7/19/80

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THE PRESIDENT'S SCHEDULE

Saturday - July 19, 1980

8:30    Dr. Zbigniew Brzezinski - The Oval Office.

9:10    Depart South Grounds via Motorcade en route
         the Shoreham Hotel.

9:30    Presentation of the Medal of Honor to Lt. Col.
         Matt Urban.

10:00   Return to the White House.

# 10:15  Chairman Paul A. Volcker - The Oval Office.
         (20 min.)

4:00    Reception for Carter Delegates - The East Room.

8:55    Reception and Program Celebrating the Fiftieth
         Anniversary of the Establishment of the Veterans
         Administration - The South Lawn.
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

7/19/80

Betty Swims --

President Carter asked me to send you the enclosed copy of your letter which includes his note -- with his best regards!

-- Susan Mough

cc: Fran Voorde
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Date:____ July 18____

MEMO FOR: Susan Clough
FROM: FRAN VOORDE

Betty Swims Gray visited the White House while you all were in Japan. She was naturally very disappointed not to see the President. She left this personal note for him with me.

If an answer is sent, her address is:
Mrs. Betty Swims Gray
2656 Regency Dr. East
Tucker, GA 30084

thanks.
Dear Mr. President —

It makes me sad that I was here and you were not. I would have loved seeing you again. However, you continue to be in my prayers. Both my dear husband and I are pulling for you in this campaign. We're confident you will win. I have spoken with Jerry about working in the Atlanta office for you. Now that I have retired, there's time to really get involved! Sure my best to your Rosalynn and Sept.

Love,

Bett, Swim Gray
MEMORANDUM TO: THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. CARTER
FROM: GRETCHEN POSTON

6:45 PM Guests arrive East Gate and are escorted to State Floor for reception.
   ("Commodores" playing in East Room and Trio playing on West Terrace.)

8:30 PM Guests are escorted outside through the Diplomatic Reception Room for seating along circular drive.
   Special guests remain in Blue Room.

8:45 PM MRS. CARTER arrives Blue Room.
   MRS. CARTER and special guests are escorted to balcony for seating.

8:55 PM THE PRESIDENT and Max Cleland meet in Diplomatic Reception Room.

9:00 PM "The National Anthem" is played by the U.S. Marine Band.

9:02 PM Max Cleland is announced and proceeds to microphone on South Lawn.
   THE PRESIDENT is announced and proceeds to microphone.
   (Honors played.)
   THE PRESIDENT makes remarks.

Max Cleland makes remarks.

At conclusion of remarks, THE PRESIDENT and Max Cleland proceed through Diplomatic Reception Room to Blue Room via elevator and out to balcony for seating.
   (A chair will be provided for Max Cleland.)
9:10 PM Program begins.
10:00 PM Program concludes.
    All guests depart South Lawn.

RAIN PLAN
In the event of rain, the outside program will be cancelled.
Remarks will be made by THE PRESIDENT and Max Cleland in the East Room.
If you consider a receiving line, this could be accomplished in the Blue Room.

South Lawn

[Diagram of South Lawn and Balcony]
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 18, 1980

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Al McDonald
      Rick Hertzberg
      Achsah Nesmith

SUBJECT: Presidential Speech:
      50th Anniversary of the Veterans Administration

      Scheduled Delivery:
      Sat, July 19, 9 p.m.
      South Lawn

Attached is a new first page of your remarks for this event, reflecting the fact that neither General Bradley nor Senator Cranston nor Congressmen Teague and Roberts will attend.
Veterans' Administration 50th Anniversary

General Bradley, you honor us by coming. Your concern for the men who served under you -- throughout the long battles in Europe, in the dangerous years after victory when you helped mold a defense to keep the peace, and as VA Administrator -- make you a fitting symbol of our nation's effort to fulfill its just obligation to those who have fought America's battles. You are welcome always in this house.

Senator Cranston, Congressmen Teague and Roberts, VA Administrator Max Cleland, all of you who have helped keep the promise of the VA to America's veterans over the past half century, fellow veterans and friends of the VA.

Providing for the needs of veterans and their dependents is a tradition that goes back to the earliest days of our nation. The Continental Congress voted to provide payments
Veterans' Administration 50th Anniversary

VA Administrator Max Cleland, VA employees and former employees who have helped keep the promise of the VA to America's veterans over the past half century, fellow veterans and friends of the VA:

Providing for the needs of veterans and their dependents is a tradition that goes back to the earliest days of our nation. The Continental Congress voted to provide payments
for veterans and their survivors while the Revolutionary War was still going on.

That tradition of caring, that feeling of responsibility continued through all our wars. In a famous passage in his Second Inaugural Address, President Abraham Lincoln summed it up: "To care for him who shall have borne the battle, and for his widow and his orphan."

That phrase became the guiding motto of the agency whose 50th anniversary we mark today: the Veterans Administration.

Three wars and decades of uneasy peace have swelled the ranks of living United States veterans to more than 30 million. That is more than at any previous time in our history. It is a six-fold increase over the number in 1930, the year the VA was born. At this moment 93 million Americans -- veterans, dependents and survivors of deceased veterans, roughly 40 per cent of our people -- are potentially eligible for
VA benefits and services.

In the darkest days of World War II, President Roosevelt began to plan programs that would help the returning veterans and the survivors of those who died. In a message to Congress October 27, 1943, he accurately predicted, "The money invested in this training and schooling program will reap rich dividends in higher productivity, more intelligent leadership, and greater human happiness."

Millions of families have been able to buy homes through VA loans, and some 18 million persons have received some form of training under the GI Bill since its inception in 1944. These programs had enormous impact on our educational system, our economy and our way of life, opening new avenues of opportunity for millions, as F.D.R. had anticipated they would.

In its first 50 years, the VA has grown with your help from 54 hospitals in 1930 to 172 today, treating 1.3 million
inpatients a year. It has 92 nursing homes and 16 domiciliaries which care for 78,000 veterans. You have greatly expanded the outpatient treatment program, which had an all-time high of more than 17 million outpatient visits last year. The VA has a proud record of medical and rehabilitation research. VA researchers helped to conquer tuberculosis, to develop the heart pacemaker and the laser beam cane for the blind, and to perfect kidney transplants, and participated in the expansion of sickle-cell anemia research and the psychotrophic drugs that have revolutionized mental health care. Two current VA researchers (Rosalyn Yalow and Andrew Schally) hold Nobel prizes.

I am committed to an independent, high quality VA health care system. Through Max Cleland's leadership and determination, we finally got Congressional approval -- which took 10 years -- for a psychological readjustment program, which has proved to be the most popular and successful VA program launched in recent years. Operating out of storefronts, these centers have already
served 15,000 veterans. We established and expanded alcohol and
drug treatment programs -- we now have 152 treatment centers and
five physician training sites.

Compensation and pension benefits go to 5 million veterans' dependents and survivors -- and I am proud to have been the only President to sign compensation increases every year since I took office. An additional increase of 14.3 per cent is now pending, and with your help I hope to keep my record intact.

Also pending is the first comprehensive updating and reform of VA rehabilitation services since the 1940s. I need your help on that as well if we are to better meet the needs of today's veterans.

