern Region.

Dear Jimmy:

Congressman Jack Flynt of the Sixth District has recommended Mr. Phillip C. Lauria to the post of HUD Regional Administrator for the Southeast. I know Phil Lauria personally and he thinks he can eliminate a lot of red tape and restore HUD back to the position that it held ten years ago when HUD and FHA played a major role in providing housing for the people in the southeast. I would appreciate it if you would check Phil's qualifications carefully when making this appointment.

Also, Phil and his wife were early supporters of yours when you ran for governor. Phil's wife held a fund raising tea which Rosalynn attended in East Point, Georgia.

Jimmy, keep up the good work. We are all proud of you down here.

Sincerely,

Lee Wall

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for Preservation Purposes

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

4/12/77

Z. Brzezinski
Tim Kraft

The attached was returned in the President's outbox. It is forwarded to you for appropriate handling.

Rick Hutcheson

Re: Proposed Visits of King Hassan of Morocco and Prime Minister Nouira of Tunisia

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

ACTION	FYI	
		MONDALE
		COSTANZA
		EIZENSTAT
		JORDAN
		LIPSHUTZ
		MOORE
		POWELL
		WATSON

	ENROLLED BILL
	AGENCY REPORT
	CAB DECISION
	EXECUTIVE ORDER

Comments due to Carp/Huron within 48 hours; due to Staff Secretary next day

	FOR STAFFING
	FOR INFORMATION
X	FROM PRESIDENT'S OUTBOX
	LOG IN/TO PRESIDENT TODAY
	IMMEDIATE TURNAROUND

		ARAGON
		BOURNE
	X	BRZEZINSKI - hand carry
		BUTLER
		CARP
		H. CARTER
		CLOUGH
		FALLOWS
		FIRST LADY
		GAMMILL
		HARDEN
		HOYT
		HUTCHESON
		JAGODA
		KING

	X	KRAFT
		LANCE
		LINDER
		MITCHELL
		POSTON
		PRESS
		B. RAINWATER
		SCHLESINGER
		SCHNEIDERS
		SCHULTZE
		SIEGEL
		SMITH
		STRAUSS
		WELLS
		VOORDE

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 12, 1977

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT

FROM: TIM SMITH TLS

SUBJECT: The Attached

Authorization for these two general invitations is requested by State in view of Habib's current trip to North Africa.

The scheduling office concurs in the NSC recommendation to put these visits off until the end of the year or early next year.

The foreign visitor schedule this summer, and particularly this fall (including the U.N. General Assembly session), is potentially quite heavy.

We are working with State and NSC on a long-range foreign scheduling proposal for your review. In some cases, there is strong disagreement between State and NSC on priorities. Some of that is reflected in the attached.

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for Preservation Purposes

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: ZBIGNIEW BRZEZINSKI

SUBJECT: Proposed Visits of King Hassan of Morocco and Prime Minister Nouira of Tunisia

King Hassan of Morocco and Prime Minister Nouira of Tunisia have each indicated a desire to meet with you. Philip Habib, the Under-secretary of State for Political Affairs, is currently traveling through North Africa and would like to be able to respond to these requests during his visits to Tunisia and Morocco.

The number of proposed official and state visits in the second half of 1977 is very heavy, and there are other visits which will be more important than either of these, notably the Shah of Iran, whom we would like to invite at some point early this fall. In addition, an official visit by the new Israeli Prime Minister following the elections in May is a very real prospect. I therefore believe that these visits should be put off as far as possible.

I recommend that Mr. Habib be authorized to inform both Prime Minister Nouira and King Hassan that you have agreed ~~in principle~~ to meet with them in Washington at a mutually convenient time, but late this year or in early 1978.

Approve V as amended

Disapprove

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for Preservation Purposes

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 12, 1977

Bert Lance -

The attached was returned in the President's outbox. It is forwarded to you for appropriate handling.

