

**8/6/80**

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**WITHDRAWAL SHEET (PRESIDENTIAL LIBRARIES)**

FORM OF DOCUMENT	CORRESPONDENTS OR TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
memo	<p><del>From Brzezinski to The President (2 pp.) re:</del>  <del>Call by President Rahman of Bangladesh</del></p> <p><i>opened per RAC NLC - 126-22-11-1-4      1/10/14</i></p>	8/6/80	A

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THE PRESIDENT'S SCHEDULE

NOT ISSUED

Wednesday - August 6, 1980

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7:25 Depart South Grounds via Helicopter en route  
Andrews AFB and New York City, N.Y.

12:10 Return to the White House.

# 6:30 PRIVATE DINNER - The Residence..

THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

August 6, 1980

cc - AP  
Thank you  
Jimmy

Dear Mr. President:

I congratulate you on an outstanding performance in your memorable press conference last night. It was an historic occasion in which the American people were vividly reminded of your strength of character and dedication to your high responsibilities.

One of my hardest tasks in the White House was to press on your advisers last week the hard questions that sooner or later had to be answered. I was convinced that we would serve you poorly if any sensitive issue were ignored to spare your feelings. Your forthright and articulate handling of the questions on your brother amply rewarded all of your staff for our concerns and efforts.

I was very proud of you, and I believe that will be the prevalent reaction of the American people.

All the best,

Sincerely yours,

  
Alonzo L. McDonald

The President  
The White House  
Washington

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THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

August 6, 1980

MR. PRESIDENT:

Frank Moore would like to invite  
Senators Eagleton and Bentsen and  
Congressman Biaggi by for a quick  
photo to highlight the drought  
relief bill you signed this week.  
May I schedule?

YES  NO



PHIL

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THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

8/6/80

FOR THE RECORD

EIZENSTAT, MOORE AND MCINTYRE  
RECEIVED COPIES OF THE  
ATTACHED.

DN  
NAME Russell B. Long

TITLE U.S. Senator

CITY/STATE Washington, D.C.

Phone Number--Home (      )                     

Work ( 202 ) 224-4623

Other (      )                     

1615

Frank Moore *F.M.*

Jim McIntyre *Jim*

Requested by Stu Eizenstat *Stu*

Date of Request 7/31/80

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INFORMATION (Continued on back if necessary)

As we discussed at the Review Session on Wednesday, a call from you to Russell Long might be pivotal in gaining Senate action on CHAP. It has already passed the House and is supported in the Senate.

(Over)

NOTES: (Date of Call 8-5)

*Will turn CHAP  
loose - back in D.C. next week -*

TALKING POINTS:

1. I want to commend you for the progress you have made this year on National Health Insurance. Unfortunately, there may not be enough time for passage in this Session.
2. Passage of the CHAP bill, however, is entirely possible and would be seen as an important step toward the broader health insurance plan.
3. Given the pressure of other important Senate business, I am concerned that there will not be enough time for both Senate action and a Conference on CHAP unless the full Senate acts soon.
4. I know you have been a supporter of CHAP and hope you will take the initiative to request floor action on CHAP as soon as feasible.

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6/17/74

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

05 Aug 80

FOR THE RECORD

EICENBERG AND WATSON RECEIVED  
A COPY OF THE ATTACHED.

NAME Bill Clinton

TITLE Governor

CITY/STATE Little Rock, Arkansas

Phone Number--Home (501) 376-6884

Work (501) 371-2345

Other ( ) \_\_\_\_\_

Requested by Jack Watson

Date of Request 8-4-80

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INFORMATION (Continued on back if necessary)

As you know, we are going to use Ft. Chaffee, Arkansas as the single consolidation base for the Cuban refugees who have not yet been resettled. The decision to do so has caused a predictable negative response from the people in Ft. Smith, Arkansas. Gene is going from Denver (where he is attending the National Governors Association meeting) to Ft. Smith tonight for a series of meetings and press briefings tomorrow. Bill Clinton thinks that a two-minute telephone conversation with you would enable him to express your personal concern about the matter, to explain your reasons for using Ft. Chaffee

NOTES: (Date of Call 8-4) *Gene was with him*

*Done. He's ok. wanted & got  
commitment to be involved from the beginning  
in security arrangements.*

for this purpose (all of which he understands) and to give the people in Arkansas your personal assurance that every possible effort will be made to expedite the resettlement. If you make the call this afternoon, Bill will be able to lead-off the press conference tomorrow with Gene referring to his personal conversation with you.

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copy

THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

August 6, 1980

MR. PRESIDENT:

Secretary Andrus would like  
you to call when you are free.  
He wants to discuss the Alaska  
Bill.

# # #

Stu Eizenstat returned  
your call at 5 p.m.

PHIL

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*Copy sent -  
possibly demanded  
Delay  
will hurt. Still  
probably on  
track*

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE  
COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS  
WASHINGTON

August 5, 1980

9  
/

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

**Electrostatic Copy Made  
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From: Charlie Schultze <sup>CLS</sup>

Subject: July Auto Sales

Seasonally adjusted, domestic auto sales in July ran at a 6.4 million annual rate, up more than 20 percent from the 5.2-5.3 million units of April and May. Sales of imports also rose, but at a slightly slower pace (from 2.15 million units in May to 2.50 million units in June). The import share of the market fell slightly, from 28.9 percent in April-May to 27.9 percent in June.

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*Trinity Baptist Church*

Twelfth Avenue at Second Street, Southeast  
Moultrie, Georgia 31768

July 22, 1980



John L. Bledsoe, Pastor

Dear Rosalynn,

Joann and I want to convey to you and Jimmy our continued prayers and support. We know both of you are concerned about the election, but we believe Jimmy will win if he gets by the efforts of Teddy Kennedy unscathed. We are thoroughly disgusted with his underhanded tactics.

Many have expressed the fear that Jimmy may be forced to compromise too much with him in order to maintain unity. We pray this will not be the case.

We are aware that Jimmy has been subjected to unfair and unnecessary criticism. There are times it is "damned if you do and damned if you don't". The media has given the impression at times that everything he does is wrong. We know better!

We certainly want Jimmy to guard his integrity, but feel the way to win this November is to "out Reagan" Reagan!

Be assured of our desire to assist any way we can to help you be victorious.

May the Lord bless both of you and give you inner peace.

Sincerely,

*John and Joann*  
John and Joann

JUL 29 1980

THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

06 Aug 80

FOR THE RECORD

CUTLER RECIEVED A COPY OF  
THE ATTACHED.

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for Preservation Purposes

THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

August 5, 1980

~~MEMORANDUM TO: SUSAN CLOUGH~~

FROM: JOE ONEK *JWO*

SUBJECT: REQUEST FOR NOTE

Lloyd Cutler believes he has seen a note by the President dated April 4, 1979 which refers to his meeting with Mr. McGregor. We would like to have a copy of that note to give to the Senate Committee.

*8/5/80*  
*Mr. President - -*

*for your approval; attached.*

*-- R*

*ok*  
*J*

EXTRACT FROM PRESIDENT CARTER'S

PERSONAL NOTES

Dictated for Wednesday, April 4, 1979

"Billy's old commanding officer, Jack McGregor, stopped by for a photograph."

(Note: President is in Washington, D.C.)

THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

06 Aug 80

FOR THE RECORD

WISE RECEIVED A COPY OF THE  
ATTACHED.

THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

8/6/80

Mr. President:

I was told you were interested in meeting with President Zia after your brief meeting in Tokyo. Do you want me to schedule the attached request?

yes  no

Phil

*J*  
*Limit to*  
*1 hr*

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## THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

## SCHEDULE PROPOSAL

DATE: July 25, 1980

FROM: Zbigniew Brzezinski

VIA: Phil Wise

MEETING: Office call by President Ziaur Rahman of Bangladesh (U)

DATE: August 27 or the late afternoon of August 26. (Zia speaks to the UN on the morning of the 26th; departs for a state visit in France on the evening of the 27th.) (U)

PURPOSE: Zia is President of an important Muslim country, leading it to democracy and stability. He has been helpful on Afghanistan and does his best on Iran. He is strongly anti-Soviet and a visible meeting with the President will greatly strengthen his hand against pro-Soviet elements at home. Bangladesh is also one of our most important aid recipients and has some US domestic constituency. (S)

FORMAT: -location (Oval Office/Cabinet Room)  
-participants (US Side: President, Secretary Muskie, Assistant Secretary Saunders, NSC Staff Member, perhaps others.  
Bangladesh Side: President Zia, Ambassador Husain, probably one or two others. No interpreter needed.)  
-expected length of participation (One hour).

CABINET PARTICIPATION: Secretary Muskie

SPEECH MATERIAL: Briefing book, talking points and agreed press statement will be developed by State and NSC. (U)

PRESS COVERAGE: Maximum press coverage is important to Zia for domestic political reasons. (U)

STAFF: Zbigniew Brzezinski

RECOMMEND: State Department

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Review on July 24, 1981

DECLASSIFIED

Per: Rac Project

ESDN: NLC-126-22-1A-1-4

BY: KS NARA DATE: 1/2/14

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

- 2 -

OPPOSED: None

PREVIOUS  
PARTICIPATION: You last met Zia in Tokyo during the Ohira  
funeral.

BACKGROUND: Zia would like to see you during his August US  
visit. Following the Tokyo meeting, you sent  
Zia a note expressing a hope that you would meet  
again. Zia is banking on this, although you  
were not specific about the timing of a meeting.  
It is desirable to see Zia sooner rather than  
later, since he is under considerable pressure  
to visit the USS R and Zia wants, if possible,  
to be received by you first. (X)

Approve \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Time \_\_\_\_\_

Disapprove \_\_\_\_\_

THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON  
06 Aug 80

The Vice President  
Jack Watson  
Stu Eizenstat  
Sarah Weddington  
Anne Wexler  
Lloyd Cutler  
Gene Eidenberg  
Frank Moore  
Al McDonald  
Jody Powell  
Jim McIntyre  
Alfred Kahn  
Hedley Donovan

The attached was returned in the  
President's outbox and is forwarded  
to you for your own personal  
information.

Rick Hutcheson

EYES ONLY

ADMINISTRATIVELY CONFIDENTIAL

4051



# Office of the Attorney General

Washington, D. C. 20530

August 1, 1980

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Principal Activities of the Department of Justice  
for the week of July 26 through August 1, 1980

## 1. Events

On July 29, the Attorney General addressed 300 summer interns in the Department of Justice on the mission and policies of the Department. On July 31, he left Washington for Honolulu, Hawaii to attend the 1980 Annual Convention of the American Bar Association.

## 2. McDuffie

On July 28, a federal grand jury in Miami, Florida indicted former Miami police officer Charles R. Veverka, Jr., on four counts of violating the civil rights of Arthur McDuffie, who died of injuries suffered on December 17, 1979. The acquittal of four other police officers on state charges in connection with McDuffie's death sparked the recent rioting in Miami.

## 3. Hanigan

The Department is considering whether to retry Thomas and Patrick Hanigan on civil rights charges arising from the robbing and torturing of three young undocumented Mexican aliens. The trial of the brothers ended in a mistrial on July 29 when the jury was unable to reach a verdict after 5 days of deliberations.

## 4. Alien Smuggling

On July 30, a federal grand jury in Tucson, Arizona returned indictments against a Mexican and two Salvadorans on charges of conspiracy to smuggle and transport undocumented aliens. The three were charged in connection with the deaths of thirteen Salvadorans in the scorching Arizona desert.

## 5. William J. Scott

On July 29, William J. Scott, Illinois Attorney General, was sentenced to a year and one day in prison for tax fraud. Mr. Scott was found guilty last March by a federal court jury.

## 6. New York City Police Department

The Second Circuit Court of Appeals ruled on July 31 that the New York City Police Department must devise a new testing procedure that does not discriminate against Black and Hispanic applicants. Until the new test goes into effect, the city can hire police officers only if one-third of them are Black or Hispanic. The Department of Justice had urged the Court to adopt a fifty percent minority hiring goal.

## 7. Iranians

Deportation proceedings were initiated on August 1 against 20 Iranian women who have refused to identify themselves to officials of the Immigration and Naturalization Service. Criminal misdemeanor charges against the women were dismissed yesterday by a D.C. official.



THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20201

August 1, 1980

C  
-

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

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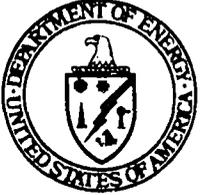
SUBJECT: Weekly Report of HHS Activities

Discussion of Mutual Cooperation Concludes Visit of Nigerian Health Delegation. The two-week visit to the United States by Mrs. Francesca Y. Emanuel, Permanent Secretary of the Nigerian Ministry of Health, ended today with a discussion of potential cooperation between Nigeria and the United States. Mrs. Emanuel and I agreed that food and drugs, environmental and occupational health, communicable disease control, education of health professionals, basic health services, health information systems, and research had the greatest potential for cooperative activities. The summary of discussions emphasized international cooperation in health as a major priority of both governments and furthered the spirit of friendship and cooperation between the two countries.

