

4/26/80

Folder Citation: Collection: Office of Staff Secretary; Series: Presidential Files; Folder: 4/26/80;
Container 160

To See Complete Finding Aid:

http://www.jimmycarterlibrary.gov/library/findingaids/Staff_Secretary.pdf

WITHDRAWAL SHEET (PRESIDENTIAL LIBRARIES)

| FORM OF DOCUMENT | CORRESPONDENTS OR TITLE | DATE | RESTRICTION |
|------------------|--|---------|-------------|
| memo. | Zbigniew Brzezinski to the President. Re: Meeting with Chinese Vice Premier Geng Biao. (1p.) | 4/26/80 | A |

FILE LOCATION

Carter Presidential Papers- Staff Offices, Office of Staff Sec.-
 Pres. Handwriting File, "4/26/80." Box 183

RESTRICTION CODES

- (A) Closed by Executive Order 12356 governing access to national security information.
- (B) Closed by statute or by the agency which originated the document.
- (C) Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in the donor's deed of gift.

Definitions

- 1. Restraining Order** - Under 18 U.S.C. 922 (g)(8), firearms may not be possessed or received by persons subject to a court order that: (A) was issued after a hearing of which the person received actual notice and had an opportunity to participate in; (B) restrains such person from harassing, stalking, or threatening an intimate partner or child of such intimate partner or person, or engaging in other conduct that would place an intimate partner in reasonable fear of bodily injury to the partner or child; and (C) (i) includes a finding that such person represents a credible threat to the physical safety of such intimate partner or child; or (ii) by its terms explicitly prohibits the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against such intimate partner or child that would reasonably be expected to cause bodily injury.
- 2. Intimate Partner** - With respect to a person, the spouse of the person, a former spouse of the person, an individual who is a parent of a child of the person, or an individual who cohabitates or has cohabitated with the person.
- 3. Misdemeanor Crime of Domestic Violence** - A Federal, State, or local offense that is a misdemeanor under Federal or State law and has, as an element, the use or attempted use of physical force, or the threatened use of a deadly weapon, committed by a current or former spouse, parent, or guardian of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse, parent, or guardian, or by a person similarly situated to a spouse, parent, or guardian of the victim. The term includes all misdemeanors that have as an element the use or attempted use of physical force or the threatened use of a deadly weapon (*e.g., assault and battery*), if the offense is committed by one of the defined parties.
- 4. Secure Gun Storage or Safety Device** - (A) a device that, when installed on a firearm, is designed to prevent the firearm from being operated without first deactivating the device; (B) a device incorporated into the design of the firearm that is designed to prevent the operation of the firearm by anyone not having access to the device; or (C) a safe, gun safe, gun case, lock box, or other device that is designed to be or can be used to store a firearm and that is designed to be unlocked only by means of a key, a combination, or other similar means.
- 5. Nonimmigrant Alien** - An alien in the United States in a nonimmigrant classification. The definition includes, in large part, persons traveling temporarily in the United States for business or pleasure, persons studying in the United States who maintain a residence abroad, and certain foreign workers. The definition does NOT include permanent resident aliens.
- 6. Hunting License or Permit Lawfully Issued in the United States** - A license or permit issued by a State for hunting which is valid and unexpired.

Privacy Act Information

The following information is provided pursuant to Section 3 of the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. § 552 a(e)(3)):

- 1. Authority.** Solicitation of this information is authorized pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 923 (a) of the Gun Control Act of 1968. Disclosure of this information is mandatory if the applicant wishes to obtain a Federal Firearms License.
- 2. Purpose.** To determine the eligibility of the applicant to obtain a firearms license, and to determine the ownership of the business, the type of firearms or ammunition to be dealt in, the business hours, the business history, and the identity of the responsible persons in the business.
- 3. Routine Uses.** The information will be used by ATF to make determinations set forth in paragraph 2. In addition, information may be disclosed to other Federal, State, foreign, and local law enforcement and regulatory agency personnel to verify information on the application and to aid in the performance of their duties with respect to the enforcement and regulation of firearms and/or ammunition where such disclosure is not prohibited by law. The information may further be disclosed to the Justice Department if it appears that the furnishing of false information may constitute a violation of Federal law. Finally, the information may be disclosed to members of the public in order to verify the information on the application when such disclosure is not prohibited by law.
- 4. Effects of Not Supplying Information Requested.** Failure to supply complete information will delay processing and may result in denial of the application.
- 5. Disclosure of Social Security Number.** Disclosure of the individual's social security number is voluntary. Under 18 U.S.C. § 923 (a), ATF has the authority to solicit this information. The number may be used to verify the individual's identity. See Section 7(b) of the Privacy Act.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

This request is in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The information collection is used to determine the eligibility of the applicant to engage in certain operations, to determine location and extent of operations, and to determine whether the operations will be in conformity with Federal laws and regulations. The information requested is required to obtain or retain a benefit and is mandatory by statute (18 U.S.C. § 923).

The estimated average burden associated with this collection is 1 hour and 15 minutes per respondent or recordkeeper, depending on individual circumstances. Comments concerning the accuracy of this burden estimate and suggestions for reducing this burden should be directed to Reports Management Officer, Document Services Branch, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives, Washington, DC 20226.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

4/26/80

Please see two marked
graphs below.....

naturally, don't suggest
consultation with whoever
the fellow is....but perhaps
there are some points which
could be beneficially used
in construction of public
response.

--SSC

Called February



THE FELLOWSHIP PRESS

*cc to ZB
4/28/80*

April 25, 1980

*219-
info
J*

President Jimmy Carter
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear President:

You have used a great deal of patience in dealing with Iran. This has shown the nobility of the United States.

All America's actions need to be a result of the greatest intelligence, the greatest judgement, and the greatest wisdom at our disposal. You surely have people who excell in the first two categories, but you are not using your greatest resource as far as wisdom goes. There is a very humble man now in Philadelphia who has been studying wisdom for over half a century.