The VA is meeting the special needs of young Vietnam era veterans while continuing to aid dependents and survivors of the veterans of the Civil War and Spanish American War. The doughboys of 1918 are in their 80s now, the young men who went off to war
in Europe and the Pacific in 1942 are reaching their 60s, and geriatric concerns are a continuing and growing need. The VA has already established eight specialized geriatric centers to work out better ways of handling the needs of aging veterans, and we are asking the Congress to authorize seven more. The VA will continue to lead the way in this country in geriatric treatment and research.

My own father was a first lieutenant in World War I. He was fortunate, but as a young man the devastating after-effects of that war on others were deeply etched in my memory -- injuries lingering on, hidden but incurable disabilities, delayed death from gas and other poisons. The VA continues to care for those who returned from that war more than 60 years ago, continues to honor their services with daily ministrations, compensation and pensions.

My Uncle Tom Gordy, a Navy radioman on Guam, was captured
a few days after the attack on Pearl Harbor in World War II, and for years we thought he was dead. When the war was over, he was found alive, though wasted to less than 100 pounds, a prisoner in Japan. My admiration for him had a lot to do with my desire to be a career Naval officer.

He eventually returned to us, but many from that war, from every war, never came home. Too many who were missing in action in Vietnam still have not been accounted for. We will not stop until we receive the fullest possible accounting, until the last possible body is returned to our homeland, until the long vigil of these families and the nation is over.

The VA has had an important part in helping those ex-prisoners of war. It is the arm of our government which, no matter what dangers and decisions we face at the moment, continues to remember the dangers and the sacrifices of the past, continues to care for those who have borne the burden
of our nation's wars and the often-thankless task of keeping the peace.

Those who have suffered and sacrificed in past wars remind us of the terrible cost of preserving our freedom and of the urgent necessity to find ways to settle our differences peaceably in a world grown too small and too vulnerable to contain the hatred and destruction that war can unleash.

Max has helped to lead our nation in the healing of the internal wounds left by the Vietnam War. The veterans returning from Southeast Asia suffered the same pain as those who served in other wars when bullets hit their mark, when they watched friends die by their sides, but they paid a bitter price not asked of veterans returning from other wars. Added to their pain and loss was our rejection, our desire to forget. A few weeks ago I was privileged to sign into law legislation authorizing the building of a permanent memorial to Vietnam
veterans, to at last honor the generation of fighting men who had been least honored by our nation. It has given me great satisfaction as President to see our nation come to terms with itself, to accept its responsibility and their heroism, to at last begin to welcome home the men and women who had returned without fanfare so long ago, to begin to honor those who died so far from home.

Through all those years while many looked away, the VA offered the help and care we all owed them -- bound up their wounds, helped some struggle to walk again on new-made limbs, helped others move confidently in a world they could no longer see, aided the widows and orphans of those who would not come back to carry on and build new lives, helped former POWs catch up with lost years.

When the VA was established 50 years ago, I am sure there were still many who were hopeful that its task would be largely
completed by this day, that it would serve out the needs of the veterans of World War I and their dependents and disappear in a world where war had been banished.

I wish that such hopes could have been realized, that the world truly had learned to live in peace, that no more young men had been called upon to die on foreign shores to protect our own. But the VA represents our nation's acceptance of the reality of the past and the duty of the present, even as we work to build a world where peace can become a personal and permanent blessing for all mankind.

I long, as every President before me must have longed, for the day when we will no longer need to ask our people to risk their lives for their country. But the words of our first President are still as true as when he spoke them: "To be prepared for war is one of the most effectual means of preserving peace."
I pray that we will be able to continue to meet the threats to peace all around us, but I know that while the challenge is ever with us, the choice is not ours alone. My prayer is not that we have no new veterans, but that we need add none of their names to the list of over 1 million who have died in war for this country in the past 204 years, that all our future veterans will be able to fulfill their duties preserving the peace.

My hope is that all future veterans will come home, never having had to serve in war, able to enjoy their benefits through long and healthy lives, knowing that their service makes possible the peace we all cherish.

###
July 18, 1980

FIRST DELEGATE BRIEFING DAY

RECEPTION

Saturday, July 19, 1980
4:00 p.m.
The East Room

From: Bill Albers

I. PURPOSE

To establish a face-to-face, working relationship with our delegates in preparation for the Democratic National Convention.

II. BACKGROUND, PARTICIPANTS, AND PRESS PLAN

A. Background: This White House function follows a full day of briefings at the Washington Sheraton (Sheraton Park) Hotel. Approximately a third of the Carter/Mondale convention delegates were invited; the remaining delegates have been invited to briefings on July 25 and August 1. The delegations selected this time include Alaska, Arizona, Colorado, Florida, Guam, Hawaii, Illinois, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Mississippi, Missouri, Nevada, New Hampshire, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, Wisconsin, and Wyoming.

Tim Kraft, Hamilton Jordan, John White, Anne Wexler, Malcolm Dade, John Rendon, William Miller, Stu Eizenstat, and Zbigniew Brzezinski conducted the briefings and dealt with convention procedures, Administration policies, and minority planks being pushed at the Convention by Senator Kennedy and others.

B. Participants: Approximately 240 Carter delegates to the Democratic Convention along with a few spouses and alternates. Also in attendance will be various officials from the campaign and Administration, including some members of the Cabinet.

C. Press Plan: Open for your remarks.

III. TALKING POINTS

1. Thank the delegates for coming to Washington to prepare for the Convention.
2. Thank them for working during the primaries and caucuses.

3. The Convention is the kickoff of the Fall campaign, and their actions in New York will have an important impact.

4. The Democratic party needs to unify for the Fall. Kennedy and Carter delegates will need to work together.
MEMORANDUM TO: THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. CARTER
FROM: GRETCHEN POSTON
SUBJECT: SCENARIO FOR RECEPTION FOR CARTER/MONDALE DELEGATES, SATURDAY, JULY 19, 1980, 4 PM.

3:45 PM Guests arrive Northwest Gate and proceed to Main Foyer via North Portico.

4:00 PM THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. CARTER arrive State Floor and take positions under the Seal for receiving line.

Guests proceed through receiving line and into East Room for reception.

At conclusion of receiving line, THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. CARTER are announced into East Room.

THEY proceed to platform where THE PRESIDENT makes remarks.

At conclusion of remarks, THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. CARTER depart State Floor, and guests continue with reception.

6:00 PM All guests depart Residence.
MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Al McDonald
         Rick Hertzberg
         Chris Matthews

SUBJECT: Presidential Talking
         Points: Reception for Carter Delegates

Scheduled delivery:
         Sat, July 19, 4 p.m.
         East Room

Your talking points for this reception are attached.

Clearances

Carter/Mondale
Bill Albers
David Rubenstein
Ray Jenkins
Staff for Lloyd Cutler
1. I APPRECIATE YOUR LOYAL SUPPORT. I WILL NEVER FORGET IT. YOU STOOD WITH ME IN THE VALLEYS. I WANT YOU STANDING WITH ME ON THE PEAKS. IS IT A DEAL?