Rick Hutcheson

cc: The Vice President
Stu Eizenstat
Jack Watson
Hugh Carter
Richard Harden

Re: Consultant Contracts

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

ACTION	FYI	
	X	MONDALE
		COSTANZA
	X	EIZENSTAT
		JORDAN
		LIPSHUTZ
		MOORE
		POWELL
	X	WATSON

	ENROLLED BILL
	AGENCY REPORT
	CAB DECISION
	EXECUTIVE ORDER

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	FOR INFORMATION
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		ARAGON
		BOURNE
		BRZEZINSKI
		BUTLER
		CARP
	X	H. CARTER
		CLOUGH
		FALLOWS
		FIRST LADY
		GAMMILL
	X	HARDEN
		HOYT
		HUTCHESON
		JAGODA
		KING

		KRAFT
	X	LANCE
		LINDER
		MITCHELL
		POSTON
		PRESS
		B. RAINWATER
		SCHLESINGER
		SCHNEIDERS
		SCHULTZE
		SIEGEL
		SMITH
		STRAUSS
		WELLS
		VOORDE

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

4-12-77

To Bert Lance

Pursuant to our conversation, prepare for me a one-page form for describing consultant contracts in effect in our government.

Include such items as:

a) Name of consulting firm
b) Principals & special qualifications
c) Name of project
d) Information/advice to be derived
e) Total fee being paid to consultant
f) Date work commenced
g) Date work to be completed
h) Degree of need or benefit
i) Agency head recommendation.

Please expedite. J. Carter

Electrostatic Copy Made
for Preservation Purposes

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 12, 1977

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: STU EIZENSTAT Stu

SUBJECT: Anti-Inflation Statement

You requested today that we attempt to tighten and focus Charlie Schultze's draft of the inflation statement.

As a first step my staff and Charlie's have developed the following, which I think could be a tight, specific beginning to the inflation statement.

It lists the major elements of the package in one place.

We are now developing a rhetorical framework for the balance of the statement.

With respect to the points on the Council on Wage and Price Stability and our efforts with respect to achieving cooperation with the labor and business communities, we may modify the language based on conversations which Secretaries Blumenthal and Marshall and Charlie Schultze are having now with major business leaders and with the AFL-CIO.

We expect by the end of the day tomorrow to have another draft of the full statement to you.

We are all in agreement, in line with your statements to the Economic Policy Group, that the full statement should have a section which attempts to educate the public to the causes of inflation, both those which the government can control and those such as the weather which it cannot control.

We have not put into the summary any statement about "jawboning" even in general terms (for example, "I promise an Administration which will stand up publicly against excessive price and wage increases"). There is disagreement among your advisers on this point and I hope by the end of the day tomorrow, when we give you a draft of the full statement, that this issue may be resolved.

Electrostatic Copy Made
for Preservation Purposes

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 12, 1977

To Jo Ann Wilson

I deeply appreciate your thoughtful message. Thanks for letting me hear from you.

Sincerely,

Jimmy

Mrs. Alfred F. Wilson
6602 Cypress Point
Houston, Texas 77069

P.S.
Please give my regards to Mr. Wilson.

J

1.2 Mail samples

WASHINGTON, D. C.

C

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN.

12 April 1977

Dear Mr. President:

While I was on a submarine sea trial over the past three days, I thought of some general words for introducing your proposed energy speech. Possibly one or more of these ideas may be of use to you.

Very respectfully,

H. G. Rickover

The President
The White House

Electrostatic Copy Made
for Preservation Purposes

We face a grave situation unprecedented in our history. It is not yet a crisis, but it will become one if we do not act quickly. We know that by the end of this century sufficient supplies of oil and gas—which are the major energy sources in the United States—will not be available. We must start to prepare ourselves today for the hardships we see ahead. By acting now we can shape our future instead of letting the future shape us.

The measures I am proposing will affect each of us as individuals, they will affect industry, and they can affect our strength and power as a nation. The measures which I propose include efforts to make several sources of energy available, but we cannot assume that they will all be successful, or that they will meet all of our needs. No one should be permitted to profit unduly or unfairly from the actions we must take.

Always, when our country has had to engage in war or an emergency, we have been willing to make sacrifices for the common good. The energy situation that lies before us can be considered as the moral equivalent of war—except that we will be uniting our efforts to build—not destroy. There are countries where men and women are told what they must do. In our nation we obey the laws of our elected representatives. How we conduct ourselves will prove whether a nation of free men can act—not only during war, but at a time equally critical.