With the seriousness of the Iranian situation and the ever-present potentiality of a third world war, can you afford to pass up the opportunity of conferring with someone who may well have some needed answers? Can you afford to ignore the possibility that there may be some one in the United States who has the wisdom to clearly see the situation and to give advice that is beyond the wisdom of anyone in Washington? We pray to God that you do not ignore this resource of the United States.

Bawa Muhaiyaddeen was galvanized into action as soon as the present crisis reached the critical stage. To help avert the threat of a destructive war, he has sent letters of wise counsel to many world leaders, including yourself, President Sadat, Menachem Begin, Imam Ayatollah Khomeini and others. We are enclosing his three letters to Khomeini which are featured in this week's TIME magazine (April 28th). Bawa Muhaiyaddeen is the only Islamic authority in the world who has point-by-point discredited Khomeini as an Islamic leader. In fact, the letters clearly show that Khomeini's actions are opposite to true Islam. Khomeini is actually just using the Qur'an for political and personal gain.

If the contents of these letters become known throughout the world, then perhaps more Islamic leaders would feel free to speak out against Khomeini. This in turn could cause the Islamic countries to seriously consider breaking relations with Iran. This is one subtle way of working towards the release of the hostages.

Please note the underlined sections of the enclosed radio interview concerning the use of force in freeing the hostages. We especially want to bring your attention to one seemingly simple comment by Bawa Muhaiyaddeen, "We must show them ways to slowly release their hold (on the hostages)." To actually do this, we need to use a very high degree of wisdom such that the real effect of our actions goes unnoticed. If we act with this degree of wisdom, we will be orchestrating the change of how the Iranians view the hostages. Eventually they will think it is their idea and to their advantage to release the hostages. There is only one man who is in touch with that degree of wisdom, and that is Bawa Muhaiyaddeen.

Electrostatic Copy Made
for Preservation Purposes

By writing you, we are not seeking publicity for Bawa. In fact, we suggest that the public not know of your conferring with him at all. It is sufficient that the actions and statements of you and your staff reflect the highest degree of wisdom and understanding the country has to offer. Bawa's only aim is to aid America in averting a destructive war and to promote world peace.

Please act on this immediately. World events dictate that you use the wisest solutions to America's present dilemma.

To reach me, please call (215) 879-8604. I am usually there from 7:30 a. m. until 12:00 midnight. My home number is (215) 877-0111. We feel that Bawa's aid is crucial in this matter, but that we use utmost discretion. If you cannot reach me, please leave your name and number with the secretary, and I will call you right back.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Stephen Crawford". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned to the right of the typed name.

Stephen Crawford

P. S. We are also enclosing Bawa's letters to the American people. Their sincere plea for unity is very important at this time when some may find fault with your decision to send a commando group into Iran.

Meeting re Mid East Saturday, 4/26/80

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

USE EPA references
when possible

Mid E mtg - Sat 4-26-80

Voting rights - all Jordanians

Land - all private (+ ?)

Security - Committee (CD language)

Jurisdiction over Israelis

Authority of SGA (tabulate)

Continuing Committee

Water

Gaza first - push early - privately

Preparation of drafts

Israel, politics

Israeli 4 points

Our nation, committed
to freedom, stands united
in our determination to
restore

INFORMATION COPY

DISASTER PRIORITY

SUBJECT

RECOMMENDATION TO THE PRESIDENT ON A
REQUEST FOR A MAJOR-DISASTER DECLARATION
HAWAII

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

DATE

APR 25 1980

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
Disaster Response and Recovery
Washington, D.C. 20472

The President
The White House
Washington, D.C.

REQUEST FOR MAJOR DISASTER DECLARATION

STATE: Hawaii

TYPE OF INCIDENT: Severe storms and flooding

DATE OF INCIDENT: Beginning on or about March 14, 1980

DEATHS: Three reported

INJURIES: Numerous minor injuries

AREA AFFECTED AS REQUESTED BY THE GOVERNOR:

The County of Hawaii

COMMITMENT OF STATE AND LOCAL RESOURCES:

- o State - \$300,000 for State roads, streets and bridges
- o County - \$100,000 for county roads, streets, bridges and emergency protective measures

Total \$400,000

PRINCIPAL NEEDS EXPRESSED BY THE GOVERNOR:

- o The disaster loan program from Small Business Administration
- o Public assistance including:
 - Debris clearance
 - Repair of road systems
 - Repair of water and drainage facility

FEMA FINDINGS:

HOMES AFFECTED: 69

FAMILIES NEEDING TEMPORARY HOUSING: None indicated

BUSINESSES AFFECTED: 57

POTENTIAL DISASTER LOANS: \$565,000

UNMET UNEMPLOYMENT NEEDS: None indicated

HAWAII

POTENTIAL APPLICATIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL AND FAMILY GRANTS:

None indicated

UNMET HEALTH AND SAFETY PROBLEMS: None

SIGNIFICANT PROBLEMS CAUSED BY DAMAGES TO PUBLICLY OWNED FACILITIES: None

RECOMMENDATION:

That the Governor's request be denied.

SIGNED
JOHN W. MACY, JR.
DIRECTOR

Director
Federal Emergency Management Agency

Date: APR 25 1980

Attachments:

- Summary of Findings
- Letter to the Governor
- Representation
- Map
- Governor's Request

Begin with the pro and Agr occ fal rai Thr The

INE

PUI

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
Disaster Response and Recovery
Washington, D.C. 20472

Honorable George R. Ariyoshi
Governor of Hawaii
State Capitol
Honolulu, Hawaii 95813

Dear Governor Ariyoshi:

This is in response to your April 17, 1980, request for a major-disaster declaration by the President because of severe storms and flooding.

We have given your request careful review and consideration. Based on our on-site assessment of conditions in the affected area, in cooperation with other Federal agencies as well as State and local officials, we have concluded that the situation is not of such severity as to be beyond the response capabilities of the State of Hawaii and affected local governments. Accordingly, I must inform you of our decision not to recommend to the President that he declare a major disaster.

The Small Business Administration is processing your request for the disaster loan program. The U.S. Department of Agriculture has made available the emergency loan program from the Farmers Home Administration and the emergency conservation program by the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service. The public damage is principally to the county road system and does not pose a hardship to the public in general although it may be an inconvenience to a few residents.