Heat-Related Mortality. The crisis is diminishing as the heat wave breaks in the most severely affected areas of the country. Since there is no agreed upon definition of heat stroke or other illnesses that make up most heat-related mortality statistics, it will take several months to determine the actual number of heat-related deaths. The Department's Center for Disease Control is conducting a retrospective assessment of all death certificates within the affected areas to develop a standard procedure for collecting health data in the future.

Speeches. My speech today at the Sheraton Washington Hotel contrasted the regressive direction of the Republican Platform with the Administration's accomplishments in the areas of urban planning, affirmative action, and health services. Last night I delivered a similar speech to the National Convention of the National Association of Colored Women's Clubs, and the delegates appeared enthusiastically supportive of the Administration's achievements and concerns.

*Patricia Roberts Harris*  
Patricia Roberts Harris



THE SECRETARY OF ENERGY  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20585

August 1, 1980

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MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT

FROM: CHARLES W. DUNCAN, JR.  
JOHN C. SAWHILL

SUBJECT: Weekly Activity Report  
Week of July 28 - August 1, 1980

1. Algerian Liquefied Natural Gas Negotiations: We have learned that French Minister of Industry Andre Giraud has instructed Gaz de France not to purchase LNG from the Aznew facilities dedicated to the El Paso I LNG project. Gaz de France will receive nine cargoes of Algerian gas during July at a price of \$3.206/MMBtu.
2. Legislative Matters:
  - o The gasoline rationing plan is now on standby. Discharge motions to facilitate Senate and House consideration of resolutions of disapproval of the plan failed 31-60 in the Senate and 205-209 in the House.
  - o The Senate passed S. 2189, nuclear waste management legislation, by a vote of 88-7. This bill provides a mechanism for selecting sites, establishes a full-cost criterion for waste from commercial operations, and establishes the framework for away-from reactor storage. It's passage is a positive development.
  - o The Senate passed S. 1280, the Energy Management Partnership Act, by a voice vote. This consolidates energy-related aid to states and includes provision for direct federal aid to cities. The House Energy and Power Subcommittee has scheduled a markup of H.R. 5382 for the week of August 18.
  - o Markup of Chairman Dingell's redrafted utility oil backout bill is expected to be put over until the week of August 18.
3. Judiciary Subcommittee request: We are processing a request for documents on Charter Oil and Libya as expeditiously as possible. We have an audit of Charter Oil underway and the documents are voluminous.
4. Alternative Fuels Production Program: We expect to issue the next round of solicitations for feasibility studies and cooperative agreements on August 1. The solicitations will make available the \$300 million recently acquired through the FY 80 budget supplemental.
5. Strategic Petroleum Reserve: We will issue this week the standby rule to provide for distribution of SPR crude oil and the notice proposing exchanges of Naval Petroleum Reserve oil to be stored in the SPR. These regulatory activities are necessary to prepare for SPR activities in the future. They do not commit us to any course of action with respect to the SPR itself.



THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY  
WASHINGTON  
August 1, 1980

C  
-

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

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Subject: Highlights of Treasury Activities

1. <u>THE MARKETS AND THE DOLLAR</u>	Today's Close	Change Since 7/25
Dow Jones Industrial Average	938.48	+20.39
Prime Rate	10 3/4 to 11%	0
Gold (London)	\$621	-\$29
Silver	\$15.70	-\$ .85

- . The dollar closed mixed in London. Over the week the dollar appreciated strongly against the German mark and Swiss Franc. It weakened slightly against the Japanese yen.
- . Market interest rates moved higher over the week, reflecting apprehension over the Federal Reserve's monetary stance and large future supplies of corporate and Treasury securities. Retail investors have largely refrained from participating in the market adding to dealer uncertainty.

2. CHRYSLER

- . On Thursday, July 31, 1980, the Chrysler Loan Guarantee Board issued \$300 million of additional loan guarantees to Chrysler. These guarantees bring total outstanding guaranteed loans to \$800 million under the \$1.5 billion authorization.
- . On the same day, Chrysler publicly reported a \$526 million loss for the second quarter, bringing to \$985 million its loss for the first six months of 1980. The Loan Guarantee Board continues to project a \$1.225 billion loss for the year.
- . Earlier in the week, Ford and GM reported record losses for the quarter. Ford's brings its first half loss to \$632 million, including an \$868 million loss on its North American operations. GM's \$412 million loss for the second quarter, results in a net first half loss of \$257 million.

3. SECRET SERVICE CANDIDATE SPOUSE PROTECTION

- . The Senate today passed legislation authorizing Secret Service protection for candidates' spouses 120 days before the general election. The House had acted favorably on the legislation on Monday, July 28, and included an amendment so that the spouse of a major candidate who is not nominated by a political party would be eligible for the protection, should the Treasury Secretary and the Advisory Committee deem it appropriate.
- . The bill will be forwarded for your signature over the weekend. Protection for the affected spouses can then begin when/if the candidates request it.

4. GENERAL REVENUE SHARING

- . The House Government Operations Committee reported out the General Revenue Sharing Authorization legislation yesterday. The Committee reversed its earlier decision to include the state share in 1982 and 1983. This was a major victory for the Administration.
- . In the Senate, the Finance Committee will not markup a bill until after Senator Long's September 13th Louisiana primary run-off.



C. Fred Bergsten  
Acting Secretary



DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY  
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20250

August 1, 1980

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MEMORANDUM TO THE PRESIDENT

THROUGH Rick Hutcheson  
Staff Secretary

SUBJECT: Weekly Report

PRICES. Prices received by farmers increased 5.2 percent in July, the largest monthly increase in over 2 years. Contributing most to the increase were higher prices for hogs, cattle, broilers, soybeans, and corn. Prices paid by farmers rose .7 percent from June and 11 percent from a year ago, reflecting increased prices for feed, feeder livestock and family living items.

CATTLE. The July 1, 1980, all cattle and calves inventory was up 4 percent from a year earlier, sharply above trade expectations and indicating that rebuilding of the beef herd is progressing faster than expected. The July 1 beef cow inventory was 6 percent greater than a year ago and the expected 1980 calf crop was estimated to be 45.5 million head, up 6 percent from a year earlier. This is a larger calf crop than had been anticipated. As this larger calf crop is weaned, it will mean a greater supply of potential feeder cattle than most analysts had anticipated. Thus, feeder cattle supplies this fall should be ample to support a substantial increase in feedlot placements if feeding margins are favorable. The estimated 45.5 million head calf crop for 1980 would result in a January 1, 1981, total inventory that would be around 2 million head larger than that used in recent USDA forecast.

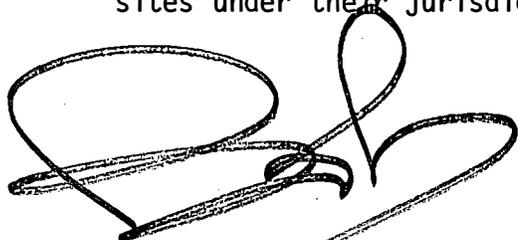
CROPS. Recent rain showers and cooler temperatures relieved crop moisture and heat stress problems over most of the eastern two-thirds of the Nation. Sunshine and unseasonable warming was beneficial to crops in the Pacific Northwest. Crops responded to the beneficial rains of 2-4 inches, common over the Lower Mississippi Delta, Ohio River Valley, most of Central and Southeast Coastal regions and portions of the northern Great Plains while rainfall of 1/3 to 1-1/2 inches helped crops in most other areas east of the Great Plains. Except for showers

over the mountains, the West remained dry and warm as the heat wave of the last month abated in the central United States and moved to the West Coast region where the fair weather will help accelerate crop development and the wheat harvest which is just beginning in the Pacific Northwest.

The new 10-day and 30-day forecasts call for favorable August weather in the corn belt and possible improvement in the soil moisture picture over the central and northern Great Plains.

RETENDERS. The CCC retendered 170,189 tons of corn (6.7 million bushels) and 15,000 tons of soybean oil, bringing the total retendered to 8.8 million tons of corn (345.3 million bushels) and 18,000 tons of soyoil.

EARTHQUAKE. SCS inspections this week uncovered no damage in 11 P.L. 566 dams in Kentucky within 60 miles of the earthquake that occurred July 27. Maysville, Ky., was the center of the earthquake that registered 5.6 on the Richter scale. The greatest concern was with the high hazard, 130-foot high Banklick Creek Site 3, which had just been completed and was just filling for the first time at Florence, 50 miles from Maysville. State agencies also inspected dam sites under their jurisdiction and reported no damage.



BOB BERGLAND

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT  
COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY  
722 JACKSON PLACE, N. W.  
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20006

C  
-

August 1, 1980

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Gus Speth  
Jane Yarn  
Bob Harris



**Electrostatic Copy Made  
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SUBJECT: Weekly Report

Nuclear Waste Management Legislation. On Wednesday, the Senate passed a nuclear waste bill, certain provisions of which conflict with your nuclear waste management policy. The Senate bill is more of a waste storage bill aimed at keeping spent fuel available for reprocessing than a waste disposal bill and, contrary to your policy recommendations, encourages the option of long-term retrievable surface storage. In the House, Rep. Udall's omnibus nuclear bill includes many of the elements of your nuclear waste management programs, but has not been marked up yet. Rep. Dingell prefers a waste program that emphasizes disposal, not storage, but has not developed a marked up bill. If we are to achieve the farsighted and sound objectives of your nuclear waste management program, we must work closely and extensively with those in the House who support your program. I hope that you will make clear enactment of legislation consistent with your nuclear waste management program is a high legislative Presidential priority.

International Whaling Commission (IWC). Last week the IWC reduced quotas for commercial hunting of whales only modestly: from 15,654 for 1980 to approximately 14,000 for 1981. However, the quota for the jeopardized sperm whales was cut almost 30 percent, from 2,203 to 1,600. A voting block of whaling countries prevented adoption of a moratorium on commercial whaling. A three-year quota for the Alaska Eskimo subsistence hunt of bowhead whales was established of 45 whales landed or 65 struck, with no more than 17 landed in any one year. The quota will require a modest reduction of the Eskimo hunt for the bowhead. Representatives of the conservation community at the IWC generally supported this approach to the bowhead quota.



THE SECRETARY OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20410

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August 1, 1980

MEMORANDUM FOR: The President  
Attention: Rick Hutcheson, Staff Secretary

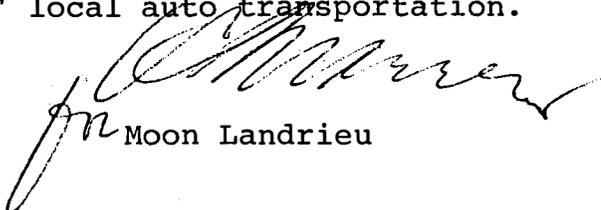
Subject: Weekly Report of Major Departmental Activities

Home Rehabilitation Program for Elderly Announced. A \$1.2 million home rehabilitation program to help elderly, low-income homeowners cope with escalating home maintenance costs was announced this week by the Department. The demonstration program, which will get underway in six cities, will provide maintenance and minor repairs by local service agencies to at least 750 eligible households.

Low Cost/High Value Construction Encouraged. Nineteen grants totaling nearly \$200,000 have been awarded by HUD to builders, universities and associations in a continuing effort to keep down the cost of housing without sacrificing value. The grants will be used to stimulate the use of innovative design, construction techniques and materials in building low maintenance, energy saving, marketable homes.

Senate Judiciary Committee Strengthens Fair Housing Bill. On July 30 the Senate Judiciary Committee restored the Fair Housing Bill's administrative enforcement powers that had been stricken by the Constitution Subcommittee. On a ten to six vote, the Committee adopted an amendment offered by Senators Bayh and Heflin to create a Fair Housing Review Commission to hear housing discrimination complaints and pass on appeals. Subsequent review will be in the Federal Court of Appeals. The Subcommittee also adopted an amendment offered by Senator Simpson to prevent HUD from placing any limits on the referral of cases to state agencies. The Committee agreed to poll members on the few remaining amendments by Friday, August 1, and report the measure to the Senate within two weeks. The Senate is expected to act on S 506 after the August recess.

The Latest In Optional Extras. A Phoenix homebuilder who plans to build 100 solar-cell homes that generate more electricity than they use said recently he will offer his buyers three electric-powered auto models that can be financed as part of home mortgages like any other standard appliance. The electricity drawn from utility lines to recharge a car's batteries at night would be paid back to the power company with excess electricity generated by house cells during the hours of sunlight, in effect yielding "zero-cost-per-mile" local auto transportation.

  
Moon Landriau



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

August 1, 1980

THE ADMINISTRATOR

REPORT TO THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Douglas M. Costle

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for Preservation

Steelmakers stepped up their demands for protection from imports and relief from environmental and tax regulations at a meeting of the Steel Tripartite Committee last week. As you know, the Committee, made up of representatives from industry, labor and government, is looking at ways to help the industry back on its feet and, more immediately, reduce its expected capital shortfall of roughly \$1.5 to \$2 billion a year for the next five years.