We face a grave situation unprecedented in our history. It is not yet a crisis, but it will become one if we do not act quickly. We know that by the end of this century sufficient supplies of oil and gas—which are the major energy sources in the United States—will not be available. We must start to prepare ourselves today for the hardships we see ahead. By acting now we can shape our future instead of letting the future shape us.

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MEETING TO COMMENCE CITIZEN REVIEW PROJECT

OF ACTION'S DOMESTIC PROGRAMS

Tuesday, April 12, 1977
2:25 PM (5 minutes)
Roosevelt Room

I. PURPOSE

To begin a combined citizen volunteer/ACTION staff review of the management and program systems of ACTION's domestic programs.

II. BACKGROUND, PARTICIPANTS AND PRESS PLAN

A. Background: The review project is designed to inventory the strengths and weaknesses of ACTION's domestic programs.

The project will give ACTION's new leadership the information necessary to better carry out its legislative mandate to alleviate poverty.

This meeting enables the President to reiterate his firm support of direct voluntary participation at the local level to help solve the twin burdens of poverty and powerlessness.

The President can express his determination to make the programs of the federal volunteer agency as efficient and responsive as possible.

B. Participants: See Tab A

C. ACTION Domestic Fact Sheet

D. Press Plan: Pool Coverage

III. TALKING POINTS

1. General courtesy and welcome.

2. I am pleased that a review project of ACTION's domestic programs will be conducted by citizen volunteers at the grass roots level. It is important to have the federal government's volunteer agency be as responsive as possible to the needs of the citizens whom it is supposed to serve.

3. I want to thank the American Institute of CPAs for their assistance in identifying the management firms who will donate their time on this project in the public interest.

4. The programs of ACTION afford many Americans the opportunity to get involved in their own communities; to make a difference in their own lives as well as the lives of others.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 12, 1977

MEETING WITH SENATOR MUSKIE AND CONGRESSMAN ROGERS

Tuesday, April 12, 1977
3:20 p.m. (30 minutes)
The Oval Office

From: Stu Eizenstat
Kitty Schirmer

I. PURPOSE

To discuss amendments to the Clean Air Act with Senator Muskie and Congressman Rogers

II. BACKGROUND, PARTICIPANTS & PRESS PLAN

A. Background: Just prior to your meeting with Leonard Woodcock and the presidents of the major auto companies, you called Muskie and Rogers to inform them of the meeting. At that time you apparently indicated your interest in discussing auto emissions with them prior to reaching a decision on this and other Clean Air Act issues.

The Environmental Protection Agency has been working with the other agencies to develop a series of recommendations for your consideration on the Clean Air Act. A final decision memo will be circulated to senior staff and ready for your review no later than Thursday. EPA Administrator Doug Costle has been asked to testify before Paul Rogers' Subcommittee on Health and the Environment on Monday, April 18. Rogers intends to take the legislation to full Committee for mark-up immediately following that testimony. Senator Muskie has all but completed action in the Environmental and Public Works Committee, and that legislation should be ready to go to the Senate floor shortly after the Congress returns from recess.

Auto emissions are the major driving issues in this legislation, although both the Muskie and

Rogers bills deal with a number of important stationary source issues. EPA will be recommending to you an emissions schedule which follows the general lines of the Muskie/Rogers proposals. The other major emissions option is the Woodcock/auto industry/Dingell bill, which is considerably less stringent than either EPA's or the Congressional recommendations. A table showing the various emissions schedules is attached.

The purpose of this meeting is not to brief Muskie or Rogers on what the Administration intends to do, but rather to get their views on the various proposals at hand. The conversation will probably concentrate on auto emissions, but several other issues, such as non-deterioration of air quality in areas which are currently cleaner than required, policy on new growth or industrial expansion in areas now violating health-based air quality standards, and the requirement that all new stationary sources use the best available control technology (BACT) may come up. These issues will also be dealt with in EPA's memo, due Thursday.