2. WE ARE GOING TO WIN -- IN NEW YORK AND IN NOVEMBER
   because Fritz Mondale and I make a solid, working team.
   because we deal with real problems -- not far-right ideology.
   because we Democrats are going to be united.

3. SELECTING A VICE PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE WAS GOVERNOR RONALD REAGAN’S FIRST MAJOR DECISION ON THE CONDUCT OF HIS PRESIDENCY. HIS HECTIC SELECTION PROCESS; HIS SERIOUS CONSIDERATION OF A "CO-PRESIDENCY" ARRANGEMENT, HIS PERSONAL ATTITUDES TOWARD BUSH, RAISE QUESTIONS ABOUT REAGAN. HE TRIED FOR A "DREAM TICKET," AND ENDED UP WITH THE "ODD COUPLE."

4. THERE WILL BE SPIRITED DEBATE IN NEW YORK. I WANT YOU TO BE EVEN MORE SPIRITED THAN THE OPPOSITION. BUT I WANT YOU TO REMEMBER SOMETHING: THE KENNEDY DELEGATE SITTING NEXT TO YOU WILL BE WORKING NEXT TO YOU IN THE FALL.

4. OUR ULTIMATE SUCCESS DEPENDS ON ENCOURAGING THOSE KENNEDY DELEGATES TO JOIN US. THE SOONER THEY DO, THE BETTER.

5. THERE WILL BE SOME HOT DEBATE IN NEW YORK. BUT THIS CAN REFLECT WELL ON US AND OUR PLATFORM.

   IF WE ARGUE ABOUT PROGRAMS AFFECTING MINORITIES, MAYBE
IT IS BECAUSE 25 PERCENT OF OUR DELEGATES ARE MINORITIES.
COMPARING THAT TO DETROIT WHERE MINORITIES WERE ROUGHLY
3 PERCENT.

IF WE ARE MORE SENSITIVE TO WOMEN'S ISSUES, IT IS
BECAUSE 50 PERCENT OF OUR DELEGATES ARE WOMEN -- ALMOST
DOUBLE THE SHARE AT THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

IF THE REPUBLICAN DELEGATES HAD AN EASIER TIME AGREING
ON ECONOMIC POLICY IT IS BECAUSE THEIR MEDIAN INCOME IS
ALMOST $50,000 A YEAR. WE DEMOCRATS HAVE TO LOOK OUT
FOR EVERYONE.

6. THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION WAS EXCLUSIVE, NARROW AND
DIVORCED FROM REALITY. NO WONDER THEIR PLATFORM PROJECTS
SUCH A SIMPLISTIC VIEW OF THE WORLD.

7. WE DEMOCRATS HAVE DIFFERENCES, BUT VERY OFTEN THE ISSUES
THAT DIVIDE US IN THE SPRING ARE THE BRIDGES OF OUR UNITY IN
THE FALL. WE DEBATE HOW TO MEET OUR COMMITMENT TO THE CITIES,
TO MINORITIES, TO WOMEN. THE REPUBLICAN PARTY DOES NOT EVEN
MAKE SUCH COMMITMENTS.

8. OUR CHALLENGE NOW IS TO FOCUS ON THOSE DEMOCRATIC PARTY
COMMITMENTS AND PRINCIPLES THAT WE HOLD IN COMMON. THESE
WILL BE THE BRIDGES OF OUR COMMON EFFORT FOR THE FALL.

#  #  #
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON
19 Jul 80

Secretary Muskie
Jim McIntyre

The attached was returned in the President's outbox today and is forwarded to you for appropriate handling.

Rick Hutcheson
**MEMORANDUM OF CALL**

**TO:**

- [ ] YOU WERE CALLED BY—  
- [ ] YOU WERE VISITED BY—

OF (Organization)

- [ ] PLEASE CALL  
  PHONE NO. CODE/EXT.  
- [ ] FTS

- [ ] WILL CALL AGAIN  
- [ ] IS WAITING TO SEE YOU

- [ ] RETURNED YOUR CALL  
- [ ] WISHES AN APPOINTMENT

**MESSAGE**

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*U.S. G.P.O. 1979-281-184/13*
SUBJECT: East African Food Shortages

TO: The President

Emerging drought problems and growing numbers of refugees are adding to already serious food shortage problems in East Africa. The purpose of this memorandum is to alert you to this problem since it is becoming a serious international concern.

I am enclosing a brief USDA assessment of the East Africa food situation. Given the limited amount and poor quality of data on these countries our current assessment is very tentative. However, there are several conclusions and implications that can be drawn at this time.

During the July 1980-June 1981 period, the eight countries in the East African area (Djibouti, Ethiopia, Kenya, Mozambique, Somalia, Tanzania, Uganda and Zambia) could require between 1.0 and 1.4 million metric tons of cereal imports over and above the relatively high import levels of approximately 1.5 million metric tons for the previous twelve months. A substantial portion of these increased imports will be concentrated in Ethiopia and Somalia to primarily meet refugee needs. These two countries account for about two-thirds of the increased import requirements to the region.

Out of the 1.5 million metric tons imported by these eight countries during the last twelve months, approximately half was made available as food aid. The U.S. has supplied over one-third of the total -- most of it as P.L. 480 on either concessional terms under Title I or as food donations under Title II totaling 588,000 metric tons (excluding the recent supplemental).

The recent appropriation of the P.L. 480 budget supplemental has greatly enhanced our ability to meet emergency needs as well as program commitments worldwide and in Africa in particular. Current projections indicate that the U.S. will be able to provide an additional 150,000 metric tons of food to most of the eight East African countries.

If Congress takes favorable action on the amended FY 1981 P.L. 480 budget you submitted earlier this year, the U.S. would be in a position next fiscal year to provide approximately 200-300,000 metric tons of P.L. 480 assistance beyond
the FY 1980 level (excluding the supplemental). Thus, together with the 150,000 metric tons provided by the FY 1980 supplemental, the U.S. would be able to commit a total of 350-450,000 metric tons of additional food towards meeting the projected additional import need of 1.0-1.4 million metric tons over the next twelve months.

In summary, it is clear that even under the most optimistic projections, the U.S. only will be able to meet a part of East Africa's increasing food import needs through our P.L. 480 program. Increased commitments from other donors, as well as increased commercial purchases, will be required.

Enclosures

[Signature]
The First Lady

The attached was returned in the President's outbox today and is forwarded to you for your personal information.

Rick Hutcheson

PRIVATE
MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: THE VICE PRESIDENT

Mr. President, before leaving on my trip to Africa, I wanted to make just a few, brief points in this personal memorandum to you on what I regard as priority matters for your consideration as we approach this campaign.

First, I'm optimistic. Contrary to what almost everyone says, I'm increasingly convinced that we can win and, I think with a little bit of luck, rather handsomely, if we do the right things.

Among the central needs, as I see it at this time, are the following:

1. Your acceptance speech must be the best speech of your life. A good speech will do everything for us, a poor speech could be just the reverse. I hope you will devote the necessary time and resources to assure a high quality effort.

2. As I said the other day, I believe face-to-face debates, based on 1976 debating rules, are made in heaven for you. I hope you will call for debates with Reagan at least four, maybe five, times. But regardless of the number, I hope you will try to make the debates the focal point of comparison. I have no question they will help you substantially.

