

8/21/80 [1]

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THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

August 21, 1980

NOTE TO SUSAN CLOUGH

FROM: JACK WATSON *Jack*

SUBJECT: Attached Letter

Richard Hammonds asked me to give the attached note to the President.

Thank you.

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for Preservation Purposes

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Central files
8/14/80

Ⓢ

Dear Jimmy,

Just wanted you to know
that one of your old and quiet
supporters was out there to-night.

I was as proud of you
as when we first walked the
streets of Coll County together in 1965

As usual,

Richard Hammonds MD.

cc Richard Hammonds-

Thank you! I'll never
forget those early days - *The* *Sheraton Towers*

Your friend, Jimmy Carter

AT THE GENERATOR CENTRE • NEW YORK
811 Seventh Avenue, New York, New York 10019 • 212-581-1000

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

8/21/80
central files --

cc of attached was sent to
stu eizenstat via staff
secretary. staff secy
will send orig. to files
after logging and disposition
of cc to stu.

sb

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Central Files

The attached is for your records. Per Susan Clough mailing was taken care of.

Rick Hutcheson's office

HENRY
D/C THOMASSEN

2709 East Sudbury Ct.
Atlanta, Ga 30360

14 August 80

Susan Clough:

Once again, I shall appreciate your getting my note to President Carter. You are kind to assist & I thank you for it.

The polls & Conventions splits are surely disconcerting, but I look forward to sending occasional notes to President Carter (via you) for another four years!

• Best wishes!

Hank Thomassen

2709 East Sudbury Ct.
Atlanta, Ga 30360

14 August 80

President Jimmy Carter
The White House

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for Preservation Purposes

Hand -
Thanks, again -
It will be a good
package
Jimmy

Dear Jimmy:

In my past few notes, I've felt obliged, as your friend, to convey my reservations about some basic economic positions & policies you've adopted. This time, in satisfying contrast, I'm so excited about the thrust implicit in your unfolding "Economic Renewal Program" that, even lacking details, I want to urge commitment.

To me, the exciting aspect of your Program lies in the recognition, timely if not overdue, that the petroleum shortage, disruptive though it has been, can be made the basis for a pervasive, significant, & enduring economic expansion. Because of it, there now exists a potential and a motivation for massive investment in new energy industries, for replacement of the many producers' & consumers' durables made obsolete by high energy costs, & for a flow of a new mix of consumers' goods & services constituting a revised and energy-sensitive lifestyle. Instead of a lasting handicap, the OPEC-aided petroleum shortage can be made the stimulus for enduring growth.

With a widespread introduction of new capital & new technologies, productivity in the U.S. can again rise. Rewarding employment can be expanded. Rigidities in old firms, industries, & markets can be shaken. Simultaneously, inflation pressures will ease. Moreover, high petroleum prices which currently only drain income from families will come to redirect lifestyles to new modes with new

product mixes. As dependence on foreign oil eases, options for income-boosting trade will appear.

In capitalism, resource shortages have always led to beginnings & not endings of growth. But, the transformation of limitation into expansion can be slow or rapid. With your leadership, governments and businesses can be moved out of prevailing patterns of retrenchment in thought & action. When afforded substitutes & facing high petroleum prices, consumers will be lured by opportunism into new growth-oriented lifestyles. The nation really has no choice but to make the best of a "bad situation". The question is when will it do so.

Developments at the Convention emphasize how difficult it will be to move decisively from the immediate to the lasting, from the treatment of symptoms to the restructuring of causes, from the obsolete to the relevant thinking. To speed the needed reforms, public & private, it seems to me, the nation looks to you. It is an awesome challenge. I wish you success with it. Of course, I'd be pleased to help you in any way I could. I am excited by the endeavor.

Congratulations on the nomination! I hope the campaign will yield not only the mutually-desired outcome in November but also some richly rewarding experiences for you & your family along the way.

Your friend,

Hank.

D91

WHITE HOUSE CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

ID # 076182

O - OUTGOING

H - INTERNAL

I - INCOMING

Date Correspondence Received (YY/MM/DD) 80108107

Name of Correspondent: Robert O. Bennett

MI Mail Report

User Codes: (A) _____ (B) _____ (C) _____

Subject: Personal Friend

ROUTE TO:

ACTION

DISPOSITION

Office/Agency (Staff Name)	Action Code	Tracking Date YY/MM/DD	Type of Response	Code	Completion Date YY/MM/DD
<u>PR Clou</u>	ORIGINATOR	<u>80108107</u> ^{WS}	<u>CP3</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>80,08,21</u> ^{CS}
		<u>1 1</u>			<u>1 1</u>
	Referral Note:	<u>1 1</u>			<u>1 1</u>
	Referral Note:	<u>1 1</u>			<u>1 1</u>
	Referral Note:	<u>1 1</u>			<u>1 1</u>
	Referral Note:	<u>1 1</u>			<u>1 1</u>

ACTION CODES:

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- D - Draft Response
- F - Fact Sheet
- I - Info Copy
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- S - For Signature
- X - Interim Reply

DISPOSITION CODES:

- A - Answered
- B - Non-Special Referral
- C - Completed
- S - Suspended

FOR OUTGOING CORRESPONDENCE:

- Type of Response = Initials of Signer
- Code = "A"
- Completion Date = Date of Outgoing

Comments: ^{WS} Strong support concerning coming events in 1980. News re. same.

Keep this worksheet attached to the original incoming letter.
 Send all routing updates to Central Reference (Room 75, OEOB).
 Always return completed correspondence record to Central Files.
 Refer questions about the correspondence tracking system to Stephen Slade, ext. 2941.

RECORDS MANAGEMENT ONLY

CLASSIFICATION SECTION

No. of Additional Correspondents: _____ Media: L Individual Codes: 4 640 5300

Prime Subject Code: PU CARTE Secondary Subject Codes: JU 007 PU
PP
FG 002.16

PRESIDENTIAL REPLY

Code	Date	Comment	Form
C		Time: _____	P. _____
DSP		Time: _____	Media: _____

SIGNATURE CODES:

- CPn - Presidential Correspondence
 - n - 1 - James Earl Carter
 - n - 2 - Jimmy Carter
 - n - 3 - Jimmy
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- M - Mailgram
- O - Memo
- P - Photo
- R - Report
- S - Sealed
- T - Telegram
- V - Telephone
- X - Miscellaneous
- Y - Study

010185

ROBERTS O. BENNETT
ATTORNEY AT LAW
715 RHODES-HAVERY BUILDING
ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30303

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TELEPHONE
404 / 688-9100

July 29, 1980

The Honorable Jimmy Carter
President of the United States
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear President Carter:

To introduce myself, I was a Peanut Brigade volunteer in 1976 and again this year, taking a one week trip to Iowa. I have met you twice in receiving lines, but otherwise cannot claim that you know me. However, a great source of pride to me is that you appointed my wife, Orinda D. Evans, as a United States District Judge for the Northern District of Georgia last year. I would like to report that she greatly enjoys her job, and, if I might add, I believe she is fulfilling the confidence you placed in her.

I am hoping to shake your hand again for the third time next week at the Georgia Barbecue on August 7, for which I am very grateful to have received an invitation.

The reason I am writing you is that, in the last few weeks, I have been reading Carl Sandburg's marvelous biography, Abraham Lincoln, The Prairie Years and the War Years (one volume edition). I have found some interesting parallels between the summer months of Lincoln's fourth year in office and these recent weeks of the Carter Administration. As a devoted admirer of yours, I thought I would pass them along in the hope that you might take some pleasure and/or comfort from these parallels.

First of all, in late June 1864, Lincoln's Secretary of the Treasury, Salmon P. Chase, resigned with some acrimony. Chase having been a very important member of the Cabinet, the Wall Street markets, etc., were shaken by his departure. To replace him, the President nominated William Pitt Fessenden, a senator from Maine. His appointment was greeted with "telegrams and letters of approval beyond precedent," and "the press held forth in compliments such as never before, except in the case of Grant, over a major Lincoln appointment."

cc Roberto Bennett
Thank you! Most
of my predecessors
have had somewhat
similar
experiences.
It's a tough - but
good job -
076182
Jimmy

The Honorable Jimmy Carter
July 29, 1980
Page two

In August 1864, "despair over the war became despair over the President and his seeming failures," and "a movement, necessarily secret, among Republican party leaders operated with the aim of replacing Lincoln with another nominee for President." Lincoln had secured the Republican renomination in May '64 at a convention in Baltimore, but by August, party leaders were trying to undo this choice. "Mr. Lincoln is already beaten," wrote Horace Greeley. "We must have another ticket to save us from utter overthrow. If we had such a ticket as could be had by naming Grant, Butler, or Sherman for President, and Farragut as Vice, we could make a fight yet." Some prominent party leaders asked Lincoln to withdraw. Lincoln, riding a carriage from the White House to the Soldiers' Home in northwest Washington, spoke as follows to Carl Schurz:

They urge me with almost violent language to withdraw from the contest although I have been unanimously nominated...God knows, I have at least tried very hard to do my duty, to do right to everybody and wrong to nobody. And now to have it said by men who have been my friends and who ought to know me better, that I have been seduced by what they call the lust of power, and that I have been doing this and that unscrupulous thing hurtful to the common cause, only to keep myself in office! Have they thought of that common cause when trying to break me down? I hope they have.

A few weeks later, the movement to replace Lincoln as the nominee fizzled, after a show of steadfastness by Lincoln and a series of turnaround events in the Civil War (including the capture of Atlanta).

I am enclosing photocopies of several pages from the Sandburg book, with some highlighting to show where I obtained the above facts. I hope that the parallels of your Administration with Lincoln's will continue to hold, and that, like Lincoln, the petty concerns of party opponents will fade away and be followed by your reelection in November. Perhaps the reception accorded to Secretary Muskie's appointment (like Fessenden, a senator from Maine), is a sign of things to come.

The Honorable Jimmy Carter
July 29, 1980
Page three

You have been a good, smart, and steadfast President.
I am very proud to have played a small part in your campaigns
for the Presidency.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Rob Bennett". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned to the right of the word "Sincerely,".

Roberts O. Bennett

ROB/cd

Enclosure

Hay read mixed motives. The resignation came when gold reached a new high point, when despair over government finance was deepest. The political motive, however, outweighed all others, the yearnings of Chase in his remark to the editor of the Indianapolis *Independent*, "After all, I believe that I would rather that the people should wonder why I wasn't President than why I was."

Lincoln named former Governor David Tod of Ohio, an old Douglas Democrat, to replace Chase. The Senate Finance Committee called in a body on Lincoln to protest that Tod hadn't the ability. A telegram from Tod to the President said his health would not permit him to head the Treasury. So Tod was out of the way.

FROM p. 523

Early next morning the President wrote out a nomination for William Pitt Fessenden, Senator from Maine, to fill the vacancy. The Senate took about one minute to confirm the nomination unanimously.

As chairman of the Senate Finance Committee Fessenden knew the money market was feverish, public confidence wavering; yet his friends were saying a financial crash would follow his refusal. He wrote: "Foreseeing nothing but entire prostration of my physical powers, and feeling that to take the Treasury in its exhausted condition would probably result in destroying what little reputation I had, it was still my duty to hazard both life and reputation if by so doing I could avert a crisis so imminent. I consented, therefore, to make the sacrifice."

Telegrams and letters of approval beyond precedent had poured in on Fessenden. The New York and Boston clearinghouses, bankers and merchants in all quarters, it seemed, urged his acceptance of the President's nomination when it was reported he would refuse. At the first report that Fessenden was to be Secretary of the Treasury, Government bonds advanced, pork declined \$10 a barrel, and all provisions went to lower prices.

Fessenden was sworn in. The press held forth in compliments such as never before, except in the case of Grant, over a major Lincoln appointment. Hay quoted the President: "It is very singular, considering that this appointment

Here and there despair over the war became despair over the President and his seeming failures. "The war and its constant expectations and anxieties oppress me," wrote James Russell Lowell. "I cannot think. I hear bad things about Mr. Lincoln and try not to believe them." William Cullen Bryant wrote to John M. Forbes of "the Seward and Weed faction filling all the offices with its creatures," saying further, "I am so disgusted with Lincoln's behavior that I cannot muster respectful terms in which to write him." From Bloomington August 4 David Davis wrote to a brother that while in Chicago he had talked with many people from different parts of the country and found growing uneasiness and distrust. "People are getting tired of the war. Some of them can't see a ray of light. I am speaking of good men. Two years ago I succeeded in raising 1,300 men in this county. It took about ten days. There is no note now of any volunteering . . . There is faith in the administration, and yet you will hear *whispering* inquiries as to whether the plan they are pursuing is the best . . . Keep these views to yourself, and burn this letter."

P. 541

Former President Millard Fillmore August 10, 1864, was writing to John T. Stuart, urging that "all men who value their own liberty should unite to change the administration . . . for without this all is lost." One other living ex-President, Franklin Pierce, was saying the same where he thought it might help to crush Lincoln.

Across weeks of August '64, a movement, necessarily secret, among Republican party leaders operated with the aim of replacing Lincoln with another nominee for President. The Jonah of the Ship of State was Lincoln. He should be slung overboard. Among Republican conferences in New York City was

one at the home of David Dudley Field August 14, with Greeley, Mayor George Opdyke, Parke Godwin of the *Evening Post*, William Curtis Noyes, Henry Winter Davis, Theodore Tilton, Franz Lieber and 20 or more others. It was agreed that a committee should request Lincoln to withdraw as a presidential candidate. The name of Grant was most favored to replace that of Lincoln. A call was prepared for a convention to be held in Cincinnati September 28.

"Mr. Lincoln is already beaten," wrote Greeley to Mayor Opdyke. "We must have another ticket to save us from utter overthrow. If we had such a ticket as could be had by naming Grant, Butler, or Sherman for President, and Farragut as Vice, we could make a fight yet."