B. Participants: Senator Muskie, Congressman Paul Rogers, EPA Administrator Doug Costle, Stu Eizenstat, Kitty Schirmer.

C. Press Plan: White House photographer

III. TALKING POINTS

1. Recognize the seriousness of the Clean Air issue -- particularly in resolving the auto emissions question -- and appreciate the prompt action on the part of both Muskie and Rogers to deal with the Clean Air Act.

2. Assure them that the Administration is making every effort to arrive at a final position on the Act, and that we hope to have a decision so that EPA can testify early next week. Recognize, however, that our Clean Air position must be carefully integrated with energy policy, and the various trade-offs in fuel economy carefully weighed.

3. Would like to hear from them on these issues, particularly on the auto emissions question, in light of the extensive hearings and Committee discussions each have had.

Attachment

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 12, 1977

Stu Eizenstat -

The attached was returned in the President's outbox. It is forwarded to you for appropriate handling.

Rick Hutcheson

cc: The Vice President
Jack Watson

Re: Timing of the Health Message

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

ACTION	FYI	
	X	MONDALE
		COSTANZA
	X	EIZENSTAT
		JORDAN
		LIPSHUTZ
		MOORE
		POWELL
	X	WATSON

	ENROLLED BILL
	AGENCY REPORT
	CAB DECISION
	EXECUTIVE ORDER

Comments due to Carp/Huron within 48 hours; due to Staff Secretary next day

	FOR STAFFING
	FOR INFORMATION
X	FROM PRESIDENT'S OUTBOX
	LOG IN/TO PRESIDENT TODAY
	IMMEDIATE TURNAROUND

		ARAGON
		BOURNE
		BRZEZINSKI
		BUTLER
		CARP
		H. CARTER
		CLOUGH
		FALLOWS
		FIRST LADY
		GAMMILL
		HARDEN
		HOYT
		HUTCHESON
		JAGODA
		KING

		KRAFT
		LANCE
		LINDER
		MITCHELL
		POSTON
		PRESS
		B. RAINWATER
		SCHLESINGER
		SCHNEIDERS
		SCHULTZE
		SIEGEL
		SMITH
		STRAUSS
		WELLS
		VOORDE

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

ACTION

April 8, 1977

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT

FROM: STU EIZENSTAT Stu

SUBJECT: Timing of Health Message

On April 4, in reviewing the new Presidential calendar with the Vice-President, you indicated your desire to postpone the April 18 health message to a later date.

I believe this decision merits your reconsideration because:

1. Secretary Califano believes such a deadline must be met to permit Dan Rostenkowski to keep his scheduled hearings on target. His House Ways and Means Health Subcommittee has scheduled cost containment hearings on April 27-29 and will need some time to review our proposal. Congressman Rostenkowski and Rogers are prepared to introduce our legislation in the House on the 18th with Senator Kennedy prepared to do the same thing in the Senate. Senator Long may do likewise.

2. The health message is being designed to support our cost containment and children's health legislation. The Administration has arranged with the relevant Congressional committees to move rapidly on these initiatives immediately after the recess.

3. Congress is under additional time pressures of its own, due to the approach of the Congressional budget deadlines.

While I realize it will come only two days before the Energy speech, I believe we should go forward with the health message on April 18. The draft message and legislation are scheduled to be on your desk for final review well before that date.

_____ Approved

_____ Disapproved

_____ Discuss

ok - proceed
J

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THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

Date: April 9, 1977

MEMORANDUM

FOR ACTION:
Vice President
Frank Moore
Jody Powell
Jack Watson
Hamilton Jordan HC

FOR INFORMATION:

FROM: Rick Hutcheson, Staff Secretary

SUBJECT:

Eizenstat memo on Timing of the Health Message

YOUR RESPONSE MUST BE DELIVERED TO THE STAFF SECRETARY BY:

TIME: 3 p.m.

DAY: ~~Tuesday~~ Monday

DATE: April 12

ACTION REQUESTED:

__X__ **Your comments**

Other:

STAFF RESPONSE:

____ **I concur.** ____ **No comment.**

Please note other comments below:

PLEASE ATTACH THIS COPY TO MATERIAL SUBMITTED.