3. A strong appeal to the traditional Democratic constituency is essential. The polls show that if you deal with labels, the Democratic party is in as good shape as it's ever been and the Republican party is in as bad shape as it's ever been.

What I'm afraid of is that, thus far, there are too many defections from us of those who consider themselves Democratic. That's why I believe it's very important to do two things. One, come up with some initiatives, insofar as we can, for our cities, for our farms, for jobs, that look hopeful and helpful and show we care.
Secondly, within this context, we have to do everything reasonable
to resolve our differences with Kennedy so that we come out of that
convention with a united party and with Kennedy hopefully with us,
or shortly about to come to our support. As you know, Lane Kirkland
has had some very encouraging news the last day or so and I think
we ought to pursue negotiations through Lane as expeditiously as
possible.

4. Pat Cadell's latest polls show that we have a real chance with
the Jewish voters in America if we really go to work on it. Reagan
is not doing well -- I think some 18%. Anderson is doing very well,
but I think that's temporary. We have to sit down and work out a
series of steps that encourage the Jewish Americans to feel more
confident of us than they do now. Many believe we're planning a
series of harmful moves (from their viewpoint) right after the
election, particularly as it relates to Jerusalem. The F-15 controversy
is contributing to this anxiety.

I hope you'll give this matter very careful attention. I can see the
potential of an enormous breakthrough just where we need it -- in New
York, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Connecticut and California, all of
which are takeable only with good support in the Jewish community.

5. We have an extraordinary opportunity to appeal to women
voters. The polls indicate that the women really distrust Reagan and
this convention ought to make that point very clearly. I hope that
we lay out a program for going after the women's vote, for drawing
that line very clearly and keeping at it. This could be a major
breakthrough for us.

6. I hope you will plan a very intensive, personal campaign
akin to Harry Truman's in 1948. You've got to do it your own way,
but it seems to me that it has to be done. I know that many of your
advisers are disinclined to do it, but the more I think about it,
the more I think this would open up admiration for you, give an
opportunity to show your strength, and create that underdog appeal
that I believe Americans will respond to.

7. I want to emphasize that I think it would be a good idea
for you to hold meetings with the editorial boards of the most
influential journals -- like the LA TIMES, the Washington POST, the
New York TIMES and a few others, TIME Magazine, NEWSWEEK, and so on.
I am told that Reagan's interviews with all of them did not go well
and shook their confidence, and I think the contrast would be very,
very important to us. For example, I think we have a chance to get
the Los Angeles TIMES' endorsement. If we do, that could be the
critical difference in carrying California. Cadell says we're
fairly close in California now.
Memorandum for the President

July 16, 1980

I did want to leave my thoughts before I left for Africa. I look forward to seeing you on the 24th.
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON
19 Jul 80

Director Campbell
Jim McIntyre

The attached was returned in the President's outbox today and is forwarded to you for appropriate handling.

Rick Hutcheson
cc: Stu Eizenstat
Out to: Campbell
Me
ee: Stu
MEMORANDUM
OF CALL

TO:

☐ YOU WERE CALLED BY— ☐ YOU WERE VISITED BY—

OF (Organization)

☐ PLEASE CALL → PHONE NO. CODE/EXT. ___________________________ ☐ FTS
☐ WILL CALL AGAIN ☐ IS WAITING TO SEE YOU
☐ RETURNED YOUR CALL ☐ WISHES AN APPOINTMENT

MESSAGE

RECEIVED BY DATE TIME

63-109

U.S. G.P.O. 1979-281-184/13

STANDARD FORM 63 (Rev. 8-76)
Prescribed by GSA
FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6
7/18/80

Mr. President:

DPS and OMB concur.

Rick
MEMORANDUM TO THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Alan K. Campbell
        Director

SUBJECT: Exclusion of the Library of Congress from the Merit Pay System

The Library of Congress has applied for exclusion from the merit pay system. We recommend that you approve that exclusion under 5 U.S.C. 5401(b)(2). That provision allows you to exclude any entity if you determine that the exclusion is required as a result of the recent establishment of the agency or unit, the implementation of a new program, an emergency situation, or conditions arising from any other situation or circumstance. We believe that such other circumstances are present in this instance.

The Library of Congress is an agency of the legislative branch of government and, thus, not under control of the President. Therefore, great deference should be given to the Library's request for exclusion. Moreover, the Library is not subject to the integrated system established by the Civil Service Reform Act because it is excluded from SES, the statutorily mandated performance appraisal system and merit system principles. We do not, however, regard these latter considerations as determinative of the issue of exclusion from merit pay and believe, rather, that the paramount factor supporting the Library's request for exclusion is that it is part of the legislative branch.

We believe that by including the Library of Congress in merit pay, Congress intended to make it possible for the Library of Congress to take advantage of merit pay if it so desired. By providing the President such broad discretion to grant exclusions, Congress, in effect, has given the Library of
Congress an opportunity, with your concurrence, to opt out of the merit pay system. The Library is, of course, free to participate in the merit pay system if it so chooses in the future.

Recommendation:

Exclude the Library of Congress from the merit pay system.

APPROVE ☑️ DISAPPROVE ☐
ID 803579  

THE WHITE HOUSE  

WASHINGTON  

DATE: 15 JUL 80  

FOR ACTION: STU EIZENSTAT  

FRANK MOORE  

JIM MCINTYRE - CONCIS  

INFO ONLY: THE VICE PRESIDENT  

SUBJECT: CAMPBELL MEMO RE EXCLUSION OF THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS  

FROM THE MERIT PAY SYSTEM  

++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++  

++ RESPONSE DUE TO RICK HUTCHESON STAFF SECRETARY (456-7052) ++  

++ BY: 1200 PM THURSDAY 17 JUL 80 ++  

++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++  

ACTION REQUESTED: YOUR COMMENTS  

STAFF RESPONSE: ( ) I CONCUR. ( ) NO COMMENT. ( ) HOLD.  

PLEASE NOTE OTHER COMMENTS BELOW:
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<td>SCHULTZE</td>
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<td>VOORDE</td>
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<td>WISE</td>
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</tbody>
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- FOR STAFFING
- FOR INFORMATION
- FROM PRESIDENT'S OUTBOX
- LOG IN/TO PRESIDENT TODAY
- IMMEDIATE TURNAROUND
- NO DEADLINE
- FOR APPROPRIATE HANDLING
- LAST DAY FOR ACTION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADMIN CONFID</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CONFIDENTIAL</td>
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<td>SECRET</td>
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<td>EYES ONLY</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

From: Charlie Schultze

Subject: GNP in the Second Quarter

At 10:00 a.m. today the Department of Commerce released its first published estimate of second quarter GNP.

GNP declined at an annual rate of 9.1 percent. This matches the postwar record -- a decline of the same amount occurred in the first quarter of 1975.

There were few surprises in the number. An unpublished (but leaked) earlier estimate put the fall at an 8.4 percent rate. The slightly larger current estimate of the decline reflects new data showing that inventories were being cut in May and probably in June. Paradoxically, this is good news, since it reduces the inventory overhang that will have to be worked off later.