State and local governments have the primary responsibility for disaster relief. Federal disaster assistance under the Disaster Relief Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-288) is supplementary in nature and provided only when effective response to a disaster is beyond the capabilities of State and local governments. Such assistance is not intended to be budgetary relief to State and local governments.

2

I regret I cannot give you a more favorable response.

Sincerely,

William H. Wilcox
Acting Director
Disaster Response and Recovery

HAWAII REPRESENTATION

The Governor of Hawaii is:

George R. Ariyoshi (D)

Hawaii Senators are:

Daniel K. Inouye (D)

Spark M. Matsunaga (D)

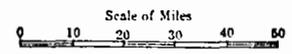
Representing the Affected Area:

Daniel K. Akaka (D)

2nd District

For further information, contact FEMA: (202) 634-4087.

CLEARTYPE COUNTY OUTLINE HAWAII

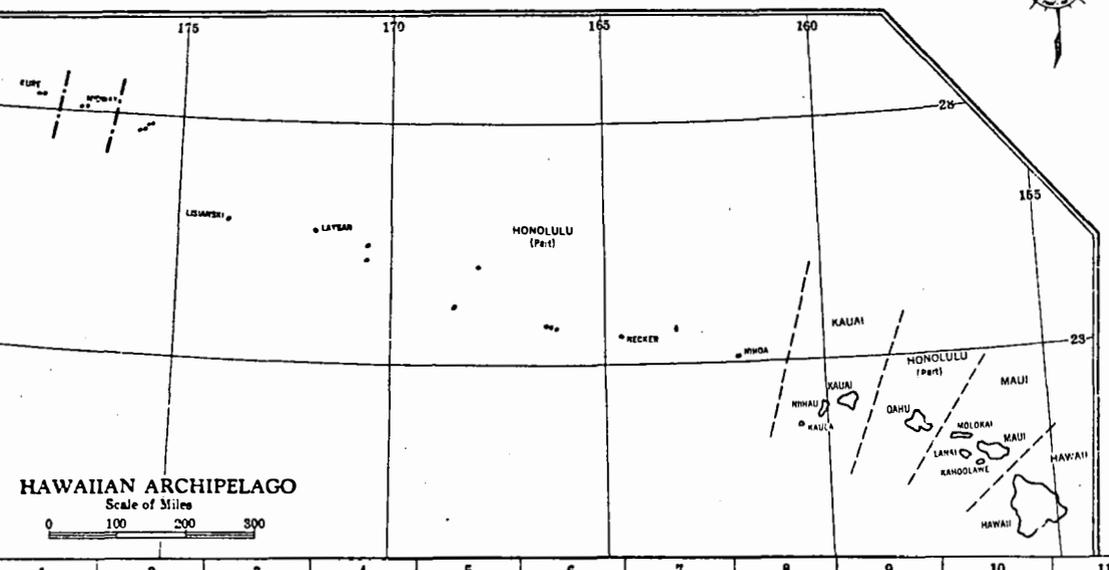
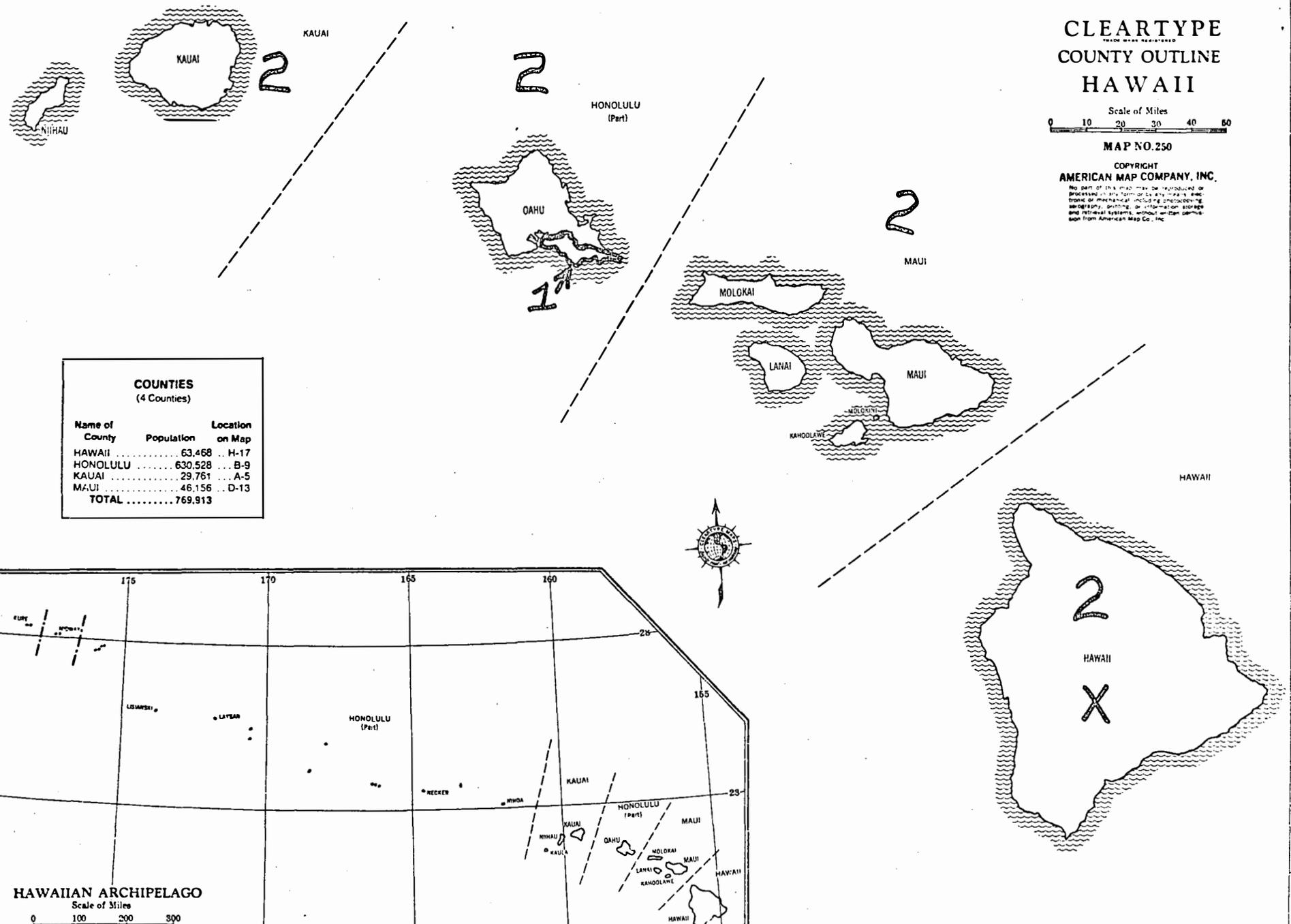