If you have any questions or if you anticipate a delay in submitting the required material, please telephone the Staff Secretary immediately. (Telephone, 7052)

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

ACTION	FYI	
X		MONDALE
		COSTANZA
		EIZENSTAT
		JORDAN
		LIPSHUTZ
X		MOORE
X		POWELL
X		WATSON

	ENROLLED BILL
	AGENCY REPORT
	CAB DECISION
	EXECUTIVE ORDER

Comments due to Carp/Huron within 48 hours; due to Staff Secretary next day

X	FOR STAFFING
	FOR INFORMATION
	FROM PRESIDENT'S OUTBOX
	LOG IN/TO PRESIDENT TODAY
	IMMEDIATE TURNAROUND

		ARAGON
		BOURNE
		BRZEZINSKI
		BUTLER
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		FALLOWS
		FIRST LADY
		GAMMILL
		HARDEN
		HOYT
		HUTCHESON
		JAGODA
		KING

		KRAFT
		LANCE
		LINDER
		MITCHELL
		POSTON
		PRESS
		B. RAINWATER
		SCHLESINGER
		SCHNEIDERS
		SCHULTZE
		SIEGEL
		SMITH
		STRAUSS
		WELLS
		VOORDE

Jody
Bill Simon's seeking your Responce Today (Monday)
WG

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

Date: April 9, 1977

MEMORANDUM

FOR ACTION:
Vice President
Frank Moore
Jody Powell
Jack Watson
Hamilton Jordan

FOR INFORMATION:

FROM: Rick Hutcheson, Staff Secretary

SUBJECT:

Eizenstat memo on Timing of the Health Message

YOUR RESPONSE MUST BE DELIVERED TO THE STAFF SECRETARY BY:

TIME: 3 p.m.
DAY: Tuesday
DATE: April 12

ACTION REQUESTED:

__X__ Your comments

Other:

STAFF RESPONSE:

____ I concur. ____ No comment.

Please note other comments below:

This will have to be presented by our Presidential spokesman in the announcement.

JP

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 8, 1977

MEMORANDUM FOR: The President

FROM: Jack Watson

SUBJECT: Briefing by Admiral Turner for
You and Mrs. Carter
The Vice President and Mrs. Mondale
Cabinet Members and Spouses
Senior White House Staff and Spouses
Tuesday, April 12, 1977;
5:00 - 7:00 p.m., Family Theatre

Admiral Turner plans to cover the following topics:

A. Organization of the Intelligence Community

B. Functions of the Intelligence Agencies
(collecting, analyzing and producing information)

C. Examples of Intelligence Items
*gabd0iyts abd dusokats

We will break for a light supper at 6:00 p.m. A list of attendees is attached.

*CIA code

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 12, 1977

Griffin Smith -

In response to your "Presidential Recreation" memo, the President said "Can't plan on it.".

Rick Hutcheson

cc: Tim Kraft
Jim Fallows

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Note to Griffin Smith.

In response to your "Presidential Recreation" memo, The President said "Can't plan on it."

cc Tom Faelows
Tim Kraft

MEMORANDUM THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

INFORMATION 11 April 1977

TO: THE PRESIDENT

FROM: RICK HUTCHESON

SUBJECT: Summary of Memos Not Submitted

1. GRIFFIN SMITH MEMO suggesting that you and your family take a canoe trip down the Lower Canyons of the Rio Grande, which he describes as an exciting run without extreme hazards. He suggests a one-day trip next October. Advantages: personal enjoyment; support for your environmental policy (Interior & OMB recommend the Rio Grande be designated a Wild and Scenic River); and international amity (preservation of the canyons depends on cooperation between the US and Mexico).

_____not interested _____have Kraft explore the idea

Can't plan on it — J

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THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 6, 1977

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: GRIFFIN SMITH GS

SUBJECT: Presidential Recreation

In the midst of your nightly stack of papers on serious matters of state, I hope there is room for a memorandum on a less weighty subject. As a result of a conversation I had recently with Barry Jagoda, I would like to call your attention to an unusual recreational idea that you could enjoy with your family: a canoe trip down the Lower Canyons of the Rio Grande. These are the advantages:

1. PERSONAL ENJOYMENT. The Lower Canyons are one of the great wilderness experiences left in this country. No more than a thousand Americans have ever visited them. At good water levels they present an exciting run without extreme hazards, and for a canoeist like yourself, accustomed to rivers in the Eastern deciduous forests, they have notable scientific and aesthetic attractions. I do not have to tell you of the feeling of utter peace and relaxation you get by taking a break of this sort, but I can confirm from first-hand experience that a sojourn along this spring-fed ribbon oasis in the Chihuahuan Desert is not just an ordinary canoe trip.