The industry's major concern is trade policy. Its second priority is to reduce the cost of environmental controls by obtaining three concessions -- relaxed water pollution standards, more flexible air pollution policies, and an across-the-board postponement of all compliance deadlines for three years.

We already have given the industry significant relief from water standards and are awaiting results from an industry demonstration before deciding whether to revise our air policies. However, we oppose asking Congress to postpone any compliance deadlines without assurance that industry will meet the new dates and that it has the capital to do so. The industry has long resisted complying with environmental laws even when deadlines have been extended for its benefit.

Phil Klutznick, Ray Marshall, Bill Miller, and I have a working understanding to develop an integrated, comprehensive response rather than consider industry's demands on a piecemeal basis. Satisfying any one demand will not fully resolve the industry's problems; addressing them separately would be unfair to other industries and weaken our ability to extract concessions from the steelmakers.

The Steelworkers have urged us to stand firm on the environmental issues. Not only is the leadership concerned about the health of its members, it also realizes that existing pollution requirements will force the industry to modernize, one of the union's principal goals. At Lloyd McBride's request, I plan to emphasize these points in a speech at the union's national convention this afternoon.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Douglas M. Costle".



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

August 1, 1980

THE ADMINISTRATOR

REPORT TO THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Douglas M. Costle

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Steelmakers stepped up their demands for protection from imports and relief from environmental and tax regulations at a meeting of the Steel Tripartite Committee last week. As you know, the Committee, made up of representatives from industry, labor and government, is looking at ways to help the industry back on its feet and, more immediately, reduce its expected capital shortfall of roughly \$1.5 to \$2 billion a year for the next five years.

The industry's major concern is trade policy. Its second priority is to reduce the cost of environmental controls by obtaining three concessions -- relaxed water pollution standards, more flexible air pollution policies, and an across-the-board postponement of all compliance deadlines for three years.

We already have given the industry significant relief from water standards and are awaiting results from an industry demonstration before deciding whether to revise our air policies. However, we oppose asking Congress to postpone any compliance deadlines without assurance that industry will meet the new dates and that it has the capital to do so. The industry has long resisted complying with environmental laws even when deadlines have been extended for its benefit.

Phil Klutznick, Ray Marshall, Bill Miller, and I have a working understanding to develop an integrated, comprehensive response rather than consider industry's demands on a piecemeal basis. Satisfying any one demand will not fully resolve the industry's problems; addressing them separately would be unfair to other industries and weaken our ability to extract concessions from the steelmakers.

The Steelworkers have urged us to stand firm on the environmental issues. Not only is the leadership concerned about the health of its members, it also realizes that existing pollution requirements will force the industry to modernize, one of the union's principal goals. At Lloyd McBride's request, I plan to emphasize these points in a speech at the union's national convention this afternoon.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Young", with a long, sweeping underline.



THE SECRETARY OF TRANSPORTATION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20590

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—

August 1, 1980

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MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

THROUGH: Rick Hutcheson, Staff Secretary

FROM : Neil Goldschmidt

A large, handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Neil Goldschmidt", written over the typed name.

SUBJECT: Significant Issues for the Week of July 28

Rail Regulatory Reform - August 26 has been set for resuming House floor debate on rail deregulation, and we may need to request your help in solidifying that date if it slips because of the heavy legislative schedule when Congress reconvenes August 18. We will also need your help, as well as that of various Cabinet members, during the week of August 18 to talk to key Congressmen.

My staff will continue to contact Congressional staff during the recess to explain a) the importance of the bill to continued midwest and ConRail service (the latter may face bankruptcy if the bill is not passed), and b) the serious implications of the Eckhardt amendment which essentially leaves existing ICC rate-setting practices intact. Congressman Florio has stated that if there are insufficient votes to insure passage of a substitute amendment, which would allow true regulatory reform, he would rather not have any legislation and will ask the Speaker to pull the bill.

Fiscal Year 1981 Appropriations - The Department's FY '81 appropriations bill passed the House July 31 with \$10.98 billion in new budget authority compared to your request of \$11.88 billion. This reduction resulted when the House deferred action on new and expanded programs which lack authorizations (for example, your transportation energy initiative of approximately \$510 million and \$250 million for railroad restructuring). Attempts to add costly amendments (\$22 million for emerging corridors; \$10 million for bikeways; and \$1 million for bridge reconstruction) were defeated. An amendment by Congressman Traxler of Michigan was approved prohibiting the use of FY '81 funds to implement passive restraint (air bag) systems.

Automobile Safety Standards - House-Senate conferees reached agreement Thursday on the NHTSA authorization bill and included a provision, which we supported, calling for a delay in implementing a passive restraint standard until 1983 and equipping small cars first. Large manufacturers must tool for air bags on one line of cars in three of the four years 1982 to 1985. This requirement is generally consistent with General Motors and Ford production plans, and will require Toyota, Datsun and VW to accelerate their passive restraint programs. I believe we have successfully resolved a long-standing problem which hopefully will not recur in succeeding NHTSA authorization proposals, and, further, it aids our continuing partnership building effort with the auto industry. Specifically it (1) provides capital relief, (2) places the big Japanese companies on the same investment schedule (previously our companies were required to spend on large car tooling in '82, medium cars in '83 which meant the Japanese wouldn't spend until '84 on small cars), (3) improves or at least doesn't diminish passenger safety by improving safety in small cars (the biggest share of the market) one year earlier, and (4) provides an adequate market test for the controversial air bags. American Motors and Chrysler wished to stay with current legally mandated schedules and are permitted to do so.

Auto Industry Committee - We hope to have an announcement ready for you to make next week on members who will serve on the Auto Industry Committee.

Minority Business Opportunities - I reported to you in March that I had approved final regulations designed to ensure greater participation by minority and women-owned businesses in \$13 billion in Departmental contracting opportunities for projects sponsored by financial assistance recipients. The Department's Minority Business Enterprise regulations -- the first in the federal sector -- represent comprehensive, aggressive and flexible Federal regulations which rely upon contracting goals and competitive bidding to increase contract awards to minority firms. Today marks the reporting date by which financial assistance program recipients must submit affirmative action plans to the Department for approval. Their plans must include dollar and contracting goals; procedures to insure MBE participation in subcontracting; certification procedures to determine MBE eligibility; and adequate resources to operate an MBE program. Although many grant recipients have requested exemptions from these regulations, with some Congressional support endorsing delay, at this point we are not granting these exemptions while judging each request on its merits. I expect the regulations will be litigated by government or private objectors.

We have undertaken an extensive educational and technical assistance program in each of our ten regional centers to assist grant recipients in complying with these regulations. Later this month, conferences are scheduled in San Francisco and Los Angeles to encourage and promote MBE participation. This fall we expect to publish final rules on minority business enterprise direct contracting programs.

To fulfill your commitment to achieve a substantial increase in minority participation in direct procurement activity, we negotiated a minority procurement goal with the Small Business Administration of 9.3 percent, or \$140 million, in Fiscal Year 1980. Minority procurement activity in FY '79 totaled \$93.8 million or 6.2 percent. During the first six months of FY '80, we have expended \$431,180,000 for direct procurement of which \$47,094,000 or 10.9 percent has been contracted with MBE firms. And we have implemented your directive to include achievement of these procurement goals as critical elements in merit pay and Senior Executive Service personnel evaluations.

In related minority business activities, the Department recently concluded two transactions bringing the amount of our investment in SBA licensed minority venture capital companies to \$9.6 million.

**Community** WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506  
**Services Administration**



MEMORANDUM

TO: Rick Hutcheson  
FROM: William W. Allison  
Deputy Director  
SUBJ: CSA Weekly Report  
DATE: AUG 01 1980

*WWS*

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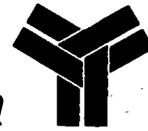
Farm-to-Market Project

The Farm-to-Market project, supported by a CSA grant to Agricultural Teams, Inc., is providing residents of the riot-torn Liberty City area of Miami with quality food at reduced prices.

The project, which began last summer, is designed to directly link limited-resource farmers in the rural Southeast and low-income consumers residing in urban inner city areas, primarily Miami and Atlanta. The limited resource farmers benefit by having a reliable and expanding market for this produce. The low-income consumers benefit by having access to fresh and nutritious produce at significantly reduced prices.

People's Market Days in Liberty City on May 31 and June 1, 1980 served as an immediate response to the community's need for food after the riots, especially when street vendors were charging exorbitant prices for fruits and vegetables and transportation to supermarkets was not available for many residents. The transportation problem was especially acute for elderly and physically handicapped residents.

**Community** WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506  
**Services Administration**



MEMORANDUM

TO: Rick Hutcheson  
FROM: <sup>IDS</sup> David Soble

This is a late breaking addendum to the Weekly Report to the President.

*Community* WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506  
*Services Administration*



August 1, 1980

MEMORANDUM

TO: Richard J. Rios  
Director

THRU: David Soble  
Special Assistant, O/D

FROM: M. Diane Elliott  
Associate Director  
for External Affairs

SUBJECT: Weekly Report of Significant Activity

JUL 32 4 41 PM '80

S. 2995, a bill "to allow the transfer of certain funds to fund the heat crisis program," introduced by Senator Lloyd Bentsen and co-sponsored by 17 other Senators, was passed by voice vote on July 30, 1980. The bill was then sent to the House of Representatives where it was adopted by unanimous consent on July 31, 1980. The bill now goes to the President. CSA has recommended to the President that he sign the bill, inasmuch as the July 25, 1980 White House announcement that CSA would be seeking to use an additional \$21 million in unobligated energy crisis assistance funds for heat relief activities, including the payment of utility bills in life or health threatening situations. CSA had sought to use the \$21 million via a reprogramming request to the Appropriations Committees. The Bentsen bill lifts current limitations in the appropriations law which stipulates that low-income energy assistance funds cannot be used past June 30, 1980. Given the fact that recouping these unobligated funds and transferring them into heat relief will take time, the Bentsen bill allows CSA to tap a currently available fund (Rural Development Loan Fund), subject to reimbursement from the energy crisis activities funds are these are recouped. The effect is basically the same as that sought by the President, which is, to provide additional assistance to areas hard hit by the heat wave.

The People's Markets in Miami have sold 150,000 pounds of produce to 8,000 families at prices averaging 33 percent below supermarket prices.

The primary production base for the Farm-to-Market Project is the Florida State Association of Cooperatives (a farming cooperative with over 300 low-income black farming families).

~~Attachments:~~— Photographs of Liberty City  
People's Market

TRANSFER SHEET

Jimmy Carter Library

**CARTER PRESIDENTIAL PAPERS - STAFF OFFICES**

COLLECTION:

Office of Staff Sec. - Pres. Handwriting File

Acc. No.: 80-1

The following material was withdrawn from this segment of the collection and transferred to the  Audiovisual Collection  Museum Collection  Book Collection  Other (Specify: )

DESCRIPTION:

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four color photographs of the "people's Market Day" in Liberty City, Florida

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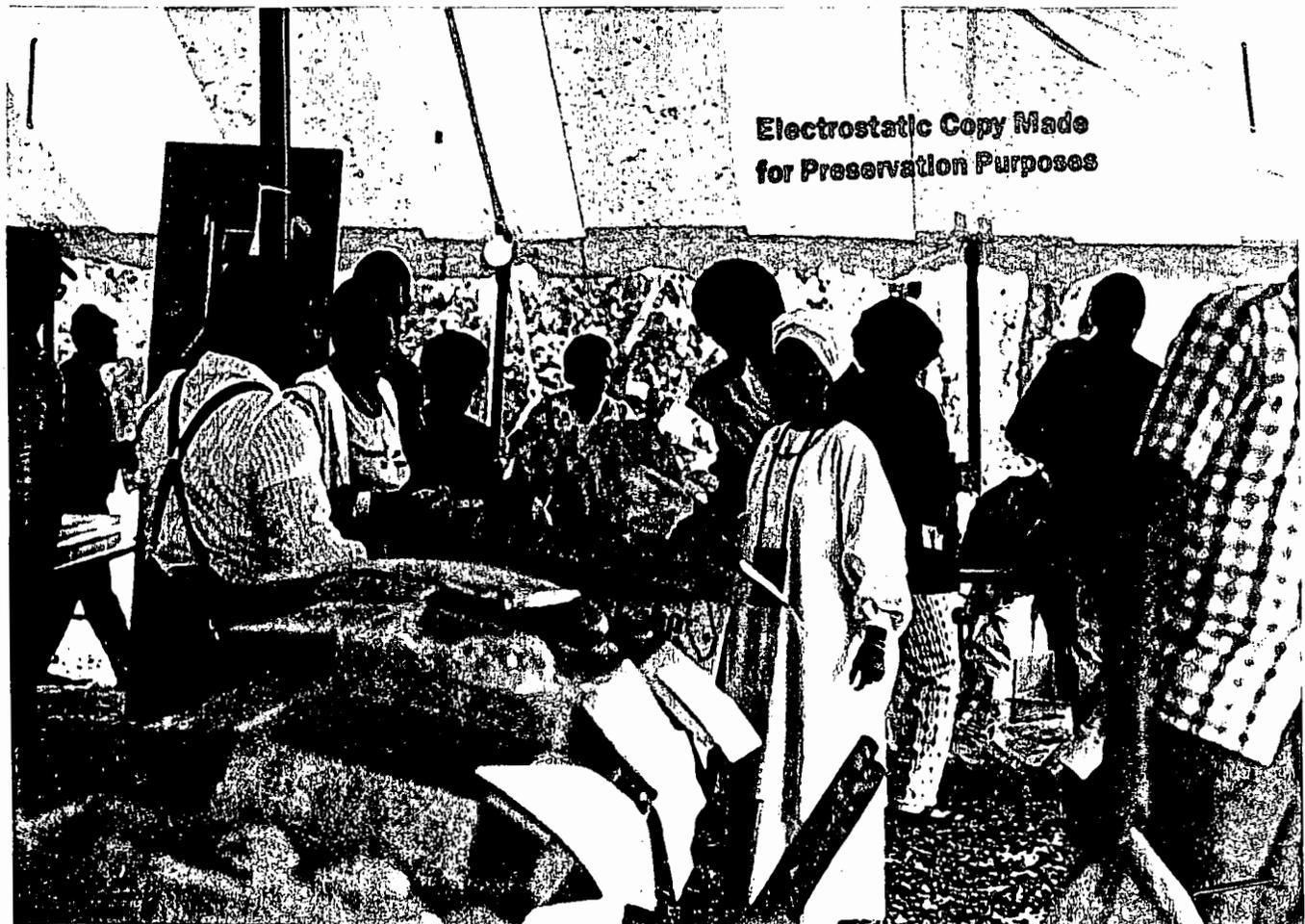
Series: Chron