Our current forecast calls for a 5 percent rate of GNP decline in the third quarter and then a leveling off in the fourth quarter.

While the press will make much of "tying the record," in fact, most of the recent economic news has been bullish, even though some of it is very tentative.

- Housing starts up 30 percent in June.
- Seasonally adjusted, auto sales rose in the first ten days of July.
- Excluding autos, the dollar value of retail sales in June rose slightly more than inflation.
- Seasonally adjusted, initial claims for insured unemployment fell sharply in the first week of July.
Housing starts aside, these data are very fragmentary, and data for a single week cannot be relied upon to tell us much. So we haven't emphasized them in public statements. Should the good data persist for several more weeks, we will begin to have something solid to go on.
MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: LLOYD N. CUTLER

SUBJECT: DRAFT REGISTRATION

The three-judge court in Philadelphia today held that the present draft law is unconstitutionally discriminatory against men because it does not provide for the drafting of women. The court enjoined the start of registration next Monday. The court also denied the Justice Department request for a stay pending either review on the merits by the Supreme Court or a ruling by the Supreme Court on whether to grant its own stay until the merits are decided.

The Justice Department is filing a stay application with the Supreme Court tonight. Under the Court's rules, the application goes to Justice Brennan, as Circuit Justice for the Third Circuit. Justice Brennan is in Nantucket. He may do any of the following things:

a. Rule on the basis of a telephone call from his law clerks describing the stay application.

b. Ask to have the papers delivered by hand to him in Nantucket, and rule after reading the papers and any papers the plaintiffs get to him in time.

c. Ask the Clerk to poll the entire Court, or as many Justices as can be reached, before he announces a ruling on the stay. Two other members of the Court are in Washington; the Chief Justice is in Salzburg and will return Monday night, and the others are reachable at various places within the United States.

Every effort will be made to have the stay application decided before registration begins on Monday, but it is far from certain that we will get a decision by then. If we do get a stay, we can go ahead with registration, but the decision on the constitutionality of the draft law itself will not come until the fall or winter at the earliest.

cd: Dr. John White
    Jack Watson
SECRETARY ALEXANDER...GENERAL MEYER...GENERAL CRAIG...
COLONEL TINGLEY...COLONEL & MRS. URBAN...MEN OF THE 9TH DIVISION:
IT IS A SPECIAL PLEASURE TO BE WITH THE MEN WHOSE SERVICE IN
WORLD WAR "II" IN AFRICA, SICILY & FRANCE WAS RESPONSIBLE FOR
THE 9TH DIVISION BEING KNOWN EVER AFTER AS THE "OLD RELIABLES".
WE ARE HERE TODAY TO HONOR A HERO.
UNFORTUNATELY, HE HAS HAD TO WAIT ALMOST 36 YEARS
FOR OFFICIAL RECOGNITION OF HIS HEROISM.
BUT AS THE EYEWITNESS ACCOUNTS TESTIFY,
AND AS THOSE OF YOU WHO SERVED WITH HIM KNOW,
MATT URBAN IS TRULY A HERO OF THIS NATION.
1. Matt Urban becomes the 6th of the "Old Reliables" to be awarded the Medal of Honor for World War "II" service.
2. His conduct throughout the period from June 14 until September 3, 1944, was an outstanding example of the bold, heroic action.
3. This Medal was established to honor.
4. We also have a clear picture of the special kind of leadership that sets Matt Urban apart.
5. He galvanized his men & led them to success.
6. While repeatedly risking his life.
7. While repeatedly risking his life to save others.
8. And break his troops out of positions when they were pinned down by punishing fire.

Electrostatic Copy Made for Preservation Purposes
1. He was wounded several times but he kept coming back.
2. And each time his presence brought something extra to his men when they needed it most.
3. He was always willing to give the last ounce of his strength.
4. The last full measure of courage & devotion for his comrades & for his country.
5. War is a terrible thing.
6. Wasting the young before they have a chance to reach their full potential.
7. Destroying much that is timeless & beautiful & irreplaceable.
8. But there are moments, terrible in their danger & devastation,
9. That also bring out almost unimaginable courage & leadership.
10. That cannot be fully described but, once seen & felt, cannot be forgotten.

=over= (It is of,...)
1. IT IS OF SUCH SOLDIERS THAT VICTORY IS MADE,
2. NOT JUST IN INDIVIDUAL BATTLES,
3. BUT IN THE ULTIMATE CONFLICT BETWEEN THE CHAMPIONS OF
   JUSTICE & LIBERTY & ALL OF THE FORCES THAT WOULD DESTROY
   THEM
4. SUCH MEN NOT ONLY DRAW THE FULL MEASURE OF THEMSELVES,
5. BUT CALL FORTH THE BEST FROM THOSE AROUND THEM,
6. INSPIRING IN OTHERS THE COURAGE & TENACITY
7. TO GO BEYOND THE LIMITS OF ENDURANCE & HOPE,
8. AND TO SUCCEED IN DOING WHAT A MOMENT BEFORE HAD SEEMED IMPOSSIBLE.

(NEW CARD) (I DEEPLY REGRET....)

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for Preservation Purposes
1. I deeply regret the delay of this ceremony for so many years,
2. but I am grateful for the privilege of presenting
3. the Medal of Honor to Lt. Colonel Urban.
4. I am grateful too, for this reminder to our nation
5. of what our freedom means...what it has cost in the past...
6. what really is at stake when we talk about the spirit of America....
7. What might be demanded of us. = to preserve the peace through
8. As a people, we need heroes -- real heroes who, when tested,
9. excell and in doing so, inspir others to reach for greatness.

(=over=) (We need....)

Electrostatic Copy Made
for Preservation Purposes
1. WE NEED HEROES NOT JUST FOR THE VICTORIES THEY MAKE POSSIBLE ON THE BATTLEFIELD,...

2. BUT IN LATER DAYS TO REMIND US OF WHAT AMERICA, AT ITS BEST, CAN BE.

#  #  #

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

PRESIDENT CARTER'S PRESENTATION OF
THE MEDAL OF HONOR TO
MATT URBAN

July 19, 1980

9:10 am  MOTORCADE DEPARTS South Grounds en route
Shoreham Hotel.

(Driving time: 10 minutes)

9:20 am  MOTORCADE ARRIVES Shoreham Hotel.

PRESS POOL COVERAGE
CLOSED ARRIVAL

The President will be greeted by:

Secretary Clifford Alexander, Department
of the Army
Mr. Robert McIntosh, General Manager,
Shoreham Hotel

The President, accompanied by Secretary
Alexander, proceeds to VIP Room.

9:22 am  The President arrives VIP Room where
he will be greeted by:

Mrs. Clifford Alexander (Adele)
General & Mrs. Edward C. Meyer (Carol)
Lieutenant Colonel & Mrs. Matt Urban (Jennie)
Ms. Jennifer Urban (Daughter)
Ms. Kris Johnson (Daughter)
Ms. Sophia Rockwell (Governess)

9:28 am  Greeters depart VIP Room.

9:29 am  The President departs VIP Room en route
offstage announcement area.
9:30 am The President arrives offstage announcement area and pauses.