The antislavery wheel horse, John Jay, believed a letter might be prepared which would "compel Mr. Lincoln's acquiescence" to another nominating convention. Senator Charles Sumner indicated his wish that Lincoln should withdraw, but in case Lincoln should refuse it would not be so good. "It may be," wrote Sumner, "that Mr. Lincoln will see that we shall all be stronger and more united under another candidate."

P. 541, cont.

Carl Schurz rode with Lincoln in a carriage from the White House to Soldiers' Home. Lincoln said he would not complain of the burden of care put on his shoulders. "They urge me with almost violent language to withdraw from the contest, although I have been unanimously nominated . . . God knows, I have at least tried very hard to do my duty, to do right to everybody and wrong to nobody. And now to have it said by men who have been my friends and who ought to know me better, that I have been seduced by what they call the lust of power, and that I have been doing this and that unscrupulous thing hurtful to the common cause, only to keep myself in office! Have they thought of that common cause when trying to break me down? I hope they have." So he went on, as if speaking to himself, noted Schurz, sometimes as if Schurz were not there at all.

"Ten days since, I told Mr. Lincoln that his re-election was an impossibility," wrote Thurlow Weed to Seward August 22.

P. 542

Nicolay wrote to Hay in Illinois as between two cronies: "Hell is to pay. The New York politicians have got a stampede on that is about to swamp everything. Raymond and the National Committee are here to-day. R. thinks a commission to Richmond is about the only salt to save us; while the Tycoon sees and says it would be utter ruination. The matter is now undergoing consultation. Weak-kneed damned fools . . . are in the movement for a new candidate to supplant the Tycoon. Everything is darkness and doubt and discouragement."

P. 544

Lincoln knew that no words, explanations, persuasions, letters, speeches, could save his cause. Only bayonets triumphant and red-dripping with Confederate defeat could bring anything like magic or potency to anything he might have to say. While decisive events waited he would manage a course as best he could, saying: "The pilots on our western rivers steer from point to point, as they call it—setting the course of the boat no farther than they can see. And that is all I propose to do in the great problems that are set before us."

P. 546

A summer for sure it had been of steering from point to point, from Sherman's drive toward Atlanta and Grant's lunges at Richmond to the arrival of Early at the gates of Washington and the sinking of the *Alabama* and the capture of Mobile; from the smooth unanimous nomination of Lincoln at Baltimore to the clawing scorn of the Wade-Davis Manifesto; from the peace

missions of Greeley at Niagara and Jaquess-Gilmore at Richmond to the secret Republican party manipulations hoping to replace Lincoln at the head of the ticket; from draft legislation authorizing conscripts to buy substitutes to the attempt to detach 50,000 men from Grant's army to enforce the draft in Northern cities, oath-bound secret societies threatening to take over the Government at Washington and one committee of Republican party leaders begging the President not to make his call for a draft of a half-million men until after the November election. He had given reply: "What is the Presidency worth to me if I have no country?"

P. 547

On the final showdown George B. McClellan had 202½ votes as against little more than one-tenth of that number for one T. H. Seymour of Connecticut. Vallandigham amid cheers moved that the nomination of McClellan for President be made unanimous, which was done with further cheers. Senator George H. Pendleton of Ohio, on his record entirely satisfactory to the peace men, was named for Vice-President. The politicians went home fairly well satisfied. Was not victory in the air? In that week did not everyone know that the leading prophets and weather vanes of the Republican party were conceding defeat?

P. 549

Then fate stepped in. Like a moving hour hand on a clock of doom came news flung world wide, news setting crowds of Northern loyalists to dancing with mirth and howling with glee, news centering about one little dispatch from Sherman September 3. Lincoln read a flimsy saying: "So Atlanta is ours and fairly won . . . Since May 5th we have been in one constant battle or skirmish, and need rest."

The dull ache of defeat and failure in many hearts took a change. In all news sheets the first item, the one story overwhelming all others, was around Sherman's words: "Atlanta is ours and fairly won." A strategic crossroads, supply depot and transportation center of a pivotal Cotton State in the Deep South was gone. Vicksburg, New Orleans and the Mississippi River gone, Kentucky, Tennessee and Nashville gone, Mobile gone. Lee and his army penned between Grant and Richmond for how long? Bells rang again, guns boomed.

The President requested thanksgiving to be offered in all places of worship the following Sunday and announced: "The national thanks are herewith tendered by the President to Major General William T. Sherman, and the gallant officers and soldiers of his command before Atlanta . . . The marches, battles, sieges . . . must render it famous in the annals of war . . ."

WHITE HOUSE CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

ID # 076277

O - OUTGOING

H - INTERNAL

I - INCOMING

Date Correspondence Received (YY/MM/DD) 80102111

Name of Correspondent: David A. Gambrell

MI Mail Report

User Codes: (A) _____ (B) _____ (C) _____

Subject: Personal Friend

ROUTE TO:

ACTION

DISPOSITION

Office/Agency (Staff Name)	Action Code	Tracking Date YY/MM/DD	Type of Response	Code	Completion Date YY/MM/DD
<u>PR C104</u>	ORIGINATOR	<u>80102112</u> ^{CD}	<u>P</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>80102121</u>
		<u>1 1</u>			<u>1 1</u>
	Referral Note:	<u>1 1</u>			<u>1 1</u>
	Referral Note:	<u>1 1</u>			<u>1 1</u>
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- B - Non-Special Referral
- C - Completed
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FOR OUTGOING CORRESPONDENCE:

- Type of Response = Initials of Signer
- Code = "A"
- Completion Date = Date of Outgoing

Comments: Enclosure copy of a memo concerning the circumstances surrounding his appointment to the U.S. Senate.

Keep this worksheet attached to the original incoming letter.
 Send all routing updates to Central Reference (Room 75, OEOB).
 Always return completed correspondence record to Central Files.
 Refer questions about the correspondence tracking system to Stephen Slade, ext. 2941.

RECORDS MANAGEMENT ONLY

CLASSIFICATION SECTION

No. of Additional Correspondents: _____ Media: 4 Individual Codes: 4 640 5300 1211

Prime Subject Code: ST 010 Secondary Subject Codes: FG 035
PP _____

PRESIDENTIAL REPLY

Code	Date	Comment	Form
C	_____	Time: _____	P- _____
DSP	_____	Time: _____	Media: _____

SIGNATURE CODES:

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 - n 4 - JC
 - n 5 - J

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- R - Report
- S - Sealed
- T - Telegram
- V - Telephone
- X - Miscellaneous
- Y - Study

076277

GAMBRELL & MOBLEY

3900 FIRST NATIONAL BANK TOWER

ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30303

404/658-9150

DAVID H. GAMBRELL
JOHN H. MOBLEY
ROBERT D. FEAGIN
JAMES L. PAUL
KENT B. MASSIE
JAMES R. MCGUONE
NEDOM A. HALEY
KATHARINE CRAWFORD ROBEY
ROBERT P. HOTCHKISS
G. STEPHEN PARKER

TELEX 54-2820
GAMBY ATL

August 6, 1980

President Jimmy Carter
The White House
Washington, D. C.

Electrostatic Copy Made
for Preservation Purposes

Dear Mr. President:

I'm sure you do not have time to deal with this now, and possibly do not care to deal with it at all, and I would not bother you with it except that an "archive" apparently is to be made on this subject. A government professor in Illinois interviewed me several years ago concerning the circumstances surrounding my appointment to the U. S. Senate, and has recently sent me a "memo" of the interview which she proposes to put in an "archive". While I have been questioned on this subject several times, this is the only occasion which I know of which purports to put my version of the matter in writing, and insofar as I am to be quoted, I would like for the matter to be as nearly correct as I can recall.

Because her "note" was somewhat garbled and misleading, I took the occasion, for her benefit, and also for my own "archives" to make a brief note on this subject and have given it to her as a suggested replacement for her "note".

Having done this, I thought it might be appropriate to advise you, in case you have any difference of recollection from mine. Of course, my memo is entirely as seen from my point of view, and does not purport to deal with the entire subject or to comment on particulars known to you but not known to me.

Should you have any suggestions, corrections or comments about this, I would certainly be happy to have them, and to set my records straight. Also, it is certainly not necessary for you to reply to this at all, considering you have plenty else to do.

I plan also to verify my recollection on this subject with Bill Gunter who has some familiarity with it.

done 8/21
cc Jack
Sounds good re "good old days"
You fulfilled my expectations & served Georgia well
Jimmy

With regard to my appointment: Senator Russell died in the middle of January 1971, and Governor Carter, who had just been inaugurated, announced that he would not consider making an appointment until after due respect and honor had been extended to Senator Russell and his memory. Thus, the appointment was open for a period of a week or ten days, and a good bit of speculation resulted. I did not initiate any consideration of myself, but was contacted by some of those who were discussing the matter with Governor Carter and was advised that my name had been strongly recommended, along with others. I was asked through the same channels if I would consider accepting the appointment. I responded that I would, but that I would certainly support whoever he appointed, and suggested that he consider several others, specifically Judge Griffin Bell, before turning to me. I was told that the whole matter would be considered at an appropriate time, and that I should remain publicly uncommitted on the subject. I do not know how the decision was arrived at, and have never inquired. I do not know whether the appointment was ever promised or offered to anyone else. I did not talk with Governor Carter about the subject prior to his calling me to come to the Mansion on a Sunday evening, after I had been out of town several days. At the Mansion, Governor Carter stated that he would like to offer me the appointment. I stated that I assumed that he had considered others along with me, and that he had satisfactory reasons for reaching the conclusion which he had reached. He said that he did. I told him that I would accept, so long as it was understood that I would plan to run to succeed myself, and that he did not have in mind running himself, as I would certainly expect to support him if he did. He said he expected to serve out his full four year term as Governor. I then stated that I hoped he understood that the U. S. Senate seat was a separate political post belonging to the people of Georgia, and that I could not hold it on the basis of it being an extension of the Georgia Governor's Office, and in this sense it might become necessary for me to differ with him on some or many political issues. He said he understood that, and would not expect his appointee to serve on any other basis. This conversation took place in the kitchen of the Georgia Governor's Mansion, with no one present but Governor Carter and myself. My wife had accompanied me to the Mansion, and she and I had a personal visit with Governor and Mrs. Carter apart from the discussion which I have described.

From my point of view, the conversation was very comfortable and satisfactory in regard to the subject which was at hand. In every respect, Governor Carter treated the matter as one of very high public responsibility and trust.

Luck and I are looking forward to being with you next week at the convention in New York. We are also looking forward to helping you in your "program for the elderly" this Fall.

Best regards to you and Rosalynn.

Sincerely,



David H. Gambrell

DHG:ar

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

21 Aug 80

Zbig Brzezinski
Phil Wise

The attached was returned in
the President's outbox today
and is forwarded to you for
appropriate handling.

Fran Voorde

Rick Hutcheson

	FOR STAFFING
	FOR INFORMATION
	FROM PRESIDENT'S OUTBOX
	LOG IN/TO PRESIDENT TODAY
	IMMEDIATE TURNAROUND
	NO DEADLINE
	FOR APPROPRIATE HANDLING
	LAST DAY FOR ACTION

ACTION
FYI

	ADMIN CONFID
	CONFIDENTIAL
	SECRET
	EYES ONLY

	VICE PRESIDENT
	JORDAN
	CUTLER
	DONOVAN
	EIDENBERG
	EIZENSTAT
	MCDONALD
	MOORE
	POWELL
	WATSON
	WEDDINGTON
	WEXLER
✓	BRZEZINSKI
	MCINTYRE
	SCHULTZE
	ANDRUS
	ASKEW
	BERGLAND
	BROWN
	CIVILETTI
	DUNCAN
	GOLDSCHMIDT
	HARRIS
	HUFSTEDLER
	LANDRIEU
	MARSHALL

	MILLER
	MUSKIE
	AIELLO
	BUTLER
	CAMPBELL
	H. CARTER
	CLOUGH
	FIRST LADY
	HARDEN
	HERTZBERG
	HUTCHESON
	KAHN
	MARTIN
	MILLER
	MOE
	MOSES
	PETERSON
	PRESS
	RECORDS
	SANDERS
	SHEPPARD
	SPETH
	STRAUSS
	TORRES
	VOORDE
✓	WISE

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

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for Preservation Purposes*Phil -
ok - Put
on schedule
J*

RECOMMENDED TELEPHONE CALL

TO: Malcolm Fraser, Prime Minister of Australia

DATE: September 1 or 2 *←*

RECOMMENDED BY: Dr. Brzezinski with support of *[Signature]*
the Department of State

PURPOSE: Symbolic gesture to a Prime Minister who has been very supportive of all US policy initiatives affecting Southeast and Southwest Asia

BACKGROUND: Prime Minister Fraser will be in Washington on September 1 and 2 to receive a medal from B'nai B'rith. The Australians, out of consideration of the fact that the timing puts Fraser in Washington over a holiday, have not requested a meeting. The Australian press, however, is already zeroing in on the issue, and would interpret the lack of any contact in a way likely to damage Fraser's chances in October's elections.

TOPICS OF DISCUSSION:

1. Extend thanks for continued support in the Indian Ocean.
2. Express appreciation for offered use of both naval and air facilities (indicate that study is still underway).
3. Wish Prime Minister Fraser good luck in his upcoming elections.

August 14, 1980

Action _____

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

August 20, 1980

C
/

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

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FROM:

ANNE WEXLER
JACK WATSON

Frank
Jack

SUBJECT:

PLANS FOR ECONOMIC ANNOUNCEMENT

We have begun planning and taking initial steps for an announcement in the East Room on Thursday.

Audience

The audience will consist of representatives from labor, big business, small business, trade associations, state and local government, hispanics, blacks, other minorities, social action groups, appropriate political people, the Cabinet and the Congress (lists from Frank). The audience will be 200 people.

Materials

Stu Eizenstat's staff is coordinating the preparation of materials including fact sheets, talking points, a White Paper, a speech for Administration officials and speech inserts. In addition, they are working on a chart which will graphically describe the effect of the program and could be used by the networks.

Press

Jody is developing a press plan which will include extensive embargoed briefings covering the White House and Hill Press corps, and press from Treasury, Commerce, labor, STR, Energy and Transportation. In addition he is considering embargoed briefings for the editorial boards of major papers and then follow-up press opportunities to be recommended to you.