Box No.: 198

File Folder Title: 8/6/80

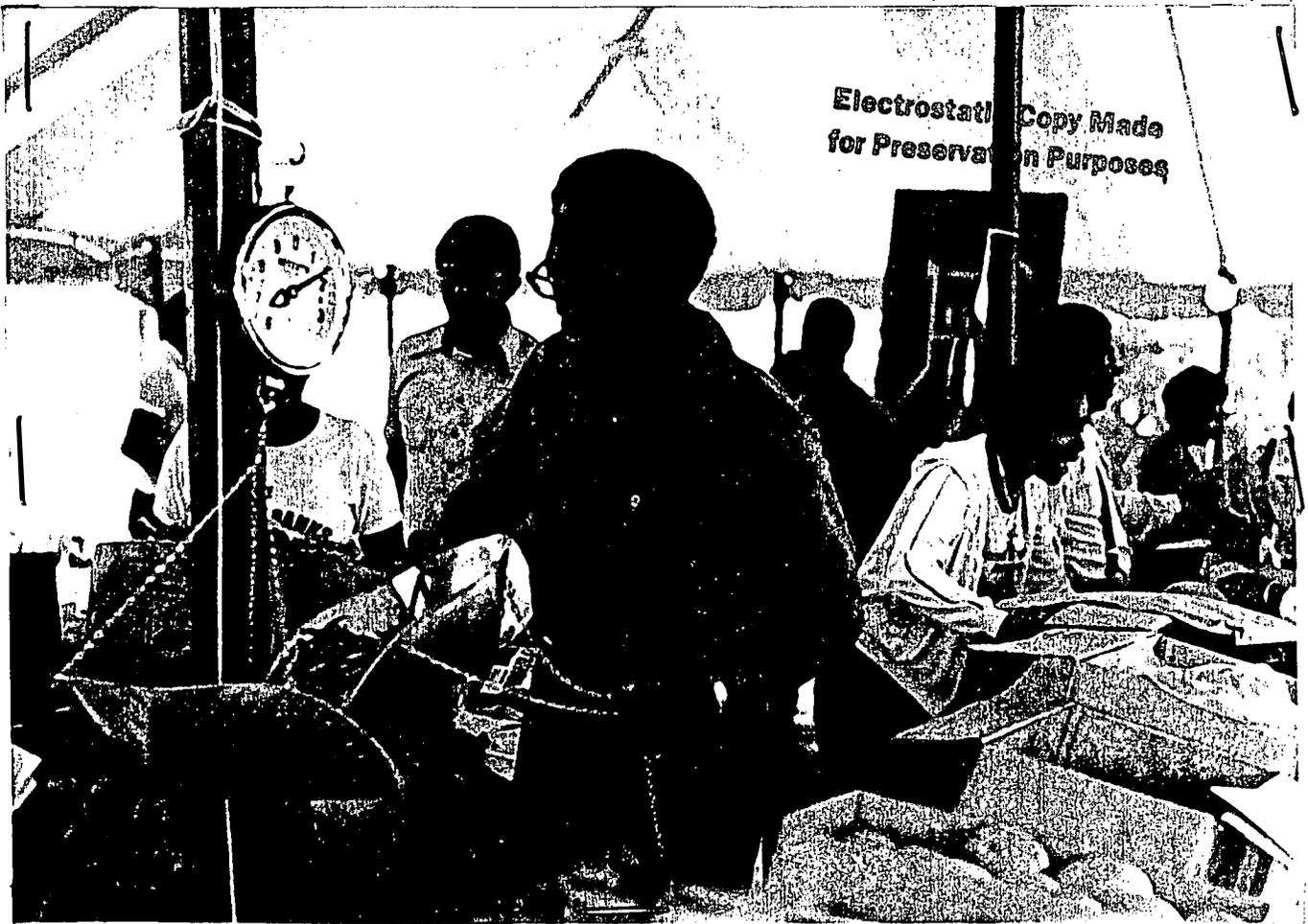
Transferred by: Foulk

Date of Transfer: 10/19/90





Refrigerated trailer, from left to right: driver, local organizer, Project Director, staff member.



Selling fresh, quality produce.

THE SECRETARY OF COMMERCE  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20230

August 1, 1980

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FYI

REPORT TO THE PRESIDENT

Hispanic Community: The meeting in Albuquerque with the Board of La Raza prior to my addressing their annual convention reenforced the already considerable evidence of a sense of growing strength among the Hispanics, and of the serious conflicts emerging between them and other minority groups, especially Blacks. These conflicts become very apparent in controversies surrounding administrative matters involving government officials of different backgrounds. My meeting with the Board focused on specific situations where I confronted the articulation of as many suspicions as facts, particularly with regard to the participation in government programs of the National Economic Development Association (NEDA).

The problems with the Minority Business Development Administration and NEDA have since been worked out. With regard to relations with the Department and the Hispanic community as a whole, a Hispanic American of impeccable credentials has joined the staff of our Dallas Regional Office (an area of major Hispanic concentration) to address issues arising in that area. In addition, I have personally directed the Heads of our Operating Units to hasten recruitment efforts designed to correct current inequities resulting from the failure of our routine recruitment practices to identify satisfactory applicants. Our Affirmative Action Program in this respect has not met reasonable goals.

Meeting with the Reverend Jesse Jackson: Jackson expressed concern with respect to several programs in which he has no direct personal involvement, most notably one involving Bishop College about which I will speak with Secretary Hufstedler; and, a second being the serious financial problems faced by Harambee House here in Washington. The latter project, funded by EDA, is facing imminent foreclosure and we continue carefully to address the problem. His concern was that this much heralded Black project would go to other hands. Bob Hall who directs EDA has negotiated to keep the hotel in Black management. Reverend Jackson is eager for a meeting with you during which these matters may come up.

Steel: The schedule I reported to you for finalizing the report of the Steel Tripartite Committee should hold, short of a possible unwillingness by industry to join in final recommendations in other areas unless the trade matters are resolved, including the pending U.S. Steel anti-dumping petitions. Recognizing the urgency of this matter we have, to the degree possible, accelerated our confidential

discussions with the involved parties. In this regard we were helped somewhat by Commissioner Davignon's expression of the European attitude regarding conditions for the reestablishment of the TPM, and we will pursue this with representatives of U.S. Steel and with Davignon's assistant here in Washington. The parameters of a possible resolution should be clear after our first meetings with U.S. Steel on August 6.

At my meeting with the Senate Steel Caucus on Thursday, they suggested emergency action to address the problems of the industry including establishment of a "steel czar" within the government. I took the position that until we have completed our work on the policy matters it was premature to address the administrative questions. No real disagreement to this position was expressed, though pressure for the establishment of a focal point within the Administration is building up. Several of the Senators from the caucus addressed a letter to you on this subject.

Automobiles: Commissioner Davignon expressed great concern to us regarding the impending ITC decision on the Japanese automobile case. He pointed out that any reduction of Japanese exports to the U.S. would increase the already growing pressure on Europe. Davignon suggested that the Japanese automobile situation underscores the necessity for collaborative action between the U.S. and Europe. The Europeans are quite worried by the prospect of independent action by the U.S. believing that such would excessively expose both them and us. Davignon has always impressed me as a great thinker with regard to such matters. I share his concern regarding the impact on the world economy of a failure by the U.S. and Europe to address the growing economic influence of Japan in a way that preserves the free trade concept. I am convinced that the American fight for free trade since World War II is endangered by the lopsided economic and trade situation that has developed.

Technological Leadership of the U.S.: We are working with our National Bureau of Standards to develop a major program calculated to enable U.S. industry not merely to catch up with the productivity and productive capacity of their foreign competitors, but rather to allow U.S. industry to leapfrog into an era of technological leadership. I believe this to be an important program suggestion and will submit a detailed description to the White House within the next few weeks when some details are clarified.

  
Secretary of Commerce

THE SECRETARY OF EDUCATION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20202

AUG 1 1980

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MEMORANDUM TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Weekly Report of ED Major Activities

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Legislation

Higher Education: House and Senate conferees on the Higher Education Act reauthorization, S. 1839 and H.R. 5192, met for four days during the week of July 22. They completed almost all parts of the bill except Title IV, student financial aid. The conference will resume at the call of the Chair, after the August recess.

A summary of the conference decisions to date is being prepared and will be sent to you shortly.

Youth Act of 1980 : The Youth Act of 1980, H.R. 6711, was scheduled for House floor action on August 1, but was not taken up due to numerous appropriations bills on the calendar. Staff on the Education and Labor Committee indicate that the bill may be considered by the House on August 19. Senate Labor and Human Resources Committee staff are working on a draft alternative to Title II, the education portion of the bill.

Cuban and Haitian Children: The House Education and Labor Committee approved by voice vote H.R. 7859 on July 30, a bill providing educational assistance to Cuban-Haitian entrants. The bill includes three new formula grant programs which: (1) provide assistance for basic education services for all new Cuban and Haitian children; (2) provide supplemental services to local educational agencies with heavy concentrations of such children; and (3) authorizes funds for adult education programs for Cubans and Haitians. The House may consider the bill under suspension of the rules on August 18 or 19.

FY 1981 ED Appropriations: On July 30, the House Labor/HHS/Education Appropriations Subcommittee marked up the FY 1981 appropriations bill. The subcommittee met in closed session and embargoed information

on all actions until the full committee meets. The full committee is expected to meet shortly after the Democratic Convention.

On July 30, the House passed H.R. 7724, the FY 1981 Interior Appropriations bill which includes \$81.6 million for Indian Education (a reduction of \$19.2 million from the Administration's request) and \$12.9 million for the Institute for Museum Services (an increase of \$2 million over the Administration's request).

### Regulations

Lau Regulations: The language minority regulations have been submitted for publication and public comment, following discussions with members of your staff. We expect publication on August 5, preceded by briefings for advocacy and educational groups, and a press conference. Last Wednesday, the Secretary held a briefing for interested members of the Hispanic Congressional caucus, and on Thursday a briefing was provided for members of the Hispanic community invited to the White House reception.

College Housing Regulations: The College Housing regulations were signed July 21 with a language change insuring that at least 10% of applicants funded will be traditionally Black Institutions, in addition to assuring that 10% of the funds available will go to these Institutions. These changes, linked with efforts to increase the number of traditionally Black institutions applying, should result in an increase in funding for these schools next year.

### Speeches by the Secretary: Past Week and Upcoming

<u>GROUP</u>	<u>CITY</u>	<u>DATE</u>
Future Farmers of America	Washington, D.C.	July 31
Education Commission of the States	Atlanta, GA	August 1
Urban League	New York City	August 4



Shirley M. Hufstedler  
Secretary

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

August 1, 1980

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MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: ALFRED E. KAHN

*Fred*

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SUBJECT: Weekly Activities Report

Because I was out of town at the end of last week, this report covers our activities for the past two weeks.

Wage/Price Program

We plan to announce next week that two oil companies and a cement company have agreed to forego a total of about \$15 million in allowable profits during our second program year in order to remain in compliance with the price standard. Cities Service Company has tentatively agreed to forego \$6 million, Kern County Refinery, Inc., a medium-size oil company headquartered in Bakersfield, \$8 million and Southwestern Portland Cement Company, of Houston, not quite \$1 million. The agreements are particularly satisfying because both the oil and cement industries have been somewhat recalcitrant in their dealings with the Council.