"Ruffles & Flourishes"
Announcement
"Hail to the Chief"

The President proceeds inside Regency Ballroom en route podium and remains standing.

9:32 am Presidential remarks.

OPEN PRESS COVERAGE
ATTENDANCE: 1200

9:38 am Remarks conclude.

9:39 am Secretary Alexander reads the Citation.

9:44 am The President will present the Medal of Honor to Lt. Colonel Matt Urban.

9:45 am Playing of the National Anthem by the U.S. Army Band.

9:47 am Presentation concludes.

NOTE: The President will exit stage left and greet the Urban family members.

9:49 am The President, accompanied by Secretary Alexander, departs Regency Ballroom en route motorcade for boarding.

9:50 am MOTORCADE DEPARTS Shoreham Hotel en route South Grounds.

(Driving time: 10 minutes)

10:00 am MOTORCADE ARRIVES South Grounds.
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

PRESENTATION OF MEDAL OF HONOR
TO MATT L. URBAN

Saturday, July 19, 1980
9:30 a.m. (30 minutes)
Shoreham Hotel

From: Hugh Carter
Marty Beaman

I. PURPOSE: To present the Medal of Honor to Lieutenant Colonel (Then Captain) Matt L. Urban, USA (Retired).

II. BACKGROUND, PARTICIPANTS & PRESS PLAN

A. Background: The recommendation to award the Medal of Honor to Lt Col Urban was initiated in 1945, but for reasons unknown, was never acted upon during the intervening years. In 1978, as a result of an inquiry by Lt Col Urban to the Department of the Army, a copy of the original recommendation was found in his official military personnel file. The Department of the Army researched and confirmed the information contained in the recommendation you approved on April 10, 1980.

B. Participants: Lt Col Matt L. Urban, wife (Jennie), two daughters (10 year old Jennifer and 11 year old Kris Johnson), Secretary Alexander, General E. C. Meyer (ON PLATFORM).

Invited guests include: 130 relatives and personal guests; 500 former combat veterans of the 9th Infantry Division with families; 25 congressional staff; 125 DoD officials, and White House Staff.


III. TALKING POINTS

1. This is the 35th annual reunion of the 9th Infantry Division, in which Lt Col Urban served during World War II.

2. Lt Col Urban is the recipient of many other highly distinctive awards, such as the Silver Star, Legion of Merit, Bronze Star with "V" (valor) device and two oak leaf clusters, Purple Heart with 6 oak leaf clusters, etc.

3. After medical retirement, Lt Col Urban served in various community service related jobs in Michigan and he has received numerous civic/fraternal awards.

4. ABC TV Program 20/20 is taping a special program covering the background, history and research involved in this recommendation.
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 17, 1980

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Al McDonald
Rick Hertzberg
Achsah Nesmith

SUBJECT: Presidential Speech: Medal of Honor Presentation

Scheduled Delivery: Sat, July 19, 9:30 AM
Shoreham Hotel

Your remarks for this event are attached.

Clearances

Defense Department
Anne Wexler
W.H. Military Office
Ray Jenkins
David Rubenstein
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

PRESENTATION OF MEDAL OF HONOR
TO MATT L. URBAN

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   the background, history and research involved in this
   recommendation.
Medal of Honor Presentation to Lt. Col. Matt Urban

Secretary Alexander, General Meyer,

Gen. (Louis A.) Craig (commander of the 9th Division in 1944), Col. (Charles O.) Tingley (ret., convention chairman), Col. and Mrs. Urban, men of the 9th Division:

It is a special pleasure to be with the men whose service in World War II in Africa, Sicily and France was responsible for the 9th Division being known ever after as the "Old Reliaables."

We are here today to honor a hero. Unfortunately, he has had to wait almost 36 years for official recognition of his heroism. But as the eyewitness accounts testify, and as those of you who served with him know, Matt Urban is truly a hero.

Matt Urban becomes the sixth of the "Old Reliables" to be awarded the Medal of Honor for World War II service. His conduct throughout the period from June 14 until September 3, 1944, was an outstanding example of the bold, heroic action this medal
was established to honor. What also emerges from all of the accounts is a clear picture of the special kind of leadership that sets Matt Urban apart. He galvanized his men and led them to success while repeatedly risking his life to save others and break his troops out of positions when they were pinned down by punishing fire. He was wounded several times but he kept coming back, and each time his presence brought something extra to his men when they needed it most. He was always willing to give the last ounce of his strength, the last full measure of courage and devotion for his comrades and for his country.

War is a terrible thing, wasting the young before they have a chance to reach their full potential, destroying much that is timeless and beautiful and irreplaceable. But there are moments, terrible in their danger and devastation, that also bring out almost unimaginable courage and leadership that cannot be fully described but, once seen and felt, cannot be forgotten.
It is of such soldiers that victory is made, not just in individual battles, but in the ultimate conflict between the champions of justice and liberty and all of the forces that would destroy it. Such men not only draw the full measure of themselves, but call forth the best that is in those around them, inspiring in others the courage and tenacity to go beyond the limits of endurance and hope, and to succeed in doing what a moment before had seemed impossible.

I deeply regret that the recommendation for Lt. Col. Urban's Medal of Honor was inadvertently lost for so many years, but I am grateful for the privilege of presenting it to him. I am grateful, too, for the reminder to our nation of what our freedom has cost in the past, what really is at stake when we talk about the spirit of America, what may someday be demanded of us.

As a people, we need heroes -- real heroes who, when tested, come through not just once, but over and over, until greatness.
the job is done. We need them not just for the victories they make possible on the battlefield, but in later days to remind us of what America, at its best, can be.

# # #

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The First Lady

The attached was returned in the President's outbox today and is forwarded to you for appropriate handling of your information.

Rick Hutcheson

ID 3719
The perfection of the music, the music, the presence of friends, all seemed to pervade its spirit.

Thank you and Mrs. Carter for your generous and warm hospitality - for the beautiful luncheon, arranged so that each was keenly aware of the beautiful event, and felt our pride, in the circle of fine boys and friends.

Thank you, for the rest of my life, for this home you bestowed.

May I wish you and Mrs. Carter every good wishes and happiness of the warmest kinds.