Supporting Statements

For the day of the announcement we will have a prenotification call program to selected leaders who could not attend or who would have been invited except for the limits on audience size. We will seek statements of support from those who attend as well as those receiving prenotification calls. In addition, following the East Room event we will brief attendees to give details.

Gene Eidenberg is working on a Cabinet meeting to assure that the entire Cabinet is appropriately briefed.

Post Announcement

Following the announcement, relevant Cabinet and sub-Cabinet officials will act as surrogates explaining the program doing extensive media in key media markets, areas which benefit and targeted industrial states. We will also leverage existing speaking engagements of other Administration officials. In addition they are to meet with mayors, central labor councils, business organizations and other community representatives to explain the program and answer questions. We hope to have this plan worked out by the end of this week.

Also following the announcement, Administration officials will do T.V. and radio phoners to selected media markets and we will conduct a series of briefings for interest groups much as we have done in the past on economic and energy matters.

This entire plan follows the pattern of past announcement and post announcement scenarios.

You will receive reports of this week's consultations by Friday.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE
COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS
WASHINGTON

August 20, 1980

EYES ONLY

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MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

From: Charlie Schultze ^{CLS}

Subject: New Orders for Durable Goods in July

Tomorrow (Thursday, August 21) the Census Bureau will release July figures on new orders for durable goods. Total new orders for durables rose a sizable 8.4 percent. This breaks a string of five consecutive monthly declines in new orders and clearly must be counted as a major piece of good economic news.

The largest source of the rise was motor vehicles and parts where new orders advanced 31 percent. Some of this gain may be illusory since it is notoriously difficult to seasonally adjust auto data in months of a model changeover. Nevertheless, even if motor vehicles are excluded, the overall advance in new orders was a healthy 5.9 percent, with gains recorded in most individual categories. Outside of autos, the largest gainer was primary metals which rose 18.5 percent. A modest gain was also recorded in nondefense business capital goods.

We still have a substantial way to go to regain the level of new orders for durables which prevailed at the beginning of the year. Nevertheless, this latest report joins the fragmentary favorable news on housing starts and retail sales reported earlier, suggesting that we may indeed be getting closer to bottoming out of the current recession -- barring a collapse in some other sector of the economy which we do not now foresee.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON
21 Aug 80

Secretary Brown
Jack Watson
Anne Wexler

The attached was returned in
the President's outbox today
and is forwarded to you for
appropriate handling.

Rick Hutcheson,

Jody Powell

ID 4196

<input type="checkbox"/>	FOR STAFFING
<input type="checkbox"/>	FOR INFORMATION
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FROM PRESIDENT'S OUTBOX
<input type="checkbox"/>	LOG IN/TO PRESIDENT TODAY
<input type="checkbox"/>	IMMEDIATE TURNAROUND
<input type="checkbox"/>	NO DEADLINE
<input type="checkbox"/>	FOR APPROPRIATE HANDLING
<input type="checkbox"/>	LAST DAY FOR ACTION

ACTION
FYI

<input type="checkbox"/>	ADMIN CONFID
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<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	VICE PRESIDENT
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<input type="checkbox"/>	MILLER
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<input type="checkbox"/>	KAHN
<input type="checkbox"/>	MARTIN
<input type="checkbox"/>	MILLER
<input type="checkbox"/>	MOE
<input type="checkbox"/>	MOSES
<input type="checkbox"/>	PETERSON
<input type="checkbox"/>	PRESS
<input type="checkbox"/>	RECORDS
<input type="checkbox"/>	SANDERS
<input type="checkbox"/>	SHEPPARD
<input type="checkbox"/>	SPETH
<input type="checkbox"/>	STRAUSS
<input type="checkbox"/>	TORRES
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<input type="checkbox"/>	WISE

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

August 20, 1980

JACK
@
—

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MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

JODY POWELL *JP*
JACK WATSON *Jack*

SUBJECT:

Award of Medal of Honor
to Anthony Casamento

We strongly concur with Anne's recommendation that you approve the Department of the Navy's and Department of Defense's recommendation to award the Medal of Honor to Mr. Casamento. We also agree with Anne that it would be better for you not to announce the decision in your American Legion speech tomorrow. Jody did suggest the alternative of going ahead now and notifying Mr. Casamento and the appropriate Congressman of your intention to make the award in a small private ceremony next week. If that were done, word would obviously get out about your decision without our announcing it ourselves.

ok

In any event, because of Mr. Casamento's very fragile health, we think the Medal should be awarded without delay.

August 20, 1980

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

ANNE WEXLER *Anne*

SUBJECT:

AWARD OF MEDAL OF HONOR TO ANTHONY CASAMENTO

Secretary of the Navy, Edward Hidalgo, has recommended to Harold Brown that the Medal of Honor be awarded to Corporal Anthony Casamento, USMC, for heroism on Guadalcanal during World War II. Harold has accepted his recommendation. His memo to you is attached. I urge you to concur. Options for announcement are set out below. The American Legion, other veterans organizations, most of the major Italian-American organizations and many members of Congress of both parties have been Casamento's main supporters for a number of years. We have had heavy mail supporting Casamento and not one letter in opposition.

Harold's memo addresses the merits of the case. There has never been any doubt about Casamento's heroism or gallantry, nor have the facts of the case ever been questioned, once witnesses were found.

I would like to respond to your concern about Casamento's conducting a campaign for the medal. It came from a perception of denial of due process in the 60's. In sum, Casamento was told first that he was to receive the medal and then belatedly told it would be the Navy Cross instead, because a second Board had reversed the first Board.

It took several years of Freedom of Information Requests for the Navy to tell him that the second Board had in fact met and decided on the Navy Cross. When he asked about the second Board, he was told that it was convened because of "new evidence" but was later told that the new evidence had disappeared, that no one knew why there had been a second Board or what had been presented to that Board, which unlike the first Board did not hear live witnesses. On this basis Casamento refused to accept the Navy Cross. It was at this point that veteran's organizations and Italian-American organizations became interested in the case and began to perceive that Anthony Casamento might have been treated unfairly.

I believe that it is significant that the two Boards which have held full hearings on the case have recommended the Medal of Honor. I understand the desire of some in the Marine Corps and the Navy not to change positions, particularly in a case where there is a perception of confusion if not a lack of due process. However, I think that the most recent Board and the Secretary have taken the correct course in recognizing the appropriate way to honor Anthony Casamento's heroism.

You should know additionally that this is a big issue in New York, especially on Long Island where Casamento lives. Over the years the case has received substantial publicity and support in New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Rhode Island, Massachusetts, Connecticut and other states with large Italian-American populations.

The Director of the White House Military Office, Marty Beaman, has closely followed this case and strongly supports awarding the Medal of Honor to Casamento.

If you agree with Harold's recommendation to award the medal, I recommend that you announce your decision early next week with a White House press release and award the Medal thereafter in a private ceremony. Mr. Casamento is very ill and we should not delay in any event.

Decisions:

 Concur in awarding Medal of Honor

 Do not concur in awarding Medal of Honor

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THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20301

August 20, 1980

*Harold -
ok
J*

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Proposed Award of the Medal of Honor

The Secretary of the Navy has recommended the award of the Medal of Honor to Mr. Anthony Casamento (then Corporal, U.S. Marine Corps) for conspicuous gallantry as described in the attached citation, and in the memorandum from Secretary Hidalgo.

The file of correspondence supporting this recommendation is available should you wish to see it.

I concur in the recommendation of the Secretary of the Navy, and recommend that former Corporal Casamento be awarded the medal for his heroic performance in the Pacific during World War II.

Harold Brown

Attachments

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THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20350

19 August 1980

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subj: Former Corporal Anthony Casamento, USMC

This memorandum concerns the award of the Medal of Honor to former Corporal Anthony Casamento, USMC. On November 1, 1942, on the island of Guadalcanal, Corporal Anthony Casamento, USMC, Fifth Marine Regiment, First Marine Division, distinguished himself conspicuously by gallantry and intrepidity at the risk of his life above and beyond the call of duty while engaged in action against the armed forces of Japan. The record of his heroic actions is enclosed.

For many years, Anthony Casamento's actions were not the subject of a recommendation for award; while his actions merited award, witnesses were not readily available to attest to his actions. Witnesses were eventually found and their testimony taken, and Casamento's heroism was established. A Navy Board of Decorations and Medals recommended in 1965 that Corporal Casamento be awarded the Medal of Honor.

Elements relating to timely documentation of the award presumably led the then Commandant of the Marine Corps to recommend against the award of a Medal of Honor and a second Board recommended the Navy Cross instead. This recommendation was approved but the award has never been accepted by or presented to Casamento. In May, 1980, I asked the Board again to review the case. After reviewing all the evidence of record, the Board has recommended the award of the Medal of Honor.

There is no disagreement now, nor has there ever been, about Anthony Casamento's heroism. In a crucial military battle he held his position at the risk of his own life despite the fact that all his comrades but one in his machine gun squad were killed or severely wounded in the engagement. He was wounded fourteen times and was at death's portal when rescued by reinforcements. His relentless and gallant defense helped assure the success of the Marine offensive and saved the lives of many of his Marine comrades. Anthony Casamento is an unquestioned hero.

The single point of hesitation over the years has been whether or not there is adequate documentation to permit the award of the Medal of Honor for an event distant in the past and limited in eye-witness reporting. In the circumstances, this becomes a matter of judgment. There is no reason to believe that the finding of the most recent Board of Medals and Decorations, recommending the award of the Medal of Honor represents anything less than a full and fair weighing of the evidence. I therefore endorse the recommendation of the Board, and recommend to you the award of the Medal of Honor to former Corporal Anthony Casamento, USMC.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "E. Hidalgo", with a horizontal line underneath the name.

Edward Hidalgo

Enclosure

PROPOSED CITATION

The President of the United States takes pleasure in presenting the
CONGRESSIONAL MEDAL OF HONOR TO

CORPORAL ANTHONY CASAMENTO
UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS

for service as set forth in the following
CITATION

For extraordinary heroism and conspicuous gallantry in action against the enemy Japanese forces above and beyond the call of duty while serving with Company "D", First Battalion, Fifth Marines, First Marine Division, on Guadalcanal, British Solomon Islands, on 1 November 1942. While leading a squad of machine guns on a ridge line near the Mantanikau River, Corporal Casamento ordered one section to advance along the left flank of the ridge and the other squad to advance along the top and right flank. Coming under strong enemy fire, the section that Corporal Casamento was accompanying was quickly decimated. Under intense and continuous enemy fire he set up a machine gun and loaded it, as the assistant gunner had been wounded. Corporal Casamento then engaged and destroyed a machine gun emplacement to his front. Sending the only remaining unwounded member of his squad to the battalion headquarters for reinforcements and supplies, Corporal Casamento continued to engage the other automatic weapons emplacements and repulsed multiple assaults by the enemy forces. He continued to man the machine gun, thereby protecting the flanks of the adjoining companies, until he was repeatedly wounded and physically unable to continue to engage the enemy. His tenacious and indomitable courage enabled the position to be held until the arrival of the main attacking force. His great personal valor and courageous initiative were in keeping with the highest traditions of the United States Marine Corps and the Naval Service.

Jimmy Carter



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
BOARD FOR CORRECTION OF NAVAL RECORDS
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20370

1:JR:ka
4566-79
7 August 1980

From: Chairman, Board for Correction of Naval Records
To: Secretary of the Navy

Subj: Former Corporal Anthony CASAMENTO 29 22 18/128 09 5878
USMC;
Review of naval record

Ref: (a) Title 10 U.S.C. 1552

Encl: (1) DD Form 149 w/attachment
(2) Case Summary
(3) Transcript of oral hearing with attachments
(4) JAG ltr:JAG:131.2:JPM:CMT ser 13/5052
(5) CMC Route Sheet dtd 3 July 1980
(6) Proposed Citation

1. Pursuant to the provisions of reference (a), Petitioner, a former enlisted member of the United States Marine Corps filed enclosure (1) with this Board, requesting that his naval record be corrected to show that he was recommended for and received the Medal of Honor.

2. The Board conducted an oral hearing on 11 July 1980. Petitioner appeared with counsel Mr. Francis Henery of the American Legion. In addition to the sworn testimony and argument set out in enclosure (3), the Board considered documentary material consisting of enclosures (4) and (5), naval records and applicable statutes, regulations and policies.