On the other side, we announced on Tuesday that the Circle K Corporation, a gasoline and grocery retailer based in Phoenix, is out of compliance.

The Price Advisory Committee met last Wednesday to comment on our Issues Paper on third year price standards. Comments from the public are due in today, and we plan to prepare a summary of those comments by the middle of this month.

Hospital expenditure guideline and intensified monitoring

HHS and CWPS today announced a 1980 hospital expenditure guideline of 13.4 percent and an intensified compliance monitoring effort. This is a second-best substitute for our failed Hospital Cost Containment legislation. Nathan Stark and I sent letters to the Voluntary Effort, the AMA, and the two big industry trade associations asking for their cooperation.

Fostering Small Scale Hydro-electric Development

At Jack Watson's request, I am working on the regulatory reform issues involved in fostering small scale hydro development. We plan an extensive outreach effort culminating in a White House meeting in late September or early October.

Regulatory Reform

I gave the opening address last Tuesday at the Regulatory Council's Conference on Innovative Regulatory Techniques, the purpose of which was to follow up on your recent directive to the regulatory agencies. I attach a copy.

Attachment

MEMORANDUM

1:00

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

August 6, 1980

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Kathy Bidden  
Jo Ann Cree  
Marilyn Meinking  
Jane Sanders  
Ann Wilson  
Bob Pender  
Jonathan Thomas  
Dave Harfst  
Jean Malia Orque  
Jim Santelle  
Arlene Kimata  
Mike Hall  
Eugenia Esch  
Cindy Beegle  
Jacque Dinwiddie

Carmen Burigan  
Jan Curtis  
Linda DeHart  
Marilee Melvin  
Lynn Sandage  
Debbie Sudduth  
Sharon Wagner  
Newell Quinton  
Laurence Hall  
Tom Dubose  
Linda Odorisio  
Nancy Massey

Catherine Ranieri (Dan Tate's office) - worked Sunday

Lloyd N. Cutler  
Joseph Onek  
Michael H. Cardozo  
Patrick V. Apodaca  
Barbara Bergman  
Zoi Baird  
Philip Bobbitt

Barbara Sachs  
Rachelle Dionne  
Trish Byrnes

THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

to staff secretary

pls

thanks-sc



**DANA CORPORATION**

**MARTIN A. CAFURELLO**  
SAFETY SPECIALIST

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7/6/80*

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FRAME OPERATIONS  
P.O. BOX 1422  
READING, PENNSYLVANIA 19603

TELEPHONE:  
(215) 371-7121

1:45

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

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August 6, 1980

PHOTO SESSION WITH SENATORS EAGLETON AND BENTSEN  
AND CONGRESSMAN BIAGGI

Wednesday, August 6, 1980  
1:45 p.m. (5 minutes)  
The Oval Office

From: Frank Moore 

I. PURPOSE

To be photographed with Senators Eagleton and Bentsen and Congressman Biaggi.

II. BACKGROUND, PARTICIPANTS AND PRESS PLAN

Background: S. 2995, A Bill to Allow the Transfer of Certain Funds to Fund the Heat Crisis Program, passed the Senate unanimously on July 30 and the House, also unanimously, on July 31. The bill allows CSA to borrow funds from the Rural Development Grant Fund to help low income and elderly people pay their utility bills and purchase cooling equipment. \$21 million will probably be expended on the program. Senator Bentsen introduced the bill in the Senate and Congressman Biaggi worked to have Bentsen's bill passed in the House. Congressman Biaggi had originally introduced a similar bill in the House which was expanded into Bentsen's bill. You signed the bill August 4.

Participants: The President, Senator Lloyd Bentsen, Senator Tom Eagleton, Congressman Mario Biaggi, Frank Moore

Press Plan: White House Photographer

III. Additional information: Senator Bentsen and his wife, B.A., have been invited to have dinner with you and Mrs. Carter this evening.

THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

06 Aug 80

FOR THE RECORD

ORIGINAL TO EV SMALL FOR  
HANDLING AND DELIVERY.

CC EIZENSTAT

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 31, 1980

MEMORANDUM FOR:

THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

STU EIZENSTAT  
LYNN DAFT

*Stu*

SUBJECT:

Letter to Congressman Foley

We recommend that you send the attached letter to Congressman Tom Foley, which has been cleared by Speechwriter's, thanking him for his assistance in developing the farm policy measures.

CL concurs.

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THE WHITE HOUSE

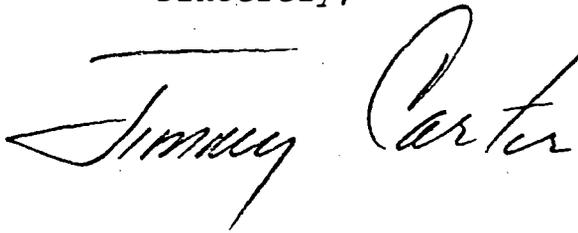
WASHINGTON

August 4, 1980

Dear Tom:

I want to express my personal gratitude to you for your help and support in developing the farm policy measures I announced last Monday. Speaking both as President and as a farmer, I consider American agriculture extremely fortunate to have a man of your judgment and vision as one of its principal leaders.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Jimmy Carter". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned below the word "Sincerely,".

The Honorable Thomas S. Foley  
U.S. House of Representatives  
Washington, D.C. 20515

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

SUMMARY SCHEDULE

THE PRESIDENT'S VISIT TO  
NEW YORK

August 6, 1980

7:25 am Depart South Lawn en route Andrews AFB.

7:45 am Depart Andrews en route JFK International  
Airport, New York, New York.

8:30 am Marine One departs JFK International  
Airport en route West 30th Street Helipad.

8:55 am Motorcade departs West 30th Street Helipad  
en route New York Hilton Hotel.

9:15 am Speech to the 1980 National Urban League  
Conference. LIVE LOCAL TELEVISION. OPEN  
PRESS COVERAGE. ATTENDANCE: 4000.

9:50 am Motorcade departs Hilton en route New York  
Hospital/Cornell University for visit with  
Mr. Vernon Jordan.

10:25 am Motorcade departs New York Hospital/Cornell  
University en route West 30th Street Helipad.

10:45 am Marine One departs West 30th Street Helipad  
en route JFK International Airport.

11:05 am JETSTAR departs JFK International Airport  
en route Andrews AFB.

12:10 pm Marine One arrives South Lawn.

1. CHAIRMAN COY EKLUND...VICE PRESIDENT JOHN JACOB...

MEMBERS OF THE URBAN LEAGUE:

2. ONE EVENING IN ATLANTA,

3. MORE THAN 10 YEARS AGO,

4. ANDY, YOUNG, VERNON JORDAN & I

5. SHARED WITH EACH OTHER

6. <sup>SECRET</sup> OUR <sup>A</sup> AMBITIONS FOR THE FUTURE.

7. ANDY WANTED TO STAY IN ATLANTA & AVOID PUBLICITY & CONTROVERSY...

8. MY ULTIMATE AMBITION WAS TO BE GOVERNOR OF GEORGIA...

9. AND VERNON WANTED TO BE THE CONGRESSMAN FROM THE 5TH DISTRICT. /

10. WELL, NONE OF US WOUND UP WHERE WE PLANNED,

11. BUT I THINK YOU WILL AGREE AMONG YOURSELVES

12. THAT VERNON GOT THE BEST JOB! //

13. IT IS A JOY TO BE HERE TODAY WITH FRIENDS & DEDICATED LEADERS

14. WHO HAVE BEEN MY PARTNERS IN SO MANY FIGHTS

15. AND WITH WHOM I SHARE SO MANY BASIC BELIEFS. /

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1. I SALUTE YOU
2. FOR 70 YEARS OF LEADERSHIP & SERVICE
3. TO ALL THE CITIZENS OF OUR NATION:
4. AND I THANK YOU
5. FOR THE COUNSEL & SUPPORT
6. YOU HAVE GIVEN ME OVER THE YEARS
7. AS WE HAVE PRESSED FORWARD DOWN A COMMON ROAD.
8. WE HAVE STOOD TOGETHER ~~OFTEN~~ <sup>OFTEN</sup> FOR WHAT IS RIGHT
9. AND WE HAVE PREVAILED WITH OUR VIEWS.

**Electrostatic Copy Made  
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1. WITH YOUR HELP, SINCE I BECAME PRESIDENT --
2. FUNDING FOR TEACHING BASIC SKILLS TO DISADVANTAGED CHILDREN  
HAS MORE THAN DOUBLED.
3. JOB CORPS IS UP 157 %.
4. "CETA" PROGRAMS -- UP 115 %.
5. FOOD STAMPS -- UP 99 %,
6. AND NO LONGER DO POOR PEOPLE
7. HAVE TO PAY FOR FOOD STAMPS WITH CASH MONEY.
8. FUNDING FOR WOMEN, INFANTS & CHILDREN PROGRAMS  
IS 3 TIMES AS GREAT AS IT WAS IN 1976. //
9. DESPITE OUR CONTINUING EFFORT TO CONTROL INFLATION
10. WE ARE PROTECTING SUCH PROGRAMS THAT ARE IMPORTANT TO YOU --
11. AS SOCIAL SECURITY,
12. AID FOR FAMILIES OF DEPENDENT CHILDREN (THAT WE ARE GREATLY INCREASING,)
13. SUBSIDIZED GOVERNMENT HOUSING,
14. AND PROGRAMS LIKE HEAD START. //

1. I APPRECIATE YOUR LEADER
2. WHO HAS BEEN SUCH A STRONG ADVOCATE OF THESE CAUSES,
3. AND OFTEN IN THE FOREFRONT OF ECONOMIC & SOCIAL PROGRESS. /
4. I WILL BE GOING FROM HERE
5. TO VISIT WITH VERNON IN HIS HOSPITAL ROOM
6. TO PAY MY PERSONAL RESPECTS,
7. TO WISH HIM AGAIN A SPEEDY RECOVERY,
8. AND TO ASSURE HIM
9. THAT I AM THE LAST PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE
10. HE WILL HAVE TO ENTERTAIN THIS WEEK. //
11. TODAY I AM PARTICULARLY PLEASED TO CELEBRATE WITH YOU
12. THE 15TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE VOTING RIGHTS ACT.
13. TOGETHER WITH THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964,
14. THESE NEW LAWS OPENED UP A NEW VASTLY BETTER  
ERA OF AMERICAN LIFE. /

1. THESE MEASURES PAVED THE WAY
2. TOWARD NEW LEVELS OF OPPORTUNITY. /
3. WHO WOULD HAVE DREAMED THEN
4. THAT WE WOULD SEE TODAY
5. THE ELECTION OF PEOPLE
6. LIKE DICK ARRINGTON & MAYNARD JACKSON  
IN THE SOUTH?
7. WHO WOULD HAVE DREAMED
8. THERE WOULD ONE DAY BE A BLACK MAYOR OF BIRMINGHAM,  
OR ATLANTA? //
9. I HAVE BEEN PROUD AS PRESIDENT,
10. FIGHTING FOR A MORE JUST, EQUITABLE & PROSPEROUS SOCIETY --
11. TO HAVE HAD AT MY SIDE IN THIS FIGHT
12. MANY GOOD PEOPLE & OLD FRIENDS
13. LIKE VERNON, ANDY YOUNG & CORETTA KING --
14. WHO HAVE CONTRIBUTED SO MUCH
15. TO MAKING CIVIL RIGHTS
16. AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE AMERICAN CONSCIENCE. /

1. ALTHOUGH YOUR CHILDREN NOW ENJOY A LIFE
2. FUNDAMENTALLY CHANGED FROM YOUR OWN CHILDHOOD YEARS,
3. YOU & I KNOW THAT OUR STRUGGLE IS FAR FROM OVER.
4. I AM HERE TODAY TO RENEW MY PERMANENT PLEDGE
5. THAT I WILL NEVER RELENT IN OUR JOINT PURSUIT OF EQUAL RIGHTS,  
EQUAL OPPORTUNITY,  
& EQUAL DIGNITY  
FOR EVERY AMERICAN.
6. I AM HERE TO TELL THE TRUTH ABOUT WHERE WE HAVE BEEN  
& WHERE WE ARE GOING.
7. I AM NOT HERE TO TELL YOU THAT WE HAVE REACHED THE PROMISED LAND.
8. WE CANNOT UNDO 30 DECADES,  
300 YEARS OF DISCRIMINATION  
IN JUST A FEW YEARS.
9. BUT WE ARE ON THE RIGHT ROAD
10. AND WE WILL STAY ON THE RIGHT ROAD
11. UNTIL WE REACH THE PROMISED LAND, --
12. THE GOAL THAT GOD SET FOR US.