Sincerely yours,

Endre Harty

1119 Pinehurst Street, Jackson, Mississippi
June 23, 1930
VA 50TH ANNIV 7-19-80

CLELAND - BROWN

50 YEARS AGO; SINCE CONTINENTAL CONGRESS

2ND INAUG - LINCOLN "TO CARE FOR
HIM WHO SHALL HAVE BORNE THE BATTLE,
& FOR HIS WIDOW & HIS ORPHAN" MOTTO

SINCE 3 WARS- 5 DECADES = 30 MILLION (6 X 1980)

EACH GEN. NO WIDOWS, ORPHANS. IN WAR

- PRESERVE PEACE, THRU STRENGTH

- 10/1943, FOR - INVESTMENT - HOMES, EDUC
HUMAN HAPPIESS

- HOSPITALS - OUTPATIENTS (17MIL VISITS '79)

- RESEARCH - TB- HEART PACE, ANGIOGRAPH
LASER BEAM CARE = SICKLE-CELL ANEMIA

- PSYCHOTROPIC DRUGS = MH

- COMMISSIONED OFFICERS = MH CARE SYS

- AFTER 10 YEARS = PSYCHOLOGICAL READJUSTMENT

- COMPENSATION & PENSION BENEFITS = SMIL - AVG #

- DEPENDENTS & SURVIVORS - 66,000

- SPAM - WIG-RE STATES

- DOWNSY OF 1918 IN '80S = GERIATRICS

- FATHER WWII - PLAINS INJURIES, DISABILITY

- DELAYED DEATH FOR GAS & POISONS

- TON GORDY = MIA - EX-PRISONER

- JACK, MAX CLELAND - MEMORIAL

- NATIONAL - FORGOT LOOKED OTHER WAY

- VA BOUND WOUNDS, NEW MADE LIMBS

- WIDOWS, JOBS, ED, NEW LIVES
Some day no need call 2MIL duty

Go Washington. "To be prepared for
War is one of the most effective
Means of Preserving Peace"

New veterans - not joining 2MIL
Died in War in 204 years

Come home to Families, safety,
Respect, Health - Full life
En joying peace they helped to
Preserve - i.e. courage

& Commitment to freedom

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for Preservation Purposes
Demo delegates 7-19-80

Camp Medal of Honor

Richard Queen

Win in Nov.

Solid team

Real problems - hurt

United party

Reagan - VP selection

Little debate in Detroit

How - commitment to minorities

Women: 50% (not 2X)

Econ policy - median income $50,000

Differences bridge to communities

Kennedy delegates

Electrostatic Copy Made

for Preservation Purposes
MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT
FROM: STU EIZENSTAT

I thought you might be interested in seeing the attached brief comparison between the Democratic and Republican Platforms. As you will see, the Republican Platform is disturbing in a number of major areas not reported in the press.

We are circulating this comparison to our Delegates, the Hill, and within the Administration.
# PLATFORM COMPARISON

## A. ECONOMY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Democratic</th>
<th>Republican</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Humphrey-Hawkins</td>
<td>Commitment to meet its goals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax Reductions</td>
<td>Commitment to targeted, non-inflationary tax cuts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal Spending</td>
<td>Spending restraint is important economic weapon, but must be sensitive to those who look to Federal Government for aid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anti-Recession Assistance</td>
<td>Commitment to fund programs needed to fight the recession; commitment to expand and strengthen programs if unemployment worsens.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rebuilding American Industry</td>
<td>Commitment to a program to rebuild American industry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Worker Protection</td>
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<tr>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>Opposes legislation to weaken OSHA.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Section 14-B</td>
<td>Supports repeal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Wage</td>
<td>Opposes youth subminimum.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Plant Closings</td>
<td>Supports future increase.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Supports legislation to help workers affected by sudden, unexpected plant closings.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
### B. GOVERNMENT AND HUMAN NEEDS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>7. Minority Business</th>
<th>Democratic</th>
<th>Republican</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Supports tripling of 1980 level of Federal procurement from minority firms.</td>
<td>Silence on procurement goals.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

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<thead>
<tr>
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<th></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2. Abortion</td>
<td>Supports 1973 Supreme Court decision.</td>
<td>Seeks constitutional amendment to overturn Supreme Court decision.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Social Services</td>
<td>Supports welfare reform, with goal of eliminating burden of welfare costs on local governments and reducing burden on States. Supports Food Stamp program.</td>
<td>Seeks to transfer entire welfare responsibility to States, along with tax sources to finance it. Opposes any increase in Food Stamp Program.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Supports expansion of low-income energy assistance.</td>
<td>Silence.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Education</td>
<td>Supports Department of Education.</td>
<td>Seeks to eliminate Department of Education.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Supports increased assistance to private schools.</td>
<td>Supports tuition tax credits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Equal Rights Amendment</td>
<td>Strongly supports ratification.</td>
<td>Silent on ratification (reversing 40-year record of support).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Democratic</td>
<td>Republican</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Supports elimination of discrimination based on sexual orientation.</td>
<td>Silence on these issues; section on &quot;Black Americans&quot; refers to civil rights in one sentence.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Civil Rights</td>
<td>Silence on these issues; section on &quot;Black Americans&quot; refers to civil rights in one sentence.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Supports dual prosecution policy; establishment of civil rights units in U.S. Attorneys offices; condemns Ku Klux Klan and Nazi Party.</td>
<td>Supports policy of appointing judges who &quot;respect sanctity of innocent human life.&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Appointments (Judicial)</td>
<td>Supports policy of appointing women and minority judges at all levels, including Supreme Court.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Supports policy of appointing women and minority judges at all levels, including Supreme Court.</td>
<td>Supports policy of appointing judges who &quot;respect sanctity of innocent human life.&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Martin Luther King</td>
<td>Silence.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Supports national holiday commemorating Dr. King's birthday.</td>
<td>Silence.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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C. GOVERNMENT OPERATION AND REFORM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Democratic</th>
<th>Republican</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Tax Reform</td>
<td>Silence.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Supports tax reforms that will eliminate subsidies and loopholes benefitting special interests.</td>
<td>Supports repeal of key provisions of Gun Control Act of '68.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Law Enforcement</td>
<td>Supports repeal of key provisions of Gun Control Act of '68.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Supports improved controls over handguns and Saturday night specials.</td>
<td>Supports repeal of key provisions of Gun Control Act of '68.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Supports.</td>
<td>Opposes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Supports.</td>
<td>Silence.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Legislative Veto</td>
<td>Supports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Opposes.</td>
<td>Supports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Supports.</td>
<td>Opposes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### D. ENERGY, ENVIRONMENT AND AGRICULTURE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Democratic</th>
<th>Republican</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Nuclear Power</td>
<td>Supports retiring existing nuclear power plants in an orderly manner as alternative fuels become available.</td>
<td>Supports accelerated use of nuclear power.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Synthetic Fuels</td>
<td>Supports development of synthetic fuel industry as way of reducing dependence on foreign oil.</td>
<td>Opposes synthetic fuel industry; supports decontrol of all oil products to provide oil companies with more profits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Windfall Profits Tax</td>
<td>Strongly supports.</td>
<td>Favors nearly wholesale repeal; supports plowback provision to give oil companies greater revenues.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. 55 M.P.H. Speed</td>
<td>Supports as conservation device (saves more than 2 billion gallons of gasoline a year) and a safety device (saves 5000 lives a year).</td>
<td>Seeks repeal of national speed limit in favor of State decisions on limits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Agriculture</td>
<td>Supports grain embargo against Soviet Union.</td>
<td>Seeks to lift grain embargo.</td>
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</table>

### FOREIGN AND DEFENSE POLICY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Democratic</th>
<th>Republican</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Defense Spending</td>
<td>Supports sustained defense spending, continued real increases sufficient to meet the Soviet threat.</td>
<td>Supports defense spending program designed to achieve military superiority over Soviet Union; (level of increased defense spending would be $15-$25 billion above Administration level).</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Democratic</td>
<td>Republican</td>
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<td>2.</td>
<td>SALT II</td>
<td>Supports ratification at appropriate time.</td>
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<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Middle East</td>
<td>Supports continuation of the peace process under the Camp David Accords.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
REAGAN-KEMP-ROTH

COST
- Reagan-Kemp-Roth (R-K-R) will cost $34.7 billion in 1981, $74.5 billion in 1982, $280 billion a year in 1985 and substantially more in subsequent years. During the 1980's, R-K-R would cost well over $2 trillion (by comparison, during the same period, the Windfall Profits Tax raises only $227 billion).