3. The Board, having reviewed all the facts of record pertaining to Petitioner's allegations of error and injustice finds as follows:

a. Prior to filing his application with this Board, Petitioner exhausted all administrative remedies afforded him under existing law and regulations within the Department of the Navy.

b. Petitioner enlisted in the U.S. Marine Corps on 19 August 1940. Following service at the Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba he was transferred to the far east as a member of the Fifth Marine Regiment, First Marine Division. He was advanced to corporal and placed in charge of a machine gun squad in Company D First Battalion, Fifth Marine Regiment when that unit invaded the

island of Guadalcanal. On 1 November 1942 his unit advanced and engaged enemy forces along a ridge line near the Mantanikau River. Petitioner's unit was flanked by two other companies. He positioned his machine gun squad to provide covering fire for the flanking units and to provide direct support for the main force of his company which was behind him. During the course of the engagement all of the personnel of Petitioner's squad were either killed or severely wounded. Petitioner himself suffered multiple gunshot and fragmentation wounds. Despite these wounds Petitioner continued to provide supporting fire for the attack and the defense of his position. Following the loss of all effective members of his squad he personally manned one of the machine guns assigned to him and held the enemy forces at bay, surviving multiple counterattacks by enemy forces. In addition Petitioner's position was repeatedly subjected to intense enemy fire in an effort to dislodge him thereby exposing the flanking units to envelopment by the Japanese forces.

c. In spite of the heat and ferocity of the engagement Petitioner remained at his position and ordered a subordinate to the rear in order to request reinforcements and resupplies. The Board found that had he so desired Petitioner could have left his position by using the defile through which he had sent his runner for reinforcements. However, he chose to remain and by so doing prevented the enemy from occupying his position. Had his position been overrun, the enemy forces would not only have outflanked the two other attacking companies of the battalion but they would have been able to dominate the reserve company and prevent a counter-attack to retake the hill.

d. When reinforcements arrived, Petitioner was found at his gun severely wounded. One observer thought him dead, however, examination by a corpsman detected life and Petitioner was evacuated through the field hospital chain to the Naval Hospital, Oakland, California. While there Petitioner was interviewed by a journalist and his story was reported to the press. At that point queries were made to the First Marine Division as to the Petitioner's acts. Since no supporting documentation could be found no recommendation was made for an award.

e. During 1963, corroboration for Petitioner's acts was found. At the request of Headquarters, U.S. Marine Corps, Petitioner's former commander was contacted. Upon being presented with the evidence the commanding officer opined that had he known the facts at the time he would have recommended that Petitioner receive the Medal of Honor. (See Tab D enclosure 2). The matter was forwarded to the Navy Board of Decorations and Medals, with the recommendation of the Commandant of the Marine Corps that

Petitioner be awarded the Navy Cross. However, upon consideration, the Board of Decorations and Medals unanimously recommended that Petitioner receive the Medal of Honor.

f. The Secretary of the Navy upon the advice of the Commandant of the Marine Corps and the Chief of Naval Operations returned the matter to the Board of Decorations and Medals for further consideration. That Board then voted (with one dissent) to recommend that Petitioner be awarded the Navy Cross. This recommendation was subsequently approved but presentation was withheld due to the fact that the statute of limitations barred its presentation. (See 10 USC 6242, and Tab H of Enclosure (2)). Following the passage of private relief legislation (PL 95-163) to remove the bar, presentation was attempted by the Marine Corps, however, Petitioner declined to accept the award of the Navy Cross.

g. The advice of the Judge Advocate General of the Navy has been sought on the subject as to the respective powers of the Board and Secretary in this matter. The Judge Advocate General has opined that while neither the Board nor the Secretary has the power to confer the Medal of Honor, a collateral recommendation by the Board would be legally permissible (Enclosure 4).

h. The views of the Commandant of the Marine Corps have not been solicited. It is apparent from the voluminous correspondence in the file, that the Marine Corps remains of the opinion that Petitioner should be awarded the Navy Cross. Additionally the Marine Corps has recently taken the position that this is a "Navy Department/Secretary of the Navy matter." (See Enclosure 5).

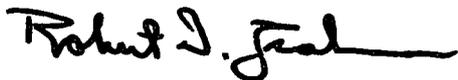
CONCLUSION:

Upon review and consideration of all the evidence of record the Board now finds the existence of an injustice warranting corrective action. The Board's finding in this regard is based upon Petitioner's unquestioned heroism and particularly the fact that his actions clearly conform to the statutory criteria for the award of the Medal of Honor in that he distinguished himself above the beyond the call of duty, and the statement of his immediate commander that had he known of Petitioner's heroic action he would have recommended the award of the Medal of Honor. Accordingly the Board finds that the interests of justice will be served by the following action.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the Secretary of the Navy recommend that the President of the United States award the Medal of Honor to former Corporal Anthony Casamento, U.S. Marine Corps. Should you concur a proposed citation is attached for your consideration.

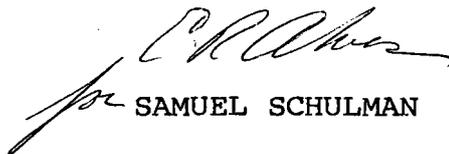
4. It is certified that a quorum was present at the Board's review and deliberations, and that the foregoing is a true and complete record of the Board's proceedings in the above-entitled matter.



ROBERT D. ZSALMAN
Recorder

JAMES S. RICHARDSON, SR.
Acting Recorder

5. The foregoing action of the Board is submitted for your review and action.


for SAMUEL SCHULMAN

Reviewed and approved:

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

August 19, 1980

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT

FROM: DAVID AARON 

Attached is the draft of your American Legion speech. I believe it needs further sharpening along the two main axis of implied criticism of the Reagan defense position.

-- First, we should carry through more explicitly the roads that you are building for the future while "others are mired in the past." In this connection, I think you may want to include a criticism on the Republican suggestion that we revive the ABM.

-- Second, I suggest playing up in each section the theme that we need both a strong defense and a vigorous diplomacy to achieve stability and security. This is a major contrast to Reagan's one-sided concept of security.

To this end, you may want a summing up at the end which says something to the following effect:

To deter nuclear war, we are strengthening our strategic forces and will pursue SALT.

To strengthen our position in Europe, we have embarked on a long-term NATO defense program and deployment of long-range missiles but we are also pursuing MBR and are about to embark on preliminary discussions on LRTNF.

In Asia, we are strengthening our naval and air presence but we are also building our relationship with China.

In the Middle East, we are building up our access to military facilities but we are also negotiating a wider peace for Israel.

Throughout the world, we are readying a rapid deployment force to defend our interests but we are also seeking to resolve conflicts such as in Rhodesia and help meet the legitimate aspirations of the developing nations for justice and freedom from want and oppression.

I am sending copies to Harold and Chris through the ALPHA channel and will forward their comments to you as soon as they are available.



ABOARD AIR FORCE ONE

Susan,

These papers were
left on the President's
Desk

C. Palmer

Staff Secretary

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

8/21/80

Memo To : The President

From: Bob Dunn

When Governor Reagan and Representative Anderson appeared before the Legion, each wore a Legion cap when entering the auditorium and then removed the cap at the outset of his prepared remarks. The advance team in Boston believes that the legionnaires will react adversely if you do not wear a cap. Jody at first felt you should not put on a cap but now agrees you should.

I have with me the cap that was presented to you in Washington by the Legion.

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

August 21, 1980

MEMORANDUM TO: THE PRESIDENT
FROM: BOB DUNN
SUBJECT: Additional Airport Greeters

There are two people you will be greeting at the airport whose names do not appear on the schedule. They are:

Mr. and Mrs. Dick Faro (Christina)

Their names were given to Mrs. Carter by Edna Langford and Mrs. Carter suggested that they be included among the greeters. They are the owners of the Bay State Lobster Company.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

THE PRESIDENT'S VISIT TO
MASSACHUSETTS

August 21, 1980

WEATHER REPORT: Mostly
sunny. Maximum temperature
73°.

3:35 am

GUEST & STAFF INSTRUCTION:
The following are requested
to be in the Distinguished
Visitor's Lounge at Andrews
AFB to board Air Force One:

Senator Paul Tsongas
(D-Massachusetts)
Cong. Nicholas Mavroules
(D-Massachusetts)

Cong. Brian Donnelly
(D-Massachusetts)
Mr. Nicholas Rizzo, President,
Auto Specialty Sales Company
Terry Straub
General Josiah Blasingame

3:45 am

GUEST & STAFF INSTRUCTION:

The following are requested to board Marine One on the South Lawn:

Speaker Tip O'Neill
Robert Dunn
Frank Moore
Susan Clough
Jack Kightlinger

David Rubenstein
Maj. Robert Peterson
Dr. William Lukash
Claudia Townsend

The President proceeds to Marine One for boarding.

3:50 am

MARINE ONE DEPARTS South Lawn en route Andrews AFB.

(Flying time: 15 minutes)

9:05 am

MARINE ONE ARRIVES Andrews AFB.

The President proceeds to Air Force One for boarding.

9:10 am

AIR FORCE ONE DEPARTS Andrews AFB en route Boston, Massachusetts.

(Flying time: 1 hour, 5 minutes)

(No time change)

Breakfast will be served on board.

10:15 am

AIR FORCE ONE ARRIVES Logan International Airport, Butler Aviation - Old South Gate Area, Boston, Massachusetts.

OPEN PRESS COVERAGE
CLOSED ARRIVAL

The President will be greeted by:
Governor Edward J. King (D-Massachusetts)
Senator Edward Kennedy (D-Massachusetts)
Mayor Kevin White (D-Boston)

Mr. Francis X. Bellotti, Attorney General
Mr. Michael Connolly, Secretary of State
Mr. Robert Crane, State Treasurer

Mr. Thomas W. McGee, Speaker of the House
Mr. William M. Bulger, President, State Senate
Mr. George Keverian, House Majority Leader
Mr. Jack Murphy, House Majority Whip
Mr. Dan Foley, Majority Leader, State Senate
Mr. Peter Flynn, Assistant House Majority Leader
State Senator Chester Atkins, Chairman,

Massachusetts State Democratic Committee
State Senator Michael LoPresiti, Jr.
State Senator John A. Brennan, Jr.
State Senator William Owens
State Senator Gerard D'Amico
State Senator Carol Amick
State Senator Mary Fonseca
State Senator Joseph Timilty
State Senator Sharon Pollard
State Representative Royal Bolling, Jr.
State Representative Dave Flynn
State Representative Vincent Piro
State Representative John Businger
State Representative Doris Bunte
State Representative Thomas Lussier
State Representative David Mofenson
Mayor Arthur Clark (D-Waltham), Candidate
for 4th Congressional District

Mr. Arthur Osborn, President, Massachusetts
State Labor Council, AFL-CIO
Mr. Paul Quirk, Secretary-Treasurer,
Massachusetts State Labor Council AFL-CIO
Mr. Joseph Lydon, Executive Vice President,
Council #93, AFSCME
Mr. Edward Milano, Director, New England
Region, ILGWU
Mr. Paul Crowe, President, Local #1445,
UFCW
Ms. Carol Conerty, President, Massachusetts
Teachers Association
Dr. William Hebert, Executive Director,
Massachusetts Teachers Association
Mr. Michael Grieco, International Representative,
CWA
Mr. Sam Beshwaty, Representative, ACTW
Mr. Leon Brathwaite, Director, Massachusetts
State Office of Affirmative Action
Mr. Jerome Grossman, Democratic National Committee
Member
Mr. Paul Porter, Democratic National Committee
Member
Judge & Mrs. Dan Foley (Ellen)

Mr. Charles Collatos, State Commissioner,
Veterans Services
Mr. Thomas Mahoney, Secretary, Department
of Elderly Affairs
Mr. David Bartley, President, Holyoke
Community College
Ms. Poppy Doyle, Candidate for Congress,
1st Congressional District
Ms. Thaleia Tsongas Schlesinger
Mr. Gerard Doherty
Mr. Roger Dowd
Mr. Dennis Kanin
Mr. Rick Stearns
Mr. George R. McCarthy, Former Mayor of
Everett
Mr. Paul Parks, Former State Secretary of
Education
Ms. Anna Loughlin, Democratic State Committee
Member

GUEST & STAFF INSTRUCTION:

Proceed to motorcade for
boarding. Assignments as
follows:

Pilot	
Lead	S. Douglass
Spare	Dr. Lukash
President's Car	The President Speaker O'Neill Sen. Tsongas Gov. King

Follow-up

Control #1	B. Dunn C. Townsend Maj. Peterson J. Rightlinger
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Control #2	S. Clough D. Rubenstein
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I.D.

Camera 1
Wire 1
Wire 2
Camera 2
Camera 3

WHCA

Guests & Staff
Bus

Cong. ~~Moakley~~
Cong. Donnelly
Cong. Mavroules
F. Moore
N. Rizzo
T. Straub

Press Buses

Tail

10:24 am The President, accompanied by Senator Kennedy, proceeds to platform for Press Comments.

10:25 am Remarks by Senator Kennedy.

10:28 am Presidential remarks.

OPEN PRESS COVERAGE

10:30 am Remarks conclude.

The President proceeds to motorcade for boarding.

10:35 am MOTORCADE DEPARTS Logan International Airport en route John B. Hynes Veterans' Auditorium.

(Driving time: 12 minutes)

10:47 am MOTORCADE ARRIVES John B. Hynes Veterans' Auditorium.

PRESS POOL COVERAGE
CLOSED ARRIVAL

The President will be greeted by:

Mr. Frank Hamilton, Commander, American
Legion

GUEST & STAFF INSTRUCTION:
You will be escorted to
Guest & Staff Viewing Area.

The President proceeds to holding room.

10:50 am The President arrives holding room.

PERSONAL/STAFF TIME: 9 minutes

10:59 am The President departs holding room en
route offstage announcement area.

The President arrives offstage announcement
area and pauses.

11:00 am "Ruffles & Flourishes"
Announcement
"Hail to the Chief"

The President proceeds inside main auditorium
en route stage and takes his seat for speech
to the 62nd Annual American Legion Convention.

OPEN PRESS COVERAGE
LIVE LOCAL TELEVISION
ATTENDANCE: 5000

11:01 am Introduction of the President by
Mr. Hamilton.

11:02 am Presidential remarks.

OPEN PRESS COVERAGE
LIVE LOCAL TELEVISION

11:30 am Remarks conclude.

GUEST & STAFF INSTRUCTION:
Proceed to Guest & Staff
Holding Area.

11:35 am The President departs stage and proceeds on foot to Sheraton Boston - 1st Floor, greeting the delegates along the way.

11:38 am The President arrives holding room.

PERSONAL/STAFF TIME: 7 minutes

11:45 am The President departs holding room en route Jefferson Room for Meeting with the Editorial Board of the Boston Globe.

12:30 pm Meeting concludes.

GUEST & STAFF INSTRUCTION:

Proceed to motorcade for boarding. Assignments as on arrival except delete from the President's Car Sen. Tsongas and Gov. King. Add Mayor White. Delete from the Guest & Staff Bus Cong. Donnelly and N. Rizzo.

The President departs Jefferson Room en route motorcade for boarding.

12:40 pm MOTORCADE DEPARTS Sheraton Boston en route en route Logan International Airport.

(Driving time: 10 minutes)

12:50 pm MOTORCADE ARRIVES Logan International Airport.

GUEST & STAFF INSTRUCTION:

Proceed to Air Force One for boarding. Assignments as on arrival except delete Sen. Tsongas; Cong. Donnelly; and N. Rizzo.

The President proceeds to Air Force One for boarding.