1. TO LOSE SIGHT OF THAT PROMISED LAND
2. IS TO LOSE OUR SENSE OF DIRECTION,
3. FOR WE HAVE HAD SOME VICTORIES,
4. AND IT IS A MISTAKE FOR THE URBAN LEAGUE TO DENY ITSELF CREDIT  
FOR THOSE VICTORIES,
5. BECAUSE TO DENY OURSELVES THE SUSTENANCE & THE ENCOURAGEMENT  
OF WHAT WE HAVE DONE
6. IS TO DENY THE INSPIRATION & THE SUPPORT  
REQUIRED TO CONTINUE TO STRUGGLE.
7. FOR MORE THAN 200 YEARS,
8. OUR NATION HAS GROPED,
9. SOMETIMES SLOWLY, SOMETIMES PAINFULLY,
10. TO STRETCH ITS MORAL HORIZONS,
11. TO FULLILL ITS MORAL PROMISE.

1. FIRST IT WAS THE ELIMINATION OF SLAVERY.
2. THIS TOOK 90 YEARS.
3. THEN IT WAS THE ELIMINATION OF LEGALIZED SEGREGATION  
& THE BEGINNINGS OF INTEGRATION.
4. THIS TOOK 100 MORE YEARS.
5. TODAY WE ARE CHALLENGED TO REACH THE BRIGHTEST OF ALL HORIZONS,
6. THE EXTENSION OF EQUAL JUSTICE & FULL ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY
7. TO EVERY HUMAN BEING IN OUR SOCIETY. //
8. I WISH I COULD CELEBRATE WITH YOU HERE THIS MORNING
9. THE END OF THE AGE OF RACIAL ANTAGONISM.
10. BUT AS YOU KNOW SO WELL,
11. THE DAYS OF RACIAL VIOLENCE ARE NOT ALL BEHIND US --
12. NOT WHILE GROUPS SUCH AS THE KU KLUX KLAN
13. RE-EMERGE TO STIR UP RACIAL & RELIGIOUS HATRED,
14. NOT WHILE SO MANY CITIZENS OF ALL RACES ARE AFRAID FOR THEIR PERSONAL SAFETY,
15. NOT WHILE THE CODE WORDS OF BIGOTRY
16. ARE STILL HEARD IN THE POLITICAL ARENA & IN THE LEGISLATIVE HALLS. //

1. IT IS THE SWORN DUTY OF EVERY POLICY OFFICIAL THROUGHOUT OUR COUNTRY
2. TO PROTECT THE LIFE & LIBERTIES OF EVERY CITIZEN
3. IN A NONDISCRIMINATORY MANNER,
4. REGARDLESS OF RACE.
5. BY AND LARGE, OUR LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICIALS DO JUST THAT,
6. BUT THERE IS STILL SOME DISTRUST & FEAR
7. BETWEEN MINORITY CITIZENS & THE POLICE.
8. WHERE WE HAVE FOUND LAPSES,
9. WHERE WE HAVE FOUND ANY OFFICIALS VICTIMIZING ANY CITIZENS --
10. OUR JUSTICE DEPARTMENT HAS ACTED.
11. EVERY AMERICAN SHOULD KNOW
12. THAT THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES
13. IS ABSOLUTELY DETERMINED THAT THE LIBERTIES & WELL-BEING OF EVERY CITIZEN
14. WILL BE PROTECTED TO THE FULL EXTENT OF THE LAW.
15. ALL AMERICANS SHOULD KNOW THAT THE GOVERNMENT & LAW OF THE UNITED STATES  
ARE ON THEIR SIDE.

1. I HAVE APPOINTED PEOPLE LIKE DREW DAYS & ELEANOR HOLMES NORTON
  2. TO ADMINISTER THE LAWS THAT ENFORCE CIVIL RIGHTS.
  3. I HAVE PUT BLACK PEOPLE ON REGULATORY BOARDS OF ALL KINDS,
  4. AND I HAVE ~~ALSO~~ ALWAYS INSISTED ON AFFIRMATIVE ACTION.
  5. THE RESULTS SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES.
  6. IN ORDER TO SAVE TIME, I WON'T QUOTE THE STATISTICS,
  7. BUT I HAVE SERVED 3½ YEARS AS PRESIDENT,
  8. AND I HAVE ALREADY APPOINTED MORE BLACKS,  
MORE WOMEN,  
& MORE HISPANICS
- TO THE FEDERAL BENCH AS JUDGES
9. THAN ALL OTHER PRESIDENTS IN THE 200-YEAR HISTORY OF THIS COUNTRY.
  10. AND I'M NOT THROUGH YET!

1. THESE FEDERAL JUDGES SERVE FOR LIFE.
2. THEIR INFLUENCE EXTENDS FAR BEYOND A SINGLE ADMINISTRATION.
3. THEY WILL BE INTERPRETING YOUR RIGHTS,  
THE RIGHTS OF YOUR CHILDREN,  
& THE RIGHTS OF YOUR CHILDREN'S CHILDREN  
ON INTO THE NEXT CENTURY.
4. THIS ADMINISTRATION HAS BEEN COMMITTED
5. TO STRICT ENFORCEMENT OF CIVIL RIGHTS HERE AT HOME,
6. BUT WE HAVE BEEN EQUALLY AGGRESSIVE
7. IN ADVANCING HUMAN RIGHTS ABROAD.
8. WE HAVE BEEN SUCCESSFUL,
9. THANKS IN PART TO THE WONDERFUL EFFORTS OF ANDY YOUNG & DON McHENRY,
10. IN ENHANCING OUR RELATIONS IN DEVELOPING AREAS
11. AND PARTICULARLY WITH THE PEOPLE OF AFRICA.
12. OUR GREATEST SINGLE ~~QUEST~~ SUCCESS
13. HAS BEEN TO HELP IN THE PEACEFUL TRANSITION OF ZIMBABWE,
14. WHICH IS NOW FREE...INDEPENDENT... & DEMOCRATIC.

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1. TWO WEEKS AGO,
2. VICE PRESIDENT MONDALE VISITED WEST AFRICA ON MY BEHALF  
TO CELEBRATE ANOTHER ADVANCE.
3. HE TOOK WITH HIM OUR BEST WISHES TO THE PEOPLE OF NIGERIA
4. ON THEIR RETURN TO DEMOCRACY.
5. HE REPEATED ONCE MORE OUR CLEAR-CUT POLICY TOWARD SOUTH AFRICA:
6. THE RELATIONS BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES WILL DEPEND
7. ON ITS PROGRESS TOWARD FULL HUMAN RIGHTS
8. AND FULL POLITICAL PARTICIPATION BY ALL THE PEOPLE OF SOUTH AFRICA.
9. I HAVE SOMETIMES BEEN ASKED WHY OUR COUNTRY  
SHOULD TAKE SUCH A STRONG INTEREST IN AFRICA.
10. I BELIEVE THE ANSWER TO THAT QUESTION IS FUNDAMENTAL.
11. IT IS BEST DESCRIBED IN A LETTER WRITTEN BY DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.,
12. DURING THE HEIGHT OF HIS NON-VIOLENT BATTLE FOR DESEGREGATION,
13. IN WHICH HE SAID:
14. "INJUSTICE ANYWHERE IS A THREAT TO JUSTICE EVERYWHERE."

1. TO BUILD AN AMERICA OF FULL SOCIAL JUSTICE,
2. WE MUST DO MORE THAN PROTECT BASIC CIVIL LIBERTIES.
3. WE MUST MOVE TOWARD OUR BRIGHTEST MORAL HORIZONS.
4. WE MUST OPEN ALL THE DOORS OF PROGRESS TO ALL AMERICANS.
5. WE ALL KNOW THAT DISCRIMINATION IN EMPLOYMENT
6. STILL REMAINS AN ALL TOO FREQUENT PART OF AMERICAN LIFE.
7. WHEN JOB BIAS IS COMPOUNDED
8. BY A PAINFUL PERIOD OF SLOW ECONOMIC GROWTH FOR THE COUNTRY,
9. A DISPROPORTIONATE SHARE OF BLACKS BECOME CAUGHT UP  
BY THE BRUTAL PHRASE, "LAST HIRED; FIRST FIRED."
10. WITH YOUR HELP, THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT HAS ACTED.
11. WITH THE HELP OF WELDON ROUGEAU, *Roo-Joe*
12. WE ARE PUTTING HEAT ON GOVERNMENT CONTRACTORS.
13. A NUMBER OF MAJOR "U.S." CORPORATIONS HAVE FOUND OUT THE HARD WAY
14. THAT THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT MEANS BUSINESS WHEN IT SAYS:  
NO JOB DISCRIMINATION.

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1. WE ARE ALSO PURSUING
2. A VIGOROUS, UNPRECEDENTED AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PROGRAM IN FEDERAL PROCUREMENT.
3. WE ARE MOVING TO TRIPLE THE AMOUNT OF FEDERAL BUSINESS  
GOING TO MINORITY-OWNED CONTRACTORS.
4. THE SUPREME COURT HAS NOW, <sup>FINALLY</sup> RULED
5. THAT THE 10 % "SET-ASIDE" FOR MINORITY BUSINESSES  
IS CONSTITUTIONAL.
6. IN PUBLIC WORKS, WE HAVE ALREADY REACHED 18 %.
7. WE NEED THIS SAME KIND OF MUSCLE IN OUR FAIR HOUSING LAWS.
8. WE HAVE A BILL ALREADY PASSED BY THE HOUSE
9. THAT WILL PUT TEETH INTO THE 1968 FAIR HOUSING ACT.
10. IT IS THE MOST IMPORTANT CIVIL RIGHTS LEGISLATION IN A DECADE.
11. IT NOW ONLY NEEDS SENATE APPROVAL.
12. WITH YOUR HELP, WE CAN PASS THIS BILL.
13. WE CAN MAKE IT POSSIBLE, FOR THE FIRST TIME EVER,
14. FOR PEOPLE WHO WANT JOBS TO FIND HOMES WHERE THE JOBS ARE.

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1. I AM ALSO DEEP IN THE FIGHT
2. FOR EXPANDED YOUTH EMPLOYMENT & OPPORTUNITY.
3. SINCE TAKING OFFICE WE HAVE HAMMERED AWAY PERSISTENTLY
4. ON THE URGENT PROBLEM OF MINORITY YOUTH UNEMPLOYMENT.
5. WE HAVE ALREADY ALMOST DOUBLED FUNDING
6. FOR YOUTH EMPLOYMENT & TRAINING --
7. FROM TWO-AND-ONE-HALF TO \$4 BILLION A YEAR.
8. BUT THAT IS NOT ENOUGH.
9. LAST YEAR I ASKED VICE PRESIDENT MONDALE
10. TO HEAD A SPECIAL YOUTH EMPLOYMENT TASK FORCE.
11. WORKING WITH THE URBAN LEAGUE
12. AND OTHER COMMUNITY-BASED ORGANIZATIONS,
13. WE DEVELOPED A MAJOR YOUTH EMPLOYMENT BILL WHICH IS NOW BEFORE THE CONGRESS.
14. IT WILL INCREASE OUR COMMITMENT TO YOUTH EMPLOYMENT TO \$6 BILLION A YEAR
15. AND OPEN NEW CAREER OPPORTUNITIES TO TWO MILLION YOUNG PEOPLE.

1. WE DO NOT NEED TO WAIT FOR NEW PROMISES OR NEW PLANS.
2. TALK IS CHEAP.
3. HERE IS WORK THAT CAN BE DONE RIGHT NOW!
4. GET BEHIND THIS MEASURE WITH ME
5. AND WE CAN MEET HEAD-ON THE CHALLENGE OF YOUTH WITHOUT JOBS. /
6. THESE TWO MEASURES,
7. THE FAIR HOUSING BILL & THE YOUTH ACT,
8. ARE NOT "PIE-IN-THE-SKY," OR FUTURE DREAMS.
9. THEY ARE AN AGENDA FOR TODAY.
10. THEY ARE IN THEIR FINAL STAGES OF CONGRESSIONAL CONSIDERATION  
AT THIS VERY MOMENT.
11. NO GROUP SHOULD DARE PLAY POLITICS WITH THEM.
12. THEY ARE VITAL STRIDES FORWARD FOR OUR COUNTRY.
13. AND THEY REQUIRE NO MORE DEBATE.
14. THEY OPEN A VAST ARRAY OF ECONOMIC DOORS FOR MINORITY AMERICANS
15. AND WE NEED THEM WITHOUT ANOTHER MOMENT'S DELAY. //

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1. ONCE THE DOORS OF EQUAL OPPORTUNITY ARE OPENED,
2. WE MUST MAKE SURE THERE IS GENUINE ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY ON THE OTHER SIDE.
3. TO DO THAT RIGHT,
4. AND TO DO IT PERMANENTLY,
5. OUR NATION'S GREAT ECONOMIC FOUNDATION MUST BE REBUILT --
6. SO THAT EVERY AMERICAN CAN HAVE A DECENT, PRODUCTIVE JOB
7. WITHOUT ALL AMERICANS LOSING THEIR EARNINGS TO INFLATION.
8. I PLEDGE TO YOU THAT THIS GOVERNMENT IS GOING TO MEET THAT CHALLENGE.