PROGRESSIVITY
- R-K-R is very regressive; its tax relief is directed toward the wealthy. Those with $200,000 annual incomes get a tax cut 35 times greater than those with $20,000 incomes, and 135 times greater than those with $8,000 incomes.

BUDGET
- The cost of R-K-R can only be met by allowing the deficit to rise to triple digit levels for the first time in history or -- if the R-K-R proponents' goals of a balanced budget and significantly increased defense spending are to be achieved -- by slashing Federal domestic programs in an unprecedented, irresponsible way.
- The magnitude of the cuts needed is so large, because the R-K-R costs are so high, that both discretionary domestic programs (economic and community development, health services, mass transit assistance) and mandated domestic programs (Social Security, Medicare, AFDC, SSI) would have to be cut severely.

INFLATION
- R-K-R can only serve to refuel inflationary pressures and perhaps lock in double-digit inflation through the '80's.
- It is simply not possible to cut taxes by more than $2 trillion in the 1980's without significantly increasing the deficit and inflation. To avoid this would require that economic growth in the 1980's generated by R-K-R would have to be nearly twice what it was in the 1960's. That is not likely to occur.

TIMING
- R-K-R proponents want cuts enacted this year, prior to the election.
- Legislating a tax cut of such a magnitude in a political, pre-election atmosphere is not conducive to a tax program developed and enacted on its merits and on behalf of the public interest.
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON
19 Jul 80

Anne Wexler

The attached was returned in the President's outbox today and is forwarded to you for appropriate handling.

Rick Hutcheson

Secretary Muskie
Secretary Brown
Zbig Brzezinski
MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT
FROM: ANNE WEXLER
SUBJECT: Harold Brown's Suggestion for a "Blue Ribbon Panel" to Build a Constituency for Foreign Aid

Foreign assistance programs are viewed by much of the public as a "giveaway" to foreign countries, with little or no return for the United States. This view persists despite the many tangible benefits that we receive from foreign aid, and despite the large numbers of corporations, unions, agricultural groups, and others who recognize that foreign aid is in their economic interest.

In light of the public misperception about foreign aid, I think Harold Brown's suggestion for a blue ribbon panel makes sense. I would not, however, structure the panel as another study commission, for we already have too many of those and could be vulnerable to the charge that we study problems but never take action on them. The Commission on an Agenda for the 80s, moreover, will include a study of foreign assistance in its "blue ribbon" report.

Rather than create a commission, therefore, you should in my view create a foreign assistance working group, composed of supporters of these programs who are willing to work with you to educate the public and to help in the Congress when legislation is pending. You might hold one meeting with this group over the summer, to launch the project and to discuss the building of constituency support. My office would then work with Henry Owen and with Tom Ehrlich of IDCA to maintain contact with the group and monitor their progress over the next few months. I would not think you should meet with them again until December 1980 or January 1981, just before your new foreign assistance budget is submitted to Congress.

A list of organizations who might be included in such a foreign assistance working group is attached.

If you agree, I will set up a meeting with a business-labor-other group after you return from Sapelo.
**ORGANIZATIONS INTERESTED IN FOREIGN ASSISTANCE**

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<tr>
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DATE: 02 JUL 80
FOR ACTION: JACK WATSON
ZBIG BRZEZINSKI/H. OVEN
FRAN VOORDEL
PHIL WISE

INFO ONLY: THE VICE PRESIDENT
HEDLEY DONOVAN

subject: WE ExLe REm OR dAROLD BROWN SUGGESTION FOR A BLUE RIBBON PANEL TO BUILD A CONSTITUENCY FOR FOREIGN AID

RESPONSE DUE TO RICK HUTCHESON STAFF SECRETARY (455-7052)
BY:

ACTION REQUESTED: IMMEDIATE TURNDOWN

STAFF RESPONSE: ( ) I CONCUR. ( ) NO COMMENT. ( ) HOLD.

PLEASE NOTE OTHER COMMENTS BELOW:
Date: July 7

MEMO FOR: Rick Hutcheson
FROM: FRAN VOORDE

I didn't have a chance to discuss this with Phil before we left last week.

These are my comments --- please let me know if this goes forward w/ Pres. time required.

Thanks.
DATE: 02 JUL 80

FOR ACTION: JACK WATSON

FRAN VOORDE

INFO ONLY: THE VICE PRESIDENT

HEDLEY DONOVAN

SUBJECT: WEXLER MEM OR HAROLD BROWN SUGGESTION FOR A BLUE RIBBON PANEL TO BUILD A CONSTITUENCY FOR FOREIGN AID

ACTION REQUESTED: IMMEDIATE TURNAROUND

STAFF RESPONSE: ( ) I CONCUR. ( ) NO COMMENT. ( ) HOLD.

PLEASE NOTE OTHER COMMENTS BELOW:

Phil- I suggest Muskie/Brown involvement.
Minimal, if any, if P at this time.
MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: ANNE WEXLER

SUBJECT: Harold Brown's Suggestion for a "Blue Ribbon Panel" to Build a Constituency for Foreign Aid

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Approve _______ Disapprove _______
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- Ford
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- Caterpillar
- FMC Corp.
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- Nat'l Farmers Union
### FOR STAFFING
FOR INFORMATION
FROM PRESIDENT'S OUTBOX
LOG IN/TO PRESIDENT TODAY
IMMEDIATE TURNAROUND
NO DEADLINE
FOR APPROPRIATE HANDLING
LAST DAY FOR ACTION

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### ACTION FYI

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<tr>
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ID 803614
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

DATE: 02 JUL 80
FOR ACTION: JACK WATSON ZBIG BRZEZINSKI/H. OWEN
FRAN VOORDE PHIL WISE

INFO ONLY: THE VICE PRESIDENT HEDLEY DONOVAN

SUBJECT: WEXLER MEM ORE HAROLD BROWN SUGGESTION FOR A BLUE RIBBON PANEL TO BUILD A CONSTITUENCY FOR FOREIGN AID

ACTION REQUESTED: IMMEDIATE TURNAROUND

STAFF RESPONSE: ( ) I CONCUR. ( ) NO COMMENT. ( ) HOLD.

PLEASE NOTE OTHER COMMENTS BELOW:

I don't believe a meeting with the P is necessary. Even if his involvement is mandatory a 10 minute drop by at a breakfast would be adequate. It would be late in July or early August before this could be scheduled. Phil
MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: ANNE WEXLER

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Nat'l Farmers Union
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<tr>
<th>Time</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9:50</td>
<td>Depart South Grounds via Motorcade en route First Baptist Church.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10:00</td>
<td>Sunday School.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11:00</td>
<td>Morning Worship Service.</td>
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