12:55 pm AIR FORCE ONE DEPARTS Boston, Massachusetts
en route Andrews AFB.

(Flying time: 1 hour, 10 minutes)
(No time change)
Lunch will be served on board.

2:05 pm AIR FORCE ONE ARRIVES Andrews AFB.

The President proceeds to Marine One
for boarding.

2:10 pm MARINE ONE DEPARTS Andrews AFB en route
South Lawn.

(Flying time: 15 minutes)

2:25 pm MARINE ONE ARRIVES South Lawn.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

August 21, 1980

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT
FROM: BOB DUNN *Bob*

Riding with you on Air Force One ^{is} ~~will be~~ Nicholas Rizzo, presently President of Auto Specialty Sales Company in Andover, Massachusetts. He has been one of the key fundraisers for the campaign. He was deputy treasurer of the DNC. He came to the campaign as a volunteer fundraiser. Mr. Rizzo is married and has six children.

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[Salutations will be supplied by Advance.]

Al Friendly
A-2; 8/20/80
Scheduled Delivery:
Thur, August 21, 1980

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Remarks to American Legion Convention

Fellow Legionnaires, fellow Americans, it is an honor to address your convention. The American Legion, of which my father was ^{also} a member before me, is one of our Nation's proudest organizations. It embodies the traditions of the citizen-soldier, the ideals of patriotic service ^{equally dedicated} ~~responding with~~ equal ~~dedication~~ to the duties of war and to the challenges of peace.

~~As President, and as Commander in Chief, I am~~ ^{and I have}
~~My Administration is~~ conscious of your service, ~~We have~~
full confidence in Max Cleland to represent you well. We have
worked hard to meet the needs of the Nation's veterans.

Pension benefits, as well as compensation for veterans disabled in the service of our country, will increase by a third during my first term. ~~Moreover,~~ ^{The} Veterans Administration is providing more and better health ^{services} ~~care today than when I took~~ ~~office,~~ particularly in the critical areas of out-patient and long-term care.

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We have initiated

~~At my initiative, Congress has approved~~ a new psychological counseling and readjustment services program for Vietnam-era veterans. We already have 91 centers under this program all across the country, reaching thousands of young veterans who, until now, felt they had no place to turn. *Also,* ~~Finally, [at my direction,~~ the Veterans Administration and the Department of Labor are working to increase employment among veterans, particularly through the Disabled Veterans Outreach Program, which has successfully helped thousands of disabled Vietnam-era veterans to find jobs.

354

Today, as in the past, America needs your service, your commitment, your courage, your common sense. While our country ~~asks~~ ^{demands} ~~needs~~ those qualities ^{from} of all of us, veterans carry a special responsibility for the preservation of peace. Those who have ~~[fought for their]~~ ^{offered your lives for our} Nation's honor and survival in the past have an extra incentive to fight to secure peace for Americans today and in the future.

5

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4 5

The surest guarantee of that peace today is ^{an American} ~~a structure~~
^{military force} ~~of defense~~ ^{now and} strong enough for, tomorrow. ~~[We are building that~~
^{capability} ~~defense, and building it to last.]~~ We are making the hard and
^{often} costly choices that ensure that American strength remains not
only unsurpassed for the present, but equal to ^{all} our needs for
the future.

As Commander in Chief of America's armed forces, I have
the final responsibility for making those choices. They are
critical ones. They are far from simple. In making them and
in carrying them out, I need your support, ~~your thoughtful~~
and experienced understanding of the real choices ^{we} ~~our nation~~
faces in defense and national security policy.

SS LP

^{are security, honor and} ~~Our goals~~ ^{is} ~~is~~ peace. ^{That} ~~It~~ ^{is} the only victory we seek -- for
ourselves, for our children, and for their children. It can
be won, but not by nostalgic or wishful thinking, and not by
bravado. It cannot be won by a futile effort either to run

the world or to run away from it. Both are dangerous myths that cannot be ~~made~~ ^{foundation} the center of any responsible policy.

45 } 7
.. and the moral force ..

America requires the authority and strength, to protect ourselves, to provide for the defense of our friends, to ~~prohibit the domination of others by our adversaries~~ and to promote the values of human dignity and well-being that have made our own nation strong at home and respected abroad. To this end, our national security policy has four specific objectives:

35 } 8
¶ First, to prevent war, ^{through the assurance of our} national strength and will.

¶ Second, to ^{share} ~~protect, together~~ with our friends and allies, ^{the protection of} the industrial democracies of Europe and Asia.

¶ Third, to safeguard and strengthen our vital links to the nations and resources of the ~~Middle East~~ ^{Middle East} ~~for~~ ^{for} ~~Preservation~~ ^{Preservation} ~~Purposes~~ ^{Purposes}

¶ Fourth, to defend our vital interests, ^{if threatened} anywhere in the

the world. ~~(where they may be threatened)~~

8/9

*our
great*

All this requires ^{our great} military strength. But arms alone cannot provide the security within which our values and interests can

flourish. Our foreign policy must be directed toward greater

international stability. -- Without such ^{which} ~~stability~~, there is no *prospect of a lasting peace.*

~~security~~. Thus, our strength in arms must be matched by

creative, responsible and courageous diplomacy. 9 5 10

We have that strength and courage now. We must continue to build it wisely for a future when our patience and persistence

will be taxed by challenges, ^{perhaps} even more diverse and dangerous

than those we have seen in recent years. [And ~~as we look ahead,~~

~~we must reckon with the wisdom of an old French saying, "The~~

~~trouble with the future is that it isn't what it used to be."~~]

In planning for that future, we must have the foresight to

accept the reality of change, to prepare for what we cannot

completely predict, and to know, with certainty, the objectives

we intend to reach and hold.

10 } 11

For the sake of all humanity, we must prevent
~~Our foremost objective must be to deter nuclear war.~~ To

do so requires the most modern strategic forces based on our superior technology. The decisions we make today will affect the risks of nuclear war well into the next century. Like our weapons, our diplomacy must be aimed at *enhancing* ~~strengthening~~ strategic stability as well.

Thus far in my Administration we have both strengthened every element of our strategic deterrent and *worked to enhance &* ~~strengthened~~

strategic stability through negotiation of *mutual and balanced limits on* ~~a sound~~ strategic arms ~~limitation agreement.~~ 11 } 12

~~To do this,~~ *money, but we would not* We could have spent more ~~on strategic forces~~ *have spent more wisely.*
~~-- if we had chosen not to spend wisely.~~ We could have *placed* ~~our chips on~~ *bomber* ~~developed a new strategic bomber~~ the B-1_A -- that would have

been in service quickly -- and obsolete almost as quickly.

Capitalize on advanced American technology and to
To _A deal with Soviet advances in air defense, I decided instead

Four years ago there was no program for long range air/launched cruise missile. This year,

we will begin production? 13

to accelerate the development of cruise missiles. ^{accuracy} they are ^{size} and their ability to penetrate Soviet defenses, ~~numbers~~ they represent a far more effective deterrent [for

~~the long term]~~ than the B-1 bomber. It would have been a quick

fix. We needed -- and we are getting -- the right answer for

the long haul. *Technological developments will prove this answer to be ^{the} right one.*

Similarly, we could have decided -- and some still

^{propose} ~~advocate the idea -- to resume production of [Minuteman III]~~ ^{land based intercontinental}

missiles and simply build more silos to house them. But that

solution would not have increased our strategic strength,

because the new missiles in fixed sites would be just as

vulnerable as the old ones to the ^{improving} ~~increased~~ accuracy of

Soviet weapons. 13/14

we conducted

Instead, I ~~ordered~~ a searching evaluation of our real

and responsible choices and ^I chose to go forward with the MX

missile program. *Four years ago, there was no solution to the ~~increased~~ increasing vulnerability of fixed sites.*

Today, we have a mobile
~~plans and selecting~~ a system for basing these missiles that
 will really shelter them from attack. The MX will ^{*be ready to*} strengthen
 our strategic defenses ^{*just*} when we need that added strength, [~~when~~
~~new challenges confront us and our deterrent force.~~]

14
 15

At sea, as well, we have altered the ^{*wayward*} ~~unsound~~ course we
 were holding in 1977. We have put the Trident missile and
 submarine programs back on track. The U.S.S. Ohio, the first
 Trident submarine, is about to go on sea trials. Its sister
 ship, the U.S.S. Michigan, is about to be launched, and five
 more Tridents are under construction.

NS

Finally, we have made steady advances in a less visible
 and [~~less~~] dramatic but absolutely crucial area of our strategic
 forces. We are ^{*improving*} [~~strengthening~~] our systems of command and
 control to ensure that they and the communications on which
 they depend can survive a crisis or a major conflict.

15 16

All these steps add up to a prudent and forward-looking

Jusent

(added 8/21/80 7:45 am.)

(page 8)

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

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As a new President, ~~as I decide~~
That

Our nation must have
~~more~~
~~some~~ flexibility in res-

ponding to a possible
nuclear attack. Beginning

early ^{my term} in ~~1978~~, working with

The Secretaries of Defense

and with ^{my own} national
advisors we ^{have been involving} ~~are~~ developed such

^{improved} an capability. It is a
Carefully considered ^{logical and} evolu-

tionary improvement in our
nation's defense ^{capability} and will
contribute to the prevention

of a nuclear conflict.

program for enhancing our strategic forces and the credibility of our deterrent. To keep those forces ^{adequate} ~~credible~~ for the future, we continue to work on new aircraft ~~to carry cruise missiles~~ and on new ~~penetrating bomber~~ technology that will be equal to the threats that may arise in the next decade or beyond. [~~And we have put the forces we have, the forces we are building, and the forces we must build in later years in harness to a coherent strategy of deterrence.~~]

^{Our} ~~That~~ strategy, modernized now, to take account of Soviet planning and attitudes, must leave the ^M ~~Soviets~~ no room for the illusion that they can obtain advantage through the use of force. ^{U.S.} No potential enemy of the United States should ^{consider anticipate} ~~imagine~~ ^{expect} for one moment, ^{a successful} ~~that its~~ use of military power against our vital interests. ~~would go unanswered~~ To insure that no adversary is even tempted, however, we must have a range of responses to ~~different~~ potential ~~levels of~~ threats, or crises and an integrated plan for their use. ~~Throughout my Administration~~ I ^{we} ~~have~~ ^{continually}

direct

worked ^{ed} toward that goal. ~~I continue to do so.~~

Equally vital for our strategic forces is the pursuit
^{nuclear}
~~mutual and balanced~~
of arms control and reduction. Just as we build strategic

forces equal to our needs, we seek through negotiated agreements

to keep the strategic competition from carrying us into a

purposeless and dangerous arms race. ¹⁷ ¹⁸ ^{need} America ~~does~~ not use

~~force to pursue our national goals. We will not allow others~~

~~to think they can profit by using force against us or our~~

~~interests. And~~ We will continue to make every responsible

effort to bring our forces and those of our potential foe

under strict, balanced and verifiable controls, both in the

quantity of strategic arms and in their quality.

The destructive power of the world's strategic arsenals
^{adequate for total devastation.}

is already ^{devastating}. It does no good to increase that

^{destructive}
power in search of a temporary edge or in pursuit of the

illusion of absolute superiority. ~~Neither advantage exists~~

If an unlimited nuclear arms race should be forced upon us we will compete, and compete successfully. Let no one doubt that for a moment. To initiate such a dangerous and costly race ourselves would be totally irresponsible. 19

This is a course pursued by the last 6 six presidents, Democrats and Republicans alike

19
20

~~in the real world, but~~ ^{advantage} Chasing either one can undercut the ^{and assured deterrence} stability that is our real goal and need. To limit strategic nuclear weapons, as the SALT ^{treaties do} ~~II Treaty does~~, is ^{to reduce} to reduce ~~not~~ our strength but, the danger that misunderstanding and miscalculation could lead to global catastrophe. To go beyond ^{mutual reductions} SALT II, as I firmly intend to ~~[try to]~~ do, is to advance the stability on which genuine peace can be built. ~~[That is a real goal for the real world, not a fantasy that could turn our future into a nuclear nightmare.]~~

Stability in the strategic arena, however, leaves us still to meet serious challenges now and in the future in Europe, the Far East, the Middle East and Southwest Asia. ~~[But]~~ We must understand those challenges in order to deal with them prudently and responsibly. We ~~must build~~ ~~[to meet these conventional challenges by building]~~ on ~~[and from]~~ our strengths ~~-- technology and flexibility, backed by strategic might.~~ We do not need massive forces in place everywhere in the world

to defend our friends and our interests. We do need and we are acquiring, ^{and} with our allies

^{Conventional} specially equipped forces that can respond fast and effectively

to crises and threats before they engulf us in larger conflicts.

20
21

With NATO in Europe, for example, we do not need overwhelming tank forces. We and our allies ^{do not} plan to start ^a war on the European continent. What we do need ^{and what we will maintain} are the weapons to repulse any force that seeks or threatens the domination of Europe.

After years of neglect during the Vietnam War, we have led

NATO's commitment to the deterrent levels of strength it

actually needs. The Long-Term Defense Program ~~[that]~~ will add

\$85 billion to NATO's fighting strength over the next ^{decade} ~~[ten to~~

^{or so, and will permit} ~~fifteen years]~~ ^[is building] the alliance to meet ^{any} ~~the~~ real threat

to Europe's security and our own. ²¹ ²² The NATO decision last

^{theater} December to modernize nuclear forces in ~~[the] Europe [an theater]~~ -- ^{a direct response to the Warsaw Pact buildup of the last ten years --} is a vital part of that commitment ~~[and a crucial precondition~~

^{any} to ~~[the] negotiations [we seek] to limit such forces. [and their~~

~~threat to Europe's security.~~

Pacific and East Asia
In the ~~Far East~~, ~~we need no massive standing army, because~~
our alliances and military
strengths are firm and adequate. We have
~~we have no designs on the sovereignty of any Asian nation.~~

~~What we need and do have and are constantly improving --~~

military
~~is the~~ presence on land and at sea to insure that no would-be

aggressor can profit at ~~our~~ expense *of ourselves* or that of our friends

from any upheaval in the region. *Sustained*
Normal relations with
China can improve the prospects for a more stable
and peaceful future in Asia.