2. SUPPORT FOR YOUR ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY. This portion of the Rio Grande is one of seven free-flowing rivers which the Interior Department, with OMB's approval, has recommended that you designate as a new Wild and Scenic River in your forthcoming environmental message. This is good news to environmentalists who have fought a long battle against the International Boundary Commission's recurring suggestions that the Lower Canyons be dammed.

3. INTERNATIONAL AMITY. As a border, these canyons ultimately depend for their preservation on cooperation between the United States and Mexico. Even a Wild River designation protects only the north bank. The long-range goal should be to encourage Mexico to set aside corresponding land for an International Peace Park.

The trip would obviously take a little time. But if Ford can ski a slope, you can canoe a river. With helicopter access you could put-in one day and take-out the next. Not to spend one night on the river would be a mistake, but a single-day trip could be done if necessary. The area is unpopulated and thus relatively easy to secure. Bob Armstrong, your Texas campaign chairman, and Don Kennard, chairman of Texas Conservationists for Carter, have each run the Lower Canyons more than once and qualify as authorities on the River. They would be glad to help. Considering both weather and water levels, next October would be a good time for such a trip. If you are interested, I can give you a copy of a recent article I have written about the Lower Canyons.

ACTION: No way; no time _____ I like it, let's explore _____

Maybe, ask again this summer _____.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

Date: April 7, 1977

MEMORANDUM

FOR ACTION:

Jody Powell nc
Tim Kraft - nc

FOR INFORMATION:

FROM: Rick Hutcheson, Staff Secretary

SUBJECT: Griffin Smith memo 4/6 re Presidential Recreation.

YOUR RESPONSE MUST BE DELIVERED TO THE STAFF SECRETARY BY:

TIME: 11:00 A.M.

DAY: Saturday

DATE: April 9, 1977

ACTION REQUESTED:

__X__ **Your comments**

Other:

STAFF RESPONSE:

____ **I concur.** ____ **No comment.**

Please note other comments below:

PLEASE ATTACH THIS COPY TO MATERIAL SUBMITTED.

If you have any questions or if you anticipate a delay in submitting the required material, please telephone the Staff Secretary immediately. (Telephone, 7052)

Date: April 7, 1977

MEMORANDUM

FOR ACTION:

Jody Powell
Tim Kraft ✓

FOR INFORMATION:

FROM: Rick Hutcheson, Staff Secretary

SUBJECT: Griffin Smith memo 4/6 re Presidential Recreation.

YOUR RESPONSE MUST BE DELIVERED TO THE STAFF SECRETARY BY:

TIME: 11:00 A.M.

DAY: Saturday

DATE: April 9, 1977

ACTION REQUESTED:

__X__ Your comments

Other:

STAFF RESPONSE:

____ I concur.

Please note other comments below:

__X__ No comment.

(by TGS; TK not here)

PLEASE ATTACH THIS COPY TO MATERIAL SUBMITTED.

If you have any questions or if you anticipate a delay in submitting the required material, please telephone the Staff Secretary immediately. (Telephone, 7052)

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Smith memo re Presidential Recreation

ACTION	FYI	
		MONDALE
		COSTANZA
		EIZENSTAT
		JORDAN
		LIPSHUTZ
		MOORE
X		POWELL
		WATSON

	ENROLLED BILL
	AGENCY REPORT
	CAB DECISION
	EXECUTIVE ORDER

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	FOR INFORMATION
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		HARDEN
		HOYT
		HUTCHESON
		JAGODA
		KING

X		KRAFT
		LANCE
		LINDER
		MITCHELL
		POSTON
		PRESS
		B. RAINWATER
		SCHLESINGER
		SCHNEIDERS
		SCHULTZE
		SIEGEL
		SMITH
		STRAUSS
		WELLS
		VOORDE