MAP NO. 250

COPYRIGHT
AMERICAN MAP COMPANY, INC.

No part of this map may be reproduced or processed in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, printing, or information storage and retrieval systems, without written permission from American Map Co., Inc.

| COUNTIES (4 Counties) | | |
|--------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Name of County | Population | Location on Map |
| HAWAII | 63,468 | H-17 |
| HONOLULU | 630,528 | B-9 |
| KAUAI | 29,761 | A-5 |
| MAUI | 46,156 | D-13 |
| TOTAL | 769,913 | |



RECEIVED
FEMA/DRR



80 APR 18 P 8:22
EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS
HONOLULU

GEORGE W. ABUSHI
2041202

April 17, 1980

310

The President
The White House
Washington, D. C. 20500

Through: Mr. Robert C. Stevens
Regional Director, Region IX
Federal Emergency Management Agency
211 Main Street, Room 228
San Francisco, California 94105

Dear Mr. President:

I respectfully request that you declare a major disaster exists in the State of Hawaii under the provisions of the Disaster Relief Act of 1974, Public Law 93-289, 93rd Congress.

Commencing on or about March 14, 1980, and continuing through March 22, 1980, the County of Hawaii was deluged with sustained heavy rains. The National Weather Service recorded rainfall of up to 120 inches on parts of Hawaii County in the month of March. As a result of the heavy sustained rains and saturated soil conditions, extensive flooding occurred through the northern, southern and eastern sections of the County of Hawaii causing widespread and extensive damage to public and private property.

The flooding forced the evacuation of 100 families to private homes and public disaster shelters opened to provide for their needs. In several areas, entire small rural communities were forced to flee to safety from the widespread flash flooding that occurred during the disaster incidence period.

Approximately 55 private residences sustained varying degrees of damage to structures and/or their contents, with one home destroyed, and two suffered major damage; 25 small business establishments were damaged; 25 small agribusinesses sustained moderate to severe damage and one sugar plantation was seriously damaged. Three fatalities and numerous minor injuries to persons were directly attributable to the heavy rains and flooding.

The estimated damage to public facilities rendering essential public services is as follows:

RECEIVED
FEMA/DRR

The President
Page 2
April 17, 1980

80 APR 18 P 8: 21

| | |
|----------------------------|---------------------|
| Streets, roads and bridges | \$ 1,447,838 |
| Water supply systems | 215,000 |
| Flood control systems | <u>191,025</u> |
| Total Public Damage | <u>\$ 1,853,863</u> |

The estimated damage to private property is as follows:

| | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| Homes and their contents | \$ 200,000 |
| Small Commercial Businesses | 315,000 |
| Small Agribusinesses | 242,000 |
| Plantations | <u>750,000</u> |
| Total Private Damage | <u>\$ 1,507,000</u> |

Grand Total Public and Private Property \$ 3,410,863

On March 17, 1980, I directed the execution of the State Emergency Preparedness Plan in accordance with Section 301 of the Law and subsequently issued a proclamation of a State major disaster pursuant to State statutes. State and county efforts in response to this disaster have been as follows:

County of Hawaii Police, Fire, Civil Defense, public works and other governmental and private agencies with disaster assistance responsibilities were mobilized to assist in the evacuation of endangered areas, rescue work, debris clearance, casualty treatment and the establishment of mass care centers.

The State Departments of Health, Social Services and Housing, Land and Natural Resources, Transportation and Defense (National Guard) mobilized their resources to augment county resources and provide disaster assistance in the stricken area.

I find that the resources and capabilities of the State and the County of Hawaii are inadequate to effectively alleviate the existing situation. Supplementary funds will be required to repair/restore disaster-damaged public facilities and provide financial assistance to individuals and families that have sustained disaster-related damages.

Pursuant to Section 301 of the Law and Federal Disaster Assistance regulations, I certify that the total of expenditures for this disaster for which no Federal reimbursement is requested will be a minimum of \$400,000 in accordance with the following table:

The President
Page 3
April 17, 1980

| | |
|--------------------------------------|------------|
| State roads, streets and bridges | \$ 300,000 |
| State Share | \$ 300,000 |
| County Emergency Protective Measures | \$ 25,000 |
| County roads, streets and bridges | 75,000 |
| County Share | \$ 100,000 |

I request that the County of Hawaii be designated as eligible for the types and amounts of Federal disaster assistance under your declaration as indicated in the attached table.

I further request that the Small Business Administration Disaster Loan Program be made available to assist individuals, families and businesses in coping with the adverse effects of this disaster.

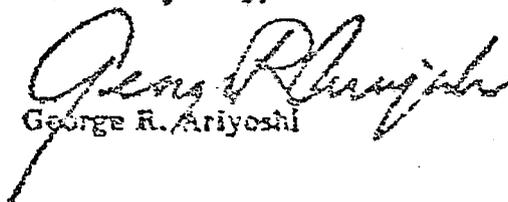
The amount of assistance required is indicated in the attached table.