~~The challenge to our interests in Asia is one we meet~~

~~through the effective combination of military, political and~~

~~economic strengths.]~~

22 [23 You of the American Legion ~~are part of that combined~~

~~response in the support you]~~ have pledged at this convention

to the cause of Cambodian relief. *It is important that*
~~To fight starvation in~~

we show
~~that battered nation is to show not just one people but]~~ the

whole world the strength of American compassion and concern.

I applaud your decision to help the cause of peace in Southeast

the facilities we would need to aid our friends in the region
 in case of conflict. ²⁴ ^{25 have} We speeded up the formation of a mobile
 force of up to 100,000 personnel that could be rapidly deployed
 to ^{any} ~~that~~ area ~~[or any other spot]~~ where sudden trouble loomed
 and needed to be met. We have arranged to put supplies and
 equipment for such a force in place ahead of time so that they
^{would} ~~would~~ be there if ^{they are} ~~they were~~ needed. And we have done this
 with sensitivity to the political realities of new and proud
 nations who want no foreign troops on their soil, now or in
 the future. ²⁵ ²⁴

Most of all, in the Middle East, we have pursued the
 arduous, frustrating and absolutely essential cause of peace
 between Israel and its Arab neighbors. The real security of
 that crucial part of the world ~~[does not]~~ depend ^{heavily} ~~so much on~~
~~what force we can bring to bear if conflict were to break out,~~
~~but~~ on the force with which we promote stability and political
 compromise to avert the outbreak of conflict. The Camp David

Accords and the Egyptian-Israeli Peace Treaties that followed them were two extraordinary steps on a long road where, until 1978, no one had ~~walked~~ *travelled*.

~~Now the work of Middle East peace has been well begun.~~

In the real world we know better than to expect miracles *from the Middle East peace negotiations.*

~~from that work,~~ but for our own future peace, it is work we must and will continue.

26/27

(*) →

It should be

~~[I hope it is]~~ clear *our work* ~~[from this discussion]~~ that ~~[none of what~~

~~my Administration has done]~~ to keep America the strongest nation

in the world is ~~[work that we consider]~~ ^{not} finished. There are no

^{on which} laurels to rest ~~on~~, no victories that are final, no challenges

that have disappeared. But we have resumed the ^{firm and} steady course ^{diplomacy and}

of defense preparedness ~~[that enables us]~~ to lead our allies,

our friends and ourselves with confidence toward the challenges

of the world today and tomorrow.

27/28

~~We have also revived in this Administration the policy~~

force of up to 100,000 personnel that could be rapidly deployed to that area or any other spot where sudden trouble loomed and needed to be met.

We have arranged to put supplies and equipment for such a force in place in the Indian Ocean region ahead of time so that they would be there if they were needed. And we have done this with sensitivity to the political realities of new and proud nations who want no foreign bases on their soil, now or in the future.

At home, we have won the fight for peacetime draft registration. We need the ability to mobilize quickly and effectively. You in the Legion recognized that need. Thanks to you, we have met that need. We have shown our resolve to friend and foe alike.

Most of all, in the Middle East, we have pursued the arduous, frustrating and absolutely essential cause of peace

[emphasis] that gives added purpose to our Nation's strength:
 the whole-hearted commitment to promote universal standards
 of human rights. We do not ~~seek or~~ maintain our power in
 order to seize ^{power} ~~it~~ from others. Our goal is to strengthen our
 freedom and the freedom of others, to advance the dignity of
 the individual and the right of all ^{people} ~~men and women~~ to justice,
 a good life, and a future secure from tyranny. In choosing
 our course in the world, America's strength ^{serves} ~~is put to the~~
~~service of~~ American values.

30 } 31

The choices ahead are every bit as demanding as the ones
 we have already made. Facing them takes a clear understanding
 of where we are and where we want to go. Responding to [the]
 dangers that ~~still beset our crowded planet and~~ ^{to} ~~menace our~~ ^{might}
 future security also ^{will} ~~takes~~ a measure of ^{America's} ~~a~~ common sense and ~~of~~
 courage, ~~[which I know Americans have to give]~~

I have ^{known} ~~learned~~ America's courage by seeing it tested. I

have seen it in the men who ^{went to} ~~returned from~~ Iran ^{to attempt} ~~after trying~~

so valiantly to rescue their fellow Americans held hostage

there. I saw it in the families of the men who died in that

^{effort} ~~attempt~~ and in the families of our citizens still held captive

in Iran. What a nation we are -- to produce such men and women!

31 (32

Our country also has

~~(A nation such as ours has, as well, the courage to face~~

~~up to] the hard, real choices at home and abroad. We have] the~~

courage to reject the easy illusions of something for nothing,

the fantasy goals of strength without sacrifice, the irresponsible

advocacy of short-cut economics and quick-fix defense policy.

I see this courage in you, as veterans who have served

and sacrificed already, but who ^{work} ~~serve~~ continuously still for

the sake of service, not for reward. Your example strengthens

my faith in our nation and its future. With your help, and

courage, and common sense, I know America will continue to be

a nation of unmatched strength -- a nation that faces the

sets us a task without an end. There are no victories that are final, no challenges that have disappeared. But we have resumed the steady course of defense preparedness that enables us to lead our allies, our friends and ourselves with confidence toward the challenges of the world today and tomorrow.

27
28

~~Finally, it is increasingly clear that~~ The independence, security and development of the countries of the Third World *also very* important to our national security. Violence and radical revolution thrive in an atmosphere of political repression, economic want, massive unemployment, and hunger.

Our interests are served when the countries of the developing world are able to meet the needs and aspirations of their people peacefully, democratically, and through cooperation with the United States and other countries of the West. *28) 29* In helping them to achieve these objectives, we are encouraging democracy and strengthening our ability to compete

effectively with the Soviets. Those most concerned about Soviet activism in the world should be the strongest supporters of our ^{foreign aid programs} ~~efforts to aid~~ ^{designed to help} the moderate transition from repressive tyranny to democratic development, *and to bolster the strength and independence of our friends.* 29 } 30

We have revived in this Administration the policy emphasis ~~that gives added purpose to our Nation's strength: the whole~~ hearted commitment to promote universal standards of human rights. We do not seek or maintain our power in order to seize it from others. We are committed to strengthen our freedom and the freedom of others, to advance the dignity of the individual and the right of all men and women to justice, a good life, and a future secure from tyranny. In choosing our course in the world, America's strength is put to the ~~service of American values.~~

~~The choices ahead are every bit as demanding as the ones we have already made. Facing them takes a clear understanding~~

world as it is today and works with realism to bring ~~that~~ *to The*
world freedom, peace and justice for tomorrow.

#

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COMMANDER FRANK HAMILTON -

1. FELLOW LEGIONNAIRES...FELLOW AMERICANS...
2. IT IS AN-HONOR-TO-ADDRESS-YOUR-CONVENTION.
3. THE AMERICAN LEGION,
4. OF WHICH MY FATHER WAS ALSO A MEMBER BEFORE ME,
5. IS ONE OF OUR NATION'S PROUDEST ORGANIZATIONS.
6. ~~IT~~ EMBODIES THE TRADITIONS OF THE CITIZEN-SOLDIER,

← DIFFERENCE = A LOT MORE FUN AT CONVENTIONS

THE AMERICAN LEGION

THE IDEALS OF PATRIOTIC SERVICE

EQUALLY DEDICATED TO THE DUTIES OF WAR

& TO THE CHALLENGES OF PEACE. /

~~ANTHONY CASAMENTO~~

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1. AS PRESIDENT, I AM CONSCIOUS OF YOUR SERVICE, AND OUR-NATION'S DEBT TO
VETERANS,
2. AND I HAVE FULL CONFIDENCE IN MAX CLELAND TO REPRESENT YOU WELL.
3. ~~WE~~ ^{HE & I} HAVE WORKED HARD TO MEET THE NEEDS OF ~~THE NATION'S~~ VETERANS.
4. PENSION BENEFITS,
5. AS WELL AS COMPENSATION FOR VETERANS DISABLED IN THE SERVICE OF OUR COUNTRY,
6. WILL INCREASE BY ^{MORE THAN} A THIRD DURING MY FIRST TERM. ALONE.
7. THE VETERANS ADMINISTRATION, ^{CONTINUES TO PROVIDE} ~~IS PROVIDING~~ MORE & BETTER HEALTH SERVICES
8. PARTICULARLY IN THE CRITICAL AREAS OF OUT-PATIENT & LONG-TERM CARE. /

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1. WE HAVE INITIATED
2. A NEW PSYCHOLOGICAL COUNSELING & ~~READJUSTMENT SERVICES~~ PROGRAM
FOR VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS.
3. WE ALREADY HAVE 91 CENTERS UNDER THIS PROGRAM ALL ACROSS THE COUNTRY,
4. REACHING THOUSANDS OF YOUNG VETERANS
5. WHO, UNTIL NOW, FELT THEY HAD NO PLACE TO TURN. /
6. ALSO, THE VETERANS ADMINISTRATION
& THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
CONCENTRATING THEIR
7. ARE ~~WORKING~~ TO INCREASE EMPLOYMENT AMONG VETERANS,
8. PARTICULARLY THROUGH THE DISABLED VETERANS OUTREACH PROGRAM,
9. WHICH HAS SUCCESSFULLY HELPED THOUSANDS OF DISABLED VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS

TO FIND JOBS. //

WILL CONTINUE TO IMPROVE

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1. TODAY, AS IN THE PAST,
2. AMERICA NEEDS YOUR SERVICE,
YOUR COMMITMENT,
YOUR COURAGE,
YOUR COMMON SENSE.
3. WHILE OUR COUNTRY DEMANDS THOSE QUALITIES FROM ALL OF US,
4. ~~VETERANS CARRY A SPECIAL RESPONSIBILITY~~
~~FOR THE PRESERVATION OF PEACE.~~
5. *You VETERANS,* ~~THOSE~~ WHO HAVE OFFERED YOUR LIVES
6. FOR OUR NATION'S HONOR & SURVIVAL IN THE PAST,
7. HAVE AN EXTRA INCENTIVE TO FIGHT
8. TO SECURE PEACE FOR AMERICANS TODAY & IN THE FUTURE. //

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1. THE SUREST GUARANTEE OF THAT PEACE TODAY
2. IS AN AMERICAN MILITARY FORCE STRONG ENOUGH FOR NOW & TOMORROW. //
3. WE ARE MAKING THE HARD & ~~OFTEN~~ COSTLY CHOICES
4. THAT ENSURE THAT AMERICAN STRENGTH
5. REMAINS NOT ONLY UNSURPASSED FOR THE PRESENT,
6. BUT EQUAL TO ALL OUR NEEDS FOR THE FUTURE. //
7. AS COMMANDER IN CHIEF OF AMERICA'S ARMED FORCES, *WORKING IN THE CONGRESS,*
8. I HAVE THE FINAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR MAKING THOSE CHOICES.
9. THEY ARE CRITICAL ONES.
10. THEY ARE FAR FROM SIMPLE.
11. ~~IN MAKING THEM & IN CARRYING THEM OUT,~~
12. I NEED YOUR SUPPORT
13. AND EXPERIENCED UNDERSTANDING
14. OF THE REAL CHOICES WE FACE IN DEFENSE
& NATIONAL SECURITY POLICY. //

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1. OUR GOALS ARE SECURITY,
HONOR,
& PEACE.

THOSE ARE
2. ~~THAT IS~~ THE ~~ONLY~~ ^{IES} VICTORIES WE SEEK -- FOR OURSELVES,
FOR OUR CHILDREN,
& FOR THEIR CHILDREN. /

THESE VICTORIES
3. ~~IT~~ CAN BE WON,
4. BUT NOT BY NOSTALGIC OR WISHFUL THINKING,

5. AND NOT BY BRAVADO.

THEY
6. ~~IT~~ CANNOT BE WON

7. BY A FUTILE EFFORT EITHER TO RUN THE WORLD
OR TO RUN AWAY FROM IT. /

OF THESE
8. BOTH ARE DANGEROUS MYTHS

9. THAT CANNOT BE THE FOUNDATION OF ANY RESPONSIBLE POLICY. //

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1. AMERICA REQUIRES
2. THE AUTHORITY & STRENGTH
3. -- & THE MORAL FORCE --
4. TO PROTECT OURSELVES,
5. TO PROVIDE FOR THE DEFENSE OF OUR FRIENDS,
6. AND TO PROMOTE THE VALUES OF HUMAN DIGNITY & WELL-BEING
7. THAT HAVE MADE OUR OWN NATION
8. STRONG AT HOME & RESPECTED ABROAD.
9. TO THIS END,
10. OUR NATIONAL SECURITY POLICY HAS 4 SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES: /

1. --1ST: TO PREVENT WAR
2. THROUGH THE ASSURANCE OF OUR NATION'S STRENGTH & WILL. *IN THIS, WE WILL NOT FA.*
3. --2ND, TO SHARE WITH OUR FRIENDS & ALLIES
4. THE PROTECTION OF THE INDUSTRIAL DEMOCRACIES OF EUROPE & ASIA. "
5. --3RD, TO SAFEGUARD & STRENGTHEN
6. OUR VITAL LINKS TO THE NATIONS & RESOURCES OF THE MIDDLE EAST. "
7. --4TH, TO DEFEND OUR VITAL INTERESTS
8. IF THREATENED ANYWHERE IN THE WORLD. "

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1. ALL THIS REQUIRES OUR GREAT MILITARY STRENGTH.
2. BUT ARMS ALONE
3. CANNOT PROVIDE THE SECURITY
4. WITHIN WHICH OUR VALUES & INTERESTS CAN FLOURISH.
5. OUR FOREIGN POLICY MUST BE DIRECTED TOWARD GREATER-INTERNATIONAL-STABILITY --
6. WITHOUT WHICH THERE IS NO PROSPECT OF A LASTING PEACE.
7. THUS, OUR STRENGTH IN ARMS
8. MUST BE MATCHED BY CREATIVE,
RESPONSIBLE,
& COURAGEOUS DIPLOMACY. //