1. WE HAVE A STRONG BASE ON WHICH TO BUILD.
2. OUR ECONOMY IS STILL THE MOST PRODUCTIVE ON EARTH.
3. WE PRODUCE MORE PER WORKER THAN ANY OTHER COUNTRY IN THE WORLD.
4. IN THE LAST 3½ YEARS WE HAVE ADDED
5. MORE THAN 9 MILLION MEN & WOMEN TO OUR WORK FORCE --
6. THE LARGEST INCREASE IN OUR NATION'S HISTORY.
7. ONE MILLION MORE BLACK AMERICANS HOLD JOBS TODAY THAN IN JANUARY 1977.
8. WE ARE MAKING PROGRESS,
9. BUT FOR YEARS SOME OF OUR BASIC INDUSTRIES  
HAVE BEEN LOSING THEIR COMPETITIVE EDGE.
10. OUR HUMAN & TECHNICAL INVESTMENTS HAVE BEEN INADEQUATE,
11. AND OUR GROWTH IN PRODUCTIVITY HAS COME TO A HALT.

1. THAT IS ONE BASIC CAUSE OF THE PERSISTENT INFLATION
2. THAT HAS DAMAGED THE LIFE OF EVERY AMERICAN --  
-- BLACK, WHITE, YOUNG & OLD --
3. AND UNDERMINED THE ABILITY OF GOVERNMENT & BUSINESS
4. TO GENERATE ALL THE JOBS & SERVICES WE NEED. /
5. ANOTHER MAJOR CAUSE OF CRIPPLING INFLATION
6. IS THE SOARING PRICE OF IMPORTED ENERGY.
7. THAT IS WHY I HAVE WORKED EVERY DAY FOR THE PAST 3½ YEARS  
TO GIVE US A NATIONAL ENERGY POLICY. /

1. WE HAVE MADE RAPID PROGRESS IN REDUCING IMPORTS --
2. ALMOST 15% THIS YEAR COMPARED TO LAST YEAR.
3. HOWEVER, WE STILL SUFFER BECAUSE THE PRICE OF OIL LAST YEAR
4. INCREASED MORE THAN IN ALL THE YEARS SINCE OIL WAS DISCOVERED.
5. THE BILLIONS UPON BILLIONS OF DOLLARS
6. SIPHONED OUT OF THE POCKETS OF AMERICAN CONSUMERS TO PAY FOR "OPEC" OIL
7. TOOK AWAY DOMESTIC JOBS
8. AND SET OFF ANOTHER VICIOUS ROUND OF INFLATION.
9. THAT INFLATION WAS SO DANGEROUS THAT AS PRESIDENT I HAD TO TAKE STEPS
10. TO PROTECT OUR NATION'S ECONOMY & OUR SOCIETY ITSELF.
11. BECAUSE WE FACED THE TRUTH THEN,
12. WE HAVE CUT INFLATION SHARPLY.
13. WE HAVE PULLED DOWN INTEREST RATES QUICKER THAN EVER BEFORE IN HISTORY.
14. WITH INFLATION RECEDING & THE CORNERSTONES OF OUR ENERGY POLICY IN PLACE,
15. WE HAVE LAID THE FOUNDATIONS FOR A SUSTAINED PERIOD
16. OF RENEWED ECONOMIC GROWTH & LOWER INFLATION.

1. I WILL SHORTLY PRESENT TO THE AMERICAN PEOPLE
2. AN ECONOMIC RENEWAL PROGRAM BASED ON THE FOLLOWING PRINCIPLES:
3. -- IT WILL PUT PEOPLE TO WORK --
4. NOT IN MAKE-WORK JOBS
5. BUT IN MODERNIZING OUR AMERICAN INDUSTRIES,
6. IMPROVING THEIR ABILITY TO COMPETE,
7. AND EXPANDING OUR EXPORTS. /
8. -- IT WILL PUT PEOPLE TO WORK --
9. NOT WITH MASSIVE PROGRAMS THAT HIDE INFLATIONARY TIME-BOMBS,
10. BUT WITH CAREFULLY DESIGNED MEASURES
1. THAT WILL ALSO MAKE POSSIBLE CONTINUED REDUCTIONS IN INFLATION. /
2. -- IT WILL PUT PEOPLE TO WORK --
3. BUILDING THE FACILITIES WE NEED TO CONSERVE MORE ENERGY,
4. CHANGE THE WAY WE USE ENERGY, ... AND PRODUCE MORE NEW ENERGY. /
5. -- IT WILL PUT PEOPLE TO WORK --
6. BY DEALING WITH THE SPECIAL PROBLEMS
7. OF DISTRESSED AREAS
8. AND UNEMPLOYED WORKERS NEEDING MARKETABLE SKILLS. //

1. UNDER THIS ECONOMIC RENEWAL PROGRAM,
2. WE WILL MODERNIZE OUR INDUSTRIAL CAPABILITIES.
3. WE WILL STIMULATE MORE RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT.
4. WE WILL BUILD NEW FACILITIES FOR ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SOURCES,
5. AND REPLACE BILLIONS OF DOLLARS OF OLDER FACILITIES ↗
6. MADE OBSOLETE BY HIGHER ENERGY PRICES. /
7. WE WILL WEATHERIZE OUR BUILDINGS,  
    IMPROVE OUR FACILITIES FOR EXPORTING COAL,  
    EXPAND MASS TRANSIT,  
        AND MORE. /
8. WE WILL CHANNEL INVESTMENT INTO AREAS ↗
9. WHERE INDUSTRY HAS BEEN DECLINING & UNEMPLOYMENT IS ESPECIALLY HIGH.
10. LITERALLY MILLIONS OF JOBS WILL BE CREATED ↗
11. AS WE MAKE AMERICA'S INDUSTRY MORE VITAL
12. AND DEAL WITH OUR ENERGY PROBLEMS. /

1. IN WEEKS AHEAD *you & WITH OTHER*
2. I WILL BE WORKING WITH ~~LEADERS~~ IN GOVERNMENT & PRIVATE ENTERPRISE,
3. AND I WILL SET FORTH AN ECONOMIC RENEWAL PROGRAM
4. TO RESTORE GROWTH & REDUCE UNEMPLOYMENT --
5. WITHOUT REIGNITING THE FIRES OF INFLATION
6. WE HAVE SO ~~SUCCESSFULLY DAMPENED~~ <sup>BEGUN TO</sup> IN THE LAST SEVERAL MONTHS. /
7. I BELIEVE THIS ENTERPRISE WILL BE THE MOST EXCITING
8. ON WHICH WE WILL EMBARK IN THE 1980's.
9. WE WILL INVEST PRIVATE & PUBLIC RESOURCES
10. IN ENERGY...INDUSTRY...TECHNOLOGY... & IN PEOPLE.
11. WE WILL BUILD.
12. WE WILL MODERNIZE.
13. WE WILL MAKE THE 1980's A DECADE OF SOUND GROWTH FOR AMERICA.
14. THAT IS A SOUND APPROACH,
15. A CONSIDERED APPROACH,
16. AND A WORKABLE APPROACH TO OUR ECONOMIC CHALLENGES. /

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1. NOW LET ME TELL YOU ABOUT AN IDEA THAT IS UN SOUND,  
ILL-CONSIDERED,  
& UNWORKABLE.
2. A BILL HAS BEEN INTRODUCED IN THE CONGRESS & ENDORSED BY MAJOR POLITICAL CANDIDATES
3. THAT WOULD CUT FEDERAL INCOME TAXES 30 % IN THE NEXT 3 YEARS.
4. THAT SOUNDS NICE.
5. BUT I MEAN TO TELL YOU THE TRUTH ABOUT "KEMP-ROTH". /
6. IT MAY WELL BE THE MOST INFLATIONARY PIECE OF LEGISLATION
7. EVER SERIOUSLY CONSIDERED BY THE UNITED STATES CONGRESS.
8. "KEMP-ROTH" OFFERS REBATES TO THE RICH
9. AND FIERCE INFLATION TO THE REST OF US. /
10. IT SUBSTITUTES A FANTASY OF INSTANT GRATIFICATION
11. INSTEAD OF REALISTIC VISION OF A BETTER FUTURE.
12. IT IS EVEN WORSE THAN A FREE LUNCH;
13. IT IS SUGAR-COATED POISON. //

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1. THE SAME PEOPLE WHO ARE PUSHING THIS TAX
2. ALSO PROMISE MASSIVE NEW DEFENSE SPENDING.
3. AND TO BALANCE THE BUDGET.
4. WHOM ARE THEY TRYING TO FOOL? /
5. IF THEY ARE SERIOUS ABOUT THESE PROMISES -- AND THEY SAY THEY ARE --
6. WOULD THEY CUT ALL FEDERAL HELP FOR ALL OTHER PROGRAMS?
7. OR WOULD THEY RUN THE MONEY-PRINTING PRESSES
8. UNTIL INFLATION IS SO OVERHEATED WE CAN NEVER COOL IT DOWN? /
9. IF THEY MEAN TO ELIMINATE AT LEAST HALF OF ALL FEDERAL PROGRAMS,
10. WHY CAN'T THEY TELL US WHICH ONES?
11. WHERE WOULD THE MASSIVE BUDGET CUTS COME FROM?
12. WHAT ARE THEY AFRAID OF?
13. THE TRUTH? //

1. IT IS NOT SURPRISING THAT MANY OF THOSE WHO SUPPORT "KEMP-ROTH"
2. ARE THE SAME ONES WHO HAVE OPPOSED EVERY FORM OF SOCIAL PROGRESS  
OF THE PAST GENERATION. /
3. IT IS A "SOAK THE POOR" TAX,
4. AND ITS BACKERS SERVE AS ROBIN HOODS IN REVERSE,
5. TAKING MONEY FROM THOSE SOCIAL PROGRAMS THAT NOW BENEFIT  
THE POOR...THE ELDERLY...THE SICK & DISADVANTAGED --
6. AND DELIVERING THE PROCEEDS TO THE RICH.
7. IT WOULD BE EXTREMELY REGRESSIVE IN NATURE,
8. PROVIDING A PERSON MAKING \$200,000 A YEAR
9. A TAX BREAK 35 TIMES GREATER THAN A FAMILY MAKING \$20,000. //

1. AS LONG AS I AM PRESIDENT, THERE WILL BE NO "TRICKLE DOWN ECONOMICS"  
IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.
2. WE WILL STRENGTHEN THE PRIVATE SECTOR,
3. WHICH IS THE HEART OF OUR ECONOMIC SYSTEM.
4. AND WE WILL ALSO REBUILD OUR CITIES  
& EDUCATE & TRAIN OUR PEOPLE.
5. FOR THOSE WHO FOR TOO LONG HAVE BEEN THE VICTIMS OF DISCRIMINATION --
6. WE ENSURE A FUTURE THAT PROMISES THE FULL RIGHT TO PARTICIPATE
7. IN THE ACHIEVEMENT OF AMERICAN PROSPERITY --
8. AND TO SHARE IN ITS BENEFITS.

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1. FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT HAS BEEN QUOTED ~~OUT-OF-CONTEXT~~ RECENTLY.
2. I WOULD LIKE TO QUOTE HIM IN CONTEXT ~~IN~~ THE CONTEXT OF HIS LIFE.
3. "LET US NOT BE AFRAID TO HELP EACH OTHER," HE SAID.
4. "LET US NEVER FORGET THAT GOVERNMENT IS OURSELVES  
& NOT AN ALIEN POWER OVER US."
5. I BELIEVE IN OUR COUNTRY,  
IN THE GENEROSITY & GOOD SENSE OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE.
6. I BELIEVE IN OUR GOVERNMENT  
& WHAT IT CAN ACHIEVE.
7. I BELIEVE IN A TRUE PARTNERSHIP  
BETWEEN THE AMERICAN PEOPLE & THEIR GOVERNMENT.
8. I BELIEVE THAT PARTNERSHIP HOLDS THE KEY TO OUR FUTURE  
& TO OUR HOPES FOR THIS COUNTRY.

1. THESE HAVE BEEN MY BELIEFS IN MY LIFE & THROUGHOUT MY PRESIDENCY.
2. THEY HAVE BEEN YOUR BELIEFS AS INDIVIDUALS
3. AND AS MEMBERS OF THE URBAN LEAGUE. /
4. WE HAVE NEVER ACQUIRED AN ADDITIONAL ELEMENT
5. OF FAIRNESS ~~OR~~ EQUITY ~~OR~~ FREEDOM ~~OR~~ JUSTICE
6. WITHOUT STRUGGLE & WITHOUT SACRIFICE,
7. AND WE WILL NEVER DO IT, *WITHOUT A FIGHT!*
8. I LOOK FORWARD TO CONTINUING OUR FIGHT
9. TO MAKE OUR BELIEFS A REALITY FOR ALL AMERICANS. //

# # #

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(Salutations will be updated by Advance)

Al McDonald  
8/5/80; A-4  
Scheduled Delivery  
Wed., August 6, 9:15 AM  
New York Hilton

Urban League

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Chairman Coy Eklund, Vice President John Jacob, members  
of the Urban League --

One evening in Atlanta, more than ten years ago, Andy Young, Vernon Jordan and I shared with each other our ambitions for the future. Andy wanted to stay in Atlanta and avoid publicity and controversy, my ultimate ambition was to be Governor of Georgia, and Vernon wanted to be the Congressman from the 5th District. Well, none of us wound up where we planned, but I think you will agree among yourselves that Vernon got the best job!

It is a joy to be here today with friends and dedicated leaders who have been my partners in so many fights and with whom I share so many basic beliefs.

I salute you for 70 years of leadership and service to all the citizens of our Nation, and I thank you for the counsel and

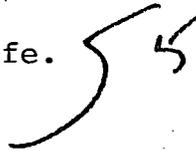
support you have given me over the years as we have pressed forward down a common road.

We have stood together often for what is right and we have prevailed with our views. <sup>2</sup> <sup>3</sup> With your help, since I became President, funding for teaching basic skills to disadvantaged children has more than doubled. Job Corps is up 157 percent. CETA programs, up 115 percent. Food Stamps, up 99 percent and no longer do poor people have to pay for food stamps with cash money. Funding for women, infants and children programs is three times as great as it was in 1976. Despite our continuing effort to control inflation we are protecting such programs that are important to you, as Social Security, aid for families of dependent children that we are greatly increasing, subsidized government housing and programs like Head Start. <sup>4</sup>

I appreciate your leader who has been such a strong advocate of these causes, and often in the forefront of economic and social progress. I will be going from here to visit with Vernon in his

hospital room to pay my personal respects, to wish him again a speedy recovery, and to assure him that I am the last Presidential candidate he will have to entertain this week.

Today I am particularly pleased to celebrate with you the 15th Anniversary of the Voting Rights Act. Together with the Civil Rights Act of 1964, these new laws opened up a new and vastly better era of American life.



These measures paved the way toward new levels of opportunity. Who would have dreamed then that we would see today the election of people like Dick Arrington and Maynard Jackson in the South? Who would have dreamed there would one day be a black mayor of Birmingham -- or Atlanta?

I have been proud as President, fighting for a more just, equitable and prosperous society -- to have had at my side in this fight many good people and old friends like Vernon, Andy Young and Coretta King, who have contributed so much to making civil rights an integral part of the American conscience.

6  
Although your children now enjoy a life fundamentally changed from your own childhood years, you and I know that our struggle is far from over. I am here today to renew my permanent pledge that I will never relent in our joint pursuit of equal rights, equal opportunity and equal dignity for every American.

I am here to tell the truth about where we have been and where we are going.

I am not here to tell you that we have reached the promised land. We cannot undo 30 decades, 300 years of discrimination in just a few years. But we are on the right road and we will stay on the right road until we reach the promised land, the goal that God set for us. To lose sight of that promised land is to lose our sense of direction, for we have had some victories, and it is a mistake for the Urban League to deny itself credit for those victories, because to deny ourselves the sustenance and the encouragement of what we have done is to deny the inspiration and the support required to continue to struggle.

For more than 200 years, our nation has groped, sometimes slowly, sometimes painfully, to stretch its moral horizons, to fulfill its moral promise. <sup>8</sup> First it was the elimination of slavery. This took 90 years. Then it was the elimination of legalized segregation and the beginnings of integration. This took 100 more years. Today we are challenged to reach the brightest of all horizons, the extension of equal justice and full economic opportunity to every human being in our society.

I wish I could celebrate with you here this morning <sup>8</sup> the end of the age of racial antagonism. But as you know so well, the days of racial violence are not all behind us -- not while groups such as the Ku Klux Klan re-emerge to stir up racial and religious hatred, not while so many citizens of all races are afraid for their personal safety, not while the code words of bigotry <sup>8</sup> are still heard in the political arena and in the legislative halls. <sup>9</sup>

It is the sworn duty of every police official throughout our country to protect the life and liberties of every citizen

-6-

in a nondiscriminatory manner, regardless of race. By and large, our law enforcement officials do just that, but there is still some distrust and fear between minority citizens and the police. Where we have found lapses, where we have found any officials victimizing any citizens, our Justice Department has acted.

Every American should know that the President of the United States is absolutely determined that the liberties and well-being of every citizen will be protected to the full extent of the law. All Americans should know that the government and the law of the United States are on their side.

I have appointed people like Drew Days and Eleanor Holmes Norton to administer the laws that enforce civil rights. I have put black people on regulatory boards of all kinds, and I have also always insisted on affirmative action. The results speak for themselves. I won't quote the statistics in order to save time, but I have served three and a half years as President, and

I have already appointed more blacks, more women, and more Hispanics to the Federal bench as judges than all other Presidents in the 200-year history of this country. And I'm not through yet!

These Federal judges serve for life. Their influence extends far beyond a single Administration. They will be interpreting your rights, the rights of your children, and the rights of your children's children on into the next century.

This Administration has been committed to strict enforcement of civil rights here at home, but we have been equally aggressive in advancing human rights abroad.

We have been successful, thanks in part to the wonderful efforts of Andy Young and Don McHenry, in enhancing our relations in developing areas and particularly with the people of Africa. Our greatest single success has been to help in the peaceful transition of Zimbabwe, which is now free, independent and democratic.

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Two weeks ago, Vice President Mondale visited West Africa on my behalf to celebrate another advance. He took with him our best wishes to the people of Nigeria on their return to democracy.

He repeated once more our clear-cut policy toward South Africa: the relations between our two countries will depend on its progress toward full human rights and full political participation by all the people of South Africa.

I have sometimes been asked why our country should take such a strong interest in Africa. I believe the answer to that question is fundamental.

It is best described in a letter written by Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., during the height of his non-violent battle for desegregation, in which he said:

"Injustice anywhere is a threat to justice everywhere."

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To build an America of full social justice, we must do more than protect basic civil liberties. We must move toward our brightest moral horizons. We must open all the doors of progress to all Americans.

We all know that discrimination in employment still remains an all too frequent part of American life. When job bias is compounded by a painful period of slow economic growth for the country, a disproportionate share of blacks become caught up by the brutal phrase, "Last hired; first fired."

With your help, the Federal government has acted. With the help of Weldon Rougeau, we are putting heat on government contractors. A number of major U.S. corporations have found out the hard way that the Federal government means business when it says -- no job discrimination.

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We are also pursuing a vigorous, unprecedented affirmative action program in Federal procurement. We are moving to triple

the amount of Federal business going to minority-owned contractors.

The Supreme Court has <sup>now</sup> ruled that the ten percent "set-aside" for minority businesses is constitutional. In public works, we have already reached 18 percent.

We need this same kind of muscle in our fair housing laws. We have a bill already passed by the House that will put teeth into the 1968 Fair Housing Act. It is the most important civil rights legislation in a decade. It now only needs Senate approval. With your help, we can pass this bill. We can make it possible, for the first time ever, for people who want jobs to find homes where the jobs are.

5/15

I am also deep in the fight for expanded youth employment and opportunity. Since taking office we have hammered away persistently on the urgent problem of minority youth unemployment. We have already almost doubled funding for youth employment and training, from \$2-1/2 to \$4 billion. <sup>a</sup> year.

But that is not enough. Last year I asked Vice President Mondale to head a special youth employment task force. Working with the Urban League /and other community-based organizations, we developed a major youth employment bill which is now before the Congress. It will increase our commitment to youth employment to \$6 billion a year and open new career opportunities to two million young people. ) We do not need to wait for new promises or new plans. Talk is cheap. Here is work that can be done right now! Get behind this measure with me /and we can meet head-on the challenge of youth without jobs.

These two measures, the fair housing bill and the Youth Act, are not "pie-in-the-sky." They are an agenda for today. They are in their final stages of Congressional consideration at this very moment. No group should dare play politics with them. They are vital strides forward for our country /and they require no more debate. They open a vast array of economic doors for minority Americans /and we need them without another moment's delay.

17

Once the doors of equal opportunity are opened, we must make sure there is genuine economic opportunity on the other side.

To do that right -- and to do it permanently -- our Nation's great economic foundation must be rebuilt . . . so that every American can have a decent, productive job without all Americans losing their earnings to inflation. I pledge to you that this government is going to meet that challenge.

18

We have a strong base on which to build. Our economy is still the most productive on earth. We produce more per worker than any other country in the world. In the last 3-1/2 years we have added more than nine million men and women to our work force -- the largest increase in our Nation's history." One million more black Americans hold jobs today than in January 1977.

We are making progress, but for years some of our basic industries have been losing their competitive edge. Our human and technical investments have been inadequate, and our growth in productivity has come to a halt.

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That is one basic cause of the persistent inflation that has damaged the life of every American -- black, white, young and old -- and undermined the ability of government and business to generate all the jobs and services we need.

Another major cause of crippling inflation is the soaring price of imported energy. That is why I have worked every day for the past 3-1/2 years to give us a national energy policy.

We have made rapid progress in reducing imports -- almost 15 percent this year compared to last year. However, we still suffer because the price of oil last year increased more than in all the years since oil was discovered. The billions upon billions of dollars siphoned out of the pockets of American consumers to pay for OPEC oil took away domestic jobs and set off another vicious round of inflation.

That inflation was so dangerous that as President I had to take steps to protect our Nation's economy and our society itself.

20

Because we faced the truth then, we have cut inflation sharply. We have pulled down interest rates quicker than ever before in history.

With inflation receding and the cornerstones of our energy policy in place, we have laid the foundations for a sustained period of renewed economic growth and lower inflation.

521

I will shortly present to the American people an economic renewal program based on the following principles:

-- It will put people to work -- not in make-work jobs but in modernizing our American industries, improving their ability to compete, and expanding our exports.

-- It will put people to work -- not with massive programs that hide inflationary time-bombs -- but with carefully designed measures that will also make possible continued reductions in inflation.

- It will put people to work building the facilities we need to conserve more energy, change the way we use energy, and produce more new energy.
  
- It will put people to work by dealing with the special problems of distressed areas and unemployed workers needing marketable skills.

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Under this economic renewal program, we will modernize our industrial capabilities. We will stimulate more research and development. We will build new facilities for alternative energy sources, and replace billions of dollars of older facilities made obsolete by higher energy prices. We will weatherize our buildings, improve our facilities for exporting coal, expand mass transit, and more. We will channel investment into areas where industry has been declining and unemployment is especially high.

Literally millions of jobs will be created as we make America's industry more vital and deal with our energy problems.

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In the weeks ahead I will be working with leaders in government and private enterprise, and I will set forth an economic renewal program to restore growth and reduce unemployment -- without reigniting the fires of inflation we have so successfully dampened in the last several months.

I believe this enterprise will be the most exciting on which we will embark in the 1980's. We will invest private and public resources in energy, industry, technology, and in people. We will build. We will modernize. We will make the 1980's a decade of sound growth for America.

That is a sound approach, a considered approach and a workable approach to our economic challenges. }<sup>24</sup> Now let me tell you about an idea that is unsound, ill-considered and unworkable.

A bill has been introduced in the Congress that would cut Federal income taxes 30 percent in the next three years. That sounds nice. But I mean to tell you the truth about Kemp-Roth.

It may well be the most inflationary piece of legislation ever seriously considered by the U.S. Congress. Kemp-Roth offers rebates to the rich and fierce inflation to the rest of us. It substitutes a fantasy of instant gratification for realistic vision of a better future. It is even worse than a free lunch; it is sugar-coated poison. <sup>25</sup> The same people who are pushing this tax also promise massive new defense spending. And to balance the budget.

Whom are they trying to fool?

If they are serious about these promises -- and they say they are -- would they cut all Federal help for all other programs? Or would they run the money-printing presses until inflation is so overheated we can never cool it down?

If they mean to eliminate at least half of all Federal programs, why can't they tell us which ones? Where would the massive budget cuts come from? What are they afraid of? The truth?

24

It is not surprising that many of those who support Kemp-Roth are the same ones who have opposed every form of social progress of the past generation.

It is a "soak the poor" tax, and its backers serve as Robin Hoods in reverse, taking money from those social programs that now benefit the poor, the elderly, the sick and disadvantaged, and delivering the proceeds to the rich. It would be extremely regressive in nature, providing a person making \$200,000 a year a tax break 35 times greater than a family making \$20,000.

27

As long as I am President, there will be no "trickle down economics" [~~for the few~~] in the United States of America. We will strengthen the private sector, which is the heart of our economic system. And we will also rebuild our cities and educate and train our people. For those who for too long have been the victims of discrimination, we ensure a future that promises the full right to participate in the achievement of American prosperity -- and to share in its benefits.

28  
Franklin Delano Roosevelt has been quoted out-of-context recently. I would like to quote him in context -- the context of his life.

"Let us not be afraid to help each other," he said. "Let us never forget that government is ourselves and not an alien power over us."

I believe in our country, in the generosity and good sense of the American people. I believe in our government and what it can achieve. I believe in a true partnership between the American people and their government. I believe that partnership holds the key to our future/and to our hopes for this country.

29 These have been my beliefs in my life and throughout my Presidency. They have been your beliefs as individuals/and as members of the Urban League. We have never acquired an additional element/of fairness and equity and freedom and justice/without struggle and without sacrifice, and we will never do it.

I look forward to continuing our fight to make our beliefs  
a reality for all Americans.

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