Additionally, the County has suffered six disaster incidents between the February, 1979, heavy rains and flooding major disaster and March, 1980, including State declared major disasters in November, 1979, and January, 1980. The County has incurred expenditures in excess of \$2 million over and above emergency funds budgeted for such purposes in the repair of damages caused by high winds, high surf, heavy rains and flooding and for which no State or Federal reimbursement has been received. Of the four major disasters affecting the County between February 1979, and March 1980, only one (February, 1979) was declared a major disaster by the President for purposes of making Federal disaster assistance available to the County.

The State of Hawaii has expended approximately \$4 million over and above normal budgeted maintenance and repair for emergency works necessitated by severe weather conditions during the same period.

With warm personal regards, I remain,

Yours very truly,


George R. Ariyoshi

Attachment

CATEGORIES OF REQUESTED FEDERAL ASSISTANCE

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

| | |
|---|---------------------|
| Debris Clearance/Protective Measures..... | \$ 203,500 |
| Road Systems..... | 1,126,355 |
| Water and Drainage Systems..... | <u>191,725</u> |
| TOTAL..... | <u>\$ 1,461,580</u> |

INDIVIDUAL ASSISTANCE

| | |
|--|-------------------|
| Disaster Loans to Individuals and Businesses (SBA)..... | \$ <u>565,000</u> |
| TOTAL..... | <u>\$ 565,000</u> |

| | |
|------------------|---------------------|
| GRAND TOTAL..... | <u>\$ 2,026,580</u> |
|------------------|---------------------|

cc

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 25, 1980

MEMORANDUM TO THE PRESIDENT

FROM: FRANK MOORE / TSB T
SUBJECT: HILL REACTION - IRAN

For once, a surprisingly positive reaction on the Hill is helping you to weather a controversial decision with the credibility and support that, in this case more than any other, you richly deserve. There will obviously be criticism from Congress in the days ahead, but in a gratifying number of cases, key members were there today when you needed them.

In my opinion, the Leadership briefing went well. At the Senate briefing (1:00 p.m. Friday), the reception was generally better than expected. The expected questions were raised and Senator Kennedy embarrassed himself by implying in a series of questions that your decision was politically motivated. Three main issues emerged.

1. Did you comply with the War Powers Act?
2. Was classified equipment left on the helicopters?
3. Why didn't you wait until September or October when nights are longer and the winds better?

Early Friday morning the widely publicized, highly critical remarks of Senators such as Church and Percy ("no consultation"), turned into generally supportive comments (Baker, Moynihan, Muskie and Javits).

We believe this is due in part to our explanation that the nature of the mission and the need for absolute secrecy put the effort outside the purview of the War Powers Act. Perhaps more importantly, the overwhelmingly positive public reaction to the effort has caused some Senators to temper their criticism. Several Senate offices report 80 to 85% of their constituent calls support the action.

The House briefing (2:00 p.m. Friday) with 200 House Members present was also surprisingly favorable. We estimate 85% of the Members in attendance were favorable.

Three possible types of criticism will be forthcoming from small groups of House Members.

1. Criticism based on who advised against the rescue operation.
2. What security information was left behind on the helicopters and why?
3. The question of timing in relation to the increased pressure on our allies for economic and political sanctions.

On the other side, many Members indicated frequent calls of support from their districts.

One or two Members said they received calls calling for the impeachment of Senator Frank Church for his unsupportive statements.

TO: LINDA PEEK

FROM: BRAD WOODWARD

DATE: 4/25/80

Here's the latest update on Iran reaction as of 3:00 p.m.

*FYI
Most of these are from your constituents*

J

Reaction:

- Rep. Henry Reuss -- Called on Carter to withdraw from the campaign and quietly serve out the remainder of his term.
- Henry Kissinger -- Strongly supports the President's action and said it was important to show our patience was not unlimited. Our action may speed release of hostages and give the Soviet Union pause. Said prior consultation with Congress would have risked leaks. Predicted allies will be unhappy but said they had not exactly "rushed to the barricades" previously on our behalf. Hopes there will be no nagging or second guessing the President. Personally spoke with President this morning to express support; found Carter "calm and determined."
- John Anderson -- Likened to the Bay of Pigs fiasco and says comes very close to a violation of the War Powers Act.
- Sen. Kennedy -- At a Detroit news conference he expressed sorrow and said the United States people are united in their determination to have our people freed. (EMK cancelled Michigan appearances to return to Washington)
- George Bush -- Said he unequivocally supports the President's action with no "ifs, ands or buts."
- Sen. Moynihan -- Says the US had the right to take action. Said if we lose support of allies, we won't be losing much.
- Sen. Jackson -- We must "cool it" at this time.
- Soviet Union -- "Armed provocation" risking war in Persian Gulf region
- Militants at Embassy -- Undisguised joy and celebration. No sign of any adverse consequences for the hostages.
- Foreign Minister Ghotbzadeh -- "An act of war" against Iran. Has Iranian people and militans to act with restraint.
- Anwar Sadat -- "Hard luck" but Americans should not be discouraged from trying again. He stands ready to offer facilities for another attempt.
- Sen. Percy -- "I frankly think the risk was too high"

- P Sen. Bob Dole -- Americans should stand behind the President and show the Iranians we are united. Said politics should be left out. Dole said if he were Ronald Reagan, he would declare a 2-week moratorium on discussing the rescue mission.
- P Sen. Harrison Williams - Many questions remain to be answered. "I am quite reluctant to criticize President Carter or to say that mission was ill advised."
- P Rep. Edward Derwinski -- "One might question the tactics but the intent is not in doubt." Called it a "legitimate effort to free the hostages."
- O Rep. Bud Shuster -- (Chairman of House GOP Conference) Called on the President to appear before a closed joint session of Congress.
- O Sen. Hayakawa -- Said he was "shocked and saddened" and said the mission's failure would "certainly damage American prestige abroad even further." Questioned the equipment failure statements, saying we've sent men to the moon without equipment failures.
- O Sen. Roger Jepsen -- Also questioned whether the mission was really aborted due to equipment failure.
- P Sen. Cranston-- Accepts President's characterization of the mission as a "humanitarian" gesture and says the President should be supported.
- Jesse Jackson -- Likened mission to Bay of Pigs fiasco but said it "is not sickness unto death" Said Carter was responding to public impatience: "The people had grown impatient with his patience."
- Daughters of the American Revolution -- Sent Carter a message expressing wholehearted support
- American Legion -- Commander Frank Hamilton sent telegram to the President saying "I want to commend you for the courageous decision you made in the attempt to rescue our fellow Americans held hostage by terrorists in Iran. Over two million legionnaires support this heroic effort."
- Australia -- Mission was "understandable and its failure regretted."
- O Sen. Gaylord Nelson -Mission denounced as "ill-advised" and said it was "doomed to failure" from the beginning
- Archbishop John Quinn-- Told the U.S. Catholic Conference we should adopt a policy of patience and restraint

- Hostage families -- Worry and anxiety. Many expressions of shock and even one accusation that the President was "trying to kill the hostages."
- Syria -- "An overt act of aggression" which Syria claimed was abetted by Israel and Egypt
- Sen. Church -- "The law was flouted." Sharply critical of Carter's failure to consult Congress in advance.
- V.P. Mondale -- Cancelled Michigan campaign stops to return to Washington
- Mrs. Carter -- Whisked home from Austin, TX at 2:00 a.m., cancelling campaign appearances in Texas for the day
- Richard Nixon -- Fully supports the President's plan and says "there are always risks" in such actions. In Germany to promote his new book, Nixon said the President was completely justified because of the humiliation the U.S. has been subjected to. He said the mission reminded him of his own attempt to rescue American P.O.W.s during the Vietnam War. In that incident, American troops arriving where they thought the prisoners were being held found instead that the P.O.W.s had been moved.
- Sen. McGovern -- He understands the President's frustration and anger but said the aborted mission was at best "a risky and dangerous enterprise" that only makes matters worse.
- ℙ Sen. John Warner -- Says there should be no more military action now that our military card has been played, and failed, *but WAS generally supportive otherwise.*
- Rep. Paul Simon -- Said he had been told by defense and intelligence officials months ago that a rescue mission would not work.
- Lillian Carter -- Cancelled a scheduled press conference in Egypt but was reported to have exclaimed several times, "My poor Jimmy."
- ℙ Sen. Baker -- Told ABC at noon he strongly supports the President's action and felt it should have been taken in the first 24 hours. Said it was a well planned mission.
- Rep. Phil Crane -- Questioned whether mechanical failure could have been the cause of the mission's failure. Responsibility rests on Carter's shoulders.
- ℙ Rep. Carroll Hubbard - Now is not the time to criticize the President. Congress should not be consulted in advance on rescue missions, to preserve secrecy.

- Sen. Donald Riegle -- Called for restraint to avoid "the risk of a military confrontation with Russia over Iran. With the support of our allies, we must steadily increase the pressure to free the hostages--without causing a war no one can win--or push Iran into the arms of the Russians.
- Sen. Bill Bradley -- "I hope the Iranians show restraint and recognize that it is in their own interest, as well as ours, to bring this episode to a swift and peaceful close."
- ABC News -- Capitol Hill correspondent predicts a rallying around the President on the Hill. Says most Members of Congress will dismiss Sen. Frank Church's angry reaction as the response of a "wounded prima donna."

Sam Donaldson predicts a severe negative political impact on President Carter if the situation is not retrieved quickly.
- Speaker O'Neill
 Senator Byrd Refused to comment until have further facts
- New Soviet reaction -- Denounced mission as a reckless "piratic plot" designed to produce "cheap political capital" for President Carter. Said the hostage issue is only a pretext for "aggressive hegemonistic" American policy in the Middle East.
- Rep. Sonny Montgomery -- Supported Carter's decision not to consult Congress in advance. Said he was surprised Carter did not mine Iran's harbors, instead. "I support the president and I won't try to second guess him about what went wrong."
- Rep. John Rhodes -- "Apart from the operation itself, I am deeply concerned about its timing, coming as it did, virtually in the midst of a very strenuous effort by the President to gain support from our allies for economic sanctions against Iran."
- Sen. Jesse Helms - "I feel all of us should be restrained in our comments. I want to give everybody the benefit of the doubt...until we learn more about what happened."
- Rep. George Hansen - "...typical of a series of blunders that not only got us into this but continues to keep us here and continues to embarass us."

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

26 Apr 80

Stu Eizenstat
Frank Press

The attached was returned in
the President's outbox today
and is forwarded to you for
appropriate handling.

Rick Hutcheson

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 22, 1980

Frank - Stu
Good idea - I prefer
a) Nationwide selection
b) Business, foundation
sponsorship of those
selected
c) Next year
J

MEMORANDUM TO THE PRESIDENT

FROM : Stuart Eizenstat *Stu*
Frank Press *FP/AM*

SUBJECT: Admiral Rickover's Summer School Proposal for High School Students

Admiral Rickover may speak with you about a science education proposal he is endorsing, and this memo is to provide you with background information.

In preparing the science and engineering manpower study that you requested from Secretary Hufstedler and Director Atkinson of the National Science Foundation, Admiral Rickover was consulted as to his views. Among several suggestions, the Admiral proposed the establishment of an eight-week summer course for approximately 1,000 area 10th graders. The students, who would be selected for participation by local high school principals, would live at the Naval Academy and would receive intensive instruction in science and mathematics from the Academy faculty. The National Science Foundation would be asked to manage the program, disbursing funds provided by the Department of Education and reimbursing the Navy for the use of its facilities. The Admiral would like to start the program this summer; he may ask that you direct its commencement.

The Secretary of Education and the Director of the National Science Foundation have indicated they wish to explore the Admiral's idea, but not to start the program this summer. (The Department of Defense, insofar as we know, is unaware of the proposal.) We believe their caution is appropriate, since we question whether a quality program could be assembled by this summer. The proposed selection process will yield a heterogeneous group of participants and, without time for preparation, the faculty at the Academy (or any other university) may not be adept at designing an appropriate curriculum and at handling the educational problems of 10th graders. Moreover, while the cost is probably not large, such a program would strain budgets that are already tight.

The National Science Foundation will provide an opportunity for some 4,400 students in grades 9-11, to participate in 6-8 week training programs in a variety of universities around the country this summer. This will be supplemented by the 1,000 minority research apprenticeships you have already announced. Nonetheless, we believe the Admiral's idea should be explored for possible implementation in future years because of the symbolic value of an intensive program at the Naval Academy.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

3:15
4/23/80

Mr. President:

Frank and the campaign
would like to have a signing
ceremony for the VW bill
before Mich.

approve disapprove

Phil


Coleman Young
Mike Bernson

Phil

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 23, 1980

CONGRESSIONAL SCHEDULING PROPOSAL

MEETING: With Senator Carl Levin

DATE: Thurs., April 24 or as soon
as possible thereafter this week

LENGTH: 15 minutes

PURPOSE: Bill signing for H.R. 6464

BACKGROUND: Senator Levin has requested a
bill signing ceremony for this
bill which authorizes the con-
veyance and exchange between
the Michigan job development
authority and the Secretary of
the Army.

EVENT DETAILS: Location: The Rose Garden
Participants: To be advised
Press Plan: WH photographer only

INITIAL REQUESTER: Dan Tate
Approved by Frank Moore FM

DATE OF SUBMISSION: April 23, 1980

cc: Phil Wise

4/24
3pm

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 23, 1980

J

MR. PRESIDENT:

The Campaign would like you to meet a few minutes on Thursday with Senate Majority Leader Bill Faust of Michigan to discuss Michigan's economic problems.

Faust is a key member of the Carter/Mondale Steering Committee and, after the meeting, plans to hold a positive press conference with Michigan press to indicate you are sympathetic to Michigan's problems and committed to help solve them.

Approve 15-minute meeting

Disapprove

PHIL

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON 4/23/80

Mr. President:

Frank said you were
aware of this request.

approve disapprove

Phil

830

PRESIDENTIAL STATEMENT ON THE REPORT OF THE HUNGER COMMISSION

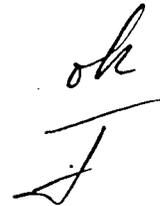
The Report of the Presidential Commission on World Hunger represents a challenge to all Americans. I commend the members of the Commission for their comprehensive analysis and thoughtful proposals.

As Chairman Sol Linowitz has noted, few of the measures recommended by the Commission will be easy, and many of the most important will take time. Some will be difficult to implement quickly in the face of fiscal restraints imposed by our fight against inflation. But I agree with the Commission that our national security and our fundamental values compel us to mount a growing effort to build a world without hunger. I intend to make that effort.

I have today directed the appropriate Departments and Agencies of the federal government to examine promptly the Commission's proposals and to recommend to me both immediate and longer term action. The Commission's report will be a spur to new achievement; it will not gather dust in the files.

I intend to share the Commission's basic message with other national leaders in June at the Economic Summit Conference in Venice, where I will make specific proposals for collective action.

I urge the Congress and all Americans to join me in a renewed commitment to mobilize the world's resources in a larger, more effective, and continuing effort to overcome world hunger.



**Electrostatic Copy Made
for Preservation Purposes**

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 23, 1980

CONGRESSIONAL SCHEDULING PROPOSAL

MEETING: With FTC conferees

LENGTH: 30 minutes

DATE: Thursday, April 24, 1980

PURPOSE: To resolve differences in FTC authorization bill.

BACKGROUND: This will be the Administration's final attempt to get an acceptable bill from the conference. Negotiations are now at an impasse and it is time for the President to become involved.

He should not be in a position of vetoing the bill without talking with the conferees. A veto could lead to temporary or permanent dissolution of the FTC.

EVENT DETAILS:

Location: The Cabinet Room

Participants: The President, Senators Ford, Cannon, Packwood, Danforth, House Members Broyhill, Rinaldo, Staggers, Scheuer, Committee staff Sarvis, Diefenderfer, Kopp and Nord, Stu Eizenstat, Frank Moore, Esther Peterson, Bob Schule and Ed Cohen.

Press: White House Photo Only.

INITIAL REQUESTER: Bob Thomson

Approved by Frank Moore _____

Date of Submission: April 23, 1980

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

26 Apr 80

Frank Moore

The attached was returned in
the President's outbox today
and is forwarded to you for
appropriate handling.

Rick Hutcheson

cc: Jim McIntyre
Stu Eizenstat



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

C

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: James T. McIntyre, J. *Jim*
SUBJECT: 1980 Supplemental Requests

In my earlier memo to you on the urgent need for a Food Stamp program 1980 supplemental, I indicated that several other programs will run out of funds by June 1 if supplemental appropriations are not enacted. This memo will inform you of the status of these requests and additional actions we are taking. I also suggest you send the attached letter to the Speaker and the Senate Majority Leader urging prompt action by the Congress.

As you know, your 1980 supplemental request is pending before the Congress. While the Appropriations Committees have begun to mark-up the request, no final action is likely to be taken until the Congress approves the Third Budget Resolution for 1980. Our current assessment is that this is not expected until mid or late May, leaving little time for final appropriation or any necessary authorizing committee action.

The programs in greatest jeopardy are Food Stamps, Black Lung benefits, Disaster Assistance, and the Space Shuttle:

We should give most needy funds priority if funds become limited -

- Food Stamp benefits to 20 million participants, many below the poverty line, will be suspended by June 1 if additional appropriations are not approved by May 15.
- Black Lung disability payments, according to current projections, will be stopped by the end of this month.
- The Disaster Relief Fund has only \$17 million currently available, after de-obligating funds from previous disaster areas, and by withholding approvals from applications that would normally be approved.
- Similarly, the Disaster Loan Program of the Small Business Administration has effectively exhausted its funds.
- Space Shuttle development, now approaching the critical final phase, will be significantly delayed. Overall program costs will increase, and civilian and military programs requiring shuttle use will be disrupted. Personnel layoffs will begin June 1.

Very important

In addition, as you know, a supplemental appropriation request will be necessary for Trade Adjustment Assistance. I will be sending you a separate memorandum on this matter shortly and have attached a letter I sent to the Chairmen of the Appropriations Committees, informing them of our intentions.

To avoid these severe and highly visible program disruptions, I am working with Stu, Frank and others in a coordinated Administration effort to demonstrate your grave concern and obtain prompt Congressional action. Secretary Bergland has already moved aggressively to publicize the need for Congressional action on the Food Stamp appropriation request. To broaden our efforts, I will ask each Cabinet and sub-Cabinet officer with programs in jeopardy to initiate similar campaigns, working with your senior staff. We are encouraging affected interest groups to help with this campaign.

I suggest you send the attached letters to the Speaker and the Senate Majority Leader on this problem, and raise it at your next meeting with Congressional leaders. (These letters supersede the one you signed on Food Stamps earlier today, which will not be sent.)

You may also want to voice your concern publicly, emphasizing that the Congress must move rapidly or we will have serious program disruptions.

Attachments



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

APR 24 1980

Honorable Warren G. Magnuson
Chairman, Committee on Appropriations
United States Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Mr. Chairman:

As you know, the Administration has been working to solve the budget problem caused by the unexpected rise in required Trade Adjustment Assistance benefit payments to workers. Our concern has been to develop the best possible estimate of the total additional appropriation needed, in the face of considerable uncertainty, in order to avoid multiple requests to you for emergency supplementals.

In the meantime, while this effort has been going on, we have kept the Congress informed about the situation. The Department of Labor, with our concurrence, has fully briefed you and others interested in the program and its currently expected cost in 1980 and 1981. The requirements have been discussed in hearings before the Subcommittee on Labor, Health, Education and Welfare.

Our official proposals for the necessary appropriations will be before you shortly. We will request adequate funding to meet the full obligations of the Government for all workers covered under the program.

Sincerely,

James T. McIntyre, Jr.
Director

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

Dear Mr. Speaker:

I strongly urge the Congress to act promptly on urgently needed 1980 appropriations. Action is needed to provide food stamp and black lung benefits on schedule, to make disaster payments when needed and to continue development of the space shuttle. I know that you share my concern.

Food Stamps currently provide benefits to over 20 million Americans. Unless the additional appropriations for this program are provided by May 15, 1980, Secretary Bergland will have no choice but to order a suspension of benefits on June 1. This would have severe consequences for all those who depend on these essential benefits. Similarly, Black Lung disability payments will stop by the end of this month unless funds are appropriated immediately.

Cancellation or delay of these benefits would work undeserved hardship on millions of low-income or disabled Americans and their families. In most cases no other resources could be marshalled to fill the gap adequately. This year, as we balance the budget, we in the Federal Government must show special concern for those Americans in the greatest need. Prompt Congressional action will be a clear demonstration of that concern.

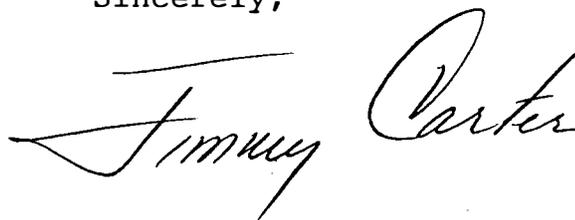
Both the disaster loan program for small business enterprises and the emergency disaster relief effort will be out of funds within a few weeks. It is essential that funds be available for these emergency needs.

The space shuttle is reaching the critical final phase. A further delay will increase costs and disrupt military and civilian programs requiring use of the shuttle. Personnel layoffs will begin on June 1.

I also intend to transmit to the Congress shortly a request for supplemental appropriations for Trade Adjustment Assistance payments to workers. Jim McIntyre has already communicated this to the Chairmen of the House and Senate Appropriations Committees.

I am grateful for your leadership, and I look forward to working closely with you on these crucial issues.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Jimmy Carter". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned to the right of the word "Sincerely,".

The Honorable Thomas P. O'Neill, Jr.
Speaker of the
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

Enclosure

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

Dear Senator Byrd:

I strongly urge the Congress to act promptly on urgently needed 1980 appropriations. Action is needed to provide food stamp and black lung benefits on schedule, to make disaster payments when needed and to continue development of the space shuttle. I know that you share my concern.

Food Stamps currently provide benefits to over 20 million Americans. Unless the additional appropriations for this program are provided by May 15, 1980, Secretary Bergland will have no choice but to order a suspension of benefits on June 1. This would have severe consequences for all those who depend on these essential benefits. Similarly, Black Lung disability payments will stop by the end of this month unless funds are appropriated immediately.

Cancellation or delay of these benefits would work undeserved hardship on millions of low-income or disabled Americans and their families. In most cases no other resources could be marshalled to fill the gap adequately. This year, as we balance the budget, we in the Federal Government must show special concern for those Americans in the greatest need. Prompt Congressional action will be a clear demonstration of that concern.

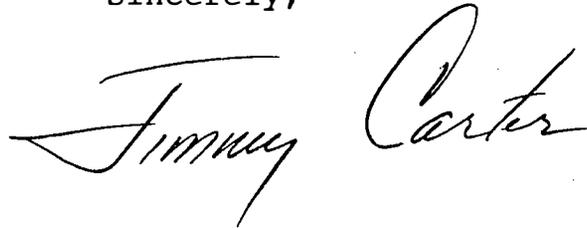
Both the disaster loan program for small business enterprises and the emergency disaster relief effort will be out of funds within a few weeks. It is essential that funds be available for these emergency needs.

The space shuttle is reaching the critical final phase. A further delay will increase costs and disrupt military and civilian programs requiring use of the shuttle. Personnel layoffs will begin on June 1.

I also intend to transmit to the Congress shortly a request for supplemental appropriations for Trade Adjustment Assistance payments to workers. Jim McIntyre has already communicated this to the Chairmen of the House and Senate Appropriations Committees.

I am grateful for your leadership, and I look forward to working closely with you on these crucial issues.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Jimmy Carter". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned to the right of the word "Sincerely,".

The Honorable Robert C. Byrd
U.S. Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

Enclosure