1. WE HAVE THAT STRENGTH & COURAGE NOW.
2. WE MUST CONTINUE TO BUILD ~~IT~~ WISELY
3. FOR A FUTURE WHEN OUR PATIENCE & PERSISTENCE
4. WILL BE TAXED BY CHALLENGES
5. PERHAPS EVEN MORE DIVERSE & DANGEROUS
6. THAN THOSE WE HAVE SEEN IN RECENT YEARS /
7. IN PLANNING FOR THAT FUTURE,
8. WE MUST HAVE THE FORESIGHT
9. TO ACCEPT THE REALITY OF CHANGE,
10. TO PREPARE-FOR-WHAT-WE-CANNOT-COMpletely-PREDICT,
11. AND TO KNOW, WITH CERTAINTY, THE OBJECTIVES WE INTEND TO REACH & HOLD. //

1. FOR THE SAKE OF ALL HUMANITY,
2. WE-MUST-PREVENT-NUCLEAR-WAR. //
3. TO DO SO REQUIRES THE MOST MODERN STRATEGIC FORCES
BASED ON OUR SUPERIOR TECHNOLOGY.
4. THE DECISIONS WE MAKE TODAY
5. WILL AFFECT THE RISKS OF NUCLEAR WAR
6. WELL INTO THE NEXT CENTURY. /
7. LIKE OUR WEAPONS, *ALSO*
8. OUR DIPLOMACY MUST *ALSO* BE AIMED AT ENHANCING STRATEGIC STABILITY. ~~AS WELL.~~ /
9. THUS FAR IN MY ADMINISTRATION
10. WE HAVE ~~BOTH~~ STRENGTHENED EVERY ELEMENT OF OUR STRATEGIC DETERRENT
11. *WE HAVE* AND WORKED TO ENHANCE STRATEGIC STABILITY *THROUGH WORLD PEACE &*
12. THROUGH NEGOTIATION OF MUTUAL & BALANCED LIMITS ON STRATEGIC ARMS. /

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1. WE COULD HAVE SPENT MORE MONEY,
2. BUT WE WOULD NOT HAVE SPENT ^{IT AS} ~~A~~ MORE WISELY. /
3. WE COULD HAVE PLACED OUR CHIPS ON THE B-1 BOMBER --
4. ^{WHICH} ~~THAT~~ WOULD HAVE BEEN IN SERVICE QUICKLY,
5. AND OBSOLETE ALMOST AS QUICKLY. /
6. TO CAPITALIZE ON ADVANCED AMERICAN TECHNOLOGY
7. AND TO DEAL WITH SOVIET ADVANCES IN AIR DEFENSE --
8. I DECIDED INSTEAD
9. TO ACCELERATE THE DEVELOPMENT OF CRUISE MISSILES.
10. FOUR YEARS AGO
11. THERE WAS NO PROGRAM FOR LONG-RANGE AIR-LAUNCHED CRUISE MISSILES.
12. THIS YEAR, WE WILL BEGIN PRODUCTION.

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1. BECAUSE OF THEIR ACCURACY
& THEIR ABILITY TO PENETRATE SOVIET DEFENSES,
2. THEY REPRESENT A FAR MORE EFFECTIVE DETERRENT
THAN THE B-1 BOMBER.
3. WE NEEDED -- & ~~WE ARE GETTING~~ --
4. THE RIGHT ANSWER FOR THE LONG HAUL. *SOVIET AIR DEFENSE CAPABILITIES ≠*
5. ^{US} TECHNOLOGICAL DEVELOPMENTS ^{HAVE} ~~WILL~~ PROVEN THIS ANSWER TO BE THE RIGHT ONE. //
6. SIMILARLY, WE COULD HAVE DECIDED
7. -- & SOME STILL PROPOSE --
8. TO RESUME PRODUCTION OF LAND-BASED INTERCONTINENTAL MISSILES
9. AND SIMPLY BUILD MORE SILOS TO HOUSE THEM.
10. BUT THAT SOLUTION WOULD NOT HAVE INCREASED OUR STRATEGIC STRENGTH,
11. BECAUSE THE NEW MISSILES IN FIXED SITES
12. WOULD BE JUST AS VULNERABLE AS THE OLD ONES
13. TO THE IMPROVING ACCURACY OF SOVIET WEAPONS. /

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1. INSTEAD WE CONDUCTED A SEARCHING EVALUATION OF OUR REAL
& RESPONSIBLE CHOICES,
2. AND I CHOSE TO GO FORWARD WITH THE "MX" MISSILE PROGRAM.
3. FOUR YEARS AGO,
4. THERE WAS NO SOLUTION TO THE INCREASING VULNERABILITY OF FIXED SILOS.
5. TODAY WE HAVE ^{DEvised} A MOBILE SYSTEM FOR BASING THESE MISSILES
6. THAT WILL REALLY SHELTER THEM FROM ATTACK.
7. THE "MX" WILL BE READY TO STRENGTHEN OUR STRATEGIC DEFENSES
JUST WHEN WE NEED THAT ADDED STRENGTH.

^{OF MX}
COST IN CONSTANT \$
L B52
L MINUTE MAN MISSILES
L POSEIDON & POLARIS COMBINED, SUB LAUNCHER

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1. AT SEA, AS WELL,
2. WE HAVE ALTERED THE WAYWARD COURSE WE WERE ^{STEERING} HOLDING IN 1977.
3. WE HAVE PUT THE TRIDENT MISSILE & SUBMARINE PROGRAMS BACK ON TRACK.
4. THE U.S.S. OHIO -- THE 1st TRIDENT SUBMARINE --
IS ABOUT TO GO ON SEA TRIALS.
5. ITS SISTER SHIP -- THE U.S.S. MICHIGAN --
IS ABOUT TO BE LAUNCHED;
6. AND 5 MORE TRIDENTS ARE UNDER CONSTRUCTION. //
7. FINALLY, WE HAVE MADE STEADY ADVANCES
8. IN A LESS VISIBLE & DRAMATIC
9. ABSOLUTELY CRUCIAL
AREA OF OUR STRATEGIC FORCES.
10. WE ARE IMPROVING OUR SYSTEMS OF COMMAND & CONTROL
11. TO ENSURE THAT THEY & THE COMMUNICATIONS ON WHICH THEY DEPEND
CAN SURVIVE A CRISIS OR A MAJOR CONFLICT. /

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1. ALL THSE STEPS ADD UP TO A PRUDENT & FORWARD-LOOKING PROGRAM
2. FOR ENHANCING OUR STRATEGIC FORCES
& THE CREDIBILITY OF OUR DETERRENT.
3. TO KEEP THOSE FORCES ADEQUATE FOR THE FUTURE,
4. WE CONTINUE TO WORK ON NEW AIRCRAFT
& ON NEW TECHNOLOGY
5. THAT WILL BE EQUAL TO THE THREATS
THAT MAY ARISE IN THE NEXT DECADE OR BEYOND. /
6. OUR STRATEGY,
7. NOW MODERNIZED TO TAKE ACCOUNT OF SOVIET PLANNING & ATTITUDES,
8. MUST LEAVE THEM NO ROOM
9. FOR THE ILLUSION THAT THEY CAN OBTAIN ADVANTAGE
THROUGH THE USE OF FORCE. //

1. AS A NEW PRESIDENT,
2. I DECIDED THAT OUR NATION MUST HAVE FLEXIBILITY
IN RESPONDING TO A POSSIBLE NUCLEAR ATTACK.
3. BEGINNING EARLY IN MY TERM,
4. WORKING WITH THE SECRETARIES OF STATE & DEFENSE
& WITH MY OWN NATIONAL SECURITY ADVISORS,
5. WE HAVE BEEN EVOLVING SUCH AN IMPROVED CAPABILITY, RECENTLY REVEALED.
BY SEC BROWN.
6. IT IS A CAREFULLY CONSIDERED,
LOGICAL,
& EVOLUTIONARY
IMPROVEMENT IN OUR NATION'S DEFENSE CAPABILITY --
7. AND WILL CONTRIBUTE TO THE PREVENTION
OF A NUCLEAR CONFLICT. /

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1. NO POTENTIAL ENEMY OF THE UNITED STATES
2. SHOULD ANTICIPATE FOR ONE MOMENT
3. A SUCCESSFUL USE OF MILITARY POWER AGAINST OUR VITAL INTERESTS. //
4. TO INSURE THAT NO ADVERSARY IS EVEN TEMPTED, HOWEVER,
5. WE MUST HAVE A RANGE OF RESPONSES TO POTENTIAL THREATS OR CRISES
6. AND AN INTEGRATED PLAN FOR THEIR USE.
7. WE CONTINUALLY WORK TOWARD THAT GOAL. //
8. EQUALLY VITAL FOR OUR STRATEGIC FORCES *PURPOSES*
9. IS THE PURSUIT OF NUCLEAR ARMS CONTROL & REDUCTION *BALANCED* OF NUCLEAR ARSENALS.
10. JUST AS WE BUILD STRATEGIC FORCES EQUAL TO OUR NEEDS,
11. WE SEEK THROUGH NEGOTIATED AGREEMENTS
12. TO KEEP *UNNECESSARY* THE STRATEGIC COMPETITION FROM CARRYING US
INTO A PURPOSELESS & DANGEROUS ARMS RACE.

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1. WE WILL CONTINUE TO MAKE EVERY RESPONSIBLE EFFORT
2. TO BRING OUR FORCES & THOSE OF OUR POTENTIAL FOE
3. UNDER STRICT,
BALANCED,
& VERIFIABLE CONTROLS --
4. BOTH IN THE QUANTITY OF STRATEGIC ARMS
5. AND IN THEIR QUALITY. /
6. *I WANT TO MAKE IT CLEAR THAT*
IF AN UNLIMITED NUCLEAR ARMS RACE SHOULD BE FORCED UPON US,
7. WE WILL COMPETE -- & COMPETE SUCCESSFULLY.
8. LET NO ONE DOUBT THAT FOR A MOMENT. -- *BUT*
9. TO INITIATE SUCH A DANGEROUS & COSTLY RACE OURSELVES
WOULD BE TOTALLY IRRESPONSIBLE. //

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NUCLEAR

1. THE DESTRUCTIVE POWER OF THE WORLD'S STRATEGIC ARSENALS
2. IS ALREADY ADEQUATE FOR TOTAL DEVASTATION.
3. IT DOES NO GOOD TO INCREASE THAT DESTRUCTIVE POWER
4. IN SEARCH OF A TEMPORARY EDGE,
5. OR IN PURSUIT OF THE ILLUSION OF ABSOLUTE, SUPERIORITY,
6. ~~CHASING EITHER ADVANTAGE~~
7. ~~CAN UNDERCUT THE STABILITY & ASSURED DETERRENCE~~

NUCLEAR

THAT IS OUR REAL GOAL & NEED. }

8. TO LIMIT STRATEGIC NUCLEAR WEAPONS,
9. AS THE "SALT" TREATIES DO,
10. IS NOT TO REDUCE OUR STRENGTH
11. BUT TO REDUCE THE DANGER
12. THAT MISUNDERSTANDING & MISCALCULATION

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COULD LEAD TO GLOBAL CATASTROPHE.

13. THIS IS A COURSE PURSUED BY THE LAST 6 PRESIDENTS --

DEMOCRATS & REPUBLICANS ALIKE.

1. TO GO BEYOND "SALT II" MUTUAL REDUCTIONS
2. AS I FIRMLY INTEND TO DO,
3. IS TO ADVANCE THE STABILITY ON WHICH GENUINE PEACE CAN BE BUILT. //
4. STABILITY IN THE STRATEGIC ARENA, HOWEVER,
5. LEAVES US STILL TO MEET SERIOUS CHALLENGES NOW & IN THE FUTURE
6. IN EUROPE...THE FAR EAST...THE MIDDLE EAST...& SOUTHWEST ASIA.
7. WE MUST UNDERSTAND THOSE CHALLENGES
8. IN ORDER TO DEAL WITH THEM PRUDENTLY & RESPONSIBLY.
9. WE DO NOT NEED MASSIVE FORCES IN PLACE EVERYWHERE IN THE WORLD
10. TO DEFEND OUR FRIENDS & OUR INTERESTS.
11. WE DO NEED
12. AND WE & OUR ALLIES ARE ACQUIRING
13. THE SKILLED...MODERNIZED...SPECIALLY-EQUIPPED CONVENTIONAL FORCES
14. THAT CAN RESPOND FAST & EFFECTIVELY TO CRISES & THREATS
15. BEFORE THEY ENGULF US IN LARGER CONFLICTS. //

1. THE "NATO" DECISION LAST DECEMBER
2. TO MODERNIZE THEATER NUCLEAR FORCES IN EUROPE
3. -- A DIRECT RESPONSE TO THE WARSAW PACT BUILDUP OF THE LAST 10 YEARS --
4. IS A VITAL PART OF THAT COMMITMENT. //
5. IN THE PACIFIC & EAST ASIA,
6. OUR ALLIANCES & MILITARY STRENGTHS ARE FIRM & ADEQUATE.
7. WE HAVE THE MILITARY PRESENCE ON LAND & AT SEA
8. TO INSURE THAT NO WOULD-BE AGGRESSOR
9. CAN PROFIT AT THE EXPENSE OF OURSELVES OR OUR FRIENDS
FROM ANY UPHEAVAL IN THE REGION.
10. SUSTAINED NORMAL RELATIONS WITH CHINA ARE VERY IMPORTANT, &
11. IMPROVE THE PROSPECTS FOR A MORE STABLE & PEACEFUL FUTURE IN ASIA. //

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1. YOU OF THE AMERICAN LEGION
2. HAVE PLEGGED AT THIS CONVENTION
3. TO THE CAUSE OF CAMBODIAN RELIEF.
4. IT IS IMPORTANT THAT WE SHOW THE ~~WHOLE~~ WORLD
5. THE STRENGTH OF AMERICAN COMPASSION & CONCERN.
6. I APPLAUD YOUR DECISION, ^{TO ALLEVIATE SUFFERING AND} TO HELP THE CAUSE OF PEACE IN SOUTHEAST ASIA. //
7. IN THE MOST VOLATILE & VITAL AREA TO OUR SECURITY
8. --THE PERSIAN GULF & SOUTHWEST ASIA --
9. WE ARE TAKING ^{ADDITIONAL} NECESSARY STEPS TO PROTECT OUR VITAL INTERESTS. /

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1. THE SECURITY OF THE REGION & OF THE CRUCIAL ENERGY IT ~~HOLDS~~ SUPPLIES
2. IS NOW EXPOSED TO THE NEW THREAT OF THE SOVIET FORCES IN AFGHANISTAN,
3. WHICH HAVE TURNED THAT COUNTRY FROM A BUFFER STATE
4. INTO A WEDGE POINTED AT THE SEA LANES OF THE PERSIAN GULF.
5. TO DETER ANY FURTHER ENCROACHMENT OF SOVIET POWER IN THE REGION,
6. WE MUST HELP TO STRENGTHEN THE RESOLVE
& THE DEFENSES
OF THE COUNTRIES THERE. /

7. WE CONTINUE TO BUILD UP OUR OWN FORCES
8. IN THE INDIAN OCEAN & ADJACENT AREAS,
9. AND TO ARRANGE TO USE THE FACILITIES WE WOULD NEED
10. TO AID OUR FRIENDS IN THE REGION IN CASE OF CONFLICT. /

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1. WE HAVE SPEEDED UP THE FORMATION OF A MOBILE FORCE
OF UP TO 100,000 PERSONNEL
2. THAT COULD BE RAPIDLY DEPLOYED TO ANY AREA
3. WHERE SUDDEN TROUBLE LOOMED & NEEDED TO BE MET. /
4. WE HAVE ARRANGED TO PUT SUPPLIES & EQUIPMENT FOR SUCH A FORCE
IN PLACE AHEAD OF TIME,
6. SO THAT THEY WOULD BE THERE IF THEY ARE NEEDED. //
7. ~~[AND WE HAVE DONE THIS~~
8. ~~WITH SENSITIVITY TO THE POLITICAL REALITIES OF NEW & PROUD NATIONS~~
9. ~~WHO WANT NO FOREIGN TROOPS ON THEIR SOIL~~
NOW OR IN THE FUTURE.] /

1. MOST OF ALL,
2. IN THE MIDDLE EAST WE HAVE PURSUED THE ARDUOUS,
FRUSTRATING
& ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL
3. CAUSE OF PEACE
BETWEEN ISRAEL & ITS ARAB NEIGHBORS.
4. THE REAL SECURITY OF THAT CRUCIAL PART OF THE WORLD
5. DEPENDS HEAVILY
6. ON THE FORCE WITH WHICH WE PROMOTE STABILITY & POLITICAL COMPROMISE
TO AVERT THE OUTBREAK OF CONFLICT. /
7. THE CAMP DAVID ACCORDS
8. AND THE EGYPTIAN-ISRAELI PEACE TREATIES THAT FOLLOWED THEM
9. WERE 2 EXTRAORDINARY STEPS ON A LONG ROAD
10. WHERE, UNTIL 1978, NO ONE HAD TRAVELLED. //
11. IN THE REAL WORLD
12. WE KNOW BETTER THAN TO EXPECT MIRACLES
FROM THE MIDDLE EAST PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.
13. BUT FOR OUR-OWN-FUTURE-PEACE
14. IT IS WORK WE MUST & WILL CONTINUE. //

- 21
1. AT HOME, OVER INTENSE OPPOSITION, BUT WITH YOUR HELP,
 2. WE HAVE WON THE FIGHT FOR PEACETIME DRAFT REGISTRATION.
 3. WE NEED THE ABILITY TO MOBILIZE QUICKLY & EFFECTIVELY.
 4. ~~YOU IN THE LEGION RECOGNIZED THAT NEED.~~
 5. ~~THANKS TO YOU, WE HAVE MET THAT NEED.~~
 6. WE HAVE SHOWN OUR RESOLVE TO FRIEND & FOE ALIKE. //
 7. IT SHOULD BE CLEAR
 8. THAT OUR WORK TO KEEP AMERICA THE STRONGEST NATION IN THE WORLD
IS NOT FINISHED.
 10. THERE ARE NO LAURELS ON WHICH TO REST,
NO VICTORIES THAT ARE FINAL,
NO CHALLENGES THAT HAVE DISAPPEARED. /
 11. BUT WE HAVE RESUMED THE FIRM & STEADY COURSE
 12. OF DIPLOMACY & DEFENSE PREPAREDNESS
 13. TO LEAD OUR ALLIES,
OUR FRIENDS,
& OURSELVES
 14. WITH CONFIDENCE TOWARD THE CHALLENGES ^{FACING} ^{OF} THE WORLD, TODAY
& TOMORROW. //

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1. THE INDEPENDENCE,
SECURITY,
& DEVELOPMENT
2. OF THE COUNTRIES OF THE THIRD WORLD
3. ARE ALSO VERY IMPORTANT TO OUR NATIONAL SECURITY. /
4. VIOLENCE & RADICAL REVOLUTION
5. THRIVE IN AN ATMOSPHERE OF POLITICAL REPRESSION,
ECONOMIC WANT,
MASSIVE UNEMPLOYEMNT,
& HUNGER. //
6. OUR INTERESTS ARE SERVED
7. WHEN THE COUNTRIES OF THE DEVELOPING WORLD
8. ARE ABLE TO MEET THE NEEDS & ASPIRATIONS OF THE PEOPLE
9. PEACEFULLY...DEMOCRATICALLY...& THROUGH COOPERATION
10. WITH THE UNITED STATES & OTHER COUNTRIES OF THE WEST. /

1. IN HELPING THEM TO ACHIEVE THESE OBJECTIVES,
2. WE ARE ENCOURAGING DEMOCRACY
3. AND STRENGTHENING OUR ABILITY TO COMPETE EFFECTIVELY WITH THE SOVIETS.
4. THOSE MOST CONCERNED ABOUT SOVIET ACTIVISM IN THE WORLD
5. SHOULD BE THE STRONGEST SUPPORTERS OF OUR FOREIGN AID PROGRAMS
6. DESIGNED TO HELP THE MODERATE TRANSITION
7. FROM REPRESSIVE TYRANNY TO DEMOCRATIC DEVELOPMENT,
8. AND TO BOLSTER THE STRENGTH & INDEPENDENCE

OF OUR FRIENDS. //

1. WE HAVE REVIVED IN THIS ADMINISTRATION
2. THE POLICY ~~EMPHASIS~~ THAT GIVES ADDED PURPOSE TO OUR NATION'S STRENGTH:
3. THE WHOLE-HEARTED COMMITMENT
4. TO PROMOTE UNIVERSAL STANDARDS OF HUMAN RIGHTS. //
5. WE DO NOT MAINTAIN OUR POWER
6. IN ORDER TO SEIZE POWER FROM OTHERS.
7. OUR GOAL IS:
8. TO STRENGTHEN OUR FREEDOM & THE FREEDOM OF OTHERS,
9. TO ADVANCE THE DIGNITY OF THE INDIVIDUAL,
10. AND THE RIGHT OF ALL PEOPLE TO JUSTICE,
A GOOD LIFE,
& A FUTURE SECURE FROM TYRANNY. /
11. IN CHOOSING OUR COURSE IN THE WORLD,
12. AMERICA'S STRENGTH SERVES AMERICAN VALUES. //

1. THE CHOICES AHEAD
2. ARE EVERY BIT AS DEMANDING
3. AS THE ONES WE HAVE ALREADY MADE.
4. FACING THEM TAKES A CLEAR UNDERSTANDING
5. OF WHERE WE ARE & WHERE WE WANT TO GO.
6. RESPONDING TO DANGERS THAT MIGHT MENACE OUR FUTURE SECURITY
7. ALSO WILL ~~TAKE A~~ MEASURE ~~OF~~ AMERICA'S COMMON SENSE & COURAGE. /
8. I HAVE KNOWN AMERICA'S COURAGE BY SEEING IT TESTED.
9. I HAVE SEEN IT
10. IN THE MEN WHO WENT TO IRAN TO ATTEMPT SO VALIANTLY
11. TO RESCUE THEIR FELLOW AMERICANS HELD HOSTAGE THERE.
12. I SAW IT
13. IN THE FAMILIES OF THE MEN WHO DIED IN THAT EFFORT
14. AND IN THE FAMILIES OF OUR CITIZENS
STILL HELD CAPTIVE IN IRAN.
15. WHAT A NATION WE ARE --
16. TO PRODUCE SUCH MEN & WOMEN! /

*ALL AMERICANS ARE
THANKFUL TO THEM*

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1. OUR COUNTRY ALSO HAS THE COURAGE
2. TO REJECT THE EASY ILLUSIONS OF SOMETHING FOR NOTHING,
THE FANTASY GOALS OF STRENGTH WITHOUT SACRIFICE,
THE IRRESPONSIBLE ADVOCACY OF SHORT-CUT ECONOMICS
& QUICK-FIX DEFENSE POLICY. //
3. I SEE THIS COURAGE IN YOU,
4. AS VETERANS WHO HAVE SERVED & SACRIFICED ALREADY,
5. BUT WHO STILL WORK CONTINUOUSLY FOR THE SAKE OF SERVICE,
NOT FOR REWARD.
6. YOUR EXAMPLE STRENGTHENS MY FAITH IN OUR NATION & ITS FUTURE.
7. WITH YOUR HELP, & COURAGE, & COMMON SENSE,
8. I KNOW AMERICA WILL CONTINUE TO BE A NATION OF UNMATCHED STRENGTH --
9. A NATION THAT FACES THE WORLD AS IT IS TODAY
10. AND WORKS WITH REALISM
11. TO BRING TO THE WORLD FREEDOM,
PEACE,
& JUSTICE FOR TOMORROW. /

#

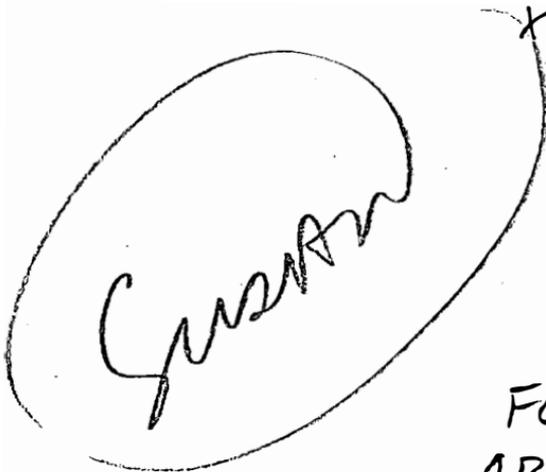
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Susan -

Landon Butler & Bernie
Aranson recommend this
letter be sent.

Thanks,
Chris Kneer
Rm. 428

X 7540



Susan

FOR THE RECORD
ORIGINAL to
BUTLER FOR HANDLING.

FD 4202

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

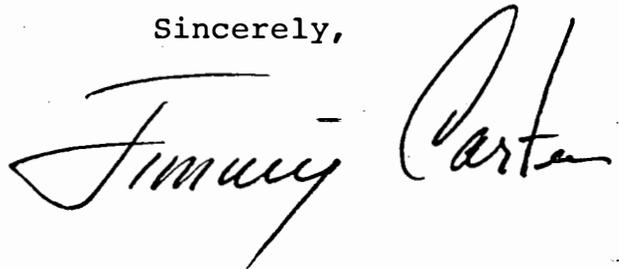
August 21, 1980

To Fritz Prechtl

Congratulations on your election to an unprecedented fourth term as president of the International Transport Workers' Federation. This is a remarkable personal achievement.

With warmest personal regards,

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "Jimmy Carter". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned to the right of the word "Sincerely,".

Mr. Fritz Prechtl
Gewerkschaft der Eisenbahner
Margaretenstr 166
1050 Wein, AUSTRIA



BROTHERHOOD OF RAILWAY, AIRLINE AND STEAMSHIP CLERKS,
FREIGHT HANDLERS, EXPRESS AND STATION EMPLOYEES

AFL-CIO - CLC

J. F. OTERO
International Vice President

July 29, 1980

*Tomie/George -
I think the world
is fine - please help
a brief note for G
handl -*

AUG 1 REC'D

PERSONAL

Mr. Landon Butler
Deputy Assistant
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Landon:

As you know, President Carter addressed the 33rd World Congress of the International Transport Workers' Federation on July 17, 1980 at the Diplomat Hotel in Hollywood, Florida. President Carter was formally greeted by the President of the ITF, Mr. Fritz Prechtel, who is the leader of the Railwaymen's Union of Austria and a key member of that country's parliament.

Mr. Prechtel was reelected to an unprecedented fourth term as President of the ITF. Since President Carter and Mr. Prechtel hit it off very well during the Congress, this is to kindly request that President Carter write a letter of congratulations to Mr. Prechtel on his reelection.

If this is possible, such letter would be a great help in strengthening the relations between the trade unions of the peoples of Austria and the United States.

Mr. Prechtel's address is as follows:

Fritz Prechtel
Gewerkschaft der Eisenbahner
Margaretenstr 166
1050 Wein, AUSTRIA

Please accept my personal thanks for all the efforts you and Karen put into this historic visit of President Carter to an ITF Congress.

With best wishes, I remain,

Sincerely,

J. F. OTERO
International Vice President



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET
WASHINGTON D.C. 20503

August 21, 1980

OFFICE OF
THE DIRECTOR

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: JIM McINTYRE *JM*

SUBJECT: Your Meeting with Ambassador Probst

I noticed on your schedule that you will be meeting with Ambassador Probst of Switzerland this afternoon. He is a good acquaintance of mine, and as you know, has been extremely helpful with the Iranian hostage problem. I urge you to thank him for all